ADDITIONAL FILE 4. Criteria to assess the credibility of subgroup analyses (Sun et al, 2010)(1).

DESIGN

- 1. Is the subgroup variable a characteristic measured at baseline or after randomisation?
- 2. Is the effect suggested by comparisons within rather than between studies?
- 3. Was the hypothesis specified a priori?
- 4. Was the direction of the subgroup effect specified a priori?
- 5. Was the subgroup effect one of a small number of hypothesised effects tested?

ANALYSIS

- 6. Does the interaction test suggest a low likelihood that chance explains the apparent subgroup effect?
- 7. Is the significant subgroup effect independent?

CONTEXT

- 8. Is the size of the subgroup effect large?
- 9. Is the interaction consistent across studies?
- 10. Is the interaction consistent across closely related outcomes within the study?
- 11. Is there indirect evidence that supports the hypothesised interaction (biological rationale)?

^{1.} Sun X, Briel M, Walter SD, Guyatt GH. Is a subgroup effect believable? Updating criteria to evaluate the credibility of subgroup analyses. BMJ. 2010;340:c117.