**Additional file 2\_Table1**

Table 1. Assessed categories in the central review

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| Structure | Description |
| 1. Nodal CTV
 | * Cranial margin of common iliac lymph node area is aortic bifurcation.
* Bone and muscle is excluded from the CTV.
* Adipose connective tissue between the lateral surface of the vertebral body and psoas muscle is included in the CTV.
* Caudal margin of the external iliac lymph node area is the superior aspect of the femoral head.
* Caudal margin of the obturator lymph node area is the superior part of the obturator foramen.
* Caudal margin of the presacral lymph node area is the lower level of S2 or cranial section of piriform muscle.
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| 1. Vaginal cuff CTV
 | * Cranial margin of the CTV vaginal cuff is 1-1.5 cm cranial from the most cranial vaginal marker/gauze.
* Caudal margin of the CTV vaginal cuff is 3-4 cm caudal from the most cranial vaginal marker/gauze or at lowest level of obturator foramen, whichever is lower.
* Anterior margin of the CTV vaginal cuff is the posterior border of the bladder or retropubic pad of fat.
* Lateral margin of the CTV vaginal cuff is the medial edge of the internal obturator, piriformis, coccygeus, iliococcygeus, or puborectalis muscle; the ischiorectal fossa should be excluded from the CTV vaginal cuff.
* The posterior margin of the CTV vaginal cuff is the anterior part of the mesorectal fascia or serous surface of anterior wall of the rectum.
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| 1. PTV margin
 | * Isotropic PTV margin of 0.5 cm for CTV\_LN
* Anisotropic PTV margin of RL 0.5, SI 1.0, and AP 1.5 cm for CTV\_vagina cuff
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| 1. Rectum
 | * Cranial margin is the lowest part of the sacroiliac joint.
* Caudal margin is the superior part of the anal canal.
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| 1. Bowel bag
 | * Cranial margin is 2 cm cranial from the most superior part of the PTV.
* Caudal margin is the lowest part of the bowel.
* Bladder should be excluded from the bowel bag.
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| 1. Pelvic bone
 | * Cranial/caudal margin is 2 cm from the most superior/inferior part of the PTV.
* Bone marrow and intervertebral disc are included.
* Lumber and sacral vertebrae, iliac bone, ischial bone, and femur are included.
 |
| 1. Dose

distribution | * A dose level of 95% covers PTV without cold spot, particularly inside the vaginal cuff.
* A dose level of 105% should be avoided in the bowel.
* The bowel and bladder should be spared at the dose level of 40 Gy.
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| 1. DVH
 | * Dose and dose-volume criteria for each structure.
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