## SUPPLEMENTAL MATERIAL

# A RISK-BASED MODEL TO ASSESS ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AND CORONARY HEART DISEASE BURDEN FROM TRAFFIC-RELATED AIR POLLUTANTS 

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# BC risk $_{\mathrm{i}}=\left(\left(\left([\mathrm{BC}]_{\mathrm{i}}-[\mathrm{BC}]_{\text {midpoint }}\right) / 0.752\right) \times 0.06\right) \times \mathrm{CHD}$ risk $_{\text {county }}+\mathrm{BC}$ risk ${ }_{\text {lowest }}$ 

Where,
$[B C]_{i}=$ Black carbon concentration in tract i
$\left.[\mathrm{BC}]_{\text {midpoint }}\right)=$ Black carbon concentration at the population midpoint tract
CHD risk ${ }_{\text {county }}=$ Overall county wide CHD death rate assigned to the population midpoint tract. For hospitalizations, this term is replaced with overall county CHD hospitalization rate.
0.752 and 0.06 are derived from the effect estimates of Gan et al. ( $6 \%$ in CHD death for every 0.752 $\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ of BC ). Corresponding values for $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ and CHD hospitalization can also be found in Gan et al. (Gan et al. 2011)

BC riski provides a unitless risk estimate for each census tract ${ }_{i}$ that can then be applied to the population of that tract to give a predicted value for the number of BC-dependent CHD deaths in that tract ${ }_{i}$. Predicted number of deaths are then summed across all census tracts in the county or segregated by EJ and non-EJ designated tracts.

Table S1. Descriptive statistics for the distribution of BC exposure estimates ( $\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) across census tracts in Allegheny County, PA.

|  | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 1.046 | 0.863 | 0.963 | 1.071 | 1.289 |
| Median | 1.009 | 0.875 | 0.959 | 1.108 | 1.263 |
| Range | $0.748-1.604$ | $0.748-0.915$ | $0.918-1.009$ | $1.009-1.142$ | $1.146-1.604$ |
| IQR | 0.224 | - | - | - | - |

Table S2. Descriptive statistics for the distribution of $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ exposure estimates ( ppb ) across census tracts in Allegheny County, PA.

|  | Total | Q1 | Q2 | Q3 | Q4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mean | 4.965 | 2.922 | 4.357 | 5.514 | 7.069 |
| Median | 4.889 | 3.025 | 4.448 | 5.593 | 6.824 |
| Range | $1.605-0.471$ | $1.605-3.726$ | $3.737-4.888$ | $4.890-6.117$ | $6.131-10.471$ |
| IQR | 2.377 | - | - | - | - |

Tables S3, S4: Comparison of EJ tracts in Allegheny County as defined by PA-DEP and independent validation using 2010 decennial census and 2006 - 2010 and 2009 - 2013 5-yr ACS as described in METHODS. See methodology for validation immediately following S3 and S4.

S3: Comparison of the number of census tracts meeting the EJ thresholds of poverty, race, or both.

| Designation | $>30 \%$ non-white | $>20 \%$ in poverty | $>30 \%$ non-white <br> $>20 \%$ in poverty | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PA-DEP | 33 | 36 | 67 | 136 |
| Using ACS poverty <br> from 2010+2013 | 23 | 34 | 77 | 134 |

S4: Identity of tracts with discrepancies between EJ status as delineated by PA-DEP and independent validation.

| Census Tract | PA-DEP designation | With 2010/2013 ACS Designation | Calculated \% Poverty with 2010/2013 ACS (Error \%) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 709 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 23.1\% (18.9\%) |
| 2107 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 25.1\% (27.8\%) |
| 4868 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 22.9\% (24.2\%) |
| 5616 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 32.9\% (29.9\%) |
| 5617 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 43.0\% (30.5\%) |
| 5619 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 25.3\% (31.8\%) |
| 5620 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 38.4\% (22.8\%) |
| 5623 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 27.5\% (22.2\%) |
| 5625 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 33.7\% (22.3\%) |
| 5626 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 22.2\% (28.1\%) |
| 5627 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 35.3\% (20.1\%) |
| 5632 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 31.1\% (20.9\%) |
| 9818 | Race only | Both Race and Poverty | 87.0\% (73.1\%) |
| 1017 | Both Race and Poverty | Race only | 16.9\% (34.9\%) |
| 1405 | Both Race and Poverty | Race only | 15.8\% (36.2\%) |
| 5614 | Both Race and Poverty | Race only | 19.7\% (23.7\%) |
| 2406 | Poverty only | Non-EJ | 16.9\% (29.6\%) |
| 4135 | Poverty only | Non-EJ | 12.1\% (40.2\%) |
| 4324 | Poverty only | Non-EJ | 15.5\% (25.8\%) |
| 4706 | Poverty only | Non-EJ | 17.8\% (25.4\%) |
| 5120 | Poverty only | Non-EJ | 16.5\% (34.1\%) |
| 4507 | Non-EJ | Poverty only | 20.8\% (33.0\%) |
| 4689 | Non-EJ | Poverty only | 20.7\% (22.1\%) |
| 4882 | Non-EJ | Poverty only | 20.7\% (21.7\%) |

Methodology for validating EJ tract characterization. PA-DEP EJ designations were obtained as described in METHODS. Racial data for all Allegheny County census tracts was obtained from the 2010 Decennial Census. Percent non-white minority living in each tract was calculated as [(total population of tract ${ }_{\mathrm{i}}$ / total non-white population in tract $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{i}}$ X 100]. This calculated percentage was then compared to the PA-DEP criteria of $>30 \%$ and found to match completely with PA-DEP delineations in all EJ tracts. Numbers of people in poverty were estimated in Allegheny County census tracts from 2 separate versions of the 5-yr American Community Survey (ACS) (2006-2010 \& 2009-2013). For each version of the ACS we calculated as follows:
\% people in poverty tract ${ }_{i}=\left(\#\right.$ in poverty tract $_{1} / \#$ total population tract $\left._{i}\right) \times 100$

SE \# total population in tract ${ }_{i}=$ MOE \# total population tract $1 / 1.645$ (see ACS documentation in references)

CV for \# total population tract ${ }_{i}=$ SE \# total population tract ${ }_{i}$ / \# total population tract ${ }_{i}$

SE for \# in poverty tract ${ }_{i}=$ MOE for \# in poverty tract ${ }_{i} / 1.645$
CV for \# in poverty tract $_{i}=$ SE for \# in poverty tract ${ }_{i} /$ \# in poverty tract ${ }_{i}$

CV for \% people in poverty tract $_{\mathrm{i}}=\sqrt{(\mathrm{CV} \# \text { in poverty tract })^{2}+(\mathrm{CV} \# \text { total population in tract })^{2}}$
CVs can be converted to CV\% by multiplying by 100
$\mathrm{SE}=$ standard error of the estimate, $\mathrm{MOE}=$ margin of error of the estimate, $\mathrm{CV}=$ coefficient of variation for the estimate.

A final result combining both ACS versions for comparing to PA-DEP designations was obtained by averaging the calculated \% poverty and CV\% for \% poverty from the 2 different ACS.

Table S5: Racial and economic demographics by quartiles of BC exposure in Allegheny County, PA.

|  | County | 1st Quartile | 2nd Quartile | $3^{\text {rd }}$ Quartile | $4^{\text {th }}$ Quartile |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population (\% of county) | 1,222,708 | $\begin{aligned} & 384,055 \\ & (31.4 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 330,526 \\ (27 \%)^{1} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 277,811 \\ & (22.7 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 230,316 \\ & (18.8 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ |
| White Population (\% of county) | $\begin{aligned} & 992,824 \\ & (81.2 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 337,958 \\ & (34.0 \%)^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 267,904 \\ & (27.0 \%)^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 215,559 \\ & (21.7 \%)^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 171,403 \\ & (17.3 \%)^{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-White Population (\% of county) | $\begin{aligned} & 229,884 \\ & (18.8 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 46,097 \\ (20.1 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 62,622 \\ (27.2 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 62,252 \\ (27.1 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 58,913 \\ (25.6 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ |
| People Below Poverty (\% of county) | $\begin{aligned} & 160,678 \\ & (13.1 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 29,003 \\ (18.1 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37,061 \\ (23.1 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 41,614 \\ (25.9 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 53,000 \\ (33.0 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Denotes percent of total population in Allegheny County.
${ }^{2}$ Denotes percent of total for that sub-group in Allegheny County

Table S6. Racial and economic demographics by quartiles of $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ exposure in Allegheny County, PA.

|  | County | 1st Quartile | 2nd Quartile | $3^{\text {rd }}$ <br> Quartile | $4^{\text {th }}$ <br> Quartile |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population (\% of county) | 1,222,708 | $\begin{aligned} & 423,883 \\ & (34.7 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 319,215 \\ & (26.1 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 261,720 \\ & (21.4 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 217,890 \\ & (17.8 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ |
| White Population (\% of county | $\begin{aligned} & 992,824 \\ & (81.2 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 386,007 \\ & (38.9 \%)^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 268,377 \\ & (27.0 \%)^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 199,503 \\ & (20.1 \%)^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 136,189 \\ & (13.7 \%)^{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| Non-White Population (\% of county) | $\begin{gathered} 229,884 \\ (18.8 \%)^{1} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 37,876 \\ (16.5 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 50,838 \\ (22.1 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 59,469 \\ (25.9 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 81,701 \\ (35.5 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ |
| People Below Poverty (\% of county) | $\begin{aligned} & 160,678 \\ & (13.1 \%)^{1} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24,429 \\ (15.2 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 33,759 \\ (21.0 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 40,378 \\ (25.1 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 61,112 \\ (38.7 \%)^{2} \end{gathered}$ |

${ }^{1}$ Denotes percent of total population in Allegheny County.
${ }^{2}$ Denotes percent of total for that sub-group in Allegheny County

## REFERENCES

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