

Refinement Calculus of Reactive Systems: Isabelle Theories

Viorel Preoteasa

Iulia Dragomir

Stavros Tripakis

February 18, 2018

Abstract

This document contains the Isabelle theories of the Refinement Calculus of Reactive Systems (RCRS). It has been automatically generated by Isabelle from the corresponding theories. For an overview of RCRS, the reader is referred primarily to [1, 2]. Additional papers about RCRS are [3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]. A precursor of RCRS is the theory of relational interfaces [9].

- Section 1 formalizes the Refinement Calculus [10] and auxiliary concepts needed for RCRS.
- Section 2 formalizes complete distributive lattices.
- Section 3 formalizes linear temporal logic.
- Section 4 formalizes monotonic property transformers, which form the semantic foundation of RCRS.
- Section 5 gives an overview of RCRS following closely the paper [1]. The section numbers in the subsections/subsubsections of Section 5 in the table of contents below refer to the sections of paper [1].
- Section 6 formalizes instantaneous feedback as presented in [4].
- Section 7 formalizes Simulink in RCRS [6, 3].
- Section 8 formalizes list operations and proves properties used in Section 9.
- Section 9 formalizes the hierarchical block diagram translation algorithms presented in [6] and proves that these algorithms yield semantically equivalent results, as presented in [5].

Contents

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 1 Refinement Calculus and Monotonic Predicate Transformers | 4 |
| 1.1 Basic predicate transformers | 4 |
| 1.2 Conjunctive predicate transformers | 6 |
| 1.3 Product and Fusion of predicate transformers | 9 |
| 1.4 Functional Update | 11 |
| 1.5 Control Statements | 14 |
| 1.6 Hoare Total Correctness Rules | 14 |
| 1.7 Data Refinement | 16 |
| 1.8 Feedback Operator on Predicate Transformers | 16 |
| 1.8.1 Different Feedback Attempts | 20 |
| 1.8.2 Feedback of Decomposable Components | 22 |
| 2 Complete Distributive Lattice | 22 |

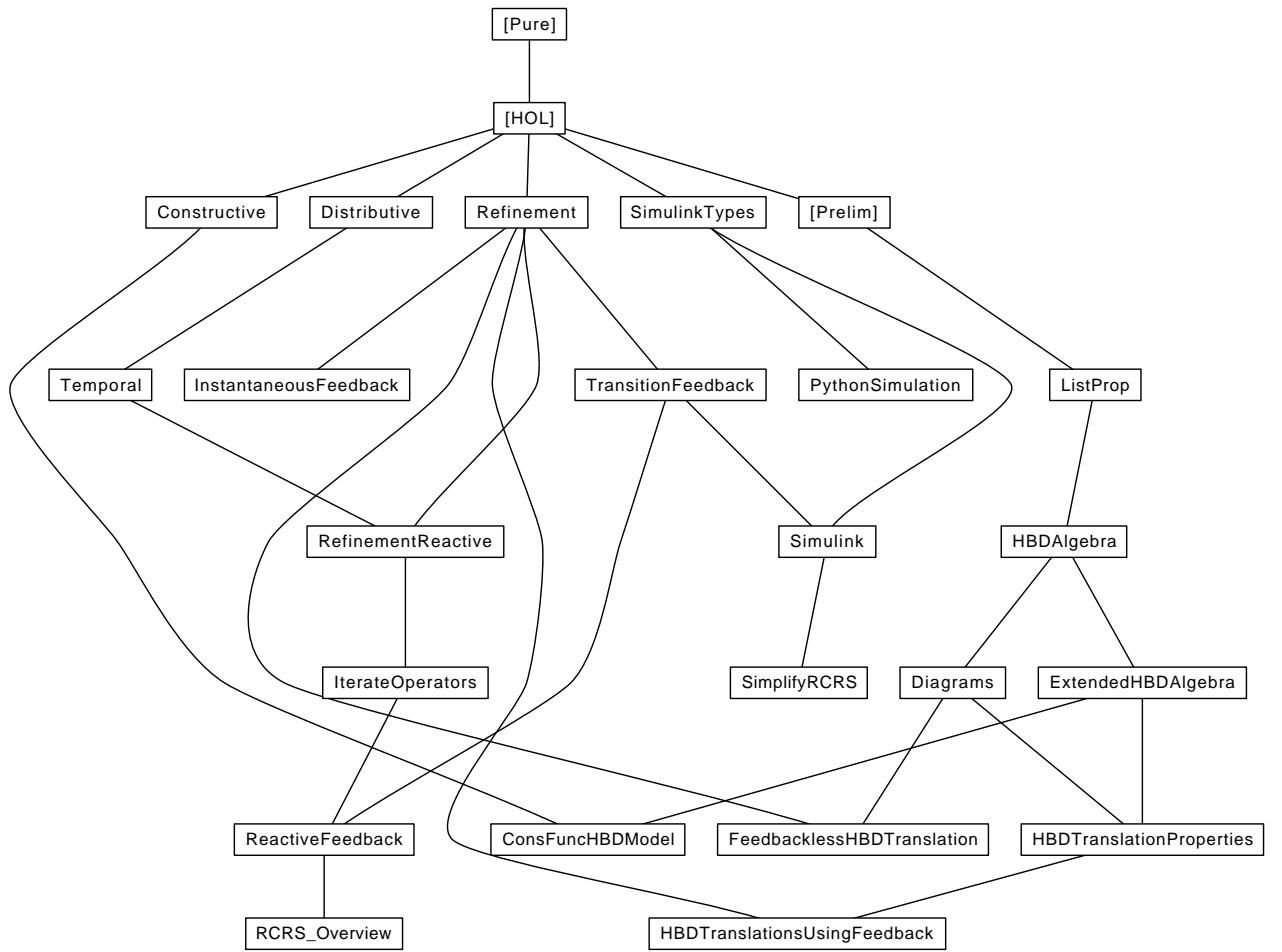


Figure 1: Dependency graph of RCRS Isabelle theories.

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 3 Linear Temporal Logic | 24 |
| 3.1 Propositional Temporal Logic | 30 |
| 4 Monotonic Property Transformers | 30 |
| 4.1 Symbolic transition systems | 31 |
| 4.2 Parallel Composition of STSs | 34 |
| 4.3 Example: COUNTER | 35 |
| 4.4 Example: LIVE | 35 |
| 4.5 Iterate Operators | 36 |
| 4.6 Examples | 43 |
| 4.7 Data Refinement | 50 |
| 4.8 Reachability and Refinement | 50 |
| 4.9 Reactive Feedback | 53 |
| 5 Overview of the Refinement Calculus of Reactive Systems (RCRS) | 65 |
| 5.1 Section 3: Language | 65 |
| 5.1.1 Section 3.1: An Algebra of Components | 65 |
| 5.1.2 Section 3.2: Symbolic Transition System Components | 66 |
| 5.1.3 Section 3.2.1: General STS Components | 66 |
| 5.1.4 Section 3.2.2: Variable Name Scope | 66 |
| 5.1.5 Section 3.2.3: Stateless STS Components | 66 |
| 5.1.6 Section 3.2.3: Deterministic STS Components | 66 |
| 5.1.7 Section 3.2.3: Stateless Deterministic STS Components | 67 |
| 5.1.8 Section 3.3: Quantified Linear Temporal Logic Components | 67 |
| 5.1.9 Section 3.3.1: QLTL | 67 |
| 5.1.10 Section 3.3.2: QLTL Components | 68 |
| 5.1.11 Section 3.4: Well Formed Components | 68 |
| 5.2 Section 4: Semantics | 69 |
| 5.2.1 Section 4.1: Monotonic Property Transformers | 69 |
| 5.2.2 Section 4.2: Subclasses of MPTs | 71 |
| 5.2.3 Section 4.2.2: Guarded MPTs | 72 |
| 5.2.4 Section 4.3: Semantics of Components as MPTs | 72 |
| 5.2.5 Section 4.3.1: Example: Two Alternative Derivations of the Semantics of Diagram Sum | 73 |
| 5.2.6 Section 4.3.2: Characterization of Legal Input Traces | 73 |
| 5.3 Section 5: Symbolic Reasoning | 74 |
| 5.3.1 Section 5.3: Symbolic Computation of Serial Composition | 75 |
| 5.3.2 Section 5.4: Symbolic Computation of Parallel composition | 76 |
| 5.3.3 Section 5.8: Checking Validity | 78 |
| 5.3.4 Section 5.10: Checking Refinement Symbolically | 78 |
| 5.3.5 Proof of refinement for the Oven example | 79 |
| 6 Instantaneous Feedback | 79 |
| 6.1 Examples | 88 |
| 6.2 Associativity of Instantaneous Feedback | 93 |

| | |
|---|------------|
| 7 Formalizing Simulink in RCRS | 95 |
| 7.1 Types for Simulink Modeling Elements | 95 |
| 7.2 Formalization of Simulink Blocks as Predicate Transformers | 99 |
| 7.3 Automated Simplification | 111 |
| 7.4 Python Simulation Code Generation | 114 |
| 8 List Operations, Permutations and Substitutions | 117 |
| 9 Translation of Hierarchical Block Diagrams | 125 |
| 9.1 Abstract Algebra of Hierarchical Block Diagrams (except one axiom for feedback) | 125 |
| 9.1.1 Deterministic diagrams | 132 |
| 9.2 Abstract Algebra of Hierarchical Block Diagrams with All Axioms | 132 |
| 9.3 Diagrams with Named Inputs and Outputs | 133 |
| 9.4 Properties for Proving the Abstract Translation Algorithm | 153 |
| 9.5 HBD Translation Algorithms that use Feedback Composition | 154 |
| 9.6 Feedbackless HBD Translation | 156 |
| 9.7 Constructive Functions | 157 |
| 9.8 Constructive Functions are a Model of the HBD Algebra | 160 |

1 Refinement Calculus and Monotonic Predicate Transformers

```
theory Refinement imports Main
begin
```

In this section we introduce the basics of refinement calculus [10]. Part of this theory is a reformulation of some definitions from [11], but here they are given for predicates, while [11] uses sets.

notation

```
bot ( $\perp$ ) and
top ( $\top$ ) and
inf (infixl  $\sqcap$  70)
and sup (infixl  $\sqcup$  65)
```

1.1 Basic predicate transformers

definition

```
demonic :: ('a => 'b::lattice) => 'b => 'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool ([: - :] [0] 1000) where
[:Q:] p s = (Q s  $\leq$  p)
```

definition

```
assert::'a::semilattice-inf => 'a => 'a ({. - .} [0] 1000) where
{.p.} q  $\equiv$  p  $\sqcap$  q
```

definition

```
assume::('a::boolean-algebra) => 'a => 'a ([. - .] [0] 1000) where
[.p.] q  $\equiv$  ( $\neg$ p  $\sqcup$  q)
```

definition

```
angelic :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'b::{semilattice-inf,order-bot})  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool ({: - :} [0] 1000) where
{:Q:} p s = (Q s  $\sqcap$  p  $\neq$   $\perp$ )
```

syntax

-assert :: patterns => logic => logic ((1{.-.}))

translations

-assert $x P == \text{CONST assert } (\text{-abs } x P)$

syntax

-demonic :: patterns => patterns => logic => logic (([:~`-.-:]))

translations

-demonic $x y t == (\text{CONST demonic } (\text{-abs } x (\text{-abs } y t)))$

syntax

-angelic :: patterns => patterns => logic => logic (({:~`-.-:}))

translations

-angelic $x y t == (\text{CONST angelic } (\text{-abs } x (\text{-abs } y t)))$

lemma *assert-o-def*: { $f o g.$ } = { $(\lambda x . f (g x)).$ }

lemma *demonic-demonic*: [:r:] o [:r':] = [:r OO r':]

lemma *assert-demonic-comp*: { $p.$ } o [:r:] o { $p'.$ } o [:r':] = { $x . p x \wedge (\forall y . r x y \rightarrow p' y).$ } o [:r OO r':]

lemma *demonic-assert-comp*: [:r:] o { $p.$ } = { $x.(\forall y . r x y \rightarrow p y).$ } o [:r:]

lemma *assert-assert-comp*: { $p::'a::lattice.$ } o { $p'.$ } = { $p \sqcap p'.$ }

lemma *assert-assert-comp-pred*: { $p.$ } o { $p'.$ } = { $x . p x \wedge p' x.$ }

lemma *demonic-refinement*: $r' \leq r \implies [:r:] \leq [:r':]$

definition *inpt* $r x = (\exists y . r x y)$

definition *trs* :: (' $a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}$) => (' $b \Rightarrow \text{bool}$) => ' $a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ({: - :} [0] 1000) **where**
 $\text{trs } r = \{\text{. inpt } r.\} o [:r:]$

syntax

-trs :: patterns => patterns => logic => logic (({:~`-.-:}))

translations

-trs $x y t == (\text{CONST trs } (\text{-abs } x (\text{-abs } y t)))$

lemma *assert-demonic-prop*: { $p.$ } o [:r:] = { $p.$ } o [: $(\lambda x y . p x) \sqcap r.$]

lemma *trs-trs*: (*trs r*) o (*trs r'*)
= *trs* ($(\lambda s t. (\forall s'. r s s' \rightarrow (\text{inpt } r' s')) \sqcap (r OO r'))$ (**is** ?S = ?T)

lemma *prec-inpt-equiv*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies r' = (\lambda x y . p x \wedge r x y) \implies \{\text{.}p.\} o [:r:] = \{\text{.}r'.\}$

lemma *assert-demonic-refinement*: ($\{\text{.}p.\} o [:r:] \leq \{\text{.}p'.\} o [:r':]$) = ($p \leq p' \wedge (\forall x . p x \rightarrow r' x \leq r x)$)

lemma *spec-demonic-refinement*: ($\{\text{.}p.\} o [:r:] \leq [:r':]$) = ($\forall x . p x \rightarrow r' x \leq r x$)

lemma *trs-refinement*: $(trs\ r \leq trs\ r') = ((\forall\ x . inpt\ r\ x \longrightarrow inpt\ r'\ x) \wedge (\forall\ x . inpt\ r\ x \longrightarrow r'\ x \leq r\ x))$

lemma *demonic-choice*: $[:r:] \sqcap [:r'] = [:r \sqcup r']$

lemma *spec-demonic-choice*: $(\{.p.\} o [:r:]) \sqcap (\{.p'.\} o [:r']) = (\{.p \sqcap p'.\} o [:r \sqcup r'])$

lemma *trs-demonic-choice*: $trs\ r \sqcap trs\ r' = trs\ ((\lambda\ x\ y . inpt\ r\ x \wedge inpt\ r'\ x) \sqcap (r \sqcup r'))$

lemma *spec-angelic*: $p \sqcap p' = \perp \implies (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) \sqcup (\{.p'.\} o [:r'])$
 $= \{.p \sqcup p'.\} o [(\lambda\ x\ y . p\ x \longrightarrow r\ x\ y) \sqcup ((\lambda\ x\ y . p'\ x \longrightarrow r'\ x\ y))]$

1.2 Conjunctive predicate transformers

definition *conjunctive* ($S :: 'a :: complete-lattice \Rightarrow 'b :: complete-lattice$) = $(\forall Q . S (Inf Q) = INFIMUM Q S)$

definition *sconjunctive* ($S :: 'a :: complete-lattice \Rightarrow 'b :: complete-lattice$) = $(\forall Q . (\exists x . x \in Q) \longrightarrow S (Inf Q) = INFIMUM Q S)$

lemma *conjunctive-sconjunctive[simp]*: *conjunctive* $S \implies sconjunctive\ S$

lemma *[simp]*: *conjunctive* \top

lemma *conjunctive-demonic* *[simp]*: *conjunctive* $[:r:]$

lemma *sconjunctive-assert* *[simp]*: *sconjunctive* $\{.p.\}$

lemma *sconjunctive-simp*: $x \in Q \implies sconjunctive\ S \implies S (Inf Q) = INFIMUM Q S$

lemma *sconjunctive-INF-simp*: $x \in X \implies sconjunctive\ S \implies S (INFIMUM X Q) = INFIMUM (Q^X) S$

lemma *demonic-comp* *[simp]*: *sconjunctive* $S \implies sconjunctive\ S' \implies sconjunctive\ (S o S')$

lemma *conjunctive-INF* *[simp]*: *conjunctive* $S \implies S (INFIMUM X Q) = (INFIMUM X (S o Q))$

lemma *conjunctive-simp*: *conjunctive* $S \implies S (Inf Q) = INFIMUM Q S$

lemma *conjunctive-monotonic* *[simp]*: *sconjunctive* $S \implies mono\ S$

definition *grd* $S = -S \perp$

lemma *grd-demonic*: *grd* $[:r:] = inpt\ r$

lemma $(S :: 'a :: bot \Rightarrow 'b :: boolean-algebra) \leq S' \implies grd\ S' \leq grd\ S$

lemma *[simp]*: $inpt\ (\lambda x\ y . p\ x \wedge r\ x\ y) = p \sqcap inpt\ r$

lemma *[simp]*: $p \leq inpt\ r \implies p \sqcap inpt\ r = p$

lemma *grd-spec*: *grd* $(\{.p.\} o [:r:]) = -p \sqcup inpt\ r$

```

definition fail  $S = -(S \top)$ 
definition term  $S = (S \top)$ 
definition prec  $S = -(\text{fail } S)$ 
definition rel  $S = (\lambda x y . \neg S (\lambda z . y \neq z) x)$ 

lemma rel-spec:  $\text{rel } (\{\cdot\} o [:r:]) x y = (p x \rightarrow r x y)$ 

lemma prec-spec:  $\text{prec } (\{\cdot\} o [:r:'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}:]) = p$ 

lemma fail-spec:  $\text{fail } (\{\cdot\} o [:(r:'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{boolean-algebra}):]) = -p$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{prec } (\{\cdot\} o [:(r:'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{boolean-algebra}):]) = p$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{prec } (T :: ('a :: \text{boolean-algebra} \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{boolean-algebra})) = \top \Rightarrow \text{prec } (S o T) = \text{prec } S$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{prec } [:r:'a \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{boolean-algebra}:] = \top$ 

lemma prec-rel:  $\{\cdot\} p . \circ [:\lambda x y. p x \wedge r x y :] = \{\cdot\} o [:r:]$ 

definition Fail =  $\perp$ 

lemma Fail-assert-demonic:  $\text{Fail} = \{\perp\} o [:r:]$ 

lemma Fail-assert:  $\text{Fail} = \{\perp\} o [:l:]$ 

lemma fail-comp[simp]:  $\perp o S = \perp$ 

lemma Fail-fail:  $\text{mono } (S :: 'a :: \text{boolean-algebra} \Rightarrow 'b :: \text{boolean-algebra}) \Rightarrow (S = \text{Fail}) = (\text{fail } S = \top)$ 

lemma sconjunctive-spec:  $\text{sconjunctive } S \Rightarrow S = \{\cdot\} \text{prec } S . \circ [:\text{rel } S:]$ 

definition non-magic  $S = (S \perp = \perp)$ 

lemma non-magic-spec:  $\text{non-magic } (\{\cdot\} o [:r:]) = (p \leq \text{inpt } r)$ 

lemma sconjunctive-non-magic:  $\text{sconjunctive } S \Rightarrow \text{non-magic } S = (\text{prec } S \leq \text{inpt } (\text{rel } S))$ 

definition implementable  $S = (\text{sconjunctive } S \wedge \text{non-magic } S)$ 

lemma implementable-spec:  $\text{implementable } S \Rightarrow \exists p r . S = \{\cdot\} o [:r:] \wedge p \leq \text{inpt } r$ 

definition Skip =  $(\text{id} :: ('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}))$ 

lemma assert-true-skip:  $\{\top :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}\} = \text{Skip}$ 

lemma skip-comp [simp]:  $\text{Skip } o S = S$ 

lemma comp-skip[simp]:  $S o \text{Skip} = S$ 

lemma assert-rel-skip[simp]:  $\{\cdot\} \lambda (x, y) . \text{True} . \circ [:\text{Skip}]$ 

```

lemma [simp]: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } S' \implies \text{mono } (S \circ S')$

lemma [simp]: $\text{mono } \{ .p::('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}). \}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{mono } [:r::('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}):]$

lemma assert-true-skip-a: $\{ .x . \text{True} . \} = \text{Skip}$

lemma assert-false-fail: $\{ .\perp::'a::\text{boolean-algebra}. \} = \perp$

lemma magoc-comp[simp]: $\top \circ S = \top$

lemma left-comp: $T \circ U = T' \circ U' \implies S \circ T \circ U = S \circ T' \circ U'$

lemma assert-demonic: $\{ .p. \} \circ [:r:] = \{ .p. \} \circ [:x \rightsquigarrow y . p x \wedge r x y:]$

lemma trs $r \sqcap \text{trs } r' = \text{trs } (\lambda x y . \text{inpt } r x \wedge \text{inpt } r' x \wedge (r x y \vee r' x y))$

lemma mono-assert[simp]: $\text{mono } \{ .p. \}$

lemma mono-assume[simp]: $\text{mono } [.p.]$

lemma mono-demonic[simp]: $\text{mono } [:r:]$

lemma mono-comp-a[simp]: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } T \implies \text{mono } (S \circ T)$

lemma mono-demonic-choice[simp]: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } T \implies \text{mono } (S \sqcap T)$

lemma mono-Skip[simp]: $\text{mono } \text{Skip}$

lemma mono-comp: $\text{mono } S \implies S \leq S' \implies T \leq T' \implies S \circ T \leq S' \circ T'$

lemma sconjunctive-simp-a: $\text{sconjunctive } S \implies \text{prec } S = p \implies \text{rel } S = r \implies S = \{ .p. \} \circ [:r:]$

lemma sconjunctive-simp-b: $\text{sconjunctive } S \implies \text{prec } S = \top \implies \text{rel } S = r \implies S = [:r:]$

lemma sconj-Fail[simp]: $\text{sconjunctive } \text{Fail}$

lemma sconjunctive-simp-c: $\text{sconjunctive } (S::('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \implies \text{prec } S = \perp \implies S = \text{Fail}$

lemma demonic-eq-skip: $[: op = :] = \text{Skip}$

definition Havoc = $[\top:]$

definition Magic = $[\perp::'a \Rightarrow 'b::\text{boolean-algebra}:]$

lemma Magic-top: $\text{Magic} = \top$

lemma [simp]: $\text{Magic} \neq \text{Fail}$

lemma Havoc-Fail[simp]: $\text{Havoc} \circ (\text{Fail}::'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) = \text{Fail}$

lemma demonic-havoc: $[: \lambda x (x', y). \text{True} :] = \text{Havoc}$

```

lemma [simp]: mono Magic

lemma demonic-false-magic: [: $\lambda(x, y) (u, v). \text{False}$ :] = Magic

lemma demonic-magic[simp]: [:r:] o Magic = Magic

lemma magic-comp[simp]: Magic o S = Magic

lemma hvoc-magic[simp]: Havoc o Magic = Magic

lemma Havoc  $\top = \top$ 

lemma Skip-id[simp]: Skip p = p

lemma demonic-pair-skip: [: $x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v. x = u \wedge y = v$ :] = Skip

lemma comp-demonic-demonic: S o [:r:] o [:r':] = S o [:r OO r']

lemma comp-demonic-assert: S o [:r:] o {p.} = S o {x.  $\forall y. r x y \rightarrow p y$ } o [:r:]

lemma assert-demonic-eq-demonic: ({p.} o [:r::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  bool:] = [:r:]) = ( $\forall x. p x$ )

lemma trs-inpt-top: inpt r =  $\top \Rightarrow \text{trs } r = [:r:]$ 

```

1.3 Product and Fusion of predicate transformers

In this section we define the fusion and product operators from [12]. The fusion of two programs *S* and *T* is intuitively equivalent with the parallel execution of the two programs. If *S* and *T* assign nondeterministically some value to some program variable *x*, then the fusion of *S* and *T* will assign a value to *x* which can be assigned by both *S* and *T*.

```

definition fusion :: (('a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  ('b  $\Rightarrow$  bool))  $\Rightarrow$  (('a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  ('b  $\Rightarrow$  bool))  $\Rightarrow$  (('a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  ('b  $\Rightarrow$  bool)) (infixl || 70) where
  (S || S') q x = ( $\exists (p::'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) p'. p \sqcap p' \leq q \wedge S p x \wedge S' p' x$ )

```

```

lemma fusion-demonic: [:r:] || [:r':] = [:r  $\sqcap$  r':]

lemma fusion-spec: ({p.} o [:r:]) || ({p'.} o [:r':]) = ({p  $\sqcap$  p'.} o [:r  $\sqcap$  r'])

lemma fusion-assoc: S || (T || U) = (S || T) || U

lemma fusion-refinement: S  $\leq T \Rightarrow S' \leq T' \Rightarrow S \parallel S' \leq T \parallel T'$ 

lemma conjunctive S  $\Rightarrow S \parallel \top = \top$ 

lemma fusion-spec-local: a  $\in \text{init} \Rightarrow ([x \rightsquigarrow u, y . u \in \text{init} \wedge x = y] \circ \{.p\} \circ [:r:]) \parallel (\{.p'\} \circ [:r'])
  = [: $x \rightsquigarrow u, y . u \in \text{init} \wedge x = y$ ]  $\circ \{.u, x . p(u, x) \wedge p' x.\} \circ [u, x \rightsquigarrow y . r(u, x) y \wedge r' x y]$ 
  (is ?p  $\Rightarrow$  ?S = ?T)

lemma fusion-demonic-idemp [simp]: [:r:] || [:r:] = [:r:]$ 
```

lemma *fusion-spec-local-a*: $a \in init \implies ([x \rightsquigarrow u, y . u \in init \wedge x = y] \circ \{p\} \circ [r]) \parallel [r']$
 $= ([x \rightsquigarrow u, y . u \in init \wedge x = y] \circ \{p\} \circ [u, x \rightsquigarrow y . r(u, x) y \wedge r' x y])$

lemma *fusion-local-refinement*:

$a \in init \implies (\bigwedge x u y . u \in init \implies p' x \implies r(u, x) y \implies r' x y) \implies$
 $\{p'\} o ([x \rightsquigarrow u, y . u \in init \wedge x = y] \circ \{p\} \circ [r]) \parallel [r'] \leq [x \rightsquigarrow u, y . u \in init \wedge x = y]$
 $\circ \{p\} \circ [r]$

lemma *fusion-spec-demonic*: $(\{p\} o [r]) \parallel [r'] = \{p\} o [r \sqcap r']$

definition *Fusion* :: $('c \Rightarrow (('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow \text{bool}))) \Rightarrow (('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow \text{bool}))$ **where**
 $Fusion S q x = (\exists (p :: 'c \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) . (\text{INF } c . p c) \leq q \wedge (\forall c . (S c) (p c) x))$

lemma *Fusion-spec*: $Fusion (\lambda n . \{p n\} \circ [r n]) = (\{\text{INFIMUM } UNIV } p\} \circ [r])$

lemma *Fusion-demonic*: $Fusion (\lambda n . [r n]) = [\text{INF } n . r n]$

lemma *Fusion-refinement*: $(\bigwedge i . S i \leq T i) \implies Fusion S \leq Fusion T$

lemma *mono-fusion[simp]*: $\text{mono } (S \parallel T)$

lemma *mono-Fusion*: $\text{mono } (Fusion S)$

definition *prod-pred A B* = $(\lambda(a, b). A a \wedge B b)$

definition *Prod* :: $(('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow \text{bool})) \Rightarrow (('c \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('d \Rightarrow \text{bool})) \Rightarrow (('a \times 'c \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('b \times 'd \Rightarrow \text{bool}))$

(infixr ** 70)

where

$(S ** T) q = (\lambda(x, y) . \exists p p' . \text{prod-pred } p p' \leq q \wedge S p x \wedge T p' y)$

lemma *mono-prod[simp]*: $\text{mono } (S ** T)$

lemma *Prod-spec*: $(\{p\} o [r]) ** (\{p'\} o [r']) = \{x, y . p x \wedge p' y\} o [x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v . r x u \wedge r' y v]$

lemma *Prod-demonic*: $[r] ** [r'] = [x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v . r x u \wedge r' y v]$

lemma *Prod-spec-Skip*: $(\{p\} o [r]) ** \text{Skip} = \{x, y . p x\} o [x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v . r x u \wedge v = y]$

lemma *Prod-Skip-spec*: $\text{Skip} ** (\{p\} o [r]) = \{x, y . p y\} o [x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v . x = u \wedge r y v]$

lemma *Prod-skip-demonic*: $\text{Skip} ** [r] = [x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v . x = u \wedge r y v]$

lemma *Prod-demonic-skip*: $[r] ** \text{Skip} = [x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v . r x u \wedge y = v]$

lemma *Prod-spec-demonic*: $(\{p\} o [r]) ** [r'] = \{x, y . p x\} o [x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v . r x u \wedge r' y v]$

lemma *Prod-demonic-spec*: $[r] ** (\{p\} o [r']) = \{x, y . p y\} o [x, y \rightsquigarrow u, v . r x u \wedge r' y v]$

lemma *pair-eq-demonic-skip*: $[\lambda(x, y) (u, v). x = u \wedge v = y] = \text{Skip}$

lemma *Prod-assert-skip*: $\{p\} ** \text{Skip} = \{x, y . p x\}$

```

lemma Prod-skip-assert: Skip ** {.p.} = {.x,y . p y.}

lemma fusion-commute: S || T = T || S

lemma fusion-mono1: S ≤ S'  $\implies$  S || T ≤ S' || T

lemma prod-mono1: S ≤ S'  $\implies$  S ** T ≤ S' ** T

lemma prod-mono2: S ≤ S'  $\implies$  T ** S ≤ T ** S'

lemma Prod-fusion: S ** T = ([:x,y ~> x' . x = x':] o S o [:x ~> x', y . x = x':]) || ([:x, y ~> y' . y = y':] o T o [:y ~> x, y' . y = y':])

lemma refin-comp-right: (S::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b::order) ≤ T  $\implies$  S o X ≤ T o X

lemma refin-comp-left: mono X  $\implies$  (S::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b::order) ≤ T  $\implies$  X o S ≤ X o T

lemma mono-angelic[simp]: mono {:r:}

lemma [simp]: Skip ** Magic = Magic

lemma [simp]: S ** Fail = Fail

lemma [simp]: Fail ** S = Fail

lemma demonic-conj: [:(r::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  bool).] o (S ∩ S') = ([:r:] o S) ∩ ([:r:] o S')

lemma demonic-assume: [:r:] o {.p.} = [:x ~> y . r x y  $\wedge$  p y:]

lemma assume-demonic: {.p.} o {:r:} = [:x ~> y . p x  $\wedge$  r x y:]

lemma [simp]: (Fail::'a::boolean-algebra) ≤ S

lemma prod-skip-skip[simp]: Skip ** Skip = Skip

lemma fusion-prod: S || T = [:x ~> y, z . x = y  $\wedge$  x = z:] o Prod S T o [:y , z ~> x . y = x  $\wedge$  z = x:]

lemma [simp]: prec S = ⊤  $\implies$  prec T = ⊤  $\implies$  prec (S ** T) = ⊤

lemma prec-skip[simp]: prec Skip = (⊤::'a $\Rightarrow$ bool)

lemma [simp]: prec S = ⊤  $\implies$  prec T = ⊤  $\implies$  prec (S || T) = ⊤

```

1.4 Functional Update

definition update :: ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow bool ([---]) **where**

$$[-f-] = [:x ~> y . y = f x:]$$

syntax

$$-update :: patterns \Rightarrow tuple-args \Rightarrow logic \quad ((1[- - ~> - -]))$$

translations

$$\begin{aligned} -update\ x\ (-tuple-args\ f\ F) &== CONST\ update\ ((-abs\ x\ (-tuple\ f\ F))) \\ -update\ x\ (-tuple-arg\ F) &== CONST\ update\ (-abs\ x\ F) \end{aligned}$$

lemma update-o-def: [-f o g-] = [-x ~> f (g x)-]

lemma *update-simp*: $[-f-] q = (\lambda x . q (f x))$

lemma *update-assert-comp*: $[-f-] o \{.p.\} = \{.p o f.\} o [-f-]$

lemma *update-comp*: $[-f-] o [-g-] = [-g o f-]$

lemma *update-demonic-comp*: $[-f-] o [:r:] = [:x \rightsquigarrow y . r (f x) y:]$

lemma *demonic-update-comp*: $[:r:] o [-f-] = [:x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists z . r x z \wedge y = f z:]$

lemma *comp-update-demonic*: $S o [-f-] o [:r:] = S o [:x \rightsquigarrow y . r (f x) y:]$

lemma *comp-demonic-update*: $S o [:r:] o [-f-] = S o [:x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists z . r x z \wedge y = f z:]$

lemma *convert*: $(\lambda x y . (S::('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow \text{bool})) x (f y)) = [-f-] o S$

lemma *prod-update*: $[-f-] ** [-g-] = [-x, y \rightsquigarrow f x, g y -]$

lemma *prod-update-skip*: $[-f-] ** \text{Skip} = [-x, y \rightsquigarrow f x, y -]$

lemma *prod-skip-update*: $\text{Skip} ** [-f-] = [-x, y \rightsquigarrow x, f y -]$

lemma *prod-assert-update-skip*: $(\{.p.\} o [-f-]) ** \text{Skip} = \{.x,y . p x.\} o [-x, y \rightsquigarrow f x, y -]$

lemma *prod-skip-assert-update*: $\text{Skip} ** (\{.p.\} o [-f-]) = \{.x,y . p y.\} o [-\lambda (x, y) . (x, f y) -]$

lemma *prod-assert-update*: $(\{.p.\} o [-f-]) ** (\{.p'.\} o [-f'-]) = \{.x,y . p x \wedge p' y.\} o [-\lambda (x, y) . (f x, f' y) -]$

lemma *update-id-Skip*: $[-id-] = \text{Skip}$

lemma *prod-assert-assert-update*: $\{.p.\} ** (\{.p'.\} o [-f-]) = \{.x,y . p x \wedge p' y.\} o [-x, y \rightsquigarrow x, f y -]$

lemma *prod-assert-update-assert*: $(\{.p.\} o [-f-]) ** \{.p'.\} = \{.x,y . p x \wedge p' y.\} o [-x, y \rightsquigarrow f x, y -]$

lemma *prod-update-assert-update*: $[-f-] ** (\{.p.\} o [-f'-]) = \{.x,y . p y.\} o [-x, y \rightsquigarrow f x, f' y -]$

lemma *prod-assert-update-update*: $(\{.p.\} o [-f-]) ** [-f'-] = \{.x,y . p x .\} o [-x, y \rightsquigarrow f x, f' y -]$

lemma *Fail-assert-update*: $\text{Fail} = \{\perp.\} o [-(\text{Eps } \top) -]$

lemma *fail-assert-update*: $\perp = \{\perp.\} o [-(\text{Eps } \top) -]$

lemma *update-fail*: $[-f-] o \perp = \perp$

lemma *fail-assert-demonic*: $\perp = \{\perp.\} o [: \perp :]$

lemma *false-update-fail*: $\{\lambda x. \text{False.}\} o [-f-] = \perp$

lemma *comp-update-update*: $S \circ [-f-] \circ [-f'-] = S \circ [-f' o f -]$

lemma *comp-update-assert*: $S \circ [-f-] \circ \{.p.\} = S \circ \{.p o f.\} o [-f-]$

lemma *prod-fail*: $\perp ** S = \perp$

lemma *fail-prod*: $S \text{ ** } \perp = \perp$

lemma *assert-fail*: $\{\cdot.p::'a::\text{boolean-algebra}.\} o \perp = \perp$

lemma *angelic-assert*: $\{\cdot.r:\} o \{\cdot.p.\} = \{\cdot.x \rightsquigarrow y . r x y \wedge p y\}$

lemma *Prod-Skip-angelic-demonic*: $\text{Skip} \text{ ** } (\{\cdot.r:\} o [\cdot.r':]) = \{\cdot.s . x \rightsquigarrow s', y . r x y \wedge s' = s\} o [\cdot.s . x \rightsquigarrow s', y . r' x y \wedge s' = s]$

lemma *Prod-angelic-demonic-Skip*: $(\{\cdot.r:\} o [\cdot.r']) \text{ ** } \text{Skip} = \{\cdot.x . u \rightsquigarrow y, u' . r x y \wedge u = u'\} o [\cdot.x . u \rightsquigarrow y, u' . r' x y \wedge u = u']$

lemma *prec-rel-eq*: $p = p' \implies r = r' \implies \{\cdot.p.\} o [\cdot.r:] = \{\cdot.p'.\} o [\cdot.r']$

lemma *prec-rel-le*: $p \leq p' \implies (\bigwedge x . p x \implies r' x \leq r x) \implies \{\cdot.p.\} o [\cdot.r:] \leq \{\cdot.p'.\} o [\cdot.r']$

lemma *assert-update-eq*: $(\{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-] = \{\cdot.p'.\} o [-f'-]) = (p = p' \wedge (\forall x . p x \longrightarrow f x = f' x))$

lemma *update-eq*: $([-f-] = [-f'-]) = (f = f')$

lemma *spec-eq-iff*:

- shows** *spec-eq-iff-1*: $p = p' \implies f = f' \implies \{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-] = \{\cdot.p'.\} o [-f'-]$
- and** *spec-eq-iff-2*: $f = f' \implies [-f-] = [-f'-]$
- and** *spec-eq-iff-3*: $p = (\lambda x . \text{True}) \implies f = f' \implies \{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-] = [-f'-]$
- and** *spec-eq-iff-4*: $p = (\lambda x . \text{True}) \implies f = f' \implies [-f-] = \{\cdot.p.\} o [-f'-]$

lemma *spec-eq-iff-a*:

- shows** $(\bigwedge x . p x = p' x) \implies (\bigwedge x . f x = f' x) \implies \{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-] = \{\cdot.p'.\} o [-f'-]$
- and** $(\bigwedge x . f x = f' x) \implies [-f-] = [-f'-]$
- and** $(\bigwedge x . p x) \implies (\bigwedge x . f x = f' x) \implies \{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-] = [-f'-]$
- and** $(\bigwedge x . p x) \implies (\bigwedge x . f x = f' x) \implies [-f-] = \{\cdot.p.\} o [-f'-]$

lemma *spec-eq-iff-prec*: $p = p' \implies (\bigwedge x . p x \implies f x = f' x) \implies \{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-] = \{\cdot.p'.\} o [-f'-]$

lemma *trs-prod*: $\text{trs } r \text{ ** } \text{trs } r' = \text{trs } (\lambda (x, x') (y, y') . r x y \wedge r' x' y')$

lemma *sconjunctiveE*: $\text{sconjunctive } S \implies (\exists p r . S = \{\cdot.p.\} o [\cdot.r ::'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}])$

lemma *sconjunctive-prod* [*simp*]: $\text{sconjunctive } S \implies \text{sconjunctive } S' \implies \text{sconjunctive } (S \text{ ** } S')$

lemma *nonmagic-prod* [*simp*]: $\text{non-magic } S \implies \text{non-magic } S' \implies \text{non-magic } (S \text{ ** } S')$

lemma *non-magic-comp* [*simp*]: $\text{non-magic } S \implies \text{non-magic } S' \implies \text{non-magic } (S o S')$

lemma *implementable-pred* [*simp*]: $\text{implementable } S \implies \text{implementable } S' \implies \text{implementable } (S \text{ ** } S')$

lemma *implementable-comp* [*simp*]: $\text{implementable } S \implies \text{implementable } S' \implies \text{implementable } (S o S')$

lemma *nonmagic-assert*: $\{\cdot.p::'a::\text{boolean-algebra}.\}$

1.5 Control Statements

definition $\text{if-stm } p \ S \ T = ([.p.] \ o \ S) \sqcap ([.-p.] \ o \ T)$

definition $\text{while-stm } p \ S = \text{lfp } (\lambda X . \text{if-stm } p \ (S \circ X) \ \text{Skip})$

definition $\text{Sup-less } x \ (w::'b::\text{wellorder}) = \text{Sup } \{(x \ v)::'a::\text{complete-lattice} \mid v . v < w\}$

lemma $\text{Sup-less-upper}: v < w \implies P \ v \leq \text{Sup-less } P \ w$

lemma $\text{Sup-less-least}: (\bigwedge v . v < w \implies P \ v \leq Q) \implies \text{Sup-less } P \ w \leq Q$

theorem $\text{fp-wf-induction}:$

$f \ x = x \implies \text{mono } f \implies (\forall w . (y \ w) \leq f \ (\text{Sup-less } y \ w)) \implies \text{Sup } (\text{range } y) \leq x$

theorem $\text{lfp-wf-induction}: \text{mono } f \implies (\forall w . (p \ w) \leq f \ (\text{Sup-less } p \ w)) \implies \text{Sup } (\text{range } p) \leq \text{lfp } f$

theorem $\text{lfp-wf-induction-a}: \text{mono } f \implies (\forall w . (p \ w) \leq f \ (\text{Sup-less } p \ w)) \implies (\text{SUP } a . p \ a) \leq \text{lfp } f$

theorem $\text{lfp-wf-induction-b}: \text{mono } f \implies (\forall w . (p \ w) \leq f \ (\text{Sup-less } p \ w)) \implies S \leq (\text{SUP } a . p \ a) \implies S \leq \text{lfp } f$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } (\lambda X . \text{if-stm } b \ (S \circ X) \ T)$

definition $\text{mono-mono } F = (\text{mono } F \wedge (\forall f . \text{mono } f \rightarrow \text{mono } (F \ f)))$

theorem lfp-mono [*simp*]:

$\text{mono-mono } F \implies \text{mono } (\text{lfp } F)$

lemma if-mono [*simp*]: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } T \implies \text{mono } (\text{if-stm } b \ S \ T)$

1.6 Hoare Total Correctness Rules

definition $\text{Hoare } p \ S \ q = (p \leq S \ q)$

definition $\text{post-fun } (p::'a::\text{order}) \ q = (\text{if } p \leq q \text{ then } \top \text{ else } \perp)$

lemma post-mono [*simp*]: $\text{mono } (\text{post-fun } p :: (-:\{\text{order-bot}, \text{order-top}\}))$

lemma post-refin [*simp*]: $\text{mono } S \implies ((S \ p)::'a::\text{bounded-lattice}) \sqcap (\text{post-fun } p) \ x \leq S \ x$

lemma post-top [*simp*]: $\text{post-fun } p \ p = \top$

theorem $\text{hoare-refinement-post}:$

$\text{mono } f \implies (\text{Hoare } x \ f \ y) = (\{.x::'a::\text{boolean-algebra}.} \ o \ (\text{post-fun } y) \leq f)$

lemma $\text{assert-Sup-range}:$ $\{.\text{Sup } (\text{range } (p::'W \Rightarrow 'a::\text{complete-distrib-lattice})).\} = \text{Sup}(\text{range } (\text{assert } o \ p))$

lemma $\text{Sup-range-comp}:$ $(\text{Sup } (\text{range } p)) \ o \ S = \text{Sup } (\text{range } (\lambda w . ((p \ w) \ o \ S)))$

lemma $\text{Sup-less-comp}:$ $(\text{Sup-less } P) \ w \ o \ S = \text{Sup-less } (\lambda w . ((P \ w) \ o \ S)) \ w$

lemma *assert-Sup*: $\{.\text{Sup } (X::'a::\text{complete-distrib-lattice set}).\} = \text{Sup } (\text{assert } ' X)$

lemma *Sup-less-assert*: $\text{Sup-less } (\lambda w. \{.\ (p\ w)::'a::\text{complete-distrib-lattice }.\}) w = \{.\text{Sup-less } p\ w.\}$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{Sup-less } (\lambda n\ x. t\ x = n) n = (\lambda x. (t\ x < n))$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{Sup-less } (\lambda n. \{x. t\ x = n.\} \circ S) n = \{x. t\ x < n.\} \circ S$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\text{SUP } a. \{x. t\ x = a.\} \circ S) = S$

theorem *hoare-fixpoint*:

mono-mono $F \implies$

$(\forall f\ w. \text{mono } f \longrightarrow (\text{Hoare } (\text{Sup-less } p\ w) f\ y \longrightarrow \text{Hoare } ((p\ w)::'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) (F\ f)\ y)) \implies \text{Hoare } (\text{Sup } (\text{range } p)) (\text{lfp } F)\ y$

theorem *hoare-sequential*:

mono $S \implies (\text{Hoare } p (S \circ T) r) = (\exists q. \text{Hoare } p S q \wedge \text{Hoare } q T r)$

theorem *hoare-choice*:

$\text{Hoare } p (S \sqcap T) q = (\text{Hoare } p S q \wedge \text{Hoare } p T q)$

theorem *hoare-assume*:

$(\text{Hoare } P [.R.] Q) = (P \sqcap R \leq Q)$

lemma *hoare-if*: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } T \implies \text{Hoare } (p \sqcap b) S q \implies \text{Hoare } (p \sqcap \neg b) T q \implies \text{Hoare } p (\text{if-stm } b\ S\ T) q$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{mono } x \implies \text{mono-mono } (\lambda X. \text{if-stm } b (x \circ X) \text{ Skip})$

lemma *hoare-while*:

$\text{mono } x \implies (\forall w. \text{Hoare } ((p\ w) \sqcap b) x (\text{Sup-less } p\ w)) \implies \text{Hoare } (\text{Sup } (\text{range } p)) (\text{while-stm } b\ x) ((\text{Sup } (\text{range } p)) \sqcap \neg b)$

lemma *hoare-prec-post*: $\text{mono } S \implies p \leq p' \implies q' \leq q \implies \text{Hoare } p' S q' \implies \text{Hoare } p S q$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{mono } x \implies \text{mono } (\text{while-stm } b\ x)$

lemma *hoare-while-a*:

$\text{mono } x \implies (\forall w. \text{Hoare } ((p\ w) \sqcap b) x (\text{Sup-less } p\ w)) \implies p' \leq (\text{Sup } (\text{range } p)) \implies ((\text{Sup } (\text{range } p)) \sqcap \neg b) \leq q \implies \text{Hoare } p' (\text{while-stm } b\ x) q$

lemma *hoare-update*: $p \leq q \circ f \implies \text{Hoare } p [-f-] q$

lemma *hoare-demonic*: $(\bigwedge x\ y. p\ x \implies r\ x\ y \implies q\ y) \implies \text{Hoare } p [:r:] q$

lemma *refinement-hoare*: $S \leq T \implies \text{Hoare } (p::'a::\text{order}) S (q) \implies \text{Hoare } p T q$

lemma *refinement-hoare-iff*: $(S \leq T) = (\forall p\ q. \text{Hoare } (p::'a::\text{order}) S (q) \longrightarrow \text{Hoare } p T q)$

1.7 Data Refinement

```

lemma data-refinement: mono  $S' \implies (\forall x a . \exists u . R x a u) \implies$ 
 $\{x, a \rightsquigarrow x', u . x = x' \wedge R x a u : \} o S \leq S' o \{y, b \rightsquigarrow y', v . y = y' \wedge R' y b v : \} \implies$ 
 $\{x \rightsquigarrow x', u . x = x' : \} o S o \{y, v \rightsquigarrow y' . y = y' :\}$ 
 $\leq \{x \rightsquigarrow x', a . x = x' : \} o S' o \{y, b \rightsquigarrow y' . y = y' :\}$ 

lemma mono-update[simp]: mono  $[- f -]$ 

end

```

1.8 Feedback Operator on Predicate Transformers

```

theory TransitionFeedback
imports .. /RefinementReactive /Refinement Complex

begin

definition grd-update ::  $('a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool} ([\neg(\neg)\rightarrow(\neg)\neg])$  where
 $[-p \rightarrow f -] = [x \rightsquigarrow y . p x \wedge y = f x]$ 

lemma  $[-p \rightarrow f -] = [.p.] o [-f -]$ 

lemma assert-grd-update:  $(\bigwedge x . p x \implies p' x) \implies \{.p.\} o [-p' \rightarrow f -] = \{.p.\} o [-f -]$ 

lemma grd-update-comp:  $[-p \rightarrow f -] o [-q \rightarrow g -] = [-p \sqcap (q o f) \rightarrow g o f -]$ 

lemma grd-update-assert-comp:  $[-p \rightarrow f -] o \{.q.\} = \{.x . p x \longrightarrow q (f x).\} o [-p \rightarrow f -]$ 

lemma grd-update-update-comp:  $[-p \rightarrow f -] o [-g -] = [-p \rightarrow g o f -]$ 

lemma update-grd-update-comp:  $[-g -] o [-p \rightarrow f -] = [-p o g \rightarrow f o g -]$ 

lemma grd-update-update [simp]:  $[\neg\neg\rightarrow f -] = [-f -]$ 

lemma [simp]:  $(\exists y . (a, y) = f (u, x)) = (a = \text{fst} (f (u, x)))$ 

lemma pair-eq:  $((a, b) = x) = (a = \text{fst} x \wedge b = \text{snd} x)$ 

lemma comp-exists:  $(r OO r') x y = (\exists z . r x z \wedge r' z y)$ 

lemma comp-existsa:  $(r OO r') = (\lambda x y . \exists z . r x z \wedge r' z y)$ 

lemma drop-assumption:  $p \implies \text{True}$ 

lemma fun-comp-simp:  $((\lambda(x, y). (f x, y)) \circ (\lambda(a, b). (c b, d (a, b)))) = (\lambda (a, b) . (((f o c) b), d (a, b)))$ 

lemma fun-comp-simp-b:  $((\lambda(a::'c, b::'d). (c b, d (a, b))) \circ (\lambda(x::'a, y::'d). (f x, y))) = (\lambda (x, y) . (c y, d (f x, y)))$ 

lemma fun-comp-simp-c:  $((\lambda((c, d), a). (a, c, d)) \circ (\lambda(x, y). (\text{case } x \text{ of } (a, b) \Rightarrow (c b, d (a, b)), f y))) \circ (\lambda(a, c, b). ((a, b), c)) = (\lambda (u, v, w) . (f v, c w, d (u, w)))$ 

lemma fun-comp-simp-d:  $(\lambda x . \text{case } x \text{ of } (c, b) \Rightarrow ((\text{case } x \text{ of } (v, w) \Rightarrow f v, b), c) \text{ of } (x, y) \Rightarrow p x \wedge p' y) = (\lambda (u, v) . p (f u, v) \wedge p' u)$ 

```

lemma *fun-comp-simp-e*: $(\lambda x. \text{case } x \text{ of } (v, w) \Rightarrow (c w, d (\text{case } x \text{ of } (v, w) \Rightarrow f v, w))) = (\lambda (u, v) . (c v, d (f u, v)))$

definition *select S* = $\{. x . (\exists u . \text{prec } S (u, x)).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow u, x' . x' = x \wedge \text{prec } S (u, x) :] o S o [v, y \rightsquigarrow v' . v' = v:]$

lemma *selectc-spec*: $\text{select } (\{. p .\} o [:r:]) = \{. x . (\exists u . p (u, x)).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow v . \exists u y . p (u, x) \wedge r (u, x) (v, y) :]$

lemma *select-sconjunctive[simp]*: *sconjunctive S* \implies *sconjunctive (select S)*

lemma *sconjunctive-fusion[simp]*: *sconjunctive S* \implies *sconjunctive S'* \implies *sconjunctive (S || S')*

lemma *sconjunctive-Skip[simp]*: *sconjunctive Skip*

lemma [*simp*]: *prec S* = $\top \implies \text{prec } (\text{select } S) = \top$

definition *selectA S* = $\{. x . (\exists u . \text{prec } S (u, x)).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow u, x' . x' = x \wedge \text{prec } S (u, x) :] o (S || [u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . u = v]) o [v, y \rightsquigarrow v' . v' = v:]$

definition *selectB S* = $\{x \rightsquigarrow u, x' . x = x':\} o S o [v, y \rightsquigarrow v' . v' = v:]$

definition *selectC S* = $\{x \rightsquigarrow u, x' . x = x':\} o (S || [u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . u = v]) o [v, y \rightsquigarrow v' . v' = v:]$

definition *feedback S* = $[x \rightsquigarrow x', x'' . x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] o ((\text{select } S) ** \text{Skip}) o (S || [u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . u = v]) o [u, y \rightsquigarrow y' . y' = y:]$

definition *feedbackA S* = $[x \rightsquigarrow x', x'' . x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] o ((\text{selectA } S) ** \text{Skip}) o (S || [u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . u = v]) o [u, y \rightsquigarrow y' . y' = y:]$

definition *feedbackB S* = $[x \rightsquigarrow x', x'' . x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] o ((\text{selectB } S) ** \text{Skip}) o (S || [u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . u = v]) o [u, y \rightsquigarrow y' . y' = y:]$

definition *feedbackC S* = $[x \rightsquigarrow x', x'' . x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] o ((\text{selectC } S) ** \text{Skip}) o (S || [u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . u = v]) o [u, y \rightsquigarrow y' . y' = y:]$

lemma *selectA-spec*: $\text{selectA } (\{. p .\} o [:r:]) = \{. x . (\exists u . p (u, x)).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow u . \exists y . p (u, x) \wedge r (u, x) (u, y) :]$

thm *Prod-angelic-demonic-Skip*

lemma *feedbackB-spec*: $\text{feedbackB } (\{. p .\} o [:r:]) = \{x \rightsquigarrow u, x' . p (u, x) \wedge (\forall v y . r (u, x) (v, y) \longrightarrow p (v, x)) \wedge x = x':\} o [u, x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists v y' . r (u, x) (v, y') \wedge r (v, x) (v, y):]$

lemma *feedbackC-spec*: $\text{feedbackC } (\{. p .\} o [:r:]) = \{x \rightsquigarrow u, x' . p (u, x) \wedge (\forall y . r (u, x) (u, y) \longrightarrow p (u, x)) \wedge x = x':\} o [u, x \rightsquigarrow y . r (u, x) (u, y):]$

lemma *feedbackB-decomp*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies$
 $\text{feedbackB } (\{. u, x . p (u, x) \wedge p' x.\} o [u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . r (u, x) y \wedge r' x v:])$
 $= \{. x . p' x \wedge (\forall b . r' x b \longrightarrow p (b, x)).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists v . r' x v \wedge r (v, x) y:]$

lemma [simp]: $\text{prec } S = \top \implies \text{prec } (\text{feedback } S) = \top$

lemma feedback-simp-a: $\text{feedback } (\{\cdot.p.\} o [:r:]) =$
 $\{\lambda x. (\exists u. p(u, x)) \wedge (\forall a. (\exists u. p(u, x) \wedge (\exists y. r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow p(a, x))\} \circ$
 $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists v. (\exists u. p(u, x) \wedge (\exists y. r(u, x)(v, y))) \wedge r(v, x)(v, y))]$

lemma feedbackA-simp-a: $\text{feedbackA } (\{\cdot.p.\} o [:r:]) =$
 $\{\cdot. x. \exists u. p(u, x)\} \circ [:x \rightsquigarrow z. \exists a. p(a, x) \wedge r(a, x)(a, z)]$

lemma feedback-simp-b: $\text{feedback } (\{\cdot.p.\} o [-q \rightarrow f -]) =$
 $\{\lambda x. (\exists u. p(u, x)) \wedge (\forall u. p(u, x) \wedge q(u, x) \longrightarrow p(fst(f(u, x)), x))\} \circ$
 $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists u. p(u, x) \wedge q(u, x) \wedge q(fst(f(u, x)), x) \wedge fst(f(u, x)) = fst(f(fst(f(u, x)), x)) \wedge y = snd(f(fst(f(u, x)), x)))]$

lemma feedback-simp-c: $\text{feedback } (\{\cdot.p.\} o [-f -]) =$
 $\{\cdot. x. (\exists u. p(u, x)) \wedge (\forall u. p(u, x) \longrightarrow p(fst(f(u, x)), x))\} \circ$
 $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists u. p(u, x) \wedge fst(f(u, x)) = fst(f(fst(f(u, x)), x)) \wedge y = snd(f(fst(f(u, x)), x)))]$

lemma feedback-simp-cc: $\text{feedback } ([-f -]) =$
 $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists u. fst(f(u, x)) = fst(f(fst(f(u, x)), x)) \wedge y = snd(f(fst(f(u, x)), x)))]$

lemma feedback-test: $\text{feedback } ([-(\lambda(u, x). (u, u)) -]) = [: \top :]$

lemma feedback-simp-d: $\text{feedback } [:r:] = [:x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists v. r(v, x)(v, y):]$

lemma feedback-update-simp: $\text{feedback } (\{\cdot.p.\} o [-\lambda(u, x). (fx, gx(u, x)) -]) =$
 $\{\cdot. x. p(fx, x).\} o [-\lambda x. g(fx, x) -]$

lemma feedback-update-simp-x: $\text{feedback } (\{\cdot.p.\} o [-\lambda ux. (f(snd ux), gx(ux)) -]) =$
 $\{\cdot. x. p(fx, x).\} o [-\lambda x. g(fx, x) -]$

lemma feedback-update-simp-a: $\text{feedback } (\{\cdot.p.\} o [-\lambda(u, s, x). (fs(s, x), g(u, s, x), h(u, s, x)) -]) =$
 $\{\cdot. s, x. p((f(s, x)), s, x).\} o [-\lambda(s, x). (g((f(s, x)), s, x), h((f(s, x)), s, x)) -]$

lemma feedback-update-simp-b: $\text{feedback } (\{\cdot.p.\} o [-\lambda(u, s, x). (fs(s, x), g(u, s, x), h(u, s, x)) -]) =$
 $\{\cdot. s, x. p((f(s, x)), s, x).\} o [-\lambda(s, x). (g((f(s, x)), s, x), h((f(s, x)), s, x)) -]$

lemma feedback-update-simp-c: $\text{feedback } (\{\cdot(u, s, x). p(u, s, x)\} o [-\lambda(u, s, x). (fsx, g(u, s, x), h(u, s, x)) -]) =$
 $\{\cdot. s, x. p(fsx, s, x).\} o [-\lambda(s, x). (g(fsx, s, x), h(fsx, s, x)) -]$

lemma feedback-simp-bot: $\text{feedback } (\perp : (('a \times 'b) \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \times 'c) \Rightarrow \text{bool}) = \perp$

lemma $A = \{\cdot.p.\} o [-\lambda(a, b). (c b, d(a, b)) -] \implies B = \{\cdot.p'.\} o [-f -] \implies \text{feedback } (A o (B ** \text{Skip})) =$
 $\{\cdot. x. p(f(c x), x) \wedge p'(c x)\} \circ [-\lambda x. d(f(c x), x) -]$

lemma AAA: $p = p' \implies (\wedge x. p x \implies r x = r' x) \implies \{\cdot.p.\} o [:r:] = \{\cdot.p'.\} o [:r':]$

thm feedback-simp-a

lemma $A = \{.p.\} o [-\lambda(a, b) . (c b, d(a, b)) -] \implies B = \{.p'.\} o [-f -] \implies \text{feedback } ((B ** \text{Skip}) o A)$
 $= \{.x . p(f(c x), x) \wedge p'(c x) .\} o [-\lambda x . d(f(c x), x) -]$

lemma $A = \{.p.\} o [-\lambda(a, b) . (c b, d(a, b)) -] \implies B = \{.p'.\} o [-f -] \implies$
 $\text{feedback } (\text{feedback } ([-\lambda(a, c, b) . ((a, b), c) -] o (A ** B) o [-\lambda((c, d), a) . (a, c, d) -])) = \{.x . p(f(c x), x) \wedge p'(c x) .\} o [-\lambda x . d(f(c x), x) -]$
lemma $\text{feedback-simp-aa: feedback } (\{.inpt r.\} o [:r:]) =$
 $\{\lambda x. (\exists u. \text{inpt } r(u, x)) \wedge (\forall a. (\exists u. \text{inpt } r(u, x) \wedge (\exists y. r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r(a, x)).\} \circ$
 $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists v. (\exists u. (\exists y. r(u, x)(v, y))) \wedge r(v, x)(v, y)):]$

lemma $\text{feedback-in-simp-aux: } ((\exists u. \text{inpt } r(u, x)) \wedge (\forall a. (\exists u. \text{inpt } r(u, x) \wedge (\exists y. r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r(a, x)))$
 $= ((\exists u. \text{inpt } r(u, x)) \wedge (\forall a. (\exists u y. r(u, x)(a, y)) \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r(a, x)))$

lemma $\text{feedback-simp-aaa: feedback } (\{.inpt r.\} o [:r:]) =$
 $\{\lambda x. (\exists u. \text{inpt } r(u, x)) \wedge (\forall a. (\exists u. \text{inpt } r(u, x) \wedge (\exists y. r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r(a, x)).\} \circ$
 $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists v. r(v, x)(v, y)):]$

lemma $\text{feedbackB-simp-aaaaa: feedbackB } (\{.inpt r.\} o [:r:]) =$
 $\{x \rightsquigarrow (u, x'). \text{inpt } r(u, x) \wedge (\forall v. (\exists y. r(u, x)(v, y)) \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r(v, x)) \wedge x = x':\} \circ [:(u, x) \rightsquigarrow y. \exists v. (\exists y'. r(u, x)(v, y')) \wedge r(v, x)(v, y):]$

lemma $\text{feedbackB-simp-aaaaaa: } p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies \text{feedbackB } (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) =$
 $\{x \rightsquigarrow (u, x'). p(u, x) \wedge (\forall v. (\exists y. r(u, x)(v, y)) \longrightarrow p(v, x)) \wedge x = x':\} \circ [:(u, x) \rightsquigarrow y. \exists v. (\exists y'. r(u, x)(v, y')) \wedge r(v, x)(v, y):]$

lemma $\text{feedback-simp-aaaaa: feedback } (\{.inpt r.\} o [:r:]) =$
 $\{\lambda x. (\exists u. \text{inpt } r(u, x)) \wedge (\forall a. (\exists u y. r(u, x)(a, y)) \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r(a, x)).\} \circ$
 $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists v. r(v, x)(v, y)):]$

lemma $\text{feedback-simp-aaaaaa: } p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies \text{feedback } (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) =$
 $\{\lambda x. (\exists u. p(u, x)) \wedge (\forall a. (\exists u y. p(u, x) \wedge r(u, x)(a, y)) \longrightarrow p(a, x)).\} \circ$
 $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists v. p(v, x) \wedge r(v, x)(v, y)):]$

lemma $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies \text{feedback } ([-\lambda(x, y, z) . ((x, y), z) -] o ((\{.p.\} o [:r:]) ** (\{.p'.\} o [:r'])) o [-\lambda((x, y), z) . (x, y, z) -]) =$
 $(\text{feedback } (\{.p.\} o [:r:])) ** (\{.p'.\} o [:r':])$

lemma $\text{feedback-in-simp-a: } p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies$
 $\text{feedback } (\{.u, x . p(u, x) \wedge p' x.\} o [:u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . r(u, x) y \wedge r' x v:])$
 $= \{.x . p' x \wedge (\forall b. r' x b \longrightarrow p(b, x)).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists v . r' x v \wedge r(v, x) y:]$

lemma $\text{feedback-in-simp-b: } p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies$
 $\text{feedback } (\{.u, x . p(u, x) \wedge p' x.\} o [:u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y . r(u, x) y \wedge r' x v:])$
 $= \{.x . p' x \wedge (\forall b. r' x b \longrightarrow p(b, x)).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists v . r' x v \wedge r(v, x) y:]$

lemma $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p'' \leq \text{inpt } r'' \implies \text{feedback } ((\text{Skip} ** (\{.p.\} o [:r:])) o ([-\lambda(x, y) . (y, x) -]) o (\text{Skip} ** (\{.p''.\} o [:r'':]))))$

```

= ({.p.} o [:r:]) o ({.p''.} o [:r'':])

lemma feedback-update-simp-aaa: ( $\bigwedge u x. \text{fst}(f(u,x)) = \text{fst}(f(\text{undefined},x))$ )  $\implies$ 
feedback({.p.} o [-f-]) = {x. p(fst(f(undefined, x)), x).} o [-  $\lambda x. \text{snd}(f(\text{fst}(f(\text{undefined}, x)), x))$ ] -]

lemma feedback-update-simp-bbb: ( $\bigwedge u x. \text{fst}(f(u,x)) = \text{fst}(f(\text{undefined},x))$ )  $\implies$ 
feedback([-f-]) = [-  $\lambda x. \text{snd}(f(\text{fst}(f(\text{undefined}, x)), x))$ ] -]

thm feedback-def

thm feedback-in-simp-a

definition feedbackless S = (SOME T .  $\exists p f . S = \{.p.\} o [-f-] \wedge T = \{x. p(\text{fst}(f(Eps (\lambda u . p (u, x)), x)), x).\} o [- \lambda x. \text{snd}(f(\text{fst}(f(Eps (\lambda u . p (u, x)), x)), x))]$ )

definition fstsome p x = Eps ( $\lambda u . p (u, x)$ )

definition fbv p f x = fst(f(fstsome p x, x))

definition fb-prec p f x = p(fbv p f x, x)
definition fb-func p f x = snd(f(fbv p f x, x))

lemma fb-prec-simp: fb-prec p f = ( $\lambda x . p(\text{fbv } p f x, x)$ )

lemma fb-func-simp: fb-func p f = ( $\lambda x . \text{snd}(f(\text{fbv } p f x, x))$ )

lemma feedbackless-update-simp-aaa: feedbackless({.p.} o [-f-]) = {.fb-prec p f.} o [- fb-func p f -]

lemma ( $\bigwedge u x. \text{fst}(f(u,x)) = \text{fst}(f(\text{undefined},x))$ )  $\implies$  feedback({.p.} o [-f-]) = feedbackless({.p.} o [-f-])

lemma feedbackless-update-simp-bbb: feedbackless([-f-]) = [- fb-func T f -]

lemma feedback-update-simp-ccc: feedback( {.⊥.} o [-f-]) = ⊥

```

1.8.1 Different Feedback Attempts

```

definition select'' S = [:x ~ u, x' . x' = x  $\wedge$  prec S (u, x) :] o S o [:v, y ~ v' . v' = v:]

definition selectb S = {x ~ u, x'. x = x'  $\wedge$  prec S (u, x):} o S o [:v, y ~ v' . v' = v:]

definition selectd S = [:x ~ u, x' . x' = x  $\wedge$  prec S (u, x) :] o S o [:v, y ~ v' . v' = v:]

definition selecte S = [:x ~ u, x' . x' = x  $\wedge$  grd S (u, x) :] o S o [:v, y ~ v' . v' = v:]

definition feedbackf S = {x . (u . prec S (u, x)).} o [:x ~ (u, x'), u' . x' = x  $\wedge$  u' = u  $\wedge$  prec S (u, x) :]
o (S ** Skip) o [:v, y), u ~ (v', y') . v = u  $\wedge$  v' = v  $\wedge$  y' = y:]

definition feedbackg S = [:x ~ (u, x'), u' . x' = x  $\wedge$  u' = u  $\wedge$  grd S (u, x) :] o (S ** Skip) o [:v,
y), u ~ v', y' . v = u  $\wedge$  y' = y  $\wedge$  v' = v:]

```

lemma *selectc''-spec*: $\text{select}''(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = [:x \rightsquigarrow v\ .\ \exists\ u\ y\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge r(u, x)(v, y) :]$

lemma *selectcb-spec*: $\text{selectb}(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{\cdot\ x \rightsquigarrow u, x'.\ x = x' \wedge p(u, x)\} o[:u, x \rightsquigarrow v\ .\ \exists\ y\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge r(u, x)(v, y) :]$

lemma *feedbackf-spec*: $\text{feedbackf}(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{\cdot\ x\ .\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x)).\} o[:x \rightsquigarrow u, y\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge r(u, x)(u, y) :]$

lemma *feedbackg-spec*: $\text{feedbackg}(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{\cdot\ x\ .\ (\forall\ u\ .\ p(u, x)).\} o[:x \rightsquigarrow u, y\ .\ r(u, x)(u, y) :]$

lemma *selectd-spec*: $\text{selectd}(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = [:x \rightsquigarrow u, x'\ .\ x' = x \wedge p(u, x) :] o[:v, y \rightsquigarrow v'\ .\ v' = v:]$

lemma *selecte-spec*: $\text{selecte}(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{\cdot\ x\ .\ \forall\ u\ .\ p(u, x).\} o[:x \rightsquigarrow v\ .\ \exists\ u\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(v, y) :]$

definition *feedback'* $S = [:x \rightsquigarrow x', x''\ .\ x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] o ((\text{select } S) \star\star \text{Skip}) o S o[:u, y \rightsquigarrow y'\ .\ y' = y:]$

definition *feedback''* $S = [:x \rightsquigarrow x', x''\ .\ x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] o ((\text{select}'' S) \star\star \text{Skip}) o S o[:u, y \rightsquigarrow y'\ .\ y' = y:]$

definition *feedbacka* $S = [:x \rightsquigarrow x', x''\ .\ x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] o ((\text{select } S) \star\star \text{Skip}) o (S \parallel [:u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y\ .\ u = v:])$

definition *feedbackb* $S = [:x \rightsquigarrow x', x''\ .\ x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] o ((\text{selectb } S) \star\star \text{Skip}) o (S \parallel [:u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y\ .\ u = v:]) o[:u, y \rightsquigarrow y'\ .\ y' = y:]$

lemma *feedback-simp-a-a*: $\text{feedback}'(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{\cdot\ x\ .\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x)) \wedge (\forall\ a.\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge (\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow p(a, x))\} \circ [: \lambda x\ y\ .\ \exists\ a\ aa.\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge (\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(aa, y))) \wedge r(aa, x)(a, y) :]$

lemma *feedback-simp-a-b*: $\text{feedback}''(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{\cdot\ \lambda x\ .\ \forall\ a.\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge (\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow p(a, x)\} \circ [: \lambda x\ y\ .\ \exists\ a\ aa.\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge (\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(aa, y))) \wedge r(aa, x)(a, y) :]$

lemma *feedbackb-simp-a*: $\text{feedbackb}(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{[:x \rightsquigarrow u, x'\ .\ x = x' \wedge p(u, x) \wedge (\forall\ a.\ ((\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow p(a, x))\} \circ [:u, x \rightsquigarrow y\ .\ (\exists\ v\ .\ (\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(v, y))) \wedge r(v, x)(v, y) :]$

lemma *feedbackb-simp-aa*: $\text{feedbackb}(\{\cdot\ \text{inpt } r\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{[:x \rightsquigarrow u, x'\ .\ x = x' \wedge \text{inpt } r(u, x) \wedge (\forall\ a.\ ((\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r(a, x))\} \circ [:u, x \rightsquigarrow y\ .\ (\exists\ v\ .\ (\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(v, y))) \wedge r(v, x)(v, y) :]$

lemma *feedbacka-simp-a*: $\text{feedbacka}(\{\cdot\ p\ \cdot\}\ o\ [:r:]) = \{\cdot\ \lambda x\ .\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x)) \wedge (\forall\ a.\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge (\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(a, y))) \longrightarrow p(a, x))\} \circ [: \lambda x\ (v, y)\ .\ (\exists\ u\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge (\exists\ y\ .\ r(u, x)(v, y))) \wedge r(v, x)(v, y) :]$

lemma *feedback-in-simp-a-a*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies \text{feedback}'(\{\cdot\ u, x\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge p' x\}\ o\ [:u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y\ .\ r(u, x) y \wedge r' x v:]\) = \{\cdot\ x\ .\ p' x \wedge (\forall\ b.\ r' x b \longrightarrow p(b, x)).\} o[:x \rightsquigarrow y\ .\ \exists\ v\ .\ r' x v \wedge r(v, x) y:]\$

lemma *feedbacka-in-simp-a*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies \text{feedbacka}(\{\cdot\ u, x\ .\ p(u, x) \wedge p' x\}\ o\ [:u, x \rightsquigarrow v, y\ .\ r(u, x) y \wedge r' x v:]\)$

$= \{ . \ x \ . \ p' \ x \wedge (\forall b. \ r' \ x \ b \longrightarrow p \ (b,x)). \} \ o \ [x \rightsquigarrow v, \ y \ . \ r' \ x \ v \wedge r \ (v, \ x) \ y:]$

lemma *feedbacka-simp-b*: $feedbacka \ [r:] = [x \rightsquigarrow v, \ y \ . \ r \ (v, \ x) \ (v, \ y):]$

1.8.2 Feedback of Decomposable Components

definition *decomposable r r' r''* = $(\forall u \ x \ v \ y \ . \ r \ (u, \ x) \ (v, \ y) = ((r' \ x \ v) \wedge r'' \ (u, \ x) \ y))$

lemma *decomposable-iff*: $(\exists r' \ r'' \ . \ decomposable \ r \ r' \ r'') = ((\forall u \ x \ v \ y \ . \ r \ (u, \ x) \ (v, \ y) = ((\exists u \ y \ . \ r \ (u, \ x) \ (v, \ y)) \wedge (\exists v \ . \ r \ (u, \ x) \ (v, \ y))))$

lemma *decomposable-calc*: $(\exists r' \ r'' \ . \ decomposable \ r \ r' \ r'') \implies decomposable \ r \ (\lambda x \ v \ . \ (\exists y \ u' \ . \ r \ (u', \ x) \ (v, \ y))) \ (\lambda (u,x) \ y \ . \ (\exists v \ . \ r \ (u,x) \ (v, \ y)))$

lemma *decomposable-inpt*: $decomposable \ r \ r' \ r'' \implies inpt \ r \ (u, \ x) = (inpt \ r' \ x \wedge inpt \ r'' \ (u, \ x))$

lemma *decomposable-feedback-trs*: $decomposable \ r \ r' \ r'' \implies feedback \ (trs \ r)$
 $= \{ . \ x \ . \ inpt \ r' \ x \wedge (\forall b. \ r' \ x \ b \longrightarrow inpt \ r'' \ (b, \ x)). \} \circ [x \rightsquigarrow y. \exists v. \ r' \ x \ v \wedge r'' \ (v, \ x) \ y:]$

lemma *spec-eq*: $(\bigwedge x \ . \ p \ x = p' \ x) \implies (\bigwedge x \ y \ . \ p \ x \implies r \ x \ y = r' \ x \ y) \implies \{ . \ p. \} \ o \ [r:] = \{ . \ p'. \} \ o \ [r':]$

theorem *decomposable r r' r''* $\implies feedback \ (trs \ r)$
 $= trs \ (\lambda x \ y \ . \ (\forall v. \ r' \ x \ v \longrightarrow inpt \ r'' \ (v, \ x)) \wedge (\exists v. \ r' \ x \ v \wedge r'' \ (v, \ x) \ y))$

lemma [*simp*]: $((\exists u. \ p \ u \ x) \wedge (\exists v. \ Ex \ (r \ v)) \wedge (\forall a. \ (\exists u. \ p \ u \ x) \wedge (\exists v. \ Ex \ (r \ v)) \wedge Ex \ (r \ a) \longrightarrow p \ a \ x))$
 $= (((\exists v. \ Ex \ (r \ v)) \wedge (\forall a. \ Ex \ (r \ a) \longrightarrow p \ a \ x)))$

definition *Decomposable r* = $(\exists r' \ r'' \ . \ decomposable \ r \ r' \ r'')$

definition *fst-dec r* = $(\lambda x \ v \ . \ \exists u \ y \ . \ r \ (u, \ x) \ (v, \ y))$

definition *snd-dec r* = $(\lambda (u, \ x) \ y \ . \ \exists v \ . \ r \ (u, \ x) \ (v, \ y))$

lemma *decomposable-fst-snd*: $Decomposable \ r = (decomposable \ r \ (fst-dec \ r) \ (snd-dec \ r))$

definition *state-determ r* = $(\forall x \ y \ y' \ s \ s' \ s'' \ . \ r \ (s, \ x) \ (s', \ y) \wedge r \ (s, \ x) \ (s'', \ y') \longrightarrow s' = s'')$

lemma *decomposable-and*: $decomposable \ r \ r' \ r'' \implies decomposable \ (\lambda (u, \ x) \ (v, \ y) \ . \ p(u, \ x) \wedge r \ (u, \ x) \ (v, \ y)) \ r' \ (\lambda (u,x) \ y \ . \ p \ (u, \ x) \wedge r'' \ (u, \ x) \ y)$

end

2 Complete Distributive Lattice

theory *Distributive imports Main*
begin

notation

bot (\perp) **and**

```

top ( $\top$ ) and
inf (infixl  $\sqcap$  70)
and sup (infixl  $\sqcup$  65)

context complete-lattice
begin
lemma Sup-Inf-le:  $\text{Sup}(\text{Inf}^{\cdot}\{f^{\cdot}A \mid f^{\cdot}(\forall Y \in A. f^{\cdot}Y \in Y)\}) \leq \text{Inf}(\text{Sup}^{\cdot}A)$ 
end

class complete-distributive-lattice = complete-lattice +
  assumes Inf-Sup-le:  $\text{Inf}(\text{Sup}^{\cdot}A) \leq \text{Sup}(\text{Inf}^{\cdot}\{f^{\cdot}A \mid f^{\cdot}(\forall Y \in A. f^{\cdot}Y \in Y)\})$ 
begin

lemma Inf-Sup:  $\text{Inf}(\text{Sup}^{\cdot}A) = \text{Sup}(\text{Inf}^{\cdot}\{f^{\cdot}A \mid f^{\cdot}(\forall Y \in A. f^{\cdot}Y \in Y)\})$ 

lemma Sup-Inf:  $\text{Sup}(\text{Inf}^{\cdot}A) = \text{Inf}(\text{Sup}^{\cdot}\{f^{\cdot}A \mid f^{\cdot}(\forall Y \in A. f^{\cdot}Y \in Y)\})$ 

lemma dual-complete-distributive-lattice:
  class.complete-distributive-lattice Sup Inf sup (op ≥) (op >) inf ⊤ ⊥

lemma sup-Inf:  $a \sqcup \text{Inf}B = (\text{INF } b:B. a \sqcup b)$ 

lemma inf-Sup:  $a \sqcap \text{Sup}B = (\text{SUP } b:B. a \sqcap b)$ 

subclass complete-distrib-lattice

end

instantiation bool :: complete-distributive-lattice
begin
instance
end

instantiation set :: (type) complete-distributive-lattice
begin
instance
end

context complete-distributive-lattice
begin

lemma INF-SUP:  $(\text{INF } y. \text{SUP } x. ((P x y)::'a)) = (\text{SUP } x. \text{INF } y. P(x y) y)$ 

end

instantiation fun :: (type, complete-distributive-lattice) complete-distributive-lattice
begin

instance

end

context complete-linorder

```

```

begin

subclass complete-distributive-lattice

end

```

```
end
```

3 Linear Temporal Logic

```

theory Temporal imports Distributive
begin

```

In this section we introduce an algebraic axiomatization of Linear Temporal Logic (LTL). We model LTL formulas semantically as predicates on traces. For example the LTL formula $\alpha = \square \diamond (x = 1)$ is modeled as a predicate $\alpha : (nat \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow bool$, where $\alpha x = True$ if $x i = 1$ for infinitely many $i : nat$. In this formula \square and \diamond denote the always and eventually operators, respectively. Formulas with multiple variables are modeled similarly. For example a formula α in two variables is modeled as $\alpha : (nat \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow bool$, and for example $(\square \alpha) x y$ is defined as $(\forall i. \alpha x[i..] y[i..])$, where $x[i..] j = x (i + j)$. We would like to construct an algebraic structure (Isabelle class) which has the temporal operators as operations, and which has instantiations to $(nat \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow bool$, $(nat \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow bool$, and so on. Ideally our structure should be such that if we have this structure on a type $'a :: temporal$, then we could extend it to $(nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a$ in a way similar to the way Boolean algebras are extended from a type $'a :: boolean_algebra$ to $'b \Rightarrow 'a$. Unfortunately, if we use for example \square as primitive operation on our temporal structure, then we cannot extend \square from $'a :: temporal$ to $(nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a$. A possible extension of \square could be

$$(\square \alpha) x = \bigwedge_{i:nat} \square(\alpha x[i..]) \text{ and } \square b = b$$

where $\alpha : (nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a$ and $b : bool$. However, if we apply this definition to $\alpha : (nat \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow bool$, then we get

$$(\square \alpha) x y = (\forall i j. \alpha x[i..] y[j..])$$

which is not correct.

To overcome this problem we introduce as a primitive operation $!! : 'a \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a$, where $'a$ is the type of temporal formulas, and $\alpha !! i$ is the formula α at time point i . If α is a formula in two variables as before, then

$$(\alpha !! i) x y = \alpha x[i..] y[i..].$$

and we define for example the the operator always by

$$\square \alpha = \bigwedge_{i:nat} \alpha !! i$$

```

class temporal = complete-boolean-algebra + complete-distributive-lattice +
fixes at :: 'a \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a (infixl !! 150)
assumes [simp]: a !! i !! j = a !! (i + j)
assumes [simp]: a !! 0 = a

```

```

assumes [simp]:  $\neg(a \text{ !! } i) = (\neg a) \text{ !! } i$ 
assumes Inf-at[simp]:  $(\text{Inf } X) \text{ !! } i = (\text{INFIMUM } X (\lambda x . \text{at } x i))$ 
begin
  lemma [simp]:  $\top \text{ !! } i = \top$ 

  lemma Sup-at:  $(\text{Sup } X) \text{ !! } i = (\text{SUPREMUM } X (\lambda x . x \text{ !! } i))$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $(a \sqcap b) \text{ !! } i = (a \text{ !! } i) \sqcap (b \text{ !! } i)$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $(\text{INF } x:X. f x) \text{ !! } i = (\text{INF } x:X. f x \text{ !! } i)$ 

  definition always ::  $'a \Rightarrow 'a$  ( $\square (-) [900] 900$ ) where
     $\square p = (\text{INF } i . p \text{ !! } i)$ 

  definition eventually-bounded ::  $\text{nat set} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a$  ( $\Diamond b (-) (-) [900,900] 900$ ) where
     $\Diamond b b p = (\text{SUP } i: b . p \text{ !! } i)$ 

  definition always-bounded ::  $\text{nat set} \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a$  ( $\Box b (-) (-) [900,900] 900$ ) where
     $\Box b b p = (\text{INF } i: b . p \text{ !! } i)$ 

  lemma  $(\Box b b p) \sqcap (\Box b b' p) = (\Box b (b \cup b') p)$ 

  definition eventually ::  $'a \Rightarrow 'a$  ( $\Diamond (-) [900] 900$ ) where
     $\Diamond p = (\text{SUP } i . p \text{ !! } i)$ 

  definition next ::  $'a \Rightarrow 'a$  ( $\bigcirc (-) [900] 900$ ) where
     $\bigcirc p = p \text{ !! } (\text{Suc } 0)$ 

  definition until ::  $'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a$  (infix until 65) where
     $(p \text{ until } q) = (\text{SUP } n . (\text{INFIMUM } \{i . i < n\} \text{ (at } p)) \sqcap (q \text{ !! } n))$ 

  definition leads ::  $'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow 'a$  (infix leads 65) where
     $(p \text{ leads } q) = -(p \text{ until } -q)$ 

  lemma iterate-next:  $(\text{next}^n) p = p \text{ !! } n$ 

  lemma always-next:  $\Box p = p \sqcap (\Box (\bigcirc p))$ 
end

```

Next lemma, in the context of complete boolean algebras, will be used to prove $-(p \text{ until } -p) = \Box p$.

```

context complete-boolean-algebra
begin
  lemma until-always:  $(\text{INF } n. (\text{SUP } i : \{i . i < n\} . -p i) \sqcup ((p :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a) n)) \leq p n$ 

end

```

We prove now a number of results of the temporal class.

```

context temporal
begin
  lemma [simp]:  $(a \sqcup b) \text{ !! } i = (a \text{ !! } i) \sqcup (b \text{ !! } i)$ 

  lemma always-less [simp]:  $\Box p \leq p$ 

  lemma always-always:  $\Box \Box x = \Box x$ 

```

```

lemma always-and:  $\square(p \sqcap q) = (\square p) \sqcap (\square q)$ 
lemma eventually-or:  $\diamond(p \sqcup q) = (\diamond p) \sqcup (\diamond q)$ 
lemma neg-until-always:  $-(p \text{ until } \neg p) = \square p$ 
lemma leads-always:  $p \text{ leads } p = \square p$ 
lemma neg-always-eventually:  $\square p = -\diamond(\neg p)$ 
lemma neg-true-until-always:  $-(\top \text{ until } \neg p) = \square p$ 
lemma top-leads-always:  $\top \text{ leads } p = \square p$ 

lemma neg-until-true:  $-(p \text{ until } \neg\top) = \top$ 
lemma leads-top:  $p \text{ leads } \top = \top$ 
lemma neg-until-false:  $-(p \text{ until } \neg\perp) = \perp$ 
lemma leads-bot:  $p \text{ leads } \perp = \perp$ 
lemma true-until-eventually:  $(\top \text{ until } p) = \diamond p$ 

```

end

Boolean algebras with $b!!i = b$ form a temporal class.

```

instantiation bool :: temporal
begin
  definition at-bool-def [simp]:  $(p:\text{bool}) !! i = p$ 
  instance
end

```

type-synonym 'a trace = nat \Rightarrow 'a

Asuming that '*a* :: *temporal*' is a type of class *temporal*, and '*b*' is an arbitrary type, we would like to create the instantiation of '*b* trace \Rightarrow 'a' as a temporal class. However Isabelle allows only instatiations of functions from a class to another class. To solve this problem we introduce a new class called *trace* with an operation *suffix* :: '*a* \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a' where *suffix a i j* = (*a[i..]*) *j* = *a* (*i* + *j*) when *a* is a trace with elements of some type '*b* ('*a* = nat \Rightarrow '*b*).

```

class trace =
  fixes suffix :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a (-[i..j..] [80, 15] 80)
  fixes eqtop :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  fixes cat :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  fixes Cat :: (nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  'a
  assumes suffix-suffix[simp]: a[i..][j..] = a[i + j..]
  assumes [simp]: a[0..] = a
  assumes [simp]: eqtop 0 a b = True
  assumes [simp]: eqtop n a a = True
  assumes all-eqtop[simp]:  $\forall n . \text{eqtop } n a b \implies a = b$ 
  assumes eqtop-sym: eqtop n a b = eqtop n b a
  assumes eqtop-tran: eqtop n a b  $\implies$  eqtop n b c  $\implies$  eqtop n a c
  assumes [simp]: eqtop n (cat n x y) z = eqtop n x z
  assumes cat-at-eq[simp]: (cat n x y)[n..] = y

```

```

assumes eqtop-Suc:  $\text{eqtop}(\text{Suc } n) x y = (\text{eqtop } n x y \wedge \text{eqtop}(\text{Suc } 0)(x[n..]) (y[n..]))$ 
assumes Cat-Suc:  $\text{Cat } u = \text{cat}(\text{Suc } 0)(u 0) (\text{Cat}(\lambda i . u(\text{Suc } i)))$ 
assumes cat-Suc:  $\text{cat}(\text{Suc } n) x y = \text{cat}(\text{Suc } 0) x (\text{cat } n (x[\text{Suc } 0..]) y)$ 
assumes cat-Zero[simp]:  $\text{cat } 0 x y = y$ 

begin
  definition next-trace :: ' $a \Rightarrow a$ ' ( $\odot (-)$  [900] 900) where
     $\odot p = p[\text{Suc } 0..]$ 

  lemma eq-le[simp]:  $\bigwedge a b . n \leq m \implies \text{eqtop } m a b \implies \text{eqtop } n a b$ 

  lemma eqtop-Suc-Cat:  $\bigwedge u . \text{eqtop}(\text{Suc } 0)((\text{Cat } u)[n..]) (u n)$ 

  lemma eqtop-tail-eqtop:  $\text{eqtop } n x y \implies x[n..] = y[n..] \implies \text{eqtop } n a x y$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $\text{eqtop } n z (\text{cat } n x y) = \text{eqtop } n z x$ 

  lemma eqtop-tail:  $\text{eqtop } n x y \implies x[n..] = y[n..] \implies x = y$ 

  definition cons  $x = \text{cat}(\text{Suc } 0) x x$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $(\text{cons } a)[\text{Suc } 0..] = a$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $\text{eqtop } 0 = \top$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $\text{eqtop } n x (\text{cat } n x y)$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $\exists y . x = y[\text{Suc } 0 ..]$ 

  lemma eqtop-plus:  $\bigwedge x y . (\text{eqtop } n x y \wedge \text{eqtop } m (x[n..]) (y[n..])) = \text{eqtop}(n + m) x y$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $\text{cat } n (\text{cat } n x y) z = \text{cat } n x z$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $\text{cat } n x (x[n..]) = x$ 

  lemma eqtop-Suc-a:  $\text{eqtop}(\text{Suc } n) x y = (\text{eqtop}(\text{Suc } 0) x y \wedge \text{eqtop } n (x[\text{Suc } 0 ..]) (y[\text{Suc } 0 ..]))$ 

  lemma cat-Suc-b:  $\bigwedge x y . \text{cat}(\text{Suc } n) x y = \text{cat } n x (\text{cat}(\text{Suc } 0)(x[n..]) y)$ 

  lemma cat-at:  $\bigwedge i x y . i \leq n \implies (\text{cat } n x y[i..]) = \text{cat } (n - i) (x[i..]) y$ 

  lemma eqtop-cat-le:  $\bigwedge m x y z . m \leq n \implies \text{eqtop } m (\text{cat } n x y) z = \text{eqtop } m x z$ 

  lemma eqtop-cat-aux:  $i < n \implies \text{eqtop}(\text{Suc } 0)(\text{cat } n x y[i..]) (x[i..])$ 

end

instantiation prod :: (trace, trace) trace
begin

```

```

definition at-prod-def:  $x[i..] \equiv ((\text{fst } x)[i..], (\text{snd } x)[i..])$ 
definition eqtop-prod-def:  $\text{eqtop } n \ x \ y \equiv \text{eqtop } n \ (\text{fst } x) \ (\text{fst } y) \wedge \text{eqtop } n \ (\text{snd } x) \ (\text{snd } y)$ 
definition cat-prod-def:  $\text{cat } n \ x \ y \equiv (\text{cat } n \ (\text{fst } x) \ (\text{fst } y), \text{cat } n \ (\text{snd } x) \ (\text{snd } y))$ 
definition Cat-prod-def:  $\text{Cat } u \equiv (\text{Cat } (\text{fst } o \ u), \text{Cat } (\text{snd } o \ u))$ 

instance

end

instantiation fun :: (trace, temporal) temporal
begin
  definition at-fun-def:  $(P::'a \Rightarrow 'b) !! i = (\lambda x . (P \ (x[i..]))) !! i$ 
  instance
end

lemma SUP-Suc:  $(\text{SUP } x:\{i. i < \text{Suc } n\}. p \ x) = (\text{SUP } x:\{i. i < n\}. p \ x) \sqcup ((p \ n)::'a::\text{complete-lattice})$ 

definition top-dep  $p = (\forall x \ x'. \text{eqtop } (\text{Suc } 0) \ x \ x' \longrightarrow p \ x = p \ x')$ 

lemma INF-distrib:  $(\text{INF } x \ y. p \ x \sqcup ((q \ y)::'a::\text{complete-distrib-lattice})) = (\text{INF } x . p \ x) \sqcup (\text{INF } y . q \ y)$ 

lemma top-dep-INF-SUP:  $\text{top-dep } p \implies (\text{INF } x. (\text{SUP } xa:\{i. i < n\}. (\neg p \ (x[xa ..])) !! xa) \sqcup (\neg p \ (x[n ..])) !! n) =$   

 $(\text{INF } x \ y. (\text{SUP } xa:\{i. i < n\}. (\neg p \ (x[xa ..])) !! xa) \sqcup (\neg p \ y) !! n)$ 

lemma top-dep-all-leads-to-aux:  $\text{top-dep } p \implies (\text{INF } b. \text{SUP } x:\{i. i < n\}. (\neg p \ (b[x ..])) !! x) \leq (\text{SUP } x:\{i. i < n\}. \text{INF } xa. (\neg p \ xa) !! x)$ 

theorem top-dep-all-leads-to:  $\text{top-dep } p \implies \text{INFIMUM UNIV } (p \text{ leads } (\lambda y . q)) = ((\text{SUPREMUM UNIV } p) \text{ leads } q)$ 

theorem SUP-Always:  $\text{top-dep } p \implies \text{SUPREMUM UNIV } (\square p) = \square (\text{SUPREMUM UNIV } (p::('b::trace) \Rightarrow 'a::temporal))$ 

```

In the last part of our formalization, we need to instantiate the functions from *nat* to some arbitrary type *'a* as a trace class. However, this again is not possible using the instantiation mechanism of Isabelle. We solve this problem by creating another class called *nat*, and then we instantiate the functions from *'a :: nat* to *'b* as traces. The class *nat* is defined such that if we have a type *'a :: nat*, then *'a* is isomorphic to the type *nat*.

```

class nat = zero + plus + minus + one +
fixes RepNat :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  nat
fixes AbsNat :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a
assumes RepAbsNat[simp]:  $\text{RepNat } (\text{AbsNat } n) = n$ 
and AbsRepNat[simp]:  $\text{AbsNat } (\text{RepNat } x) = x$ 
and zero-Nat-def:  $0 = \text{AbsNat } 0$ 

```

```

and one-Nat-def:  $1 = \text{AbsNat } 1$ 
and plus-Nat-def:  $a + b = \text{AbsNat}(\text{RepNat } a + \text{RepNat } b)$ 
and minus-Nat-def:  $a - b = \text{AbsNat}(\text{RepNat } a - \text{RepNat } b)$ 
begin
  lemma AbsNat-plus:  $\text{AbsNat}(i + j) = \text{AbsNat } i + \text{AbsNat } j$ 
  lemma AbsNat-minus:  $\text{AbsNat}(i - j) = \text{AbsNat } i - \text{AbsNat } j$ 
  lemma AbsNat-zero [simp]:  $\text{AbsNat } 0 + i = i$ 
  lemma [simp]:  $(\text{AbsNat}(\text{Suc } 0) + x = 0) = \text{False}$ 

  subclass comm-monoid-diff
end

```

The type natural numbers is an instantiation of the class *nat*.

```

instantiation nat :: nat
begin
  definition RepNat-nat-def [simp]:  $(\text{RepNat}:: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) = \text{id}$ 
  definition AbsNat-nat-def [simp]:  $(\text{AbsNat}:: \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}) = \text{id}$ 
  instance
end

```

Finally, functions from ' $a :: \text{nat}$ ' to some arbitrary type ' b ' are instantiated as a trace class.

```

instantiation fun :: (nat, type) trace
begin
  definition at-trace-def [simp]:  $((t :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b)[..]) j = (t (\text{AbsNat } i + j))$ 
  definition eqtop-trace-def [simp]:  $\text{eqtop } n \ a \ b = (\forall i < n . a (\text{AbsNat } i) = b (\text{AbsNat } i))$ 
  definition cat-trace-def [simp]:  $\text{cat } n \ a \ b \ i = (\text{if } \text{RepNat } i < n \text{ then } a \ i \text{ else } b (i - \text{AbsNat } n))$ 
  definition Cat-trace-def [simp]:  $\text{Cat } y \ i = (y (\text{RepNat } i) \ 0)$ 
  lemma eqtop-trace-eq:  $\forall n \ i . i < n \longrightarrow (a :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b) (\text{AbsNat } i) = b (\text{AbsNat } i) \implies a = b$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $(\text{RepNat}(\text{AbsNat } n + xa) < n) = \text{False}$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $\text{AbsNat } n + \text{AbsNat } 0 = \text{AbsNat } n$ 

  lemma trace-eqtop-tail:  $\forall i < n . x (\text{AbsNat } i) = y (\text{AbsNat } i) \implies \forall xa . x (\text{AbsNat } n + xa) = y (\text{AbsNat } n + xa) \implies x \ xa = y \ xa$ 

  lemma trace-eqtop-Suc:  $\forall i < n . x (\text{AbsNat } i) = y (\text{AbsNat } i) \implies x (\text{AbsNat } n) = y (\text{AbsNat } n) \implies i < \text{Suc } n \implies x (\text{AbsNat } i) = y (\text{AbsNat } i)$ 

  lemma RepNat-is-zero:  $\text{RepNat } x = 0 \implies x = 0$ 

  lemma RepNat-zero:  $\text{RepNat } x = 0 \implies u \ 0 \ x = u \ 0 \ 0$ 

  lemma [simp]:  $0 < \text{RepNat } x \implies (\text{Suc}(\text{RepNat}(x - \text{AbsNat}(\text{Suc } 0)))) = \text{RepNat } x$ 

```

```

instance
end

```

By putting together all class definitions and instantiations introduced so far, we obtain the temporal class structure for predicates on traces with arbitrary number of parameters.

For example in the next lemma r and r' are predicate relations, and the operator always is available for them as a consequence of the above construction.

```

lemma ( $\square r$ ) OO ( $\square r'$ )  $\leq (\square(r \text{ OO } r'))$ 

```

```

lemma [simp]: (next ^ ^ n) ⊤ = ⊤

lemma r (u[1..]) = ( ∃ y . ( ⊕ ( λ v . v = y ∧ r y)) u)
lemma r (u[1..]) = ( ( ⊕ ( λ v . ∃ y . v = y ∧ r y)) u)
lemma (r (u[1..]))::bool) = ( ( ⊕ r) u)
lemma ((□ r) u (u[1..]) x y ::bool) = ( ( ⊕ ( λ u' . (□ r) u u' x y)) u)
lemma r (u[1..]) = ( ∃ y . ( ⊕ ( λ v y . v = y ∧ r y)) u y)

```

3.1 Propositional Temporal Logic

definition *prop P σ* = (*P* ∈ *σ* (0::nat))

```

definition Exists P f σ = ( ∃ σ' . ( ∀ i . σ i − {P} = σ' i − {P}) ∧ f σ')
definition Forall P f σ = ( ∀ σ' . ( ∀ i . σ i − {P} = σ' i − {P}) → f σ')
definition impl: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ ('a::boolean-algebra) (infixl → 60)
where x → y = ((−x) ∙ y)

```

```

lemma x ≠ y ⇒ ( Exists y ((□ (prop x → ( ◊ prop y))) ▷ □ ◊ prop y)) = ⊤
lemma x ≠ y ⇒ ( Forall y ((□ (prop x → ( ◊ prop y))) → □ ◊ prop y)) = (□ ◊ (prop x))

```

end

4 Monotonic Property Transformers

```

theory RefinementReactive
  imports Temporal Refinement
begin

```

In this section we introduce reactive systems which are modeled as monotonic property transformers where properties are predicates on traces. We start with introducing some examples that uses LTL to specify global behaviour on traces, and later we introduce property transformers based on symbolic transition systems.

```

definition HAVOC = [:x ~~~ y . True:]
definition ASSERT-LIVE = {. □ ◊ ( λ x . x 0).}
definition GUARANTY-LIVE = [:x ~~~ y . □ ◊ ( λ y . y 0):]
definition AE = ASSERT-LIVE o HAVOC
definition SKIP = [:x ~~~ y . x = y:]

```

lemma [simp]: SKIP = *id*

definition REQ-RESP = [: □(λ *xs ys* . *xs* (0::nat) → (◊ (λ *ys* . *ys* (0::nat))) *ys*) :]

```

definition FAIL = ⊥

lemma HAVOC o ASSERT-LIVE = FAIL

lemma HAVOC o AE = FAIL

lemma HAVOC o ASSERT-LIVE = FAIL

lemma SKIP o AE = AE

lemma (REQ-RESP o AE) = AE

```

4.1 Symbolic transition systems

In this section we introduce property transformers basend on symbolic transition systems. These are systems with local state. The execution starts in some initial state, and with some input value the system computes a new state and an output value. Then using the current state, and a new input value the system computes a new state, and a new output, and so on. The system may fail if at some point the input and the current state do not statisfy a required predicate.

In the folowing definitions the variales u, x, y stand for the state of the system, the input, and the output respectively. The *init* is the property that the initial state should satisfy. The predicate p is the precondition of the input and the current state, and the relation r gives the next state and the output based on the input and the current state.

```

definition illegal-sts init p r x = (exists n u y . init (u 0) ∧ (forall i < n . r (u i, x i) (u (Suc i), y i)) ∧ (not p (u n, x n)))
definition run-sts r u x y = (forall i . r (u i, x i) (u (Suc i), y i))

```

```

definition LocalSystem init p r q x = (not illegal-sts init p r x ∧ (forall u y . (init (u 0) ∧ run-sts r u x y) —> q y))

```

```

lemma LocalSystem-not-fail-run: LocalSystem init p r = {.— illegal-sts init p r.} o [:x ~ y . ∃ u . init (u 0) ∧ run-sts r u x y:]

```

```

definition fail-sys-delete init p r x = (exists n u y . u ∈ init ∧ (forall i < n . r (u i) (u (Suc i)) (x i) (y i)) ∧ (not p (u n) (u (Suc n)) (x n)))
definition run-delete r u x y = (forall i . r (u i) (u (Suc i)) (x i) (y i))

```

```

definition LocalSystem-delete init p r q x = (not fail-sys-delete init p r x ∧ (forall u y . (u ∈ init ∧ run-delete r u x y) —> q y))

```

```

lemma fail (LocalSystem init p r) = illegal-sts init p r

```

```

definition lift-pre p = (lambda (u, x) (u', y) . p (u (0::nat), x (0::nat)))
definition lift-rel r = (lambda (u, x) (u', y) . r (u (0::nat), x (0::nat)) (u' 0, y (0::nat)))

```

```

definition prec-pre-sts init p r x = (forall u y . init (u 0) —> (lift-rel r leads lift-pre p) (u, x) (u[1..], y))
definition rel-pre-sts init r x y = (exists u . init (u 0) ∧ (square lift-rel r) (u, x) (u[1..], y))

```

```

lemma prec-pre-sts-simp: prec-pre-sts init p r x = (forall u y . init (u 0) —> (forall n . (forall i < n . r (u i, x

```

i) $(u (Suc i), y i)) \longrightarrow p (u n, x n)))$

lemma *prec-stateless-sts-simp*: *prec-pre-sts* \top $(\lambda (s::unit, x) . inpt r x) (\lambda (s::unit, x) (s'::unit, y) . r x y :: bool)$
 $= (\square (\lambda x . inpt r (x 0)))$

lemma *prec-pre-sts-top[simp]*: *prec-pre-sts init* $\top r = \top$

lemma *prec-pre-sts-bot[simp]*: *init a* \implies *prec-pre-sts init* $\perp r = \perp$

lemma *rel-pre-sts-simp*: *rel-pre-sts init r x y* $= (\exists u . init (u 0) \wedge (\forall i . r (u i, x i) (u (Suc i), y i)))$

lemma *LocalSystem-simp*: *LocalSystem init p r* $= \{.prec-pre-sts init p r.\} o [:rel-pre-sts init r:]$

definition *local-init init S* $= INFIMUM init S$

definition *zip-set A B* $= \{u . ((fst o u) \in A) \wedge ((snd o u) \in B)\}$

definition *nzip:: ('x \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow ('x \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'x \Rightarrow ('a \times 'b) (infixl || 65) where* $(xs || ys) i = (xs i, ys i)$

lemma *nzip-def-abs*: $(a || b) = (\lambda i. (a i, b i))$

lemma *nzip-split*: $(fst o u) || (snd o u) = u$

lemma [*simp*]: $fst \circ x || y = x$

lemma [*simp*]: $snd \circ x || y = y$

lemma [*simp*]: $x \in A \implies y \in B \implies (x || y) \in \text{zip-set } A B$

lemma *local-demonic-init*: *local-init init* $(\lambda u . \{. x . p u x.\} o [:x \rightsquigarrow y . r u x y :]) =$
 $[:z \rightsquigarrow u, x . u \in init \wedge z = x:] o \{.u, x . p u x.\} o [:u, x \rightsquigarrow y . r u x y :]$

lemma *local-init-comp*: $u' \in init' \implies (\forall u. sconjunctive (S u)) \implies (\text{local-init init } S) o (\text{local-init init } S')$
 $= \text{local-init} (\text{zip-set init init}') (\lambda u . (S (fst o u)) o (S' (snd o u)))$

definition *rel-comp-sts r r'* $= (\lambda ((u,v),x) ((u',v'),z) . (\exists y . r (u,x) (u',y) \wedge r' (v,y) (v',z)))$
definition *prec-comp-sts p r p'* $= (\lambda ((u,v),x) . p (u,x) \wedge (\forall y u' . r (u, x) (u',y) \longrightarrow p' (v,y)))$

definition *sts-comp S S'* $= [-(u,v),x \rightsquigarrow (u,x),v -] o (S ** Skip) o [-(u,y),v \rightsquigarrow (v,y),u -] o (S' ** Skip) o [-(v,z),u \rightsquigarrow (u,v),z -]$

lemma *sts-comp-prec-rel*: *sts-comp* $(\{.p.\} o [:r:]) (\{.p'.\} o [:r':]) = \{.prec-comp-sts p r p'.\} o [:rel-comp-sts r r':]$

We show next that the composition of two SymSystem S and S' is not equal to the SymSystem of the composition of local transitions of S and S'

```

definition initS u = True
definition precS = ( $\lambda (u, x) . \text{True}$ )
definition relS = ( $\lambda (u::\text{nat}, x::\text{nat}) (u'::\text{nat}, y::\text{nat}) . u = 0 \wedge u' = 1$ )

definition initS' v = True
definition precS' = ( $\lambda (u, x) . \text{False}$ )
definition relS' = ( $\lambda (v::\text{nat}, x) (v'::\text{nat}, y::\text{nat}) . \text{True}$ )

definition symbS = LocalSystem initS precS relS
definition symbS' = LocalSystem initS' precS' relS'
definition symbS'' = LocalSystem (prod-pred initS initS') (prec-comp-sts precS relS precS') (rel-comp-sts relS relS')

lemma [simp]: symbS = Magic

lemma [simp]: symbS'' = Fail

theorem symbS o symbS'  $\neq$  symbS''

lemma rel-pre-sts-comp: rel-pre-sts init r OO rel-pre-sts init' r' = rel-pre-sts (prod-pred init init') (rel-comp-sts r r')

theorem LocalSystem-comp: init' a  $\implies$  LocalSystem init p r o LocalSystem init' p' r' =
 $\{x. (\forall u. \text{init} (u 0) \longrightarrow (\forall y n. (\forall i < n. r (u i, x i) (u (\text{Suc } i), y i)) \longrightarrow p (u n, x n))) \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. (\exists u. \text{init} (u 0) \wedge (\forall i. r (u i, x i) (u (\text{Suc } i), y i))) \longrightarrow (\forall u. \text{init}' (u 0) \longrightarrow (\forall ya n. (\forall i < n.$ 
 $r' (u i, y i) (u (\text{Suc } i), ya i)) \longrightarrow p' (u n, y n))).\} \circ$ 
 $[: \text{rel-pre-sts init r OO rel-pre-sts init' r'}:]$ 

lemma sts-comp-prec-aux-a: p'  $\leq$  inpt r'  $\implies$ 
 $(\bigwedge v y n . v 0 = b \implies (\forall i < n. \text{rel-comp-sts } r r' ((u i, v i), x i) ((u (\text{Suc } i), v (\text{Suc } i)), y i)) \implies$ 
 $\text{prec-comp-sts } p r p' ((u n, v n), x n)) \implies$ 
 $\forall i < n. r (u i, x i) (u (\text{Suc } i), y i) \implies p (u n, x n) \wedge (\exists z v . v 0 = b \wedge (\forall i < n . r' (v i, y i)$ 
 $(v (\text{Suc } i), z i) \wedge p' (v i, y i)))$ 

lemma sts-comp-prec-b: p'  $\leq$  inpt r'  $\implies$  init' b  $\implies$  prec-pre-sts (prod-pred init init') (prec-comp-sts p r p') (rel-comp-sts r r') x  $\implies$ 
 $(\text{prec-pre-sts init p r x} \wedge (\forall y. \text{rel-pre-sts init r x y} \longrightarrow \text{prec-pre-sts init' p' r' y}))$ 

primrec u-y :: ('a  $\times$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\times$  'c  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\Rightarrow$  'b)  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\times$  'c where
u-y r a x 0 = (SOME (u,y) . r (a, x 0) (u, y)) |
u-y r a x (Suc n) = (SOME (u, y) . r (fst (u-y r a x n), x (Suc n)) (u, y))

definition uu r a x i = (case i of 0  $\Rightarrow$  a | Suc n  $\Rightarrow$  fst (u-y r a x n))
definition yy r a x = snd o (u-y r a x)

lemma sts-exists-aux: p  $\leq$  inpt r  $\implies$  prec-pre-sts init p r x  $\implies$ 
init a  $\implies$  ( $\forall i \leq n . r (uu r a x i, x i) (uu r a x (\text{Suc } i), yy r a x i)$ )

lemma sts-exists: p  $\leq$  inpt r  $\implies$  prec-pre-sts init p r x  $\implies$  init a  $\implies$  r (uu r a x n, x n) (uu r a x (Suc n), yy r a x n)

```

lemma *sts-prec*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies \text{prec-pre-sts init } p \ r \ x \implies \text{init } a \implies p(uu \ r \ a \ x \ n, \ x \ n)$

lemma *sts-exists-prec*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies \text{prec-pre-sts init } p \ r \ x \implies \text{init } a \implies p(uu \ r \ a \ x \ n, \ x \ n) \wedge r(uu \ r \ a \ x \ n, \ x \ n) \ (uu \ r \ a \ x \ (\text{Suc } n), \ yy \ r \ a \ x \ n)$

lemma *sts-comp-prec-a*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies \text{prec-pre-sts init } p \ r \ x \implies (\bigwedge y. \text{rel-pre-sts init } r \ x \ y \implies \text{prec-pre-sts init}' p' r' y) \implies \text{prec-pre-sts}(\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{prec-comp-sts } p \ r \ p') (\text{rel-comp-sts } r \ r') x$

lemma *prec-pre-sts-comp*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies \text{init}' b \implies (\text{prec-pre-sts init } p \ r \ x \wedge (\forall y. \text{rel-pre-sts init } r \ x \ y \implies \text{prec-pre-sts init}' p' r' y)) = \text{prec-pre-sts}(\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{prec-comp-sts } p \ r \ p') (\text{rel-comp-sts } r \ r') x$

lemma *sts-comp*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies \text{init}' b \implies \text{LocalSystem init } p \ r \ o \ \text{LocalSystem init}' p' r' = \text{LocalSystem}(\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{prec-comp-sts } p \ r \ p') (\text{rel-comp-sts } r \ r')$

4.2 Parallel Composition of STSs

definition *rel-prod-sts* $r \ r' = (\lambda ((u, v), (x, y)) ((u', v'), (x', y')) . r(u, x) (u', x') \wedge r'(v, y) (v', y'))$
definition *prec-prod-sts* $p \ p' = (\lambda ((u, v), (x, y)) . p(u, x) \wedge p'(v, y))$

lemma $(\text{prec-prod-sts } (\text{inpt } r) \ (\text{inpt } r')) \leq \text{inpt } (\text{rel-prod-sts } r \ r')$

lemma $(\text{prec-prod-sts } (\text{inpt } r) \ (\text{inpt } r')) = \text{inpt } (\text{rel-prod-sts } r \ r')$

definition *distrib-state* $= [:(u, v), (x, y) \rightsquigarrow (u', x'), (v', y'). u'=u \wedge v'=v \wedge x'=x \wedge y'=y:]$
definition *merge-state* $= [:(u, x), (v, y) \rightsquigarrow (u', v'), (x', y'). u'=u \wedge v'=v \wedge x'=x \wedge y'=y:]$

lemma *distrib-state o merge-state = Skip*

lemma *merge-state o distrib-state = Skip*

definition *prod-sts* $S \ S' = (\text{distrib-state} \ o (S \ ** \ S') \ o \ \text{merge-state})$

lemma *prod-sts*: $\text{prod-sts}(\{\cdot.p.\} \ o [:r:]) (\{\cdot.p'.\} o[:r']):) = \{\cdot\text{prec-prod-sts } p \ p'.\} \ o [:rel-prod-sts r \ r':]$

lemma *update-demonic-update*: $[-f-] \ o [:r:] \ o [-g-] = [x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists z . r(fx) z \wedge y = g z:]$

lemma *sts-prod-prec*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies \text{init } a \implies \text{init}' b \implies \text{prec-pre-sts}(\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{prec-prod-sts } p \ p') (\text{rel-prod-sts } r \ r') (x \parallel y) = (\text{prec-pre-sts init } p \ r \ x \wedge \text{prec-pre-sts init}' p' r' y)$

lemma *sts-prod-rel*: $(\lambda x \ y . \exists z. \text{rel-pre-sts}(\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{rel-prod-sts } r \ r') (\text{case } x \text{ of } (x, xa) \Rightarrow x \parallel xa) z \wedge y = (\text{fst} \circ z, \text{snd} \circ z)) = (\lambda (x, y) (u, v) . \text{rel-pre-sts init } r \ x \ u \wedge \text{rel-pre-sts init}' r' y \ v)$

theorem *sts-prod*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies \text{init } a \implies \text{init}' b \implies \text{LocalSystem init } p \ r \ ** \ \text{LocalSystem init}' p' r' = [-x, x' \rightsquigarrow x \parallel x'-] \ o \ \text{LocalSystem}(\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{prec-prod-sts } p \ p') (\text{rel-prod-sts } r \ r') \ o [-y \rightsquigarrow \text{fst} \circ y, \text{snd} \circ y-]$

4.3 Example: COUNTER

In this section we introduce an example counter that counts how many times the input variable x is true. The input is a sequence of boolean values and the output is a sequence of natural numbers. The output at some moment in time is the number of true values seen so far in the input.

We defined the system counter in two different ways and we show that the two definitions are equivalent. The first definition takes the entire input sequence and it computes the corresponding output sequence. We introduce the second version of the counter as a reactive system based on a symbolic transition system. We use a local variable to record the number of true values seen so far, and initially the local variable is zero. At every step we increase the local variable if the input is true. The output of the system at every step is equal to the local variable.

```

primrec count :: bool trace  $\Rightarrow$  nat trace where
  count  $x\ 0 = (\text{if } x\ 0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$  |
  count  $x\ (\text{Suc } n) = (\text{if } x\ (\text{Suc } n) \text{ then } \text{count } x\ n + 1 \text{ else } \text{count } x\ n)$ 

definition Counter-global  $n = \{x . (\forall k . \text{count } x\ k \leq n).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow y . y = \text{count } x]$ 

definition prec-count  $M = (\lambda (u, x) . u \leq M)$ 
definition rel-count  $= (\lambda (u, x) (u', y) . (x \longrightarrow u' = \text{Suc } u) \wedge (\neg x \longrightarrow u' = u) \wedge y = u')$ 

lemma counter-a-aux:  $u\ 0 = 0 \implies \forall i < n. (x\ i \longrightarrow u\ (\text{Suc } i) = \text{Suc } (u\ i)) \wedge (\neg x\ i \longrightarrow u\ (\text{Suc } i) = u\ i) \implies (\forall i < n . \text{count } x\ i = u\ (\text{Suc } i))$ 

lemma counter-b-aux:  $u\ 0 = 0 \implies \forall n. (xa\ n \longrightarrow u\ (\text{Suc } n) = \text{Suc } (u\ n)) \wedge (\neg xa\ n \longrightarrow u\ (\text{Suc } n) = u\ n) \wedge xb\ n = u\ (\text{Suc } n) \implies \text{count } xa\ n = u\ (\text{Suc } n)$ 

definition COUNTER  $M = \text{LocalSystem } (\lambda a . a = 0) (\text{prec-count } M) \text{ rel-count}$ 

lemma COUNTER = Counter-global

```

4.4 Example: LIVE

The last example of this formalization introduces a system which does some local computation, and ensures some global liveness property. We show that this example is the fusion of a symbolic transition system and a demonic choice which ensures the liveness property of the output sequence. We also show that assuming some liveness property for the input, we can refine the example into an executable system that does not ensure the liveness property of the output on its own, but relies on the liveness of the input.

```

definition rel-ex  $= (\lambda (u, x) (u', y) . ((x \wedge u' = u + (1:\text{int})) \vee (\neg x \wedge u' = u - 1) \vee u' = 0) \wedge (y = (u' = 0)))$ 
definition prec-ex  $= (\lambda (u, x) . -1 \leq u \wedge u \leq 3)$ 

definition LIVE  $= \{. \text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda a . a = 0) \text{ prec-ex rel-ex.}\}$ 
 $o [x \rightsquigarrow y . \exists u . u\ (0:\text{nat}) = 0 \wedge (\square(\lambda u\ x\ y . \text{rel-ex } (u\ (0:\text{nat}), x\ (0:\text{nat})) (u\ 1, y\ (0:\text{nat})))) u\ x\ y \wedge (\square(\lozenge(\lambda y . y\ 0))) y :]$ 

thm fusion-spec-local-a

```

lemma *LIVE-fusion*: $LIVE = (\text{LocalSystem } (\lambda a . a = 0) \text{ prec-ex rel-ex}) \parallel [x \rightsquigarrow y . (\square (\diamond (\lambda y . y 0))) y]$

definition $\text{preca-ex } x = (x 1 = (\neg x (0::nat)))$

lemma *monotonic-SymSystem[simp]*: $\text{mono } (\text{LocalSystem init } p r)$

lemma *event-ex-aux-a*: $a 0 = (0::int) \implies \forall n. xa (\text{Suc } n) = (\neg xa n) \implies \forall n. (xa n \wedge a (\text{Suc } n) = a n + 1 \vee \neg xa n \wedge a (\text{Suc } n) = a n - 1 \vee a (\text{Suc } n) = 0) \implies (a n = -1 \rightarrow xa n) \wedge (a n = 1 \rightarrow \neg xa n) \wedge -1 \leq a n \wedge a n \leq 1$

lemma *event-ex-aux*: $a 0 = (0::int) \implies \forall n. xa (\text{Suc } n) = (\neg xa n) \implies \forall n. (xa n \wedge a (\text{Suc } n) = a n + 1 \vee \neg xa n \wedge a (\text{Suc } n) = a n - 1 \vee a (\text{Suc } n) = 0) \implies (\forall n . (a n = -1 \rightarrow xa n) \wedge (a n = 1 \rightarrow \neg xa n) \wedge -1 \leq a n \wedge a n \leq 1)$

thm *fusion-local-refinement*

lemma $\{\square \text{preca-ex}\} o LIVE \leq \text{LocalSystem } (\lambda a . a = (0::int)) \text{ prec-ex rel-ex}$
end

4.5 Iterate Operators

theory *IterateOperators* **imports** .. / *RefinementReactive* / *RefinementReactive*
begin

definition *append-inf* :: 'a list \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'a) (**infixr** .. 65) **where**
 $(xs..s) i = (\text{if } i < \text{length } xs \text{ then } xs ! i \text{ else } s (i - (\text{length } xs)))$

lemma *[simp]*: $[x 0] .. x[\text{Suc } 0..] = x$

lemma *[simp]*: $([a] .. x)[\text{Suc } 0 ..] = x$

lemma *[simp]*: $([a] .. x) 0 = a$

definition *SkipNext* $S = [x \rightsquigarrow a, b . a = x \wedge b = x[\text{Suc } 0..]] o (\text{Prod Skip } S) o [a, b \rightsquigarrow x . x = \text{cat } (\text{Suc } 0) a b :]$

definition *Next* $S = [x \rightsquigarrow y . y = x[\text{Suc } 0..]] o S o [y \rightsquigarrow x . y = x[\text{Suc } 0..]]$

definition *NextAngelic* $S = \{x \rightsquigarrow y . y = x[\text{Suc } 0..]\} o S o \{y \rightsquigarrow x . y = x[\text{Suc } 0..]\}$

definition *SkipTop* $n = [:eqtop n:]$

lemma *SkipNext-Next*: $\text{SkipNext } S = \text{Next } S \parallel \text{SkipTop } (\text{Suc } 0)$

lemma *[simp]*: $\text{SkipTop } 0 = \text{Havoc}$

lemma *proj-skip* *[simp]*: $[y \rightsquigarrow x . y = x[\text{Suc } 0 ..]] \circ [x \rightsquigarrow y . y = x[\text{Suc } 0 ..]] = \text{Skip}$

lemma *Next-comp*: $\text{Next } (S o T) = \text{Next } S o \text{Next } T$

lemma *transp-ref-comp*: $\text{transp } r \implies [:r:] \leq [:r:] o [:r:]$

lemma *fusion-comp-demonic*: $\text{transp } r \implies (S o T) \parallel [:r:] \leq (S \parallel [:r:]) o (T \parallel [:r:])$

lemma *fusion-comp-eqtop*: $(S \circ T) \parallel [:eqtop n:] \leq (S \parallel [:eqtop n:]) \circ (T \parallel [:eqtop n:])$

lemma *SkipNext-comp-a*[simp]: $SkipNext (S \circ T) \leq (SkipNext S) \circ (SkipNext T)$

definition *auxfun p' T x xa* = $(SUPREMUM \{b. p' b\} (\lambda b. (Sup \{p'. (\exists p. (\forall a b. p a \wedge p' b \rightarrow x (cat (Suc 0) a b)) \wedge p xa \wedge T p' b)\})))$

lemma *SkipNext-comp-b*[simp]: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } T \implies SkipNext (S \circ T) \geq (SkipNext S) \circ (SkipNext T)$

lemma *SkipNext-comp*: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } T \implies SkipNext (S \circ T) = (SkipNext S) \circ (SkipNext T)$

lemma *Next-fusion*: $Next (S \parallel T) = (Next S) \parallel (Next T)$

lemma *fusion-SkipTop-idemp* [simp]: $SkipTop n \parallel SkipTop n = SkipTop n$

lemma *SkipNext-fusion*: $SkipNext (S \parallel T) = (SkipNext S) \parallel (SkipNext T)$

lemma *SkipNext-SkipTop*: $SkipNext (SkipTop n) = SkipTop (Suc n)$

lemma *SkipTop-SkipNext*: $SkipTop n = (SkipNext \wedge \wedge n) Havoc$

lemma *SkipNext-power*: $(SkipNext \wedge \wedge (Suc n)) S = (Next \wedge \wedge (Suc n)) S \parallel SkipTop (Suc n)$

lemma *Next-demonic*: $Next [:r:] = [: \odot r:]$

lemma *SkipNext-demonic*: $SkipNext \{.p.\} = \{. \odot p.\}$

lemma *NextAngelic-angelic*: $NextAngelic (\{:\text{r}:(\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow \text{bool}\}) = \{:\odot r:\}$

lemma *Next-assert-demonic*: $Next (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) = \{. \odot p.\} o [: \odot r:]$

lemma *Next-angelic-demonic*: $Next (\{:\text{r}: \} o [:\text{r}':]) = \{:\odot r:\} o [:\odot r':]$

lemma *eqtop-Suc-zero*: $eqtop (Suc 0) = (\lambda x y . x 0 = y 0)$

definition *idnext r* = $\odot r \sqcap eqtop (Suc 0)$

lemma *SkipNext-assert-demonic*: $SkipNext (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) = \{. \odot p.\} o [: idnext r :]$

lemma *Next-assert-demonic2*: $Next (\lambda q . \{.p.\} ([:r:] q)) = \{. \odot p.\} o [: \odot r:]$

lemma *Iterate-Next-assert-demonic*: $(Next \wedge \wedge n) (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) = \{.(next \wedge \wedge n)p.\} o [: (next \wedge \wedge n) r:]$

lemma *power-SkipNext-assert-demonic*: $(SkipNext \wedge \wedge n) (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) = \{.(next \wedge \wedge n)p.\} o [: (idnext \wedge \wedge n) r:]$

lemma *Iterate-Next-demonic*: $(Next \wedge \wedge n) [:r:] = [: (next \wedge \wedge n) r:]$

definition *Always S* = $Fusion (\lambda n . (Next \wedge \wedge n) S)$

lemma *Always-demonic*: $Always [:r:] = [: \square r:]$

lemma *Always-assert-demonic*: $Always (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) = \{. \square p.\} o [: \square r:]$

```

lemma SkipNext-simp: SkipNext S Q x =

$$(\exists p p'. (\forall a b. p a \wedge p' b \longrightarrow Q (cat (Suc 0) a b)) \wedge p x \wedge S p' (x[Suc 0..]))$$


type-synonym ('a, 'b) trans = ('b  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)

primrec Iterate :: (('a, 'a) trans  $\Rightarrow$  ('a, 'a) trans)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a, 'a) trans  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  ('a, 'a) trans where
  Iterate F S 0 = Skip |
  Iterate F S (Suc n) = (Iterate F S n) o ((F  $\wedge\wedge$  n) S)

definition Mask n S = S o (SkipTop n)

definition IterateNextMask S n = Mask n (Iterate Next S n)

lemma IterateNextMask-simp: IterateNextMask S = ( $\lambda$  n . Mask n (Iterate Next S n))

definition IterateSkipNextMask S n = Mask n (Iterate SkipNext S n)

lemma IterateSkipNextMask-simp: IterateSkipNextMask S = ( $\lambda$  n . Mask n (Iterate SkipNext S n))

definition IterateOmegaNextMask S = Fusion (IterateNextMask S)

definition IterateOmegaSkipNextMask S = Fusion (IterateSkipNextMask S)

definition AddUnitDelay S = ([:u, x, y  $\rightsquigarrow$  a, b . a = u (0::nat)  $\wedge$  b = x (0::nat):] o S o [:c, d  $\rightsquigarrow$  u', x', y'. u' (Suc 0) = c  $\wedge$  y' (Suc 0) = d:])

$$\parallel [:u, x, (y::nat \Rightarrow 'a) \rightsquigarrow u', x', (y'::nat \Rightarrow 'a) . u' (0::nat) = u (0::nat) \wedge x' = x:]$$


lemma AddUnitDelay-spec: AddUnitDelay ({.u, x . p u x.} o [:u, x  $\rightsquigarrow$  u', y . r u u' x y:]) =

$${.u, x, y . p (u 0) (x 0).} o [:u, x, y  $\rightsquigarrow$  u', x', y'. r (u 0) (u' (Suc 0)) (x 0) (y' 0) \wedge x = x' \wedge u 0 = u' 0:]$$


$$(\text{is } ?L = ?R)$$


definition DelayFeedback init S = [:x  $\rightsquigarrow$  u, x', y . init (u (0::nat))  $\wedge$  x = x':]

$$o \text{IterateOmegaSkipNextMask} (\text{AddUnitDelay} S) o [:u, x, y  $\rightsquigarrow$  y' . y = y':]$$


lemma SkipNext-refinement: S  $\leq$  T  $\Longrightarrow$  SkipNext S  $\leq$  SkipNext T

lemma SkipNext-pow-refinement: S  $\leq$  T  $\Longrightarrow$  (SkipNext  $\wedge\wedge$  n) S  $\leq$  (SkipNext  $\wedge\wedge$  n) T

lemma Mask-refinement: S  $\leq$  T  $\Longrightarrow$  Mask i S  $\leq$  Mask i T

lemma mono-SkipNext[simp]: mono (SkipNext S)

lemma mono-SkipNext-pow [simp]: mono S  $\Longrightarrow$  mono ((SkipNext  $\wedge\wedge$  n) S)

lemma mono-Iterate-SkipNext[simp]: mono S  $\Longrightarrow$  mono (Iterate SkipNext S n)

lemma Iterate-SkipNext-refinement:  $\bigwedge$  S T . mono S  $\Longrightarrow$  S  $\leq$  T  $\Longrightarrow$  Iterate SkipNext S n  $\leq$  Iterate SkipNext T n

lemma IterateSkipNextMask-refinement: mono S  $\Longrightarrow$  S  $\leq$  T  $\Longrightarrow$  IterateSkipNextMask S i  $\leq$  IterateSkipNextMask T i

```

lemma *IterateOmegaSkipNextMask-refinement*: *mono* $S \implies S \leq T \implies \text{IterateOmegaSkipNextMask } S \leq \text{IterateOmegaSkipNextMask } T$

lemma *AddUnitDelay-refinement*: $S \leq T \implies \text{AddUnitDelay } S \leq \text{AddUnitDelay } T$

lemma *mono-IterateOmegaSkipNextMask*: *mono* (*IterateOmegaSkipNextMask* S)

lemma *mono-AddUnitDelay*: *mono* (*AddUnitDelay* S)

theorem *DelayFeedback-refinement*: $\text{init}' \leq \text{init} \implies S \leq T \implies \text{DelayFeedback init } S \leq \text{DelayFeedback init}' T$

lemma [*simp*]: *mono* (*SkipTop* n)

lemma [*simp*]: *SkipNext Skip = Skip*

lemma *Iterate-SkipNextA*: *mono* $S \implies S \circ (\text{SkipNext } (\text{Iterate SkipNext } S n)) = \text{Iterate SkipNext } S (\text{Suc } n)$

lemma *skiptop-simp*: *SkipTop* $n p = (\lambda x . \forall y . \text{eqtop } n x y \longrightarrow p y)$

definition *HavocTop* $n = [:x \rightsquigarrow y . x[n..] = y[n..]:]$

lemma *HavocTop-Next*: *HavocTop* (*Suc* n) = *Next* (*HavocTop* n)

lemma [*simp*]: *HavocTop* $0 = \text{Skip}$

lemma *HavocTop* $n = (\text{Next}^n) \text{ Skip}$

lemma *Next-NextSkip-aux*: $[: \lambda y x . \forall xa . y xa = x (\text{Suc } xa) :] (\lambda a . \forall b . a[\text{Suc } 0 ..] = b[\text{Suc } 0 ..] \longrightarrow x b) = [: \lambda y x . \forall xa . y xa = x (\text{Suc } xa) :] x$

lemma *demonic-apply-pred*: $[: \lambda x y . r x y :] p = (\lambda x . \forall y . r x y \longrightarrow p y)$

lemma *Next-SkipNext-HavocTop*: *mono* $S \implies \text{Next } S = \text{SkipNext } S \circ \text{HavocTop } (\text{Suc } 0)$

lemma *HavocTop-Next-power*: *HavocTop* $n \circ \text{Next } ((\text{Next}^n) S) = \text{Next } ((\text{Next}^n) S)$

lemma *Next-SkipNext*: *mono* $S \implies (\text{Next}^n) S = (\text{SkipNext}^n) S \circ \text{HavocTop } n$ (**is** $?Q \implies ?A n = ?B n$)

lemma *Iterate-Next-SkipNext-aux*: *mono* $S \implies \text{HavocTop } n \circ (\text{Next}^n) S = (\text{SkipNext}^n) S \circ \text{HavocTop } n$ (**is** $?P \implies ?A = ?B$)

lemma *Iterate-Next-SkipNext-Suc*: *mono* $S \implies \text{Iterate Next } S (\text{Suc } n) = (\text{Iterate SkipNext } S (\text{Suc } n)) \circ (\text{HavocTop } n)$ (**is** $?P \implies ?A n = ?B n$)

lemma *Iterate-Next-SkipNext*: *mono* $S \implies \text{Iterate Next } S n = (\text{Iterate SkipNext } S n) \circ (\text{HavocTop } (n - 1))$

lemma *HavocTop* $n \leq \text{Skip}$

lemma *mono-Iterate-NextSkip*: $\text{mono } S \implies \text{mono } (\text{Iterate SkipNext } S n)$

lemma $(\text{Havoc } (X :: 'a :: \text{complete-lattice}) \neq \perp) = (X = \top)$

type-synonym $('a, 'b) rel = ('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool})$

primrec *IterateRel* :: $(('a, 'a) rel \Rightarrow ('a, 'a) rel) \Rightarrow ('a, 'a) rel \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow ('a, 'a) rel$ **where**

$$\begin{aligned} \text{IterateRel } F r 0 &= (\lambda a b . a = b) \mid \\ \text{IterateRel } F r (\text{Suc } n) &= \text{IterateRel } F r n OO ((F \wedge\wedge n) r) \end{aligned}$$

lemma *IterateRel-init*: $(\forall r r'. F(r OO r') = F r OO F r') \implies F(op =) = (op =) \implies \text{IterateRel } F r (\text{Suc } n) = r OO F(\text{IterateRel } F r n)$ (**is** $?P \implies ?Q \implies ?R n$)

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{idnext}(op =) = (op =)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{idnext}(r OO r') = (\text{idnext } r) OO \text{idnext } r'$

lemma *IterateRel-idnext-init*: $\text{IterateRel idnext } r (\text{Suc } n) = r OO \text{idnext } (\text{IterateRel idnext } r n)$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\bigwedge (p :: 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) (r :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) . F(\{p.\} o [r]) = \{A p.\} o [(B('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool})) r]) \implies ((F \wedge\wedge n) (\{p.\} o [r])) = \{(A \wedge\wedge n) p.\} o [(B \wedge\wedge n) r]$

lemma *Iterate-id*: $\text{Iterate id } S n = S \wedge\wedge n$

lemma *IterateRel-id*: $\text{IterateRel id } r n = (r \wedge\wedge n)$

lemma *Iterate-IterateRel*: $(\bigwedge p r . F(\{p.\} o [r]) = \{A p.\} o [B r]) \implies \text{Iterate } F(\{p.\} o [r]) n = \{x . (\forall i < n . (\forall y . \text{IterateRel } B r i x y \longrightarrow (A \wedge\wedge i) p y))\} o [\text{IterateRel } B r n]$

lemma *IterateRel-app*: $\bigwedge y . \text{IterateRel next } r n x y = (\exists a . a 0 = x \wedge a n = y \wedge (\forall i < n . r((a i)[..]) ((a (\text{Suc } i))[..])))$

lemma *Iterate-Next-IterateRel*: $\text{Iterate Next } (\{p.\} o [r]) n = \{x . (\forall k < n . (\forall y . \text{IterateRel next } r k x y \longrightarrow (\text{next} \wedge\wedge k) p y))\} o [\text{IterateRel next } r n]$

lemma *IterateOmegaNextMask-spec-aux*: $\text{IterateOmegaNextMask } (\{p.\} o [r]) = \{INF x . (\lambda x a . \forall k < x . \forall y . \text{IterateRel next } r k x a y \longrightarrow (\text{next} \wedge\wedge k) p y)\} \circ [\text{INF } n . \text{IterateRel next } r n OO \text{eqtop } n]$

lemma *IterateOmegaNextMask-spec*: $\text{IterateOmegaNextMask } (\{p.\} o [r]) = \{INF k . (\lambda x a . \forall y . \text{IterateRel next } r k x a y \longrightarrow (\text{next} \wedge\wedge k) p y)\} \circ [\text{INF } n . \text{IterateRel next } r n OO \text{eqtop } n]$

lemma *power-spec*: $(\{p.\} o [r]) \wedge\wedge n = \{x . (\forall i < n . (\forall y . (r \wedge\wedge i) x y \longrightarrow p y))\} o [r \wedge\wedge n]$

lemma *Iterate-SkipNext-IterateSkipRel*: $\text{Iterate SkipNext } (\{p.\} o [r]) n = \{x . (\forall k < n . (\forall y . \text{IterateRel idnext } r k x y \longrightarrow (\text{next} \wedge\wedge k) p y))\} o [\text{IterateRel idnext } r n]$

lemma *IterateOmegaSkipNextMask-spec*: $\text{IterateOmegaSkipNextMask } (\{p.\} o [r]) = \{(\lambda x . \forall n . \forall y . \text{IterateRel idnext } r n x y \longrightarrow (\text{next} \wedge\wedge n) p y)\} \circ [\text{INF } n . \text{IterateRel idnext } r n OO \text{eqtop } n]$

lemma *IterateOmegaSkipNextMask-demonic*: *IterateOmegaSkipNextMask* [:r:] = [: INF n. *IterateRel idnext r n OO eqtop n* :]

lemma [simp]: (*next* ^ ^ *n*) ⊤ *x*

lemma *power-idnext*: (*idnext* ^ ^ *n*) *r* = ((*next* ^ ^ *n*) *r* □ *eqtop n*)

lemma *example-feedback-delay-a*: ∀ *xb*. ∃ *z*. *IterateRel idnext* (λ*x y*. ∀ *xa*. *y xa* = ([0] .. *x*) *xa*) *xb x z* ∧ (∀ *i* < *xb*. *z i* = *xa i*) ⇒ *xa n* = 0

lemma *example-feedback-delay-b*: ∀ *x*. *xa x* = 0 ⇒ ∃ *z*. *IterateRel idnext* (λ*x y*. ∀ *xa*. *y xa* = ([0] .. *x*) *xa*) *n x z* ∧ (∀ *i* < *n*. *z i* = *xa i*)

lemma *example-feedback-delay*: *IterateOmegaSkipNextMask* [:x ↣ y . *y* = [0:nat] .. *x*:] = [:x ↣ y . *y* = (λ *i* . 0):]

lemma *next-simp*: *next* (*r*::(nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ (nat ⇒ 'b) ⇒ bool) *x y* = *r* (*x*[Suc 0..]) (*y*[Suc 0..])

lemma *idnext-simp*: *idnext* (*r*::(nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ (nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ bool) *x y* = (*r* (*x*[Suc 0..]) (*y*[Suc 0..])) ∧ *x 0* = *y 0*

lemma *idnext-next-eqtop*: ∧ (*x*::nat ⇒ 'a) *y* . (*idnext* ^ ^ *n*) *r x y* = ((*next* ^ ^ *n*) *r x y* ∧ *eqtop n x y*)

lemma *IterateRel-IterateSkipRel-aux*: ∀ *x y* . *IterateRel next* (*r*::(nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ (nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ bool) *n x y* → (∃ *z* . *y*[(n::nat)..] = *z*[n..] ∧ *IterateRel idnext r n x z*)

lemma *IterateRel-IterateSkipRel*: *IterateRel next* (*r*::(nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ (nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ bool) *n x y* ⇒ (∃ *z* . *y*[(n::nat)..] = *z*[n..] ∧ *IterateRel idnext r n x z*)

lemma *next-eq*: ∀ *i* < *k*. (∀ *x*. *fst* (*snd* (*ab i*))) (*i* + *x*) = *fst* (*snd* (*ab* (*Suc i*)))) (*i* + *x*) ⇒ *i* ≤ *k* ⇒ (∀ *j* . *fst* (*snd* (*ab i*))) (*i* + *j*) = *fst* (*snd* (*ab 0*)) (*i* + *j*))

lemma *IterateSkipRel-SymRel-zero*: ∧ *u' x' y'* . (*IterateRel idnext* (λ(*u x y*) (*u' x' y'*). *r* (*u 0*) (*u' (Suc 0)*) (*x 0*) (*y' 0*) ∧ (*x = x'*) ∧ (*u 0 = u' 0*)) *0*) (*u x y*) (*u' x' y'*) = (*u = u' ∧ x = x' ∧ y = y'*)

lemma *IterateSkipRel-SymRel-Suc*: ∧ *u' x' y'* . (*IterateRel idnext* (λ(*u x y*) (*u' x' y'*). *r* (*u 0*) (*u' (Suc 0)*) (*x 0*) (*y' 0*) ∧ (*x = x'*) ∧ (*u 0 = u' 0*)) (*Suc n*)) (*u x y*) (*u' x' y'*) = ((*u' 0 = u 0*) ∧ (∀ *i* < *n* . *r* (*u' i*) (*u' (Suc i)*) (*x i*) (*y' i*)) ∧ *x = x'*)

lemma *IterateSkipRel-SymRel*: ∧ *u' x' y'* . (*IterateRel idnext* (λ(*u x y*) (*u' x' y'*). *r* (*u 0*) (*u' (Suc 0)*) (*x 0*) (*y' 0*) ∧ (*x = x'*) ∧ (*u 0 = u' 0*)) *n*) (*u x y*) (*u' x' y'*) = ((*u' 0 = u 0*) ∧ (∀ *i* < *n* . *r* (*u' i*) (*u' (Suc i)*) (*x i*) (*y' i*)) ∧ *x = x'* ∧ (*n = 0* → (*u = u' ∧ y = y'*)))

lemma *IterateSkipRel-SymRel-eqtop*: (*IterateRel idnext* (λ(*u x y*) (*u' x' y'*). *r* (*u (0:nat)*) (*u' (Suc 0)*) (*x (0:nat)*) (*y' (0:nat)*) ∧ (*x = x'*) ∧ (*u 0 = u' 0*)) *n* OO (*eqtop n*)) (*u x y*) (*u' x' y'*) = (∃ *v* . (*v 0 = u 0*) ∧ (∀ *i* < *n* . *r* (*v i*) (*v (Suc i)*) (*x i*) (*y' i*) ∧ *v i = u' i* ∧ (*x i = x' i*)))

lemma *INF-IterateSkipRel-SymRel-eqtop*: $(\text{INF } n. \text{IterateRel idnext } (\lambda(u, x, y) (u', x', y'). r (u (0::nat)) (u' (\text{Suc } 0)) (x (0::nat)) (y' (0::nat)) \wedge x = x' \wedge u 0 = u' 0) n OO \text{eqtop } n) (u, x, y) (u', x', y')$
 $= (u' 0 = u 0 \wedge x = x' \wedge (\square (\lambda (u, x, y) . r (u 0) (u (\text{Suc } 0)) (x 0) (y 0))) (u', x, y'))$

lemma *INF-IterateSkipRel-SymRel-eqtop-abs*: $(\text{INF } n. \text{IterateRel idnext } (\lambda(u, x, y) (u', x', y'). r (u (0::nat)) (u' (\text{Suc } 0)) (x (0::nat)) (y' (0::nat)) \wedge x = x' \wedge u 0 = u' 0) n OO \text{eqtop } n)$
 $= (\lambda (u, x, y) (u', x', y') . (u' 0 = u 0 \wedge x = x' \wedge (\square (\lambda (u, x, y) . r (u 0) (u (\text{Suc } 0)) (x 0) (y 0))) (u', x, y')))$

lemma *move-down*: $p \implies p$

lemma *IterateSkipRel-prec-loc-st*: $(\lambda x. \forall a. \text{init} (a 0) \longrightarrow (\forall b n aa aaa ba. \text{IterateRel idnext } (\lambda(u, x, y) (u', x', y'). r (u (0::nat)) (u' (\text{Suc } 0)) (x (0::nat)) (y' (0::nat)) \wedge x = x' \wedge u 0 = u' 0) n (a, x, b) (aa, aaa, ba) \longrightarrow (\text{next } \wedge^n (\lambda(u, x, y) . p (u 0) (x 0)) (aa, aaa, ba))) \wedge \text{prec-prests init} (\lambda (u, x) . p u x) (\lambda (u, x) (u', y) . r u u' x y))$

theorem *DelayFeedback-SymbolicSystem-aux*: $\text{DelayFeedback init } (\{(x, y).p x y.\} \circ [:(u, x) \rightsquigarrow (u', y).r u u' x y:])$
 $= \text{LocalSystem init } (\lambda (u, x) . p u x) (\lambda (u, x) (u', y) . r u u' x y)$

theorem *DelayFeedback-LocalSystem*: $\text{DelayFeedback init } (\{.p.\} \circ [:r:])$
 $= \text{LocalSystem init } p r$

lemma *DelayFeedback-simp*: $\text{DelayFeedback init } (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) = \{.\text{prec-prests init } p r.\} o [:rel-prests init r:]$

lemma *prec-prests-prec-rel*: $(\bigwedge s s' x y . p (s, x) \implies r (s, x) (s', y) = r' (s, x) (s', y)) \implies \text{prec-prests init } p r = \text{prec-prests init } p r'$

theorem *DelayFeedback-a-simp*: $\text{DelayFeedback init } (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) = \{.x . (\forall u y . \text{init} (u 0) \longrightarrow (\forall n . (\forall i < n . r (u i, x i) (u (\text{Suc } i), y i)) \longrightarrow p (u n, x n))).\} o [x \rightsquigarrow y . (\exists u . \text{init} (u 0) \wedge (\forall i . r (u i, x i) (u (\text{Suc } i), y i)))]\}$

theorem *DelayFeedback-b-simp*: $\text{DelayFeedback init } ([:r:])$
 $= [:rel-prests init r:]$

lemma *DelayFeedback-comp*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies p' \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies \text{init}' b \implies \text{DelayFeedback init } (\{.p.\} o [:r:]) o \text{DelayFeedback init}' (\{.p'.\} o [:r']):$
 $= \text{DelayFeedback (prod-pred init init')} (\{.\text{prec-compsts } p r p'.\} o [:rel-compsts r r']):$

lemma *DelayFeedback-empty-init[simp]*: $\text{DelayFeedback } \perp S' = \top$

lemma *assert-bot*: $\{\perp :: 'a :: \text{boolean-algebra}.\} = \text{Fail}$

lemma *Fail-comp*: $\text{Fail} \circ S = \text{Fail}$

lemma *DelayFeedback-Fail*[simp]: $\text{init } a \implies \text{DelayFeedback init } (\text{Fail} :: ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \times 'c \Rightarrow \text{bool})) = \text{Fail}$

lemma *prod-empty* [simp]: $\text{prod-pred } X \perp = \perp$

lemma *sts-serial-comp-empty-init*: $\text{DelayFeedback} (\text{prod-pred } \top \perp) (\text{sts-comp } \text{Fail } S') \neq \text{DelayFeedback} \top \text{Fail} \circ \text{DelayFeedback} \perp S'$

thm *DelayFeedback-LocalSystem*

theorem *sts-serial-comp*: $\text{implementable } S \implies \text{implementable } S' \implies \text{init}' b \implies \text{DelayFeedback} (\text{prod-pred } \text{init } \text{init}') (\text{sts-comp } S S') = \text{DelayFeedback init } S \circ \text{DelayFeedback init}' S'$

theorem *implementableI*: $p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies \text{implementable } (\{.p.\} o [:r:])$

lemma *implementable-inpt*[simp]: $\text{implementable } (\{.\text{inpt } r.\} o [:r:])$

theorem *implementable-DelayFeedback*: $\text{implementable } S \implies \text{init } a \implies \text{implementable } (\text{DelayFeedback init } S)$

theorem *LocalSystem-impt-implementable*: $\text{init } a \implies \text{implementable } (\text{LocalSystem init } (\text{inpt } r) r)$

lemma *prec-pre-sts-inpt*: $\text{init } a \implies \text{prec-pre-sts init } (\text{inpt } r) r \leq \text{inpt } (\text{rel-pre-sts init } r)$

lemma *comp-middle*: $A \circ B \circ C \circ D = A \circ (B \circ C) \circ D$

lemma *fun-eq*: $(\forall x. f x = g x) = (f = g)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{SkipNext } \perp = \perp$

lemma *SkipNext* $\perp = \perp$

lemma *SkipNext* $\top \perp = \top$

lemma *SkipNext* $\top = \top$

4.6 Examples

definition *PREC-ID* = \top

definition *REL-ID* = $(\lambda (u, x) (u', y). (u = u') \wedge (u = y))$

definition *INIT-ID* $u = (u = 0)$

lemma *all-eq*: $\forall x. u x = u (\text{Suc } x) \implies u x = u 0$

lemma *LocalSystem INIT-ID PREC-ID REL-ID* = $[:x \rightsquigarrow y . \forall i . y i = 0:]$

definition *PREC-COUNTER* = \top

definition *REL-COUNTER* = $(\lambda (u, x) (u', y). (u' = u + 1) \wedge (u = y))$

definition *INIT-COUNTER* $u = (u = 0)$

lemma *add-suc*: $\forall x. u (\text{Suc } x) = \text{Suc } (u x) \implies u x = x + u 0$

lemma LocalSystem INIT-COUNTER PREC-COUNTER REL-COUNTER = [: $x \rightsquigarrow y . \forall i . y i = i$:]

definition PREC-SUM = \top

definition REL-SUM = $(\lambda(u, x)(u', y) . (u' = u + x) \wedge (u = y))$

definition INIT-SUM $u = (u = 0)$

primrec Summ :: $(nat \Rightarrow nat) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$ **where**

$Summ\ x\ 0 = 0$ |

$Summ\ x\ (Suc\ n) = Summ\ x\ n + x\ n$

lemma sum-suc: $\forall n. u (Suc n) = u n + x n \implies u n = Summ x n + u 0$

lemma LocalSystem INIT-SUM PREC-SUM REL-SUM = [: $x \rightsquigarrow y . y = Summ x$:]

definition PREC-A = \top

definition REL-A = $(\lambda(u, x)(u', y) . (u' = x) \wedge (u = y))$

definition INIT-A $u = (u = 0)$

lemma LocalSystem INIT-A PREC-A REL-A = [: $x \rightsquigarrow y . y = [0] .. x$:]

definition PREC-SUM-A = $(\lambda(u, x) . u \leq 100)$

definition REL-SUM-A = $(\lambda(u, x)(u', y) . (u' = u + x) \wedge (u = y))$

definition INIT-SUM-A $u = (u = 0)$

lemma sum-suc-le: $\forall n < k . u (Suc n) = u n + x n \implies u k = Summ x k + u 0$

lemma LocalSystem INIT-SUM-A PREC-SUM-A REL-SUM-A = { $.x . \forall i . Summ x i \leq 100.$ } o [: $x \rightsquigarrow y . y = Summ x$:]

definition PREC-SUM-B = $(\lambda(u, x) . u \leq 100)$

definition REL-SUM-B = $(\lambda(u, x)(u', y) . (u' = u + x \vee u' = x) \wedge (u = y))$

definition INIT-SUM-B $u = (u = 0)$

lemma le-sum-suc: $\forall n < k . u (Suc n) = u n + x n \vee u (Suc n) = x n \implies u k \leq Summ x k + u 0$

lemma LocalSystem INIT-SUM-B PREC-SUM-B REL-SUM-B

= { $.x . \forall i . Summ x i \leq 100.$ } o [: $x \rightsquigarrow y . y 0 = 0 \wedge (\forall i . y (Suc i) = y i + x i \vee y (Suc i) = x i)$:]

lemma prod-comp-spec[simp]: $pa \leq inpt ra \implies pb \leq inpt rb \implies ((\{pa\} \circ [ra]) ** (\{pb\} \circ [rb])) \circ ((\{pc\} \circ [rc]) ** (\{pd\} \circ [rd])) = (\{pa\} o [ra] o \{pc\} o [rc]) ** (\{pb\} o [rb] o \{pd\} o [rd])$

lemma prod-comp-impl: implementable S \implies implementable S' \implies sconjunctive T \implies sconjunctive T' \implies $(S ** S') o (T ** T') = (S o T) ** (S' o T')$

definition ang-rel S s q = S q s

definition dem-rel S q s' = q s'

lemma mono-rep: mono S \implies S = { $:ang-rel S:$ } o [: $dem-rel S$:]

lemma mono-repE: mono ($S : ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow bool)$) $\implies \exists r : ('b \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow bool) . (r')$

$S = \{r\} o [r']$

lemma *prod-comp-a*: $(S o T) ** (S' o T') \leq (S ** S') o (T ** T')$

lemma *prod-comp-angelic-demonic*: $(\{r:a \Rightarrow b \Rightarrow \text{bool}\} ** \{r':c \Rightarrow d \Rightarrow \text{bool}\}) o ([t] ** [t']) = (\{r\} o [t]) ** (\{r'\} o [t'])$

definition *prod-rel r r'* = $(\lambda (x, y) (u, v) . r x u \wedge r' y v)$

lemma *Prod-angelic*: $\{r\} ** \{r'\} = \{ \text{prod-rel } r r' \}$

lemma *Prod-demonic-rel*: $[r] ** [r'] = [\text{prod-rel } r r']$

lemma *prod-rel-comp*: $\text{prod-rel } r r' OO \text{prod-rel } t t' = \text{prod-rel } (r OO t) (r' OO t')$

lemma *prod-comp-angelic-demonic-demonic*: $((\{ra\} o [rd]) ** (\{ra'\} o [rd'])) o ([r] ** [r']) = (\{ra\} o [rd] o [r]) ** ((\{ra'\} o [rd']) o [r'])$

lemma *prod-comp-demonic*: $\text{mono } (S:(a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (b \Rightarrow \text{bool})) \implies \text{mono } (S':(c \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (d \Rightarrow \text{bool})) \implies (S ** S') o ([r] ** [r']) = (S o [r]) ** (S' o [r'])$

theorem *DelayFeedback-prod*: $\text{init } a \implies \text{init}' a' \implies \text{implementable } S \implies \text{implementable } S' \implies \text{DelayFeedback init } S ** \text{DelayFeedback init}' S' = [- (x, y) \rightsquigarrow x || y -] o \text{DelayFeedback } (\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{prod-sts } S S') o [-\lambda x . (\text{fst } o x, \text{snd } o x) -]$

lemma *rel-fun-power*: $((\lambda x y. y = (f:a \Rightarrow a) x) ^\wedge n) = (\lambda x y. (y = (f ^\wedge n) x))$

lemma [*simp*]: $[\perp] = \text{Magic}$

definition *IterateMask S n* = $\text{Mask } n ((S:(a::\text{trace} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow \text{bool})) ^\wedge n)$

lemma *IterateMask-simp*: $\text{IterateMask } S = (\lambda n. \text{Mask } n (S ^\wedge n))$

definition *IterateOmega S* = $\text{Fusion } (\text{IterateMask } S)$

definition *IterateMaskA S n* = $\text{Mask } (n - 1) ((S:(a::\text{trace} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (a \Rightarrow \text{bool})) ^\wedge n)$

lemma *IterateMaskA-simp*: $\text{IterateMaskA } S = (\lambda n. \text{Mask } (n - 1) (S ^\wedge n))$

definition *IterateOmegaA S* = $\text{Fusion } (\text{IterateMaskA } S)$

lemma *IterateMaskA S n* = $(S ^\wedge n) o [x \rightsquigarrow y . \forall (i::\text{nat}) < n - 1 . ((y i):a) = x i]$

lemma *power-refin*: $\text{mono } S \implies (S:(a::\text{order} \Rightarrow a) \leq T \implies S ^\wedge n \leq T ^\wedge n)$

lemma *IterateMaskA-refin*: $\text{mono } S \implies S \leq T \implies \text{IterateMaskA } S n \leq \text{IterateMaskA } T n$

lemma *IterateOmegaA-refin*: *mono S* $\implies S \leq T \implies \text{IterateOmegaA } S \leq \text{IterateOmegaA } T$

lemma *IterateOmega-spec*: *IterateOmega ({} . p.} o [:r:]*
 $= \{. (\lambda x . \forall n . \forall y. (r^{\wedge\wedge} n) x y \rightarrow p y) .\}$
 $\circ [: \text{INF } n. (r^{\wedge\wedge} n) OO \text{eqtop } n :]$

lemma *IterateOmegaA-spec*: *IterateOmegaA ({} . p.} o [:r:]*
 $= \{. (\lambda x . \forall n y. (r^{\wedge\wedge} n) x y \rightarrow p y) .\}$
 $\circ [: \text{INF } n. (r^{\wedge\wedge} n) OO \text{eqtop } (n-1) :]$

lemma *IterateOmegaA-demonic*: *IterateOmegaA ([:r:]*
 $= [: \text{INF } n. (r^{\wedge\wedge} n) OO \text{eqtop } (n-1) :]$

lemma *rel-power-a*: $\bigwedge y . ((r :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool})^{\wedge\wedge} n) x y \implies \exists a . x = a 0 \wedge y = a n \wedge (\forall i < n . r(a i) (a(\text{Suc } i)))$

lemma *rel-power-b*: $\bigwedge y . \exists a . x = a 0 \wedge y = a n \wedge (\forall i < n . r(a i) (a(\text{Suc } i))) \implies ((r :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool})^{\wedge\wedge} n) x y$

lemma *rel-power*: $((r :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool})^{\wedge\wedge} n) x y = (\exists a . x = a 0 \wedge y = a n \wedge (\forall i < n . r(a i) (a(\text{Suc } i))))$

lemma *IterateOmega-demonic-spec*: *IterateOmega [:r:]* $= [: \text{INF } n. r^{\wedge\wedge} n OO \text{eqtop } n :]$

lemma *IterateOmega-func*: *IterateOmega [-f -]* $= [: x \rightsquigarrow y . \forall n. \text{eqtop } n ((f^{\wedge\wedge} n) x) y :]$

lemma *IterateOmega-func-aux-a*: $(\forall n. \text{eqtop } n ((f^{\wedge\wedge} n) x) y) = (\forall n . \forall i < n . (f^{\wedge\wedge} n) x i = y i)$

lemma *IterateOmega-func-a*: *IterateOmega [-f -]* $= [: x \rightsquigarrow y . (\forall n . \forall i < n . (f^{\wedge\wedge} n) x i = y i) :]$

definition *apply x i* $= ((\text{fst } (\text{fst } x) i), \text{snd } (\text{fst } x) i), \text{snd } x i)$

lemma *IterateOmega-func-aux-b*: $(\forall n. \text{eqtop } n ((f^{\wedge\wedge} n) x) y) = (\forall n::nat . \forall i::nat < n . \text{apply } ((f^{\wedge\wedge} n) x) i = \text{apply } y i)$

lemma *IterateOmega-func-aa*: *IterateOmega [-f -]* $= [: x \rightsquigarrow y . (\forall n . \forall i::nat < n . \text{apply } ((f^{\wedge\wedge} n) x) i = \text{apply } y i) :]$

lemma *IterateOmega-func-b*: $(\forall x n . \forall i < n . (f^{\wedge\wedge} n) x i = (f^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{Suc } i)) x i) \implies \text{IterateOmega} [-f -] = [-\lambda x . (\lambda i . (f^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{Suc } i)) x i)-]$

lemma *IterateOmega-func-bb*: $(\forall x n . \forall i::nat < n . \text{apply } (((f :: ((\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a) \times (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'b)) \times (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'c)) \Rightarrow ((\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a) \times (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'b)) \times (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'c)))^{\wedge\wedge} n) x i = \text{apply } ((f^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{Suc } i)) x) i$
 $\implies \text{IterateOmega} [-f -] = [-(\lambda x . (\text{let } z = (\lambda i . \text{apply } ((f^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{Suc } i)) x) i) \text{ in } ((\text{fst } o \text{fst } o z), \text{snd } o \text{fst } o z), \text{snd } o z)) -]$

lemma *IterateOmega-func-c*: $\forall x . \neg (\forall n . \forall i < n . (f \wedge\wedge n) x i = (f \wedge\wedge (Suc i)) x i) \implies$
 $\text{IterateOmega } [-f-] = \text{Magic}$

```

lemma IterateOmega-assert-update: IterateOmega ({{.p.} o [-f-]})  

  = { (.λx . ∀ n . p ((f ^ n) x)) . }  

    o [: x ↣ y . ∀ n . eqtop n ((f ^ n) x) y :]

```

lemma *IterateOmega-assert-update-a*: $\text{IterateOmega}(\{.p.\} o[-f-]) = \{. (\lambda x . \forall n . p ((f \wedge\!\! \wedge n) x))\}$
 $\{. o [: x \rightsquigarrow y . (\forall n . \forall i < n . (f \wedge\!\! \wedge n) x i = y i):]\}$

lemma *IterateOmega-assert-update-b*: $(\forall x n . \forall i < n . (f \wedge n) x i = (f \wedge (Suc i)) x i) \implies$
 $\text{IterateOmega } (\{.p.\} o[-f-]) = \{(\lambda x . \forall n . p ((f \wedge n) x))\} o [-\lambda x . (\lambda i . (f \wedge (Suc i)) x i)-]$

lemma *IterateOmega-assert-update-c*: *IterateOmega* $(\{.\cdot.\} o [-f-]) = \{(\lambda x . \forall n . p ((f \wedge n) x))\} o [x \rightsquigarrow y . (\forall n . \forall i : nat < n . apply ((f \wedge n) x) i = apply y i)]$

thm *IterateOmega-spec*

lemma *IterateOmega-assert-update-d*: $(\forall x n . \forall i::nat < n . apply (((f::((nat \Rightarrow 'a) \times (nat \Rightarrow 'b)) \times (nat \Rightarrow 'c)) \Rightarrow ((nat \Rightarrow 'a) \times (nat \Rightarrow 'b)) \times (nat \Rightarrow 'c))))^n x) i = apply ((f \circ (Suc i)) x)$

$$IterateOmega (\{.p.\} o [- f -]) = \{(\lambda x . \forall n . p ((f \wedge\wedge n) x)).\} o [- (\lambda x . (let z = (\lambda i . apply ((f \wedge\wedge (Suc i)) x) i) in ((fst o fst o z, snd o fst o z), snd o z))) -]$$

lemma *IterateOmega-assert-update-e*: $\forall x . \neg (\forall n . \forall i < n . (f \wedge\wedge n) x i = (f \wedge\wedge (Suc i)) x i) \wedge (\forall n . p ((f \wedge\wedge n) x)) \implies \text{IterateOmega}(\{p\}, o[-f-]) = \text{Magic}$

definition *defined* $r = (\forall x . \exists y . r x y)$

```
fun calcu :: (nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a)  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\Rightarrow$  'b)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\times$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\times$  'c  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a where
  calcu u x r n i = (if  $i \leq n$  then u i else SOME u'. ( $\exists y. r$  (calcu u x r n (i-1), x (i-1)) (u', y)))
```

thm *choice-iff'*

lemma *prec-loc-st-defined-simp*: *defined r* \implies *prec-prests init p r*
 $= (\lambda x. \forall u. \text{init}(u\ 0) \longrightarrow (\forall n. \exists y. r(u\ n, x\ n) \cdot (u\ (\text{Suc}\ n), y)) \longrightarrow (\forall n. p(u\ n, x\ n)))$

lemma *DelayFeedback-defined-simp*: *defined r* \implies *DelayFeedback init* ($\{.\cdot.\}$ *o* [:*r*:])
 $= \{x . \forall (u::nat \Rightarrow 'a) . \text{init } (u\ 0) \wedge ((\forall n . \exists y. r(u\ n, x\ n) (u(Suc\ n), y))) \longrightarrow (\forall n . p(u\ n, x\ n)).\}$
o [:*rel-pre-sts init r* :]

lemma *defined-fun*[*simp*]: *defined* ($\lambda x y . y = f x$)

definition *map-ff x n = f (fst x n, snd x n)*

lemma *DelayFeedback-update-simp-aux-b*: $(\forall n. \exists y. (u (\text{Suc } n), y) = f (u n, x n)) = ((\odot u) = \text{map-}f (\text{fst } o f) (u, x))$

lemma *DelayFeedback-update-simp-aux-a*: *rel-pre-sts init* $(\lambda x y. y = f x) = (\lambda x y. \exists u. \text{init } (u 0) \wedge \odot u = \text{map-}f (\text{fst } o f) (u, x) \wedge y = \text{map-}f (\text{snd } o f) (u, x))$

lemma *DelayFeedback-update-simp*: *DelayFeedback init* $(\{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-])$
 $= \{\lambda x. \forall (u::nat \Rightarrow 'a). \text{init } (u 0) \wedge (\odot u) = \text{map-}f (\text{fst } o f) (u, x) \longrightarrow (\forall n. p (u n, x n)) .\}$
 $\circ [:\lambda x y. \exists (u::nat \Rightarrow 'a). \text{init } (u 0) \wedge (\odot u) = \text{map-}f (\text{fst } o f) (u, x) \wedge y = \text{map-}f (\text{snd } o f) (u, x) :]$

primrec *itr* :: $('a \times 'b \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a$ **where**
 $\text{itr } f u 0 x 0 = u 0 |$
 $\text{itr } f u 0 x (\text{Suc } n) = f (\text{itr } f u 0 x n, x n)$

lemma *map itr aux*: $((\odot u) = \text{map-}ff (u, x)) \implies (u n = \text{itr } f (u 0) x n)$

lemma *map itr simp*: $((\odot u) = \text{map-}ff (u, x)) = (u = \text{itr } f (u 0) x)$

lemma *DelayFeedback-update-itr-simp*: *DelayFeedback init* $(\{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-])$
 $= \{\lambda x. \forall a. \text{init } a \longrightarrow (\forall i. p (\text{itr } (\text{fst } o f) a x i, x i)) .\}$
 $\circ [:\lambda x y. \exists a. \text{init } a \wedge y = \text{map-}f (\text{snd } o f) (\text{itr } (\text{fst } o f) a x, x) :]$

definition *DelayFeedbackInit a S* = *DelayFeedback* $(\lambda u. u = a) S$

definition *lft-1-2 p* = $(\lambda (x, y). p (x (0::nat), y (0::nat)))$

definition *lft-2-2 r* = $(\lambda (x, y). r (x (0::nat), y (0::nat)) (z (0::nat), t (0::nat)))$

theorem *DelayFeedbackInit-update-simp-a*: *DelayFeedbackInit u* $(\{\cdot.p.\} o [-f-])$
 $= \{\lambda x. (\forall n. p (\text{itr } (\text{fst } o f) u x n, x n)) .\} \circ [-\lambda x. \text{map-}f (\text{snd } o f) (\text{itr } (\text{fst } o f) u x, x) -]$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\square \text{lft-1-2 } \top) = \top$

theorem *DelayFeedbackInit-update-simp-b*: *DelayFeedbackInit u* $[-f-] = [-\lambda x. \text{map-}f (\text{snd } o f) (\text{itr } (\text{fst } o f) u x, x) -]$

lemma *prec-itr-simp*: $((\square \text{lft-1-2 } p) (\text{itr } f u x, x)) = (\forall n. p (\text{itr } f u x n, x n))$

lemma *prec-itr-induction-aux*: $p (u, x 0) \implies (\bigwedge n a. p (a, x n) \implies p (f (a, x n), x (\text{Suc } n))) \implies p (\text{itr } f u x n, x n)$

lemma *prec-itr-induction*: $p (u, x 0) \implies (\bigwedge n a. p (a, x n) \implies p (f (a, x n), x (\text{Suc } n))) \implies ((\square \text{lft-1-2 } p) (\text{itr } f u x, x))$

definition *lft-r r x y* = $r (\text{fst } x 0, \text{snd } x 0) (\text{fst } y 0, \text{snd } y 0)$

definition *lft-r-b r x y* = $r (x 0) (y 0)$

lemma *rel-itr-simp*: $(\square (\text{lft-r-b } r)) x (\text{map-}f g (\text{itr } f u x, x)) = (\forall n. r (x n) (g (\text{itr } f u x n, x n)))$

lemma *rel-itr-induction-aux*: $r (x 0) (g (u, x 0)) \implies (\bigwedge n a. r (x n) (g (a, x n)) \implies r (x (\text{Suc } n))$

$(g(f(a,x,n), x(Suc n))) \Rightarrow r(xn)(g(itr f u xn, xn))$

lemma *rel-itr-induction*: $r(x0)(g(u, x0)) \Rightarrow (\bigwedge na . r(xn)(g(an, xn)) \Rightarrow r(x(Suc n))(g(f(a,xn), x(Suc n)))) \Rightarrow (\Box(lft-r-b r))x(map-f g(itr f u x, x))$

lemma *rel-bounded-itr-induction-aux*: $(0 \in b \Rightarrow r(x0)(g(u, x0))) \Rightarrow (\bigwedge na . (n \in b \Rightarrow r(xn)(g(an, xn))) \Rightarrow Suc n \in b \Rightarrow r(x(Suc n))(g(f(a,xn), x(Suc n)))) \Rightarrow n \in b \Rightarrow r(xn)(g(itr f u xn, xn))$

lemma *rel-bounded-itr-induction*: $(0 \in b \Rightarrow r(x0)(g(u, x0))) \Rightarrow (\bigwedge na . (n \in b \Rightarrow r(xn)(g(an, xn))) \Rightarrow Suc n \in b \Rightarrow r(x(Suc n))(g(f(a,xn), x(Suc n)))) \Rightarrow (\Box b b(lft-r-b r))x(map-f g(itr f u x, x))$

lemma *refin-demonic-spec*: $([:r:] \leq \{.p.\} o [:r':]) = (p = \top \wedge r' \leq r)$

lemma *spec-delay-feedback-fun-refine*: $(\{.p'.\} o [:r:] \leq DelayFeedbackInit u (\{.p.\} o [-f-])) = ((p' \leq (\lambda x. (\Box lft-1-2 p) (itr (fst o f) u x, x))) \wedge (\forall x . p' x \rightarrow r x (map-f (snd o f) (itr (fst o f) u x, x))))$

lemma *prec-itr-inductionA*: $(p' x \Rightarrow p(u, x0)) \Rightarrow (\bigwedge na . p' x \Rightarrow p(an, xn) \Rightarrow p(f(a, xn), x(Suc n))) \Rightarrow p' x \Rightarrow ((\Box lft-1-2 p) (itr f u x, x))$

lemma *prec-itr-inductionB*: $(\bigwedge x . p' x \Rightarrow p(u, x0)) \Rightarrow (\bigwedge xna . p' x \Rightarrow p(an, xn) \Rightarrow p(f(a, xn), x(Suc n))) \Rightarrow p' \leq (\lambda x . (\Box lft-1-2 p) (itr f u x, x))$

lemma *rel-itr-inductionA*: $(\bigwedge x . p' x \Rightarrow r(x0)(g(u, x0))) \Rightarrow (\bigwedge xna . p' x \Rightarrow r(xn)(g(an, xn))) \Rightarrow r(x(Suc n))(g(f(a,xn), x(Suc n))) \Rightarrow p' x \Rightarrow (\Box(lft-r-b r))x(map-f g(itr f u x, x))$

lemma $\{z \rightsquigarrow x . x \neq (0::nat)\} o [:x \rightsquigarrow y . x = 0 \wedge y = (0::nat):] = \top$

lemma $\{z \rightsquigarrow x . x \neq (Suc n)\} o [:x \rightsquigarrow y . x = 0 \wedge y = (0::nat):] = \top$

lemma $(\{.p'.\} o [: \Box(lft-r-b r) :] \leq DelayFeedbackInit u (\{.p.\} o [-f-])) = ((p' \leq (\lambda x. (\Box lft-1-2 p) (itr (fst o f) u x, x))) \wedge (\forall x . p' x \rightarrow (\Box(lft-r-b r))x(map-f (snd o f) (itr (fst o f) u x, x))))$

lemma *demonic-delay-feedback-fun-refine*: $([:r:] \leq DelayFeedbackInit u (\{.p.\} o [-f-])) = (((\lambda x. (\Box lft-1-2 p) (itr (fst o f) u x, x)) = \top) \wedge (\forall x . r x (map-f (snd o f) (itr (fst o f) u x, x))))$

lemma $([: \Box(lft-r-b r) :] \leq DelayFeedbackInit u (\{.p.\} o [-f-])) = (((\lambda x. (\Box lft-1-2 p) (itr (fst o f) u x, x)) = \top) \wedge (\forall x . (\Box(lft-r-b r))x(map-f (snd o f) (itr (fst o f) u x, x))))$

lemma *refin-update-spec*: $([: \Box b b(lft-r-b r) :] \leq DelayFeedbackInit u (\{.p.\} o [-f-])) = (((\lambda x. (\Box lft-1-2 p) (itr (fst o f) u x, x)) = \top) \wedge (\forall xy . y = map-f (snd o f) (itr (fst o f) u x, x) \rightarrow (\Box b b(lft-r-b r))xy))$

definition *prec-delay p f-state u* = $(\lambda x. (\Box lft-1-2 p) (itr (f-state) u x, x))$

definition *func-delay f-state f-out u* = $(\lambda x . map-f f-out (itr f-state u x, x))$

theorem *DelayFeedbackInit-update-simp-c*: $DelayFeedbackInit u (\{.p.\} o [-f-])$

$= \{.\text{prec-delay } p (\text{fst } o f) u.\} \circ [-\text{func-delay } (\text{fst } o f) (\text{snd } o f) u-]$

theorem *DelayFeedbackInit-update-simp-d*: $\text{DelayFeedbackInit } u [-f-] = [-\text{func-delay } (\text{fst } o f) (\text{snd } o f) u-]$

lemma *always-lft-bot*: $(\square \text{lft-1-2 } (\perp :: ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool})) = \perp)$

lemma *DelayFeedbackInit-bot*: $\text{DelayFeedbackInit } u ((\perp :: ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('a \times 'c \Rightarrow \text{bool})) = \perp)$

lemma *simp-prec*: $\{.\ p .\} \circ [: \lambda x y. \neg p x \vee r x y :] = \{.\ p .\} o [:r:]$

lemma *inpt-and-rel*: $(\text{inpt } r x \wedge r x y) = r x y$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{inpt } (\lambda x y. \text{inpt } r x \wedge r x y) = \text{inpt } r$

thm *DelayFeedback-defined-simp*

lemma *DelayFeedback-inpt*: $\text{DelayFeedback init } (\{.\text{inpt } r.\} o [:r:])$
 $= \{x. \forall (u :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a). \text{init } (u 0) \wedge ((\forall n. \exists y. \neg \text{inpt } r (u n, x n) \vee r (u n, x n) (u (\text{Suc } n), y)))$
 $\rightarrow (\forall n. \text{inpt } r (u n, x n)).\} \circ$
 $[: \text{rel-pre-sts init } (\lambda x y. \neg \text{inpt } r x \vee r x y) :]$

declare *comp-skip*[*simp del*]
declare *skip-comp*[*simp del*]
declare *prod-skip-skip*[*simp del*]
declare *fail-comp*[*simp del*]

4.7 Data Refinement

definition *data-refin-sts d S S'* = $(\{t, x \rightsquigarrow s, x' . x = x' \wedge d t s\} o S \leq S' o \{t', y \rightsquigarrow s', y' . y = y' \wedge d t' s'\})$

lemma *data-refin-sts-simp*: $\text{data-refin-sts } d (\{.\ p .\} \circ [:r:]) (\{.\ p' .\} \circ [:r']):$
 $= ((\forall t x s. d t s \wedge p (s, x) \rightarrow p' (t, x)) \wedge$
 $(\forall t x s t' y. d t s \wedge p (s, x) \wedge r' (t, x) (t', y) \rightarrow (\exists s'. d t' s' \wedge r (s, x) (s', y))))$

primrec *s-r* :: $('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow ('b \times 'c \Rightarrow 'b \times 'd \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'c) \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'd) \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'b$ **where**
s-r d init r x y t 0 = (*SOME s . d (t 0) s* \wedge *init s*) |
s-r d init r x y t (Suc n) = (*SOME s . d (t (Suc n)) s* \wedge *r (s-r d init r x y t n, x n) (s, y n)*)

theorem *data-refinement-sts*: $(\bigwedge t . \text{init}' t \implies \exists s . d t s \wedge \text{init } s) \implies$
 $\text{data-refin-sts } d (\{.\ p .\} o [:r:]) (\{.\ p' .\} o [:r']): \implies \text{LocalSystem init } p r \leq \text{LocalSystem init}' p' r'$

4.8 Reachability and Refinement

definition *reach init r n x y s* = $(\text{init } (s 0) \wedge (\forall i < n . r (s i, x i) (s (\text{Suc } i), y i)))$

lemma *reach-prec-always*: $\text{reach init } r n x y s \implies p \leq \text{inpt } r \implies \text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x$
 $\implies \exists s' y' . \text{init } (s' 0) \wedge (\forall i < n . y' i = y i) \wedge (\forall i \leq n . s' i = s i) \wedge (\square \text{lft-rel } r) (s', x)$
 $(s'[1..], y')$

lemma *refinement-reachable-B*:

assumes $R: LocalSystem init p r \leq LocalSystem init' p' r'$
and [simp]: $p' \leq inpt r'$
shows $prec-pre-sts init p r x \implies reach init' r' n x y t \implies \exists s. reach init r n x y s$
and $prec-pre-sts init p r x \implies reach init' r' n x y t \implies p'(t n, x n)$

lemma *sel-inf-a*: $\text{finite } X \implies (\bigwedge i :: nat . f i \in X) \implies (\exists x \in X . infinite \{i . f i = x\})$

lemma $X \neq \{\} \implies \exists (x::'a::wellorder) \in X . \forall y \in X . x \leq y$

primrec *min-rest* :: $nat \ set \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat$ **where**
 $min-rest X 0 = (LEAST x . x \in X) |$
 $min-rest X (Suc n) = min-rest (X - \{LEAST x . x \in X\}) n$

lemma *sel-inf-fun*: $\bigwedge X . infinite X \implies min-rest X n \in X \wedge min-rest X n < min-rest X (Suc n)$

lemma *sel-inf*: $\text{finite } X \implies (\bigwedge i :: nat . f i \in X) \implies (\exists g x . x \in X \wedge (\forall i . f(g i) = x) \wedge (\forall i . g i < g(Suc i)))$

definition *sel-inf f X* = $(SOME g . \exists x . x \in X \wedge (\forall i . f(g i) = x) \wedge (\forall i . g i < g(Suc i)))$

lemma *sel-inf-prop-aux*: $\text{finite } X \implies (\bigwedge i :: nat . f i \in X) \implies (\exists x . x \in X \wedge (\forall i . f(sel-inf f X i) = x) \wedge (\forall i . sel-inf f X i < sel-inf f X (Suc i)))$

lemma *sel-inf-prop*:

assumes $A: \text{finite } X \text{ and } B: (\bigwedge i :: nat . f i \in X)$
shows $f(sel-inf f X i) = f(sel-inf f X 0) \text{ and } \bigwedge i . sel-inf f X i < sel-inf f X (Suc i)$
and $i \leq sel-inf f X i$

fun *SSa* :: $('a \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow ('a \times 'b \Rightarrow 'a \times 'c \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'a$ **where**
 $SSa \ init r x s 0 = (s[Suc 0..] o sel-inf (\lambda i . s(Suc i) 0) \ {s . init s}) |$
 $SSa \ init r x s (Suc n) = ((SSa \ init r x s n[Suc 0..]) o$
 $sel-inf (\lambda i . SSa \ init r x s n (Suc i) (Suc n)) \ {s' . \exists y . r((SSa \ init r x s n[Suc 0..]) 0 n, x n) (s', y) \})$

lemma *refinement-reachable-aux*:

assumes $\text{finite-next}: \bigwedge s x . \text{finite } \{s' . \exists y . r(s, x) (s', y)\}$
and *finite-init*[simp]: $\text{finite } \{s . init s\}$
assumes $A: (\bigwedge n . \text{reach init } r (Suc n) x y (s n))$
shows $(\forall j . \forall k \leq n . SSa \ init r x s n j k = SSa \ init r x s n 0 k) \wedge \text{reach init } r n x y (SSa \ init r x s n n)$
 $\wedge (\exists k . \forall i . k i \geq n \wedge SSa \ init r x s n i = s(k i) \wedge k i < k(Suc i))$
 $\wedge (\forall j . \forall k \leq n . SSa \ init r x s (Suc n) j k = SSa \ init r x s n 0 k)$

lemma *refinement-reachable-A*:

assumes $\text{finite-next}: \bigwedge s x . \text{finite } \{s' . \exists y . r(s, x) (s', y)\}$
and *finite-init*: $\text{finite } \{s . init s\}$

assumes $A: \bigwedge n x y t . \text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x \implies \text{reach init}' r' n x y t \implies p'(t n, x n)$
and $B: \bigwedge n x y t . \text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x \implies \text{reach init}' r' n x y t \implies \exists s . \text{reach init } r n x y s$
shows $\text{LocalSystem init } p r \leq \text{LocalSystem init}' p' r'$

definition $\text{symb-sts-refin init } p r \text{ init}' p' r'$
 $=$
 $((\forall n x y t . \text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x \longrightarrow \text{reach init}' r' n x y t \longrightarrow p'(t n, x n))$
 $\wedge (\forall n x y t . \text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x \longrightarrow \text{reach init}' r' n x y t \longrightarrow (\exists s . \text{reach init } r n x y s)))$

lemma $\text{refinement-reachable-iff}:$
assumes $\text{finite-next[simp]}: \bigwedge s x . \text{finite } \{s' . \exists y . r(s, x) (s', y)\}$
and $\text{finite-init[simp]}: \text{finite } \{s . \text{init } s\}$
and $\text{[simp]}: p' \leq \text{inpt } r'$
shows $\text{LocalSystem init } p r \leq \text{LocalSystem init}' p' r' = \text{symb-sts-refin init } p r \text{ init}' p' r'$

definition $\text{inv-top } n P = (\forall u v . \text{eqtop } n u v \longrightarrow (P u = P v))$
definition $\text{prec-pre-sts-bound init } p r N x = ((\forall u . \text{init } (u 0) \longrightarrow (\forall y . \forall n < N . (\forall i < n . r(u i, x i) (u(Suc i), y i)) \longrightarrow p(u n, x n))))$

lemma $\text{replace-variables}: (\text{inv-top } (\text{Suc } N) (P N)) \implies (\text{inv-top } N (R N)) \implies (\text{inv-top } N (Q' N)) \implies$
 $(\forall (x::nat \Rightarrow z) . P N x \wedge (\text{ZZ } (Q' N x) (Q N (x[N..]))) \wedge R N x \longrightarrow S N (x N))$
 $= (\forall x xN y . P N (x(N := xN)) \wedge y 0 = xN \wedge (\text{ZZ } (Q' N x) (Q N (y))) \wedge R N x \longrightarrow S N (xN))$

lemma $\text{prec-pre-sts-reach}: \bigwedge x . \text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x = (\forall s n . (\exists y . \text{reach init } r n x y s) \longrightarrow p(s n, x n))$

lemma $\text{prec-pre-sts-bound-simp}: \bigwedge N x . \text{prec-pre-sts-bound init } p r N x =$
 $(\forall u n . (n < N \wedge \text{init } (u 0) \wedge ((\exists y . \forall i < n . r(u i, x i) (u(Suc i), y i))) \longrightarrow (\forall k \leq n . p(u k, x k)))$

lemma $\text{prec-pre-sts-bound}: \bigwedge x N . \text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x = (\text{prec-pre-sts-bound init } p r N x \wedge (\forall s y . \text{reach init } r N x y s \longrightarrow \text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda u . u = s N) p r (x[N..])))$

lemma $\text{AA}: \bigwedge t x N y . ((\text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x \wedge \text{reach init}' r' N x y t) \longrightarrow p'(t N, x N))$
 $= ((\text{prec-pre-sts-bound init } p r N x \wedge (\forall s y . \text{reach init } r N x y s \longrightarrow \text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda u . u = s N) p r (x[N..]))) \wedge \text{reach init}' r' N x y t) \longrightarrow p'(t N, x N))$

lemma $\text{[simp]}: \text{inv-top } (\text{Suc } N) (\text{prec-pre-sts-bound init } p r N)$

lemma $\text{[simp]}: \text{inv-top } N (\lambda x . \exists y . \text{reach init}' r' N x y t)$

lemma $\text{[simp]}: \text{inv-top } N (\lambda x s . \exists y . \text{reach init } r N x y s)$

lemma $\text{sts-refinement-A-bounded}: (\forall x y . (\text{prec-pre-sts init } p r x \wedge \text{reach init}' r' N x y t) \longrightarrow p'(t N, x N))$
 $= (\forall xN . (\exists x . \text{prec-pre-sts-bound init } p r N (x(N := xN)) \wedge (\exists xz . xz 0 = xN \wedge (\forall s y . \text{reach init } r N x y s \longrightarrow \text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda u . u = s N) p r xz)) \wedge (\exists y . \text{reach init}' r' N x y t)) \longrightarrow p'(t N, xN))$

lemma $\text{reach-until}: (\exists x s y n . \text{reach init } r n x y s \wedge s n = t)$
 $= (\exists sa . \text{init } (sa 0) \wedge ((\lambda sa . (\exists x y . r(sa 0, x) (sa(Suc 0), y))) \text{ until } (\lambda sa . sa 0 = t)) sa)$

lemma *LocalSystem-prec-top*: *LocalSystem init* $\top r = [:\text{rel-pre-sts init } r:]$

lemma *LocalSystem-input-complete*: (*LocalSystem init p r = [:\text{rel-pre-sts init } r:]*)
 $= ((\forall x s . \text{init } s \rightarrow p(s, x)) \wedge$
 $(\forall s s' x x' y n .$
 $(\exists x y . \text{reach init } r n x y s) \wedge p(s n, x) \wedge r(s n, x) (s', y) \rightarrow p(s', x')))$

end

4.9 Reactive Feedback

theory *ReactiveFeedback*
imports *TransitionFeedback IterateOperators*

begin

definition *Feedback S* = $\{x \rightsquigarrow (u, y), x' . (x = x')\} o \text{IterateOmegaA}([-\lambda((u, y), x) . ((u, x), x)-] o (S ** \text{Skip})) o [-\lambda((u, y), x) . y -]$

lemma *Feedback-refin*: $S \leq T \implies \text{Feedback } S \leq \text{Feedback } T$

definition *FeedbackX Init S* = $[:x \rightsquigarrow (u, y), x' . (u = ()) \wedge (x = x'):] o ((\text{Init} ** \text{Skip}) ** \text{Skip}) o \text{IterateOmega}([-\lambda((u, y), x) . ((u, x), x)-] o (S ** \text{Skip})) o [-\lambda((u, y), x) . y -]$

definition *FeedbackA Init S* = $[:x \rightsquigarrow (x'', y), x' . (x'' = x) \wedge (x = x'):] o ((\text{Init} ** \text{Skip}) ** \text{Skip}) o \text{IterateOmegaA}([-\lambda((u, y), x) . ((u, x), x)-] o (S ** \text{Skip})) o [-\lambda((u, y), x) . y -]$

lemma *feedback-update-simp-e*: $\text{feedback}([-\lambda(u, s, x) . (f s x, g u s x, h u s x) -]) = [-\lambda(s, x) . (g(f s x) s x, h(f s x) s x) -]$

definition *InitDF init* = $[:s \rightsquigarrow s'. (\Box(\lambda s. \text{init}(s(0::nat)))) s':]$

definition *Add* = $[-\lambda(x, y). x + y -]$

definition *UD* = $[-\lambda(x, s). (s, x) -]$

definition *Split* = $[-\lambda x. (x, x) -]$

definition *RT1* = $[-\lambda(u, (s, x)). ((u, x), s) -]$

definition *RT2* = $[-\lambda((v, y), s). (v, (s, y)) -]$

definition *RT3* = $[-\lambda(x, s). (s, x) -]$

definition *Res* = $[-\lambda x. \text{Summ } x -]$

definition *init-ExFb* = $(\lambda u . u = (0::nat))$

definition *ExFb* = *RT1* o *Add* ** *Skip* o *UD* o (*Split* ** *Skip*) o *RT2*

lemma *ExFb-simp* : $\text{ExFb} = [-\lambda(u, (s, x)). (s, (u + x, s)) -]$

definition *ExFb-transfb* = *feedback ExFb*

lemma *ExFb-transfb-simp*: $\text{ExFb-transfb} = [-\lambda(s, x). (s + x, s) -]$

definition $ExFb\text{-}genfb = DelayFeedback \ init\text{-}ExFb \ ExFb\text{-}transfb$

lemma $DelayFeedback\text{-}example: ExFb\text{-}genfb = Res$

definition $RT4 = [- \lambda(s, (u, x)). (u, (s, x)) -]$
definition $RT5 = [- \lambda(v, (s, y)). (s, (v, y)) -]$

definition $Res\text{-}aux = [-\lambda(u, x). ((\lambda i. if i = 0 then 0 else u (i-1) + x (i-1)), (\lambda i. if i = 0 then 0 else u (i-1) + x (i-1))) -]$

definition $ExFb\text{-}delayfb\text{-}aux = RT4 \circ ExFb \circ RT5$

lemma $ExFb\text{-}delayfb\text{-}aux\text{-}simp: ExFb\text{-}delayfb\text{-}aux = [-\lambda(s, (u, x)). (u+x, (s, s)) -]$

definition $ExFb\text{-}delayfb = [-\lambda(u, x). nzip u x -] \circ (DelayFeedback (\lambda u . u = (0::nat)) ExFb\text{-}delayfb\text{-}aux) \circ [-\lambda x. (fst o x, snd o x) -]$

lemma $aaa\text{-}ind:\forall x. (x = 0 \longrightarrow aa 0 = 0) \wedge (0 < x \longrightarrow aa x = a (x - Suc 0) + b (x - Suc 0)) \implies \forall x. (x = 0 \longrightarrow ba 0 = 0) \wedge (0 < x \longrightarrow ba x = a (x - Suc 0) + b (x - Suc 0)) \implies (aa x = ba x)$

lemma $ExFb\text{-}delayfb\text{-}simp: ExFb\text{-}delayfb = Res\text{-}aux$

definition $Init\text{-}ExFb = InitDF \ init\text{-}ExFb$

lemma $Res\text{-}aux\text{-}simp: [-\lambda((u, y), x). ((u, x), x) -] \circ Res\text{-}aux \ ** \ Skip = [-\lambda((u, y), x). (((\lambda i. if i = 0 then 0 else u (i-1) + x (i-1)), (\lambda i. if i = 0 then 0 else u (i-1) + x (i-1))), x) -]$

definition $Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun = (\lambda((u::nat \Rightarrow nat, y::nat \Rightarrow nat), x::nat \Rightarrow nat). (((\lambda(i::nat). if i = (0::nat) then (0::nat) else u (i-(1::nat)) + x (i-(1::nat))), (\lambda(i::nat). if i = (0::nat) then (0::nat) else u (i-(1::nat)) + x (i-(1::nat)))), x))$

lemma $Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun\text{-}aux\text{-}a: \bigwedge a b c . (Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun \ \wedge\wedge\ (n::nat)) z = ((a, b), c) \implies (\forall i < n . a i = (\text{Summ } c (i::nat)) \wedge b i = (\text{Summ } c (i::nat))) \wedge c = (\text{snd } z)$

lemma $Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun\text{-}aux\text{-}b: (i < n \implies apply (((Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun) \ \wedge\wedge\ n) z) i = apply (((Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun) \ \wedge\wedge\ (Suc i)) z) i)$

lemma $Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun\text{-}aux\text{-}c: (\lambda x. let z = \lambda i. apply (Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun ((Res\text{-}aux\text{-}fun \ \wedge\wedge\ i) x)) i in ((fst \circ fst \circ z, snd \circ fst \circ z), snd \circ z)) = (\lambda x . ((\text{Summ } (\text{snd } x), \text{Summ } (\text{snd } x)), \text{snd } x))$

```

definition Init-adder3 = [- λx. (λ (i::nat). (2::nat)) -]
definition S-adder3 = [- λ (x, (x'::nat ⇒ unit)) . x -] o [- λx . (λ (i::nat). (x i) + 1) -] o [- λx . (λ (i::nat). if i = 0 then (0::nat) else x (i-1)) -] o [- λx. (λ (i::nat) . x i + 2) -] o [- λx. (x, x) -]
definition Res-adder3 = [- λx . (λ (i::nat) . 3 * i + 2) -]

```

```

definition S-simp-adder3 = [- λ (x, (x'::nat ⇒ unit)). ((λi. if i = 0 then 2 else x(i-1) + 3), (λi. if i = 0 then 2 else x(i-1) + 3)) -]

```

lemma S-adder3-simp: S-adder3 = S-simp-adder3

```

lemma Adder3-inner-simp: [-λ((u, y), x). ((u, x), x) -] o S-simp-adder3 ** Skip = [- λ((u, y), x). (((λi. if i = 0 then 2 else u(i-1) + 3), (λi. if i = 0 then 2 else u(i-1) + 3)), x) -]

```

```

definition Adder3-iter-fun = (λ((u::nat ⇒ nat, y::nat ⇒ nat), x::nat ⇒ unit). ((λi::nat. if i = (0::nat) then 2::nat else u (i - (1::nat)) + (3::nat), λi::nat. if i = (0::nat) then 2::nat else u (i - (1::nat)) + (3::nat)), x))

```

```

lemma Adder3-iter-aux-a: ∧ a b c . (Adder3-iter-fun ^ ^ (n::nat)) z = ((a,b), c) ⇒ (forall i < n . a i = 3 * i + 2 ∧ b i = 3 * i + 2) ∧ c = (snd z)

```

```

lemma Adder3-iter-aux-b[simp]: i < n ⇒ apply ((Adder3-iter-fun ^ ^ n) z) i = apply ((Adder3-iter-fun ^ ^ Suc i) z) i

```

```

lemma Adder3-iter-aux-c: (λx. let z = λi. apply (Adder3-iter-fun ((Adder3-iter-fun ^ ^ i) x)) i in ((fst ∘ fst ∘ z, snd ∘ fst ∘ z), snd ∘ z)) = (λ x . (((λ i . 3 * i + 2), (λ i . 3 * i + 2)), snd x))

```

lemma FeedbackX Init-adder3 S-adder3 = Res-adder3

```

definition Init-sum = [-λx. (λ (i::nat). (0::nat)) -]
definition S-sum = [-λ(x, x'). (λi. x i + x' i) -] o [- λx . (λ (i::nat). if i = 0 then (0::nat) else x (i-1)) -] o [- λx. (x, x) -]
definition Res-sum = [-λx. Summ x -]

```

```

definition S-simp-sum = [-λ(x, x'). ((λi. if i = 0 then 0 else x (i-1) + x' (i-1)), (λi. if i = 0 then 0 else x (i-1) + x' (i-1))) -]

```

lemma S-sum-simp: S-sum = S-simp-sum

```

lemma Sum-inner-simp: [-λ((u, y), x). ((u, x), x) -] o S-simp-sum ** Skip = [- λ((u, y), x). (((λi. if i = 0 then 0 else u (i-1) + x (i-1)), (λi. if i = 0 then 0 else u (i-1) + x (i-1))), x) -]

```

```

definition Sum-iter-fun = (λ((u::nat⇒nat, y::nat⇒nat), x::nat⇒nat). (((λ(i::nat). if i = (0::nat) then (0::nat) else u (i-(1::nat)) + x (i-(1::nat))), (λ(i::nat). if i = (0::nat) then (0::nat) else u (i-(1::nat)) + x (i-(1::nat)))), x)))

```

lemma *Sum-iter-aux-a*: $\bigwedge a b c . (\text{Sum-iter-fun} \wedge (n::nat)) z = ((a,b), c) \implies (\forall i < n . a i = (\text{Summ } c (i::nat)) \wedge b i = (\text{Summ } c (i::nat))) \wedge c = (\text{snd } z)$

lemma *Sum-iter-aux-b*: $(i < n \implies \text{apply} (((\text{Sum-iter-fun}) \wedge n) z) i = \text{apply} ((\text{Sum-iter-fun}) \wedge (\text{Suc } i)) z) i$

lemma *Sum-iter-aux-c*: $(\lambda x. \text{let } z = \lambda i. \text{apply} (\text{Sum-iter-fun} ((\text{Sum-iter-fun}) \wedge i) x)) i \text{ in } ((\text{fst} \circ \text{fst} \circ z, \text{snd} \circ \text{fst} \circ z), \text{snd} \circ z) \\ = (\lambda x . ((\text{Summ } (\text{snd } x), \text{Summ } (\text{snd } x)), \text{snd } x))$

lemma *FeedbackX Init-sum S-sum = Res-sum*

definition *Init-adder3-wp* = $[- \lambda x. (\lambda (i::nat). (2::nat)) -]$

definition *S-adder3-wp* = $[- \lambda (x, (x'::nat \Rightarrow \text{unit})) . x -] o \{\square (\lambda x. x 0 \neq 0)\} o [- \lambda x . (\lambda (i::nat). (x i) + 1) -] o [- \lambda x . (\lambda (i::nat). \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } (0::nat) \text{ else } x (i-1)) -] o [- \lambda x. (\lambda (i::nat) . x i + 2) -] o [- \lambda x. (x, x) -]$

definition *Res-adder3-wp* = $\{. x. \text{True}\} o [- \lambda x . (\lambda (i::nat) . 3 * i + 2) -]$

definition *S-simp-adder3-wp* = $\{. \square (\lambda (x, (x'::nat \Rightarrow \text{unit})). x 0 \neq 0)\} o [- \lambda (x, (x'::nat \Rightarrow \text{unit})). ((\lambda i. \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } x(i-1) + 3), (\lambda i. \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } x(i-1) + 3)) -]$

lemma *S-adder3-wp-simp*: *S-adder3-wp* = *S-simp-adder3-wp*

lemma *Adder3-wp-inner-simp*: $[- \lambda ((u, y), x) . ((u, x), x) -] o \text{S-simp-adder3-wp} ** \text{Skip} = \{. \square (\lambda ((u, y), x) . u 0 \neq 0)\} o [- \lambda ((u, y), x) . (((\lambda i. \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } u(i-1) + 3), (\lambda i. \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } 2 \text{ else } u(i-1) + 3)), x) -]$

definition *Adder3-iter-wp-fun* = $(\lambda ((u::nat \Rightarrow \text{nat}, y::nat \Rightarrow \text{nat}), x::nat \Rightarrow \text{unit}). ((\lambda i::nat. \text{if } i = (0::nat) \text{ then } 2::nat \text{ else } u (i - (1::nat)) + (3::nat)), \lambda i::nat. \text{if } i = (0::nat) \text{ then } 2::nat \text{ else } u (i - (1::nat)) + (3::nat)), x))$

definition *Adder3-iter-wp-prec* = $(\square (\lambda ((u, y), x) . u 0 \neq 0))$

lemma *Adder3-iter-wp-aux-a*: $\bigwedge a b c . (\text{Adder3-iter-wp-fun}) \wedge (n::nat) z = ((a,b), c) \implies (\forall i < n . a i = 3 * i + 2 \wedge b i = 3 * i + 2) \wedge c = (\text{snd } z)$

lemma *Adder3-iter-wp-aux-b*: $i < n \implies \text{apply} ((\text{Adder3-iter-wp-fun}) \wedge n) z) i = \text{apply} ((\text{Adder3-iter-wp-fun}) \wedge (\text{Suc } i)) z) i$

lemma *Adder3-iter-wp-aux-c*: $(\lambda x. \text{let } z = \lambda i. \text{apply} (\text{Adder3-iter-wp-fun} ((\text{Adder3-iter-wp-fun}) \wedge i) x)) i \text{ in } ((\text{fst} \circ \text{fst} \circ z, \text{snd} \circ \text{fst} \circ z), \text{snd} \circ z) = (\lambda x . (((\lambda i . 3 * i + 2), (\lambda i . 3 * i + 2)), \text{snd } x))$

lemma *Adder3-iter-wp-aux-d*: $\bigwedge i . i \geq n \implies \text{fst} (\text{fst} ((\text{Adder3-iter-wp-fun}) \wedge n) ((\lambda i. 2, b), ba)) i = 3 * n + 2$

lemma *Adder3-iter-wp-aux-e*: $\bigwedge i . i < n \implies \text{fst} (\text{fst} ((\text{Adder3-iter-wp-fun}) \wedge n) ((\lambda i. 2, b), ba)) i$

= $\beta * i + 2$

lemma Adder3-iter-wp-prec-aux: $0 < fst(fst((Adder3-iter-wp-fun \wedge\wedge n)((\lambda i. 2, b), ba))) i$

lemma Adder3-iter-wp-prec: $(\square(\lambda((u, y), x). 0 < u 0)) ((Adder3-iter-wp-fun \wedge\wedge n)((\lambda i. 2, b), ba))$

lemma FeedbackX Init-adder3-wp S-adder3-wp = Res-adder3-wp

definition Init-adder3-havoc = $[-\lambda x. (\lambda i. 0)-]$

definition Res-adder3-havoc = \perp

lemma [simp]: $(\lambda x. \forall b ba n. (\square(\lambda((u, y), x). 0 < u 0)) ((Adder3-iter-wp-fun \wedge\wedge n)((\lambda i. 0, b), ba))) = \perp$

lemma [simp]: $\{\lambda x. False.\} o [:r:] = \perp$

lemma FeedbackX Init-adder3-havoc S-adder3-wp = Res-adder3-havoc

lemma Feedback-ExFb: FeedbackX Init-ExFb ExFb-delayfb = Res

lemma feedback-in-simp-aaa: $p \leq inpt r \implies p' \leq inpt r' \implies$
 $feedback(\{u, (s,x) . p'(s,x) \wedge p(u, (s,x)).\} o [:u, (s,x) \rightsquigarrow v, (s',y) . r'(s,x) v \wedge r(u, (s,x)) (s',y):])$
 $= \{. (s,x) . p'(s,x) \wedge (\forall b. r'(s,x) b \longrightarrow p(b, (s,x))).\} o [: (s,x) \rightsquigarrow (s',y) . \exists v . r'(s,x) v \wedge r(v, (s,x)) (s',y):]$

lemma IterateOmega-spec-a: $IterateOmega(\{\cdot p.\} \circ [:r:]) = \{.((u,y),x) . \forall n v y' z. (r \wedge\wedge n)((u,y), x) ((v, y'), z) \longrightarrow p((v, y'), z).\} \circ [: INF n. r \wedge\wedge n OO eqtop n :]$

lemma AAA: $\bigwedge u' y' . (((\lambda((u::'a, y::'b), x) ((u'::'a, y'::'b), x')). r(u, x) (u', y') \wedge x = x') \wedge n)((u,y::'b), x) ((u', y'::'b), x')) \implies x = x'$

lemma BBB: $\bigwedge u' y' . (((\lambda((u::'a, y::'b), x) ((u'::'a, y'::'b), x')). r(u, x) (u', y') \wedge x = x') \wedge n)((u,y::'b), x) ((u', y'::'b), x')) =$
 $(x = x' \wedge (((\lambda(u::'a, y::'b) (u'::'a, y'::'b) . r(u, x) (u', y')) \wedge n)(u, y::'b) (u', y'::'b)))$

lemma CCC: $((\lambda((u::'a, y), x) ((u'::'a, y'), x')). r(u, x) (u', y') \wedge x = x') \wedge n)((u, y::'b), x) ((u', y'::'b), x')$
 $= (x = x' \wedge (\exists U Y . U 0 = u \wedge U n = u' \wedge Y 0 = y \wedge Y n = y' \wedge (\forall i < n . r(U i, x) (U (Suc i), Y (Suc i))))))$

lemma IterateOmegaA-simp-a: $IterateOmegaA([-\lambda((u, y::nat \Rightarrow a), x) . ((u, x), x)-] o ((\{\cdot p.\} o [:r:]) ** Skip)) =$
 $\{\cdot((ua, ya), xa) . \forall n a. (\exists b U. U 0 = ua \wedge U n = a \wedge (\exists Y. Y 0 = ya \wedge Y n = b \wedge (\forall i < n. r(U i, x) (U (Suc i), Y (Suc i)))))) \longrightarrow p(a, xa).\} \circ$
 $[: INF n. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). r(u, x) (u', y') \wedge x = x') \wedge n OO eqtop (n-1) :]$

lemma *IterateOmegaA-simp-b*: *IterateOmegaA* ($[-\lambda ((u, y::nat \Rightarrow 'a), x) . ((u, x), x)-]$ o $((\{.p.\} o [r:])) ** Skip)$) =

$\{.((ua, ya), xa). \forall n U Y . (U 0 = ua \wedge Y 0 = ya \wedge (\forall i < n. r (U i, xa) (U (Suc i), Y (Suc i)))) \rightarrow p (U n, xa).\} \circ$

$[: INF n. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x'). r (u, x) (u', y') \wedge x = x') \wedge n OO eqtop (n-1) :]$

lemma *IterateOmegaA-simp-aux*: $(INF n. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x'). r (u, x) (u', y') \wedge x = x') \wedge n OO eqtop (n-1)) ((u::nat \Rightarrow 'a, y::nat \Rightarrow 'b), x::nat \Rightarrow 'c) ((u'::nat \Rightarrow 'a, y'::nat \Rightarrow 'b), x'::nat \Rightarrow 'c) =$

$(x = x' \wedge (\forall xa. \exists a b. (\exists U. U 0 = u \wedge U xa = a \wedge (\exists Y. Y 0 = y \wedge Y xa = b \wedge (\forall i < xa. r (U i, x) (U (Suc i), Y (Suc i)))) \wedge (\forall i < xa-1. a i = u' i) \wedge (\forall i < xa-1. b i = y' i)))$

lemma *IterateOmegaA-simp-c*: *IterateOmegaA* ($[-\lambda ((u::nat \Rightarrow 'a, y::nat \Rightarrow 'b), x::nat \Rightarrow 'c) . ((u, x), x)-]$ o $((\{.p.\} o [r:])) ** Skip)$) =

$\{.((ua, ya), xa). \forall n U Y . (U 0 = ua \wedge Y 0 = ya \wedge (\forall i < n. r (U i, xa) (U (Suc i), Y (Suc i)))) \rightarrow p (U n, xa).\} \circ$

$[: (u, y), x \rightsquigarrow (u'::nat \Rightarrow 'a, y'::nat \Rightarrow 'b), x'::nat \Rightarrow 'c . x = x'$

$\wedge (\forall xa. \exists a b. (\exists U. U 0 = u \wedge U xa = a \wedge (\exists Y. Y 0 = y \wedge Y xa = b \wedge (\forall i < xa. r (U i, x) (U (Suc i), Y (Suc i)))) \wedge (\forall i < xa-1. a i = u' i) \wedge (\forall i < xa-1. b i = y' i))) :]$

lemma *IterateOmegaA-simp-d*: *IterateOmegaA* ($[-\lambda ((u::nat \Rightarrow 'a, y::nat \Rightarrow 'b), x::nat \Rightarrow 'c) . ((u, x), x)-]$ o $((\{.p.\} o [r:])) ** Skip)$) =

$\{.((ua, ya), xa). \forall n U Y . (U 0 = ua \wedge Y 0 = ya \wedge (\forall i < n. r (U i, xa) (U (Suc i), Y (Suc i)))) \rightarrow p (U n, xa).\} \circ$

$[: (u, y), x \rightsquigarrow (u'::nat \Rightarrow 'a, y'::nat \Rightarrow 'b), x'::nat \Rightarrow 'c . x = x'$

$\wedge (\forall xa. (\exists U. U 0 = u \wedge (\exists Y. Y 0 = y \wedge (\forall i < xa. r (U i, x) (U (Suc i), Y (Suc i)))) \wedge (\forall i < xa-1. U xa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall i < xa-1. Y xa i = y' i))) :]$

lemma *DelayFeedback-feedback-simp*: *DelayFeedback init* (*feedback* ($\{.(u, s, x) . p u s x.\} \circ [-\lambda(u, s, x). (f s x, g u s x, h u s x)-]$)) =

$\{.prec-pre-sts init (\lambda(s, x) . p (f s x) s x) (\lambda(s, x) y . y = (g (f s x) s x, h (f s x) s x)).\} \circ$

$[:rel-pre-sts init (\lambda(s, x) y. y = (g (f s x) s x, h (f s x) s x)):]$

lemma *input-output-switch*: $([-\lambda(s, u, x). (u, s, x)-] \circ \{. p .\} \circ [-\lambda(u, s, x). (f s x, g u s x, h u s x)-]) \circ [-\lambda(v, s, y). (s, v, y)-] =$

$\{. (s, u, x) . p (u, s, x) .\} o [-\lambda(s, u, x). (g u s x, f s x, h u s x) -]$

primrec *ss* :: '*a* \Rightarrow ('*b* \Rightarrow '*a* \Rightarrow '*c* \Rightarrow '*a*) \Rightarrow ('*a* \Rightarrow '*c* \Rightarrow '*b*) \Rightarrow (*nat* \Rightarrow '*c*) \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow '*a* **where**

ss a g f xa 0 = a |

ss a g f xa (Suc i) = g (f (ss a g f xa i) (xa i)) (ss a g f xa i) (xa i)

primrec *ssu* :: '*a* \Rightarrow ('*b* \Rightarrow '*a* \Rightarrow '*c* \Rightarrow '*a*) \Rightarrow (*nat* \Rightarrow '*b*) \Rightarrow (*nat* \Rightarrow '*c*) \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow '*a* **where**

ssu a g u x 0 = a |

ssu a g u x (Suc i) = g (u i) (ssu a g u x i) (x i)

lemma *BBBd*: *a = sa 0* $\implies \forall fb < fa. sa (Suc fb) = g (u fb) (sa fb) (x fb)$ $\implies i \leq fa \implies ssu a g u x i = sa i$

definition *prec-pre-sts-st init* *p r u x* = $(\forall y . init (u 0) \longrightarrow (lift-rel r leads lift-pre p) (u, x) (u[1..], y))$

lemma *prec-pre-sts-st-simp*: *prec-pre-sts-st init p r u x =*
 $(\forall y . \text{init } (u 0) \longrightarrow (\forall n . (\forall i < n . r (u i, x i) (u (\text{Suc } i), y i)) \longrightarrow p (u n, x n)))$

lemma *BBBc*: $s = \text{ssu } a g u x \implies \text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda s . s = a) (\lambda(s, u, x). p (u, s, x)) (\lambda(s, u, x) y.$
 $y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (\lambda i. (u i, x i)) =$
 $((\forall fa. (\forall fb < fa. s (\text{Suc } fb) = g (u fb) (s fb) (x fb)) \longrightarrow p (u fa, s fa, x fa)))$

lemma *BBBx*: $s = \text{ssu } a g u x \implies \text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda s . s = a) (\lambda(s, u, x). p (u, s, x)) (\lambda(s, u, x) y.$
 $y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (\lambda i. (u i, x i)) =$
 $((\forall fa. p (u fa, s fa, x fa)))$

lemma *BBBy*: $(\text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda s . s = a) (\lambda(s, u, x). p (u, s, x)) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x,$
 $h u s x)) (\lambda i. (u i, x i)) =$
 $((\forall fa. p (u fa, ssu a g u x fa, x fa)))$

lemmas *BBBu = BBBd [of - - - (\lambda i . f (s i) (x i))]*

lemma *BBBe*: $a = sa 0 \implies \forall fb < fa. sa (\text{Suc } fb) = g (f (sa fb) (x fb)) (sa fb) (x fb) \implies i \leq fa \implies$
 $ss a g f x i = sa i$

lemma *BBBz*: $(\text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda s . s = a) (\lambda(s, x). p (f s x, s, x)) (\lambda(s, x) y. y = (g (f s x) s x, h$
 $(f s x) s x)) x) =$
 $= ((\forall fa. p (f (ss a g f x fa) (x fa), ss a g f x fa, x fa)))$

primrec *ssc* :: '*c* \Rightarrow (*nat* \Rightarrow '*a*) \Rightarrow ('*a* \Rightarrow '*c* \Rightarrow '*de* \Rightarrow '*c*) \Rightarrow (*nat* \Rightarrow '*de*) \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow '*c* **where**
 $ssc a U g x a i 0 = a |$
 $ssc a U g x a i (\text{Suc } fa) = g (U fa) (ssc a U g x a i fa) (xa fa)$

primrec *UUC* :: (*nat* \Rightarrow '*a*) \Rightarrow '*b* \Rightarrow ('*b* \Rightarrow '*c* \Rightarrow '*a*) \Rightarrow ('*a* \Rightarrow '*b* \Rightarrow '*c* \Rightarrow '*b*) \Rightarrow (*nat* \Rightarrow '*c*) \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow *nat* \Rightarrow '*a* **where**
 $UUC u a f g x 0 = u |$
 $UUC u a f g x (\text{Suc } i) = (\lambda xa . f (ssc a (UUC u a f g x i) g x i xa) (x xa))$

lemma *DDDa*: $\forall fa. sa (\text{Suc } fa) = g (U i fa) (sa fa) (xa fa) \wedge U (\text{Suc } i) fa = f (sa fa) (xa fa) \wedge Y$
 $(\text{Suc } i) fa = h (U i fa) (sa fa) (xa fa) \implies$
 $a = sa 0 \implies sa k = ssc a (U i) g xa i k$

lemma *AAAAAU*: $U 0 = ua \implies aa = U n \implies \forall i < n. \forall fa. U (\text{Suc } i) fa = f (ssc a (U i) g xa i fa)$
 $(xa fa) \implies k \leq n \implies UUC (U 0) a f g xa k = U k$

lemma *AAAAAka*: $0 < n \implies (\exists b U. (n = 0 \longrightarrow U 0 = ua \wedge U 0 = aa \wedge ya = b) \wedge$
 $(0 < n \longrightarrow U 0 = ua \wedge U n = aa \wedge (\forall i < n. \forall fa. U (\text{Suc } i) fa = f (ssc a (U i) g$
 $xa i fa) (xa fa)) \wedge$
 $(\forall fa. h (U (n - \text{Suc } 0) fa) (ssc a (U (n - \text{Suc } 0)) g xa (n - \text{Suc } 0) fa) (xa fa) =$
 $b fa)))$
 $= (UUC ua a f g xa n = aa)$

lemma *AAAAAk*: $(\exists b U. (n = 0 \longrightarrow U 0 = ua \wedge U 0 = aa \wedge ya = b) \wedge$
 $(0 < n \longrightarrow U 0 = ua \wedge U n = aa \wedge (\forall i < n. \forall fa. U (\text{Suc } i) fa = f (ssc a (U i) g$
 $xa i fa) (xa fa)) \wedge$
 $(\forall fa. h (U (n - \text{Suc } 0) fa) (ssc a (U (n - \text{Suc } 0)) g xa (n - \text{Suc } 0) fa) (xa fa) =$
 $b fa)))$

$$= (UUc\ ua\ a\ f\ g\ xa\ n = aa)$$

lemma *ZZZp*: $\forall xa::nat. sa(Suc\ xa) = g(U\ i\ xa)(sa\ xa)(x\ xa) \wedge U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(sa\ xa)(x\ xa)$
 $\wedge Y(Suc\ i)\ xa = h(U\ i\ xa)(sa\ xa)(x\ xa) \implies a = sa(0::nat) \implies sa\ k = ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ k$

lemma *ZZZq*: $s = ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i \implies (\exists s. s\ 0 = a \wedge (\forall xa. s(Suc\ xa) = g(U\ i\ xa)(s\ xa)(x\ xa)) =$
 $\wedge U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(s\ xa)(x\ xa) \wedge Y(Suc\ i)\ xa = h(U\ i\ xa)(s\ xa)(x\ xa)) =$
 $(\forall xa. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(s\ xa)(x\ xa) \wedge Y(Suc\ i)\ xa = h(U\ i\ xa)(s\ xa)(x\ xa))$

lemma *ZZZr*: $0 < xa \implies (\exists Y. Y\ 0 = y \wedge Y\ xa = b \wedge (\forall i < xa. \forall xa::nat. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa) \wedge Y(Suc\ i)\ xa = h(U\ i\ xa)(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa))) =$
 $((\forall i < xa. \forall xa::nat. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa)) \wedge (\forall k. h(U(xa - 1)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - 1))\ g\ x(xa - 1)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k))$

lemma *ZZZc*: $(\exists Y. Y\ 0 = y \wedge Y\ xa = b \wedge (\forall i < xa. \forall xa::nat. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa)) =$
 $(if\ xa = 0\ then\ y = b\ else\ ((\forall i < xa. \forall xa::nat. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa)) \wedge$
 $(\forall k. h(U(xa - 1)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - 1))\ g\ x(xa - 1)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k)))$

lemma *[simp]*: $\forall i < xa. \forall xa::nat. Ua(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(Ua\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa) \implies UUc(Ua(0::nat))\ a\ f\ g\ x\ xa = Ua\ xa$

lemma *TTTb*: $U = UUc\ u\ a\ f\ g\ x \implies (0 < xa \longrightarrow (\exists U. U\ 0 = u \wedge U\ xa = aa \wedge (\forall i < xa. \forall xa. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa)) \wedge$
 $(\forall k. h(U(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - Suc\ 0))\ g\ x(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k)))$
 $= (0 < xa \longrightarrow (U\ xa = aa \wedge (\forall k. h(U(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - Suc\ 0))\ g\ x(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k)))$

lemma *TTTa*: $(\exists U. (xa = 0 \longrightarrow U\ 0 = u \wedge U\ 0 = aa \wedge y = b) \wedge$
 $(0 < xa \longrightarrow U\ 0 = u \wedge U\ xa = aa \wedge (\forall i < xa. \forall xa. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa)) \wedge$
 $(\forall k. h(U(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - Suc\ 0))\ g\ x(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k)))$
 $= ((xa = 0 \longrightarrow u = aa \wedge y = b) \wedge$
 $(0 < xa \longrightarrow (\exists U. U\ 0 = u \wedge U\ xa = aa \wedge (\forall i < xa. \forall xa. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa)) \wedge$
 $(\forall k. h(U(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - Suc\ 0))\ g\ x(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k))))$

lemma *TTTc*: $U = UUc\ u\ a\ f\ g\ x \implies (\exists U. (xa = 0 \longrightarrow U\ 0 = u \wedge U\ 0 = aa \wedge y = b) \wedge$
 $(0 < xa \longrightarrow U\ 0 = u \wedge U\ xa = aa \wedge (\forall i < xa. \forall xa. U(Suc\ i)\ xa = f(ssc\ a(U\ i)\ g\ x\ i\ xa)(x\ xa)) \wedge$
 $(\forall k. h(U(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - Suc\ 0))\ g\ x(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k)))$

$= ((xa = 0 \longrightarrow u = aa \wedge y = b) \wedge (0 < xa \longrightarrow (U\ xa = aa \wedge (\forall k. h(U(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - Suc\ 0))\ g\ x(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k))))$

lemma *TTTe*: $(\exists b. ((xa = 0 \longrightarrow u = aa \wedge y = b) \wedge (0 < xa \longrightarrow (U\ xa = aa \wedge (\forall k. h(U(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(ssc\ a(U(xa - Suc\ 0))\ g\ x(xa - Suc\ 0)\ k)(x\ k) = b\ k)))) \wedge$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. aa \ i = u' \ i) \wedge (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. b \ i = y' \ i)) \\
= & (((xa = 0 \longrightarrow u = aa) \wedge (0 < xa \longrightarrow ((U \ xa = aa \wedge (\exists b . (\forall k. h \ (U \ (xa - Suc 0) \ k) \ (ssc \ a \ (U \ (xa - Suc 0)) \ g \ x \ (xa - Suc 0) \ k) \ (x \ k) = b \ k)) \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. aa \ i = u' \ i) \wedge (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. b \ i = y' \ i)))))))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\textbf{lemma } TTTf: & (\exists b. ((xa = 0 \longrightarrow u = aa \wedge y = b) \wedge (0 < xa \longrightarrow (U \ xa = aa \wedge (\forall k. h \ (U \ (xa - Suc 0) \ k) \ (ssc \ a \ (U \ (xa - Suc 0)) \ g \ x \ (xa - Suc 0) \ k) \ (x \ k) = b \ k)))) \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. aa \ i = u' \ i) \wedge (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. b \ i = y' \ i))) \\
= & (((xa = 0 \longrightarrow u = aa) \wedge (0 < xa \longrightarrow ((U \ xa = aa \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. aa \ i = u' \ i) \wedge (\forall k < xa - Suc 0. h \ (U \ (xa - Suc 0) \ k) \ (ssc \ a \ (U \ (xa - Suc 0)) \ g \ x \ (xa - Suc 0) \ k) \ (x \ k) = y' \ k)))))))
\end{aligned}$$

thm *UUc.simps*

thm *ssc.simps*

primrec *SS*::'b \Rightarrow ('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow 'c \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow ('b \Rightarrow 'c \Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow (nat \Rightarrow 'c) \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow 'b **where**
SS a g f x 0 = a |
SS a g f x (Suc i) = g (f (SS a g f x i) (x i)) (SS a g f x i) (x i)

$$\textbf{lemma } UU\text{-}SS: \bigwedge xa . i < xa \implies UUc \ u \ a \ f \ g \ x \ xa \ i = f \ (SS \ a \ g \ f \ x \ i) \ (x \ i) \wedge ssc \ a \ (UUc \ u \ a \ f \ g \ x \ xa) \ g \ x \ xa \ i = SS \ a \ g \ f \ x \ i$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\textbf{lemma } TTTza: & (x = x' \wedge (\forall xa > 0 :: nat. (\forall i < xa - Suc (0 :: nat). f \ (SS \ a \ g \ f \ x \ i) \ (x \ i) = u' \ i) \wedge \\
& (\forall k < xa - Suc (0 :: nat). h \ (f \ (SS \ a \ g \ f \ x \ k) \ (x \ k)) \ (SS \ a \ g \ f \ x \ k) \ (x \ k) = y' \ k))) = \\
& (x = x' \wedge (\forall k . f \ (SS \ a \ g \ f \ x \ k) \ (x \ k) = u' \ k) \wedge (\forall k . h \ (f \ (SS \ a \ g \ f \ x \ k) \ (x \ k)) \ (SS \ a \ g \ f \ x \ k) \ (x \ k) = y' \ k))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\textbf{lemma } AAAAta: & 0 < n \implies s = (\lambda i . ssc \ a \ (U \ i) \ g \ xa \ i) \implies \\
& (\exists Y. Y \ 0 = ya \wedge Y \ n = b \wedge (\forall i < n. rel\text{-}pre\text{-}sts \ (\lambda b. b = a) \ (\lambda(s, u, x) \ y. y = (g \ u \ s \ x, f \ s \ x, h \ u \ s \ x)) \ (U \ i \ || \ xa) \ (U \ (Suc \ i) \ || \ Y \ (Suc \ i)))) = \\
& ((\forall i < n. \forall fa . U \ (Suc \ i) \ fa = f \ (s \ i \ fa) \ (xa \ fa)) \wedge ((\forall fa . h \ (U \ (n - 1) \ fa) \ (s \ (n - 1) \ fa) \ (xa \ fa) = b \ fa)))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\textbf{lemma } AAAAt: & s = (\lambda i . ssc \ a \ (U \ i) \ g \ xa \ i) \implies (\exists Y. Y \ 0 = ya \wedge Y \ n = b \wedge (\forall i < n. rel\text{-}pre\text{-}sts \ (\lambda b. b = a) \ (\lambda(s, u, x) \ y. y = (g \ u \ s \ x, f \ s \ x, h \ u \ s \ x)) \ (U \ i \ || \ xa) \ (U \ (Suc \ i) \ || \ Y \ (Suc \ i)))) \\
= & (if \ n = 0 \ then \ ya = b \ else \ ((\forall i < n. \forall fa . U \ (Suc \ i) \ fa = f \ (s \ i \ fa) \ (xa \ fa)) \wedge ((\forall fa . h \ (U \ (n - 1) \ fa) \ (s \ (n - 1) \ fa) \ (xa \ fa) = b \ fa)))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\textbf{lemma } BBBq: & s = ssc \ a \ (UUc \ ua \ a \ f \ g \ xa \ n) \ g \ xa \ n \implies (\forall s. s \ 0 = a \longrightarrow (\forall xb. (\forall fa < xb. s \ (Suc \ fa) = g \ (UUc \ ua \ a \ f \ g \ xa \ n \ fa) \ (s \ fa) \ (xa \ fa))) \longrightarrow p \ (UUc \ ua \ a \ f \ g \ xa \ n \ xb, s \ xb, xa \ xb))) = \\
& ((\forall xb. p \ (UUc \ ua \ a \ f \ g \ xa \ n \ xb, s \ xb, xa \ xb)))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\textbf{lemma } BBBk: & prec\text{-}pre\text{-}sts \ (\lambda b. b = a) \ (\lambda(s, u, x). p \ (u, s, x)) \ (\lambda(s, u, x) \ y. y = (g \ u \ s \ x, f \ s \ x, h \ u \ s \ x)) \ (UU \ ua \ a \ f \ g \ xa \ n \ || \ xa) = \\
& (\forall s . s \ 0 = a \longrightarrow (\forall xb. (\forall fa < xb. s \ (Suc \ fa) = g \ (UU \ ua \ a \ f \ g \ xa \ n \ fa) \ (s \ fa) \ (xa \ fa))) \longrightarrow p \ (UU \ ua \ a \ f \ g \ xa \ n \ xb, s \ xb, xa \ xb)))
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\textbf{lemma } ZZZaa: & (INF x. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). rel\text{-}pre\text{-}sts \ (\lambda b. b = a) \ (\lambda(s, u, x) \ y. y = (g \ u \ s \ x, f \ s \ x, h \ u \ s \ x)) \ (u \ || \ x) \ (u' \ || \ y') \wedge x = x') \ \hat{\wedge} \ x \ OO \ eqtop \ (x - Suc 0)) \\
& ((u, (y :: nat \Rightarrow 'c)), x) ((u', y' :: nat \Rightarrow 'c), x') =
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& (x = x' \wedge (\forall xa. \exists aa b. (\exists U. U 0 = u \wedge U xa = aa \wedge (\exists Y. Y 0 = y \wedge Y xa = b \wedge (\forall i < xa. \\
& \text{rel-pre-sts } (\lambda b. b = a) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (U i \parallel x) (U (Suc i) \parallel Y (Suc i)))))) \\
& \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. aa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. b i = y' i)))
\end{aligned}$$

lemma $TTTd$: $U = UUc u a f g x \implies (\text{INF } x. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). \text{rel-pre-sts } (\lambda b. b = a) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (u \parallel x) (u' \parallel y') \wedge x = x') \wedge x OO \text{eqtop} (x - Suc 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((u, (y::nat \Rightarrow 'c)), x) ((u', y'::nat \Rightarrow 'c), x') = \\
& (x = x' \wedge (\forall xa. \exists aa b. ((xa = 0 \rightarrow u = aa \wedge y = b) \wedge (0 < xa \rightarrow (U xa = aa \wedge (\forall k. h (U (xa - Suc 0) k) (ssc a (U (xa - Suc 0)) g x (xa - Suc 0) k) (x k) = b k)))))) \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. aa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. b i = y' i)))
\end{aligned}$$

lemma $TTTr$: $U = UUc u a f g x \implies (\text{INF } x. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). \text{rel-pre-sts } (\lambda b. b = a) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (u \parallel x) (u' \parallel y') \wedge x = x') \wedge x OO \text{eqtop} (x - Suc 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((u, (y::nat \Rightarrow 'c)), x) ((u', y'::nat \Rightarrow 'c), x') = \\
& (x = x' \wedge (\forall xa. \exists aa . (((xa = 0 \rightarrow u = aa) \wedge (0 < xa \rightarrow ((U xa = aa \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. aa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall k < xa - Suc 0. h (U (xa - Suc 0) k) (ssc a (U (xa - Suc 0)) g x (xa - Suc 0) k) (x k) = y' k))))))) \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. aa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall k < xa - Suc 0. h (U (xa - Suc 0) k) (ssc a (U (xa - Suc 0)) g x (xa - Suc 0) k) (x k) = y' k))))
\end{aligned}$$

lemma $TTTt$: $U = UUc u a f g x \implies (\text{INF } x. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). \text{rel-pre-sts } (\lambda b. b = a) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (u \parallel x) (u' \parallel y') \wedge x = x') \wedge x OO \text{eqtop} (x - Suc 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((u, (y::nat \Rightarrow 'c)), x) ((u', y'::nat \Rightarrow 'c), x') = \\
& (x = x' \wedge (\forall xa. (((xa = 0 \rightarrow True) \wedge (0 < xa \rightarrow ((\\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. U xa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall k < xa - Suc 0. h (U (xa - Suc 0) k) (ssc a (U (xa - Suc 0)) g x (xa - Suc 0) k) (x k) = y' k))))))) \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. U xa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall k < xa - Suc 0. h (U (xa - Suc 0) k) (ssc a (U (xa - Suc 0)) g x (xa - Suc 0) k) (x k) = y' k))))
\end{aligned}$$

lemma $TTTy$: $U = UUc u a f g x \implies (\text{INF } x. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). \text{rel-pre-sts } (\lambda b. b = a) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (u \parallel x) (u' \parallel y') \wedge x = x') \wedge x OO \text{eqtop} (x - Suc 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((u, (y::nat \Rightarrow 'c)), x) ((u', y'::nat \Rightarrow 'c), x') = \\
& (x = x' \wedge (\forall xa. (((0 < xa \rightarrow ((\\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. U xa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall k < xa - Suc 0. h (U (xa - Suc 0) k) (ssc a (U (xa - Suc 0)) g x (xa - Suc 0) k) (x k) = y' k))))))) \wedge \\
& (\forall i < xa - Suc 0. U xa i = u' i) \wedge (\forall k < xa - Suc 0. h (U (xa - Suc 0) k) (ssc a (U (xa - Suc 0)) g x (xa - Suc 0) k) (x k) = y' k))))
\end{aligned}$$

lemma $TTTz$: $(\text{INF } x. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). \text{rel-pre-sts } (\lambda b. b = a) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (u \parallel x) (u' \parallel y') \wedge x = x') \wedge x OO \text{eqtop} (x - Suc 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((u, (y::nat \Rightarrow 'c)), x) ((u', y'::nat \Rightarrow 'c), x') = \\
& (x = x' \wedge (\forall xa > 0 :: nat. (\forall i < xa - Suc (0 :: nat). f (SS a g f x i) (x i) = u' i) \wedge (\forall k < xa - Suc (0 :: nat). h (f (SS a g f x k) (x k)) (SS a g f x k) (x k) = y' k)))
\end{aligned}$$

lemma $TTTyt$: $(\text{INF } x. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). \text{rel-pre-sts } (\lambda b. b = a) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (u \parallel x) (u' \parallel y') \wedge x = x') \wedge x OO \text{eqtop} (x - Suc 0))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& ((u, (y::nat \Rightarrow 'c)), x) ((u', y'::nat \Rightarrow 'c), x') = (x = x' \wedge (\forall k . f (SS a g f x k) (x k) = u' k) \wedge (\forall k . h (f (SS a g f x k) (x k)) (SS a g f x k) (x k) = y' k))
\end{aligned}$$

lemma TTT : $(\text{INF } x. (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). \text{rel-pre-sts } (\lambda b. b = a) (\lambda(s, u, x) y. y = (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)) (u \parallel x) (u' \parallel y') \wedge x = x') \wedge x OO \text{eqtop} (x - Suc 0))$

$$= (\lambda ((u, (y::nat \Rightarrow 'c)), x) ((u', y'::nat \Rightarrow 'c), x') . (x = x' \wedge (\lambda k . f (SS a g f x k) (x k)) = u' \wedge$$

$(\lambda k . h (f (SS a g f x k) (x k)) (SS a g f x k) (x k)) = y')$

lemma *IterateOmegaA-DelayFeedback*: *IterateOmegaA* $([-\lambda((u, y), x). ((u, x), x)-] \circ ([-\lambda(x, y). x || y-] \circ DelayFeedback (\lambda x. x = a) \{.(s, u, x).p (u, s, x).\} \circ [-\lambda(s, u, x). (g u s x, f s x, h u s x)-]) \circ [-z \rightsquigarrow fst \circ z, snd \circ z-]) ** Skip = \{.((ua, ya), xa). \forall n xb. p (UUc ua a f g xa n xb, ssc a (UUc ua a f g xa n) g xa n xb, xa xb).\} \circ [:(u, y), x] \rightsquigarrow [(u', y'), x']. x = x' \wedge (\lambda k . f (SS a g f x k) (x k)) = u' \wedge (\lambda k . h (f (SS a g f x k) (x k)) (SS a g f x k) (x k)) = y':]$

lemma *angelic-not-demonic*: $p = (r \sqcap (\lambda x uy . x = snd uy)) \implies \{ :x \rightsquigarrow uy . p x uy : \} o [:uy \rightsquigarrow z . q (snd uy) z:] = \{ .x . (\exists u . p x (u, x)). \} o [:y \rightsquigarrow z . q y z:]$

lemma *SS-simp*: $\bigwedge xa . i < xa \implies ssc a (\lambda i. f (SS a g f x i) (x i)) g x xa i = SS a g f x i$

lemma *SS-simp-a*: $\bigwedge xa . xa \leq i \implies u = (\lambda i . f (SS a g f x i) (x i)) \implies ssc a u g x xa i = SS a g f x i$

lemma *SS-simp-b*: $u = (\lambda i . f (SS a g f x i) (x i)) \implies ssc a u g x xa i = SS a g f x i$

lemma *UU-SS-simp*: $\bigwedge i . u = (\lambda i . f (SS a g f x i) (x i)) \implies UUc u a f g x xa i = f (SS a g f x i) (x i) \wedge ssc a (UUc u a f g x xa) g x xa i = SS a g f x i$

```
declare ssc.simps [simp del]
declare SS.simps [simp del]
declare UUc.simps [simp del]
```

lemma *SSS*: $(\exists aa. \forall n xb. p (UUc aa a f g x n xb, ssc a (UUc aa a f g x n) g x n xb, x xb)) = (\forall n. p (f (SS a g f x n) (x n), SS a g f x n, x n))$

lemma *SSSa*: $\forall fa < xaa. s (Suc fa) = g (f (s fa) (x fa)) (s fa) (x fa) \implies i \leq xaa \implies s i = SS (s 0) g f x i$

lemma *SSSb*: $prec-pre-sts (\lambda s . s = a) (\lambda pa. p (f (fst pa) (snd pa), pa)) (\lambda p y. y = (g (f (fst p) (snd p)) (fst p) (snd p), h (f (fst p) (snd p)) (fst p) (snd p))) = (\lambda x . \forall n. p (f (SS a g f x n) (x n), SS a g f x n, x n))$

lemma *SSSc*: $\forall fa. s (Suc fa) = g (f (s fa) (x fa)) (s fa) (x fa) \implies SS (s 0) g f x i = s i$

lemma *SSSd*: $(rel-pre-sts (\lambda s. s = a) (\lambda p y. y = (g (f (fst p) (snd p)) (fst p) (snd p), h (f (fst p) (snd p)) (fst p) (snd p)))) = (\lambda x y . y = (\lambda k. h (f (SS a g f x k) (x k)) (SS a g f x k) (x k)))$

thm *IterateOmegaA-spec*

lemma *IterateOmegaA-update*: $IterateOmegaA [-f-] = [: INF n. (\lambda x y . f x = y) ^\wedge n OO eqtop (n - 1) :]$

lemma *power-example*: $(n :: nat) > 0 \implies ((\lambda((u :: nat \Rightarrow 'a, y :: nat \Rightarrow 'a), x :: nat \Rightarrow 'b) ((u', y'), x')). u = u' \wedge u = y' \wedge x = x') ^\wedge n$

$$= (\lambda((u, y), x) ((u', y'), x')). u = u' \wedge u = y' \wedge x = x')$$

lemma *power-example-a*: $(n::nat) > 0 \implies$
 $((\lambda((u::nat \Rightarrow 'a, y::nat \Rightarrow 'a), x::nat \Rightarrow 'b) ((u', y'), x')). u = u' \wedge u = y' \wedge x = x') \wedge n) ((a,b),$
 $c) ((a', b'), c')$
 $= (a = a' \wedge a = b' \wedge c = c')$

lemma *example-simp*: $\{x \rightsquigarrow ((u, y), x'). x = x'\} \circ \{((u, y), x) \rightsquigarrow ((u', y'), x'). u = u' \wedge u = y' \wedge x = x'\} \circ [-\lambda((u, y), x). y -] = \{\top\}$

lemma *Feedback-example*: $Feedback([-u::nat \Rightarrow 'a, x::nat \Rightarrow 'b \rightsquigarrow u, u -]) = \{\top\}$

lemma *Feedback-deterministic*: $init = (\lambda x . x = a) \implies$
 $DelayFeedback init (feedback(\{(u, s, x). p(u, s, x)\}) \circ [-\lambda(u, s, x). (f s x, g u s x, h u s x -)]) =$
 $Feedback([-u, x \rightsquigarrow u \parallel x -] o (DelayFeedback init ([-\lambda(s, (u, x)). (u, s, x) -]$
 $o \{p\} \circ [-u, s, x \rightsquigarrow f s x, g u s x, h u s x -])$
 $o [-v, s, y \rightsquigarrow s, v, y -])) o [-z \rightsquigarrow fst o z, snd o z -])$

lemma *DF-fb-simp*: $init = (\lambda x . x = a) \implies$
 $DelayFeedback init (feedback(\{(u, s, x). p(u, s, x)\}) \circ [-u, s, x \rightsquigarrow f s x, g u s x, h u s x -]) =$
 $\{x. \forall n. p(f(SS a g f x n)(x n), SS a g f x n, x n)\} \circ [y \rightsquigarrow z. z = (\lambda k. h(f(SS a g f y k)(y k))$
 $(SS a g f y k)(y k))]$

lemma *DF-fb-simp-a*: $init = (\lambda x . x = a) \implies$
 $DelayFeedback init (feedback(\{p\}) \circ [-\lambda(u, s, x). (f s x, g u s x, h u s x -)]) =$
 $\{x. \forall n. p(f(SS a g f x n)(x n), SS a g f x n, x n)\} \circ [y \rightsquigarrow z. z = (\lambda k. h(f(SS a g f y k)(y k))$
 $(SS a g f y k)(y k))]$

lemma *FB-DF-simp*: $init = (\lambda x . x = a) \implies$
 $Feedback([-u, x \rightsquigarrow nzip u x -] o (DelayFeedback init ([-\lambda(s, (u, x)). (u, s, x) -]$
 $o \{p\} \circ [-u, s, x \rightsquigarrow f s x, g u s x, h u s x -])$
 $o [-v, s, y \rightsquigarrow s, v, y -]) o [-z \rightsquigarrow fst o z, snd o z -])$
 $= \{x. \forall n. p(f(SS a g f x n)(x n), SS a g f x n, x n)\} \circ [y \rightsquigarrow z. z = (\lambda k. h(f(SS a g f y k)(y k))$
 $(SS a g f y k)(y k))]$

definition *init-ex* = $(\lambda s . s = (0::nat))$
definition *p1* = $(\lambda(u, s, x). u = s + 1)$
definition *f1* = $(\lambda s x. s + 1)$
definition *g1* = $(\lambda u s x. s + 1)$
definition *h1* = $(\lambda u s x. x)$
definition *spec-ex* = $\{(u, s, x). p1(u, s, x)\} o [-\lambda(u, s, x). (f1 s x, g1 u s x, h1 u s x -)]$

lemma *DelayFeedback-feedback-ex*: $DelayFeedback init-ex (feedback(spec-ex)) = [y \rightsquigarrow z. z = y]$

lemma *jjj*: $[x \rightsquigarrow ((x'', y), x'). x'' = x \wedge x = x'] \circ ([\lambda s. \square(\lambda s. s 0 = b)] ** Skip) ** Skip =$
 $[x \rightsquigarrow ((x'', y), x'). (\square(\lambda s. s 0 = b)) x'' \wedge x' = x]$

```

lemma [simp]: ( $\forall a. (\square (\lambda s. s 0 = b)) a \longrightarrow (\forall n xb. UUc a 0 (\lambda s x. Suc s) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n xb = Suc (ssc 0 (UUc a 0 (\lambda s x. Suc s) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n xb)))$ )
 $= ((\forall n xb. UUc (\lambda i . b) 0 (\lambda s x. Suc s) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n xb = Suc (ssc 0 (UUc (\lambda i . b) 0 (\lambda s x. Suc s) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n xb)))$ 

```

```

lemma [simp]: ( $((\forall n xb. UUc (\lambda i . b) 0 (\lambda s x. Suc s) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n xb = Suc (ssc 0 (UUc (\lambda i . b) 0 (\lambda s x. Suc s) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n) (\lambda u s x. Suc s) x n xb))) = False$ )

```

```

lemma FeedbackA-example:  $init = (\lambda s . s = b) \implies$ 
FeedbackA (InitDF init) ( $[- u, x \rightsquigarrow nzip u x -]$ ) o (DelayFeedback init-ex ( $[- \lambda (s, (u, x)) . (u, s, x) -]$ )

```

```

 $\begin{aligned} & o \text{ spec-ex} \\ & o [- v, s, y \rightsquigarrow s, v, y -]) o [- z \rightsquigarrow fst o z, snd o z -] \\ & \perp \end{aligned}$ 

```

```

definition init-ex-a =  $(\lambda s . s = (0::nat))$ 
definition p1-a =  $(\lambda (u, s, x) . u = s + 1)$ 
definition f1-a =  $(\lambda s x. s + 1)$ 
definition g1-a =  $(\lambda u s x. s + 1)$ 
definition h1-a =  $(\lambda u s x. x + s)$ 
definition spec-ex-a =  $\{.p1-a.\} o [-\lambda (u, s, x). (f1-a s x, g1-a u s x, h1-a u s x)-]$ 

```

```

lemma [simp]: SS 0 ( $\lambda u s x. Suc s$ ) ( $\lambda s x. Suc s$ ) y k = k

```

```

lemma DelayFeedback-feedback-ex-a: DelayFeedback init-ex-a (feedback ( spec-ex-a )) = [:y \rightsquigarrow z. z = ( $\lambda k. y k + k$ ):]
end

```

5 Overview of the Refinement Calculus of Reactive Systems (RCRS)

```

theory RCRS-Overview imports Feedback/ReactiveFeedback
begin

```

This theory file refers to the results presented in the paper "The Refinement Calculus of Reactive Systems", by Preoteasa, Dragomir, and Tripakis, on arxiv.org, 2017, and under submission to a journal.

The section, subsection, etc., numbers and titles below refer to those in the aforementioned paper.

5.1 Section 3: Language

5.1.1 Section 3.1: An Algebra of Components

The grammar of components defined in Section 3.1 is not explicitly formalized in this theory. However, GEN_STS, STATELESS_STS, DET_STS, DET_STATELESS_STS, and QLTL components can be defined as semantic objects as they are given in Section 4.3

5.1.2 Section 3.2: Symbolic Transition System Components

5.1.3 Section 3.2.1: General STS Components

The semantics version of an STS component is given by the next definition which matches equation (6) from the paper. Another difference between the semantic sts defined here and the syntactic version from the paper is that init and r are functions in the semantic version.

definition $sts\ init\ r = \{.\ -illegal-sts\ init\ (inpt\ r)\ r\ .\} o [:\ x \rightsquigarrow y\ .\ \exists\ s\ .\ (init\ (s\ 0)\ \wedge\ run-sts\ r\ s\ x\ y)\ :]$

definition $C1\text{-}sts = sts\ (\lambda\ s\ .\ s > 0)\ (\lambda\ (s,(n,x))\ (s',y)\ .\ s' > s\ \wedge\ y + s = x \wedge n)$
definition $C2\text{-}sts = sts\ (\lambda\ s\ .\ s > 0)\ (\lambda\ (s,z)\ (s',y)\ .\ s' > s\ \wedge\ y + s = (snd\ z) \wedge (fst\ z))$

lemma $C1\text{-}sts = C2\text{-}sts$

definition $UnitDelay = sts\ (\lambda\ s\ .\ s = 0)\ (\lambda\ (s,x)\ (s',y)\ .\ y = s \wedge s' = x)$

definition $Sum\text{-}sts = sts\ (\lambda\ s\ .\ s = (0::nat))\ (\lambda\ (s,x)\ (s',y)\ .\ y = s \wedge s' = s + x)$

definition $C\text{-}sts = sts\ (\lambda\ s\ .\ s = 0)\ (\lambda\ (s,x)\ (s',y)\ .\ x + s \leq y)$

definition $Div\text{-}sts = sts\ \top\ (\lambda\ (s::unit,(x,y))\ (s'::unit,\ z)\ .\ y \neq 0 \wedge z = x / y)$

definition $Integrator\ dt = sts\ (\lambda\ s\ .\ s = 0)\ (\lambda\ (s,x)\ (s',y)\ .\ y = s \wedge s' = s + x * dt)$

definition $TransferFcn\ dt = sts\ (\lambda\ (s,t)\ .\ s = 0 \wedge t = 0)\ (\lambda\ ((s,t),x)\ ((s',t'),y)\ .\ y = -8 * s + 2 * x \wedge s' = s + (-4 * s - 2 * t + x) * dt \wedge t' = t + s * dt)$

5.1.4 Section 3.2.2: Variable Name Scope

definition $A\text{-}sts = sts\ (\lambda\ s\ .\ s > 0)\ (\lambda\ (s,(x,y))\ (s',z)\ .\ z > s + x + y)$
definition $B\text{-}sts = sts\ (\lambda\ t\ .\ t > 0)\ (\lambda\ (t,(u,v))\ (t',w)\ .\ w > t + u + v)$

lemma $A\text{-}sts = B\text{-}sts$

5.1.5 Section 3.2.3: Stateless STS Components

The semantic version of the stateless STS component is defined using the mapping stateless2sts from the paper.

definition $stateless\text{-}sts\ r = sts\ \top\ (\lambda\ (u::unit,x)\ (v::unit,y)\ .\ r\ x\ y)$

definition $Id\text{-}sts = stateless\text{-}sts\ (\lambda\ x\ y\ .\ y = x)$

definition $Add\text{-}sts = stateless\text{-}sts\ (\lambda\ (x,y)\ z\ .\ z = x + y)$

definition $Split\text{-}sts = stateless\text{-}sts\ (\lambda\ x\ (y,z)\ .\ y = x \wedge z = x)$

Div components can also be defined as sts component

lemma $Div\text{-}stateless: Div\text{-}sts = stateless\text{-}sts\ (\lambda\ (x,y)\ z\ .\ y \neq 0 \wedge z = x / y)$

5.1.6 Section 3.2.3: Deterministic STS Components

The semantic version of the deterministic STS component is defined using the mapping det2sts from the paper.

definition $\text{det-sts } s0 \ p \ \text{state } out = \text{sts } (\lambda s . s = s0) (\lambda (s,x) (s',y) . p (s, x) \wedge s' = \text{state } (s,x) \wedge y = out (s, x))$

lemma $\text{UnitDelay-det: } \text{UnitDelay} = \text{det-sts } 0 \top (\lambda (s::'a::zero, x) . x) (\lambda (s, x) . s)$

lemma $\text{Id-sts-det: } \text{Id-sts} = \text{det-sts } () \top (\lambda (s::unit, x) . ()) (\lambda (s::unit, x) . x)$

lemma $\text{Add-sts-det: } \text{Add-sts} = \text{det-sts } () \top (\lambda (s::unit, (x,y)) . ()) (\lambda (s::unit, (x,y)) . x + y)$

lemma $\text{Div-sts-det: } \text{Div-sts} = \text{det-sts } () (\lambda (s::unit, (x,y)) . y \neq 0) (\lambda (s::unit, (x,y)) . ()) (\lambda (s::unit, (x,y)) . x / y)$

lemma $\text{Split-sts-det: } \text{Split-sts} = \text{det-sts } () \top (\lambda (s::unit, x) . ()) (\lambda (s::unit, x) . (x, x))$

lemma $\text{Sum-sts-det: } \text{Sum-sts} = \text{det-sts } 0 \top (\lambda (s, x) . s + x) (\lambda (s, x) . s)$

5.1.7 Section 3.2.3: Stateless Deterministic STS Components

The semantic version of the stateless deterministic STS component is defined using the mapping `stateless_det2det` from the paper.

definition $\text{stateless-det-sts } p \ out = \text{det-sts } () (\lambda (s::unit, x) . p \ x) (\lambda (s::unit, x) . ()) (\lambda (s::unit, x) . out \ x)$

Many of the examples introduced above are both deterministic and stateless

lemma $\text{Id-sts-stateless-det: } \text{Id-sts} = \text{stateless-det-sts } \top (\lambda x . x)$

lemma $\text{Add-sts-stateless-det: } \text{Add-sts} = \text{stateless-det-sts } \top (\lambda (x, y) . x + y)$

lemma $\text{Split-sts-stateless-det: } \text{Split-sts} = \text{stateless-det-sts } \top (\lambda x . (x, x))$

lemma $\text{Div-sts-stateless-det: } \text{Div-sts} = \text{stateless-det-sts } (\lambda (x, y) . y \neq 0) (\lambda (x, y) . x / y)$

`fdbk` is similar to `Feedback` but it requires the argument to have as input and output traces of pairs, while `Feedback` has as input and output pairs of traces.

definition $\text{fdbk } S = \text{Feedback } ([- u, x \rightsquigarrow u || x -] o S o [- uy \rightsquigarrow fst o uy, snd o uy -])$

Here is how the "Sum" composite component is defined (Simulink diagram in Fig.2).

definition $\text{Sum-comp} = \text{fdbk } (\text{Add-sts} o \text{UnitDelay} o \text{Split-sts})$

We can prove later that $\text{Sum_sts} = \text{Sum_comp}$

thm Sum-sts-def

thm sts-def

5.1.8 Section 3.3: Quantified Linear Temporal Logic Components

5.1.9 Section 3.3.1: QLTL

For details on how QLTL is formalized in RCRS/Isabelle, see `Temporal.thy`

Lemma 1.

1. $\text{top_dep } p$ is the semantic equivalent of p does not contain temporal operators.

definition $\text{EXISTS} = \text{SUPREMUM UNIV}$

definition $\text{FORALL} = \text{INFIMUM UNIV}$

The functions EXISTS and FORALL model the existential and universal quantifiers for QLTL formulas. If $p : A \rightarrow B \rightarrow \text{bool}$ is a predicate with two parameters, then $\text{EXISTSp} : B \rightarrow \text{bool}$ is a predicate with one parameter and $\text{EXISTSpb} = (\exists a.p a b)$.

lemma $\text{lemma-1-1: top-dep } p \implies \text{EXISTS } (\square p) = \square (\text{EXISTS } p)$

2.

lemma $\text{lemma-1-2: } p \text{ leads } p = \square p$

3.

lemma $\text{lemma-1-3: } \top \text{ leads } p = \square p$

4.

lemma $\text{lemma-1-4: } p \text{ leads } \top = \top$

5.

lemma $\text{lemma-1-5: } p \text{ leads } \perp = \perp$

6.

lemma $\text{lemma-1-6: top-dep } p \implies \text{FORALL } (p \text{ leads } (\lambda y . q)) = ((\text{EXISTS } p) \text{ leads } q)$

5.1.10 Section 3.3.2: QLTL Components

Semantically a QLTL component is a guarded property transformer on input output traces defined by a QLTL property. If $\alpha x y$ is a QLTL property then the QLTL component of α is:

definition $qltl \alpha = \{:\alpha:\}$

However, for QLTL components, we use the syntax $\{:\alpha:\}$ and its variant $\{ : x \rightsquigarrow y.expr :\}$, where $expr$ is a QLTL expression on x and y

For example the oven QLTL component is defined by

definition $\text{thermostat} = \square (\lambda t . 180 \leq t \ (0::nat) \wedge t \ 0 \leq 220)$

definition $\text{oven} = (\lambda t . t \ 0 = (20::nat)) \sqcap ((\lambda t . t \ 0 < t \ 1 \wedge t \ 0 < 180) \text{ until thermostat})$

definition $\text{thermostat-liveness} = \Diamond (\lambda t . t \ (0::nat) > 200)$

definition $\text{Oven-qltl} = \{ :x:(nat \Rightarrow unit) \rightsquigarrow t . \text{oven } t : \}$

5.1.11 Section 3.4: Well Formed Components

Since in Isabelle the components are semantic objects, they are well formed if they type check in Isabelle

Next definition introduced a variant of the parallel composition closer to the parallel composition from the paper. In the paper we assume that traces of pairs are equivalent to pair of traces $(x, y) = (\lambda i.(x i, y i))$. The input of the new parallel composition variant is a trace of pairs, and the output is also a trace of pairs.

```

definition parallel-component :: (((nat ⇒ 'a) ⇒ bool) ⇒ ((nat ⇒ 'b) ⇒ bool)) ⇒ (((nat ⇒ 'c) ⇒ bool)
⇒ ((nat ⇒ 'd) ⇒ bool))
    ⇒ (((nat ⇒ 'a × 'c) ⇒ bool) ⇒ ((nat ⇒ 'b × 'd) ⇒ bool))
    (infixr *** 70)
where
(S *** T) = [−uv ~ fst o uv, snd o uv −] o (S ** T) o [−x,y ~ x || y −]

definition Switch1 = stateless-det-sts ⊤ (λ (x,y). ((x,y),x))
definition Switch2 = stateless-det-sts ⊤ (λ ((u,v),x). ((u,x),v))

definition Fig3 A B C = A o Switch1 o (B *** Id-sts) o Switch2 o (C *** Id-sts)

```

5.2 Section 4: Semantics

5.2.1 Section 4.1: Monotonic Property Transformers

Definition 8 (Skip) can be found in Refinement.thy. You can see the definition by placing your cursor on the line "thm Skip_def". You can also control-click on "Skip_def" to be taken automatically to the definition.

thm Skip-def

Definition 9 (Fail) can be found in Refinement.thy.

thm Fail-def

Definition 10 (Assert) can be found in Refinement.thy.

thm assert-def

Definition 11 (Demonic update) can be found in Refinement.thy.

thm demonic-def

```

definition DemonicEx1 = [:x, y ~ z. ( ∀ i. z i = x i + y i) :]
definition DemonicEx3 = [: x ~ y. y = ( λ i. x i + 1) :]

```

Lemma 2. The first equality is proved below; the second and third are proved in Refinement.thy by lemmas assert_true_skip and assert_rel_skip, whose definitions are repeated below.

```

lemma skip-demonic-rel: Skip = [: x ~ x'. x' = x :]
thm assert-true-skip
thm assert-rel-skip

```

Definition 12 (Angelic update) can be found in Refinement.thy.

thm angelic-def

Lemma 3.

```

lemma assert-angelic-upd: { .p. } = { : x ~ x'. p x ∧ x' = x : }

```

Results for serial composition. These results are proved in Refinement.thy by mono_comp_a, comp_skip and skip_comp.

```

thm mono-comp-a
thm comp-skip
thm skip-comp

```

Definition 13 (Product) can be found in Refinement.thy. Instead of the product notation \otimes used in the paper, the notation $**$ is used in RCRS/Isabelle. That is, product corresponds to parallel composition.

thm *Prod-def*

Lemma 4 is proved in Refinement.thy by lemma mono_prod.

thm *mono-prod*

Skip with Unit as input and output type is the neutral element for product.

lemma $[:x \rightsquigarrow y. r x y:] ** (\text{Skip}:(\text{unit} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (\text{unit} \Rightarrow \text{bool})) = [: (x, u:\text{unit}) \rightsquigarrow (y, v:\text{unit}). r x y :]$

lemma $(\text{Skip}:(\text{unit} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow (\text{unit} \Rightarrow \text{bool})) ** [:r:] = [: (u:\text{unit}, x) \rightsquigarrow (v:\text{unit}, y). r x y :]$

Definition 14 (Fusion) can be found in Refinement.thy.

thm *Fusion-def*

Lemma 5 is proved in Refinement.thy by lemma Fusion_spec.

thm *Fusion-spec*

Definition 15 (IterateOmega) can be found in DelayFeedback.thy.

thm *IterateOmegaA-def*

Definition 16 (Feedback) can be found in DelayFeedback.thy.

thm *Feedback-def*

thm *IterateOmegaA-def*

thm *IterateMaskA-def*

thm *Mask-def*

Computing feedback of delayed sum.

definition $S\text{-comp} = [- \lambda (u, x). ((\lambda i. \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } x(i - 1) + u(i - 1)), (\lambda i. \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } x(i - 1) + u(i - 1))) -]$

definition $T\text{-comp} = [-(u, (y:\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat})), x \rightsquigarrow ((u:\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}), x), x -] \circ S\text{-comp} ** \text{Skip}$

lemma *T-comp-simp: T-comp*

$= [-(u,y), x \rightsquigarrow ((\lambda i. \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } x(i - 1) + u(i - 1)), (\lambda i. \text{if } i = 0 \text{ then } 0 \text{ else } x(i - 1) + u(i - 1))), x -]$

thm *Summ.simps*

lemma *Summ-Suc: Summ* $(\lambda a. b (\text{Suc } a)) n + b 0 = \text{Summ } b n + b n$

lemma *Summ-at-Suc: $\bigwedge b . \text{Summ } (b[\text{Suc } k ..]) n + b k = \text{Summ } (b[k..]) n + b (n + k)$*

lemma *T-comp-power: T-comp $\wedge\wedge (\text{Suc } n) =$*

$[-(u,y), x \rightsquigarrow ((\lambda i. \text{if } i \leq n \text{ then } \text{Summ } x i \text{ else } \text{Summ } (x[i - \text{Suc } n..]) (\text{Suc } n) + u (i - \text{Suc } n)), (\lambda i. \text{if } i \leq n \text{ then } \text{Summ } x i \text{ else } \text{Summ } (x[i - \text{Suc } n..]) (\text{Suc } n) + u (i - \text{Suc } n))), x -]$

lemma *T-comp-IterateMaskA: IterateMaskA T-comp n = [: (u, y), x \rightsquigarrow (u', y'), x' .*

$(\forall i < n - 1 . x' i = x i \wedge y' i = \text{Summ } x i \wedge u' i = y' i):]$

Next lemma proves relation (1) from the paper.

lemma *Feedback-S-comp: Feedback S-comp = [−Summ−]*

Definition 17 (Refinement) is part of the Isabelle libraries (Orderings.thy). Since MPTs are functions, refinement is simply an ordering on functions:

thm *le-fun-def*

Theorem 1

Theorem 1.1. These results are proved in Refinement.thy by lemmas mono_comp, prod_mono1, prod_mono2, and fusion_mono1.

thm *mono-comp*

thm *prod-mono1*

thm *prod-mono2*

thm *Fusion-refinement*

thm *fusion-mono1*

Theorem 1.2.

lemma *theorem-1-2*: *mono S* $\implies S \leq T \implies \text{IterateOmegaA } S \leq \text{IterateOmegaA } T$

Theorem 1.3.

lemma *theorem-1-3*: *S ≤ T* $\implies \text{Feedback } S \leq \text{Feedback } T$

5.2.2 Section 4.2: Subclasses of MPTs

Def.18 simply defines the terminology RPT. Note that Property Transformers are instances of Predicate Transformers (and predicate transformers are themselves instances of functions). A predicate transformer is a function of type $('a \rightarrow \text{bool}) \rightarrow ('b \rightarrow \text{bool})$ where types '*a*' and '*b*' are arbitrary. When these types are types of infinite sequences, we get a property transformer, which is a function of type: $((\text{nat} \rightarrow 'a) \rightarrow \text{bool}) \rightarrow ((\text{nat} \rightarrow 'b) \rightarrow \text{bool})$.

Much of the RCRS formalization in Isabelle is done in terms of predicate transformers, in order to establish more general results. Results that hold for (general) predicate transformers automatically hold also for (the more specific) property transformers.

We sometimes wish to work with property transformers directly. Below, we define the construct "sts init r", which produces a property transformer of type $((\text{nat} \rightarrow 'a) \rightarrow \text{bool}) \rightarrow ((\text{nat} \rightarrow 'b) \rightarrow \text{bool})$ where init is of type $('c \rightarrow \text{bool})$ and r of type $('c \times 'b \rightarrow 'c \times 'a \rightarrow \text{bool})$.

A series of small RPT examples after Def.18, stated as lemmas:

lemma *Fail-is-a-RPT*: *Fail = { . x . False . } o [: x ~> y . True :]*

lemma *Skip-is-a-RPT*: *Skip = { . x . True. } o [: x ~> y . y = x :]*

lemma *Assert-is-a-RPT*: *{ .p. } = { .p. } o [: x ~> y . y = x :]*

lemma *Demonic-is-a-RPT*: *[:r:] = { .T. } o [:r:]*

definition *RPT-S1* = *{ . T . } o [: (x, y) ~> z . y ≠ 0 ∧ z = x / y :]*

definition *RPT-S2* = *{ . (x, y) . y ≠ 0 . } o [: (x, y) ~> z . z = x / y :]*

Theorem 2 is proved in Refinement.thy by lemmas assert_demonic_comp, Prod_spec, fusion_spec

thm *assert-demonic-comp*

thm *Prod-spec*

thm *Fusion-spec*

The theorem 2 in the paper uses Fusion applied to two RPTs, but Fusion_spec is proved for an arbitrary number of RPTs.

RPTs are not closed under Feedback operation.

lemma *Feedback* $[-u::nat \Rightarrow 'a, x::nat \Rightarrow 'b \rightsquigarrow u, u-] = \{\top\}$

Theorem 3 is proved in Refinement.thy by lemma assert_demonic_refinement

thm *assert-demonic-refinement*

5.2.3 Section 4.2.2: Guarded MPTs

Definition 19 is given in Refinement.thy by the definition of *trs*

thm *trs-def*

thm *Magic-def*

lemma *MagicAlternativeDef*: $Magic = [x \rightsquigarrow y . False]$

lemma *Fail-is-a-GPT*: $Fail = \{\perp\}$

lemma *Skip-is-s-GPT*: $Skip = \{x \rightsquigarrow y . y = x\}$

lemma *Assert-is-a-GPT*: $\{p.\} = \{x \rightsquigarrow y . p x \wedge y = x\}$

lemma *inpt r = T* $\implies [r] = \{r\}$

lemma $[r] = \{r\} \implies inpt r = T$

Theorem 4 is proved in Refinement.thy by lemmas trs_trs and trs_prod.

thm *trs-trs*

thm *trs-prod*

Corollary 1 is proved in Refinement.thy by lemmas trs_refinement.

thm *trs-refinement*

5.2.4 Section 4.3: Semantics of Components as MPTs

As mentioned already, the components are semantic objects. The semantics of qltl component, relation (2), is the definition qltl_def. The semantics of the serial composition, relation (3), is the function composition of property transformers. The semantics of the parallel composition, relation (4), is the definition parallel_component_def. The semantics of the feedback composition, relation (5), is the definition fdbk_def

thm *qltl-def*

thm *parallel-component-def*

thm *fdbk-def*

Lemma 6.

lemma *lemma-6*: $\{x \rightsquigarrow y . inpt r x \wedge r x y\} = \{x \rightsquigarrow y . r x y\}$

The semantics of the sts components, relation (6), is given by sts_def

thm *sts-def*

The semantics of the other components are given by their definitions:

```
thm stateless-sts-def
thm det-sts-def
thm stateless-det-sts-def
```

Next lemma is an auxiliary results that links the definition oo sts to LocalSystem defined in RefinementReactive.thy.

```
lemma sts-LocalSystem: sts init r = LocalSystem init (inpt r) r

lemma sts-inpt-top: inpt r = ⊤ ==> sts init r = [:rel-pre-sts init r:]

lemma stateless2LocalSystem: stateless-sts r = LocalSystem (⊤::unit⇒bool) (λ (s::unit, x) . inpt r x)
(λ (s::unit, x) (s'::unit, y) . r x y)

lemma det2LocalSystem: det-sts s0 p state out = LocalSystem (λ s . s = s0) p (λ (s,x) (s',y) . s' =
state (s,x) ∧ y = out (s, x) )

lemma stateless-det2LocalSystem: stateless-det-sts p out = LocalSystem (⊤::unit⇒bool) (λ (s::unit, x) .
p x) (λ (s::unit, x) (s'::unit, y) . y = out x)
```

Lemma 7.

```
theorem stateless-det2stateless: stateless-det-sts p out = stateless-sts (λ x y . p x ∧ y = out x)
```

```
thm Sum-comp-def
```

5.2.5 Section 4.3.1: Example: Two Alternative Derivations of the Semantics of Diagram Sum

```
lemma Add-sts-simp: Add-sts = [−ux ~› (λ i . fst (ux i) + snd (ux i))−]

lemma UnitDelay-simp: UnitDelay = [−x ~› (λ i . if i = 0 then 0 else x (i − 1))−]

lemma Split-sts-simp: Split-sts = [−x ~› (λ i . (x i, x i))−]

lemma Sum-comp-simp: Sum-comp = [−Summ−]
```

The SumAtomic sts is the same as Sum_sts defined above

```
thm Sum-sts-def
```

```
lemma Sum-sts-simp: Sum-sts = [: x ~› y . ∃ s . s 0 = 0 ∧ (∀ i . y i = s i ∧ s (Suc i) = s i + x i) :]

lemma Sum-comp-Sum-sts: Sum-comp = Sum-sts

lemmas ex1 = Sum-comp-Sum-sts
```

5.2.6 Section 4.3.2: Characterization of Legal Input Traces

The function legal from the paper is implemented by the function prec in the Isabelle theories

```
definition legal S = S ⊤
lemma legal-prec: legal S = ((prec S)::'a::boolean-algebra)
```

Lemma 8 is proved below.

```

lemma legal-RPT: legal ({{.p.}} o [:r::'a ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool:]) = p
lemma legal-GPT: legal ([:r:]) = (inpt r)
lemma legal-sts-1: legal (sts init r) = (-illegal-sts init (inpt r) r)
lemma legal-sts-2: legal (sts init r) = (prec-pre-sts init (inpt r) r)
lemma legal-qtl: legal (qtl r) = (inpt r)
lemmas lemma-8 = legal-RPT legal-GPT legal-sts-1 legal-sts-2 legal-qtl

```

Theorem 5. The first result is the associativity of function composition. The second item cannot be expressed as clean as in the paper. In the paper we assume concatenation of tuples that cannot be defined in Isabelle

thm comp-assoc

```

theorem theorem-5-2: S ** (S' ** S'') = [-x,y,z ~> (x,y), z-] o ((S ** S') ** S'') o [-(x,y),z ~> x,y,z-]

```

Theorem 5. The third item is proved next

```

lemma (Skip ** Magic) o (Fail ** Fail) ≠ (Skip o Fail) ** (Magic o Fail)

```

```

theorem theorem-5-3-aux: p ≤ inpt r ⇒ p' ≤ inpt r' ⇒ ((({{.p.}} o [:r:]) ** {{.p'.}} o [:r'])) o ((({{.q.}} o [:s:]) ** {{.q'.}} o [:s'])))
= ((({{.p.}} o [:r:]) o ({{.q.}} o [:s:])) ** ((({{.p'.}} o [:r']) o ({{.q'.}} o [:s']))))

```

```

theorem theorem-5-3: ([:r:] ** {:r'}) o (({{.q.}} o [:s:]) ** {{.q'.}} o [:s'])))
= ([:r:] o ({{.q.}} o [:s:])) ** ([:r'] o ({{.q'.}} o [:s'])))

```

Theorem 5. The fourth result is proved by in Refinement.thy by lemma mono_comp, by lemma prod_ref below and in ReactiveRefinement.thy by lemma Feedback_refin, respectively.

thm mono-comp

```

lemma prod-ref: S ≤ S' ⇒ T ≤ T' ⇒ S ** T ≤ S' ** T'

```

```

lemma theorem-5-4-c: mono S ⇒ S ≤ T ⇒ fdbk S ≤ fdbk T

```

```

lemmas theorem-5 = comp-assoc theorem-5-2 theorem-5-3
mono-comp prod-ref theorem-5-4-c

```

```

lemma theorem-6: (S ≤ T) = (forall p q . Hoare (p::'a::order) S q → Hoare p T q)

```

5.3 Section 5: Symbolic Reasoning

Theorem 7.

```

definition sts2qtl init r = (λ x y . prec-pre-sts init (inpt r) r x ∧ rel-pre-sts init r x y)

```

```

thm prec-pre-sts-def
thm rel-pre-sts-def

```

```

theorem theorem-7-sts-a: init a ⇒ sts init r = {:sts2qtl init r:}

```

theorem *theorem-7-sts*: $\text{init } a \implies \text{sts init } r = \text{qltl } (\text{sts2qltl init } r)$

lemma *stateless-sts-simp*: $\text{stateless-sts } r = \{\cdot(\square (\lambda x . \text{inpt } r (x 0)))\} o [\cdot(\square (\lambda x y . r (x 0) (y 0)))]$

theorem *theorem-7-stateless-sts-a*: $\text{stateless-sts } r = \{\cdot(\square (\lambda x y . r (x (0::nat)) (y (0::nat))))\}$

theorem *theorem-7-stateless-sts*: $\text{stateless-sts } r = \text{qltl } (\square (\lambda x y . r (x (0::nat)) (y (0::nat))))$

lemmas *theorem-7 = theorem-7-sts theorem-7-stateless-sts*

lemma *stateless-sts* $(\lambda x y . y > x) = \text{qltl } (\square (\lambda x y . y (0::nat) > x (0::nat)))$

lemma *stateless-sts* $(\lambda x (y::unit) . x > 0) = \text{qltl } (\square (\lambda x y . x (0::nat) > 0))$

lemma *UnitDelay* $= \text{qltl } (\lambda x y . y 0 = 0 \wedge (\square (\lambda x y . y (1::nat) = x (0::nat))) x y)$

5.3.1 Section 5.3: Symbolic Computation of Serial Composition.

Theorem 8 for Equation 13.

theorem *qltl-serial-a*: $r'' = (\lambda x z . (\forall y . r x y \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r' y) \wedge (\exists y . r x y \wedge r' y z))$
 $\implies \{\cdot r\} o \{\cdot r'\} = \{\cdot r''\}$

theorem *qltl-serial*: $r'' = (\lambda x z . (\forall y . r x y \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r' y) \wedge (\exists y . r x y \wedge r' y z))$
 $\implies \text{qltl } r o \text{qltl } r' = \text{qltl } r''$

Theorem 8 for Equation 14.

definition *sts-comp-rel* $r r' = (\lambda ((u,v), x) ((u',v'), z) . \text{inpt } r (u,x) \wedge (\forall y u' . r (u, x) (u',y) \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r' (v,y)) \wedge (\exists y . r (u,x) (u',y) \wedge r' (v,y) (v',z)))$

theorem *sts-serial*: $\text{init}' a \implies \text{sts init } r o \text{sts init}' r' = \text{sts } (\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{sts-comp-rel } r r')$

Theorem 8 for Equation 15.

theorem *stateless-serial*: $\text{stateless-sts } r o \text{stateless-sts } r'$
 $= \text{stateless-sts } (\lambda x z . (\forall y . r x y \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r' y) \wedge (\exists y . r x y \wedge r' y z))$

Theorem 8 for Equation 16.

theorem *det-serial*: $\text{det-sts } s0 p \text{ state out } o \text{ det-sts } s0' p' \text{ state' out'}$
 $= \text{det-sts } (s0, s0') (\lambda ((s,s'), x) . p (s, x) \wedge p' (s', \text{out} (s, x))) (\lambda ((s,s'), x) . (\text{state} (s, x), \text{state'} (s', \text{out} (s, x))))$
 $(\lambda ((s,s'), x) . (\text{out}' (s', \text{out} (s, x))))$

Theorem 8 for Equation 17.

theorem *stateless-det-serial*: $\text{stateless-det-sts } p \text{ out } o \text{ stateless-det-sts } p' \text{ out}' =$
 $= \text{stateless-det-sts } (p \sqcap (p' o \text{out})) (\text{out}' o \text{out})$

lemmas *theorem-8 = qltl-serial sts-serial stateless-serial det-serial stateless-det-serial*

definition *C1-comp* $= \text{stateless-sts } \top$

definition *C2-comp* $= \text{stateless-det-sts } (\lambda (x, y) . y \neq (0::real)) (\lambda (x, y) . x / y)$

lemma $C1\text{-comp} \circ C2\text{-comp} = \text{stateless-sts } \perp$

lemma assumes $x: x = (\lambda x y . x (0::nat))$ **and** $y: y = (\lambda x y . y (0::nat))$
shows $\text{qllt } (\square (x \rightarrow \Diamond y)) \circ \text{qllt } (\square \Diamond x) = \text{qllt } (\square \Diamond x)$

5.3.2 Section 5.4: Symbolic Computation of Parallel composition

Theorem 9 for Equation 18.

theorem $\text{qllt-parallel-}a: \{ :r : \} ** \{ :r' : \} = \{ : (x, x') \rightsquigarrow (y, y') . r x y \wedge r' x' y' : \}$

theorem $\text{qllt-parallel-}b: \{ :r : \} *** \{ :r' : \} = \{ : x \rightsquigarrow y . r (\text{fst } o x) (\text{fst } o y) \wedge r' (\text{snd } o x) (\text{snd } o y) : \}$

theorem $\text{qllt-parallel: qllt } r ** \text{qllt } r' = \text{qllt } (\lambda (x, x') (y, y') . r x y \wedge r' x' y')$

Theorem 9 for Equation 19.

theorem $\text{sts-parallel-}a: \text{init } a \implies \text{init}' b \implies \text{sts init } r ** \text{sts init}' r' =$
 $[- (x, x') \rightsquigarrow x || x' -] \circ \text{sts } (\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{rel-prod-sts } r r') \circ [- y \rightsquigarrow (\text{fst } o y, \text{snd } o y) -]$

lemma $\text{split-nzip: } [- uv \rightsquigarrow (\text{fst } o uv, \text{snd } o uv) -] \circ [- (x, x') \rightsquigarrow x || x' -] = [- id -]$

theorem $\text{sts-parallel: init } a \implies \text{init}' b \implies \text{sts init } r *** \text{sts init}' r' = \text{sts } (\text{prod-pred init init}') (\text{rel-prod-sts } r r')$

Theorem 9 for Equation 20.

theorem $\text{stateless-parallel-}a: \text{stateless-sts } r ** \text{stateless-sts } r' =$
 $[- (x, x') \rightsquigarrow x || x' -] \circ \text{stateless-sts } (\lambda (x, x') (y, y') . r x y \wedge r' x' y') \circ [- y \rightsquigarrow (\text{fst } o y, \text{snd } o y) -]$

theorem $\text{stateless-parallel: stateless-sts } r *** \text{stateless-sts } r' = \text{stateless-sts } (\lambda (x, x') (y, y') . r x y \wedge r' x' y')$

Theorem 9 for Equation 21.

theorem $\text{det-parallel-}a: (\text{det-sts } s0 p \text{ state out}) ** (\text{det-sts } s0' p' \text{ state' out'})$
 $= [- (x, x') \rightsquigarrow x || x' -] \circ \text{det-sts } (s0, s0') (\text{prec-prod-sts } p p') (\lambda ((s, s'), (x, x')) . (\text{state } (s, x), \text{state}' (s', x'))) .$
 $(\lambda ((s, s'), (x, x')) . (\text{out } (s, x), \text{out}' (s', x'))) \circ [- y \rightsquigarrow (\text{fst } o y, \text{snd } o y) -]$

theorem $\text{det-parallel: } (\text{det-sts } s0 p \text{ state out}) *** (\text{det-sts } s0' p' \text{ state' out'})$
 $= \text{det-sts } (s0, s0') (\text{prec-prod-sts } p p') (\lambda ((s, s'), (x, x')) . (\text{state } (s, x), \text{state}' (s', x'))) .$
 $(\lambda ((s, s'), (x, x')) . (\text{out } (s, x), \text{out}' (s', x')))$

Theorem 9 for Equation 22.

theorem $\text{stateless-det-parallel-}a: \text{stateless-det-sts } p \text{ out} ** \text{stateless-det-sts } p' \text{ out}' =$
 $[- (x, x') \rightsquigarrow x || x' -] \circ \text{stateless-det-sts } (\text{prod-pred } p p') (\lambda (x, x') . (\text{out } x, \text{out}' x')) \circ [- y \rightsquigarrow (\text{fst } o y, \text{snd } o y) -]$

theorem $\text{stateless-det-parallel: stateless-det-sts } p \text{ out} *** \text{stateless-det-sts } p' \text{ out}' =$
 $\text{stateless-det-sts } (\text{prod-pred } p p') (\lambda (x, x') . (\text{out } x, \text{out}' x'))$

lemmas theorem-9 = qltl-parallel sts-parallel stateless-parallel det-parallel stateless-det-parallel

5.5 Symbolic Computation of Feedback Composition

Theorem 10 for Equation 23.

theorem det-decomposable-feedback: $\text{Feedback}([- u, x \rightsquigarrow u \parallel x -] o \text{det-sts} s0 p \text{state} (\lambda(s, (u, x)) . (f s x, g u s x)) o [- uy \rightsquigarrow \text{fst} o uy, \text{snd} o uy -])$
 $= \text{det-sts} s0 (\lambda(s, x) . p(s, (f s x, x))) (\lambda(s, x) . \text{state}(s, (f s x, x))) (\lambda(s, x) . g(f s x) s x)$

theorem det-decomposable-feedback-a: $\text{fdbk}(\text{det-sts} s0 p \text{state} (\lambda(s, (u, x)) . (f s x, g u s x)))$
 $= \text{det-sts} s0 (\lambda(s, x) . p(s, (f s x, x))) (\lambda(s, x) . \text{state}(s, (f s x, x))) (\lambda(s, x) . g(f s x) s x)$

Theorem 10 for Equation 24.

theorem stateless-det-decomposable-feedback: $\text{Feedback}([- u, x \rightsquigarrow u \parallel x -] o \text{stateless-det-sts} p (\lambda(u, x) . (f x, g u x)) o [- uy \rightsquigarrow \text{fst} o uy, \text{snd} o uy -])$
 $= \text{stateless-det-sts} (\lambda x . p(f x, x)) (\lambda x . g(f x) x)$

theorem stateless-det-decomposable-feedback-a: $\text{fdbk}(\text{stateless-det-sts} p (\lambda(u, x) . (f x, g u x)))$
 $= \text{stateless-det-sts} (\lambda x . p(f x, x)) (\lambda x . g(f x) x)$

lemmas theorem-10 = det-decomposable-feedback-a stateless-det-decomposable-feedback-a

lemma Sum-comp = det-sts (0::nat) $\top (\lambda(s, y) . s + y) (\lambda(s, x) . s)$

lemma illegal-sts-top: illegal-sts init $\top = \perp$

lemma illegal-sts-top-a: illegal-sts init $(\lambda x . \text{True}) = \perp$

definition Nondet-sts = sts $(\lambda s . s = (0::nat)) (\lambda(s, (x, a::unit)) (s', (y, z)) . z = x \wedge y = s \wedge (s' = s \vee s' = s + 1))$

lemma Nondet-sts-simp: $\text{Nondet-sts} = [:xa \rightsquigarrow yz . \text{snd} o yz = \text{fst} o xa \wedge (\text{fst} o yz) 0 = 0 \wedge (\forall i . \text{fst} (yz (\text{Suc } i)) = \text{fst} (yz i) \vee \text{fst} (yz (\text{Suc } i)) = \text{fst} (yz i) + 1):]$

lemma fdbk Nondet-sts = $\{ :x \rightsquigarrow ((u, y), x'). \text{True} : \circ$
 $[: \text{INF } x. (\lambda((u::nat \Rightarrow \text{nat}, y::nat \Rightarrow \text{nat}), x::nat \Rightarrow \text{unit}) ((y', z), x'::nat \Rightarrow \text{unit}). z = u \wedge y' 0 = 0 \wedge (\forall i. y' (\text{Suc } i) = y' i \vee y' (\text{Suc } i) = \text{Suc} (y' i))) \wedge x \text{OO eqtop} (x - \text{Suc } 0) :] \circ$
 $[- ((u, y), x) \rightsquigarrow y -]$

definition AND-sts = stateless-det-sts $\top (\lambda(x, y) . (x \wedge y, x \wedge y))$

lemma AND-sts-simp: $\text{AND-sts} = [:ux \rightsquigarrow vy . (\forall i . \text{fst} (vy i) = (\text{fst} (ux i) \wedge \text{snd} (ux i)) \wedge \text{snd} (vy i) = (\text{fst} (ux i) \wedge \text{snd} (ux i))) :]$

lemma AND-power-simp: $n > 0 \implies (\lambda((u::nat \Rightarrow \text{bool}, y::nat \Rightarrow \text{bool}), x::nat \Rightarrow \text{bool}) ((v, z), x')). (\forall i. v i = (u i \wedge x i) \wedge z i = (u i \wedge x i)) \wedge x' = x \wedge n = (\lambda((u, y::nat \Rightarrow \text{bool}), x) ((v, z), x')). (\forall i. v i = (u i \wedge x i) \wedge z i = (u i \wedge x i)) \wedge x' = x)$

lemma fdbk-AND-sts: $\text{fdbk AND-sts} = \{ :x \rightsquigarrow u, x' . x = x' : \} \circ [; u, x \rightsquigarrow z. (\forall i. z i = (u i \wedge x i)) :]$

lemma False-fdbk-AND-sts: $[-x \rightsquigarrow \perp -] o \text{fdbk AND-sts} = [-x \rightsquigarrow \perp -]$

5.3.3 Section 5.8: Checking Validity

Theorem 12 for QLTL components.

theorem *theorem-12-qltl-a*: $(\{r\} = \text{Fail}) = (r = \perp)$

theorem *theorem-12-qltl*: $(\text{qltl } r = \text{Fail}) = (r = \perp)$

Theorem 12 for stateless STS components.

theorem *theorem-12-stateless-sts*: $(\text{stateless-sts } r = \text{Fail}) = (r = \perp)$

lemmas *theorem-12 = theorem-12-qltl theorem-12-stateless-sts*

Legal inputs

Theorem 13 for Equation 25.

thm *legal-qltl*

Theorem 13 for Equation 26.

lemma *legal-sts*: $\text{init } a \implies \text{legal } (\text{sts init } r) = \text{prec-pre-sts init } (\text{inpt } r) r$

Theorem 13 for Equation 27.

lemma *legal-stateless*: $\text{legal } (\text{stateless-sts } r) = (\square (\lambda x . \text{inpt } r (x (0::\text{nat}))))$

Theorem 13 for Equation 28.

lemma *legal-det*: $\text{legal } (\text{det-sts } s0 p \text{ state } out) = \text{prec-pre-sts } (\lambda s. s = s0) p (\lambda(s, x) (s', y). (s' = \text{state } (s, x) \wedge y = \text{out } (s, x)))$

Theorem 13 for Equation 29.

lemma *legal-stateless-det*: $\text{legal } (\text{stateless-det-sts } p \text{ out}) = \square (\lambda x . p (x 0))$

lemmas *theorem-13 = legal-qltl legal-sts legal-det legal-stateless legal-stateless-det*

5.3.4 Section 5.10: Checking Refinement Symbolically

lemma *refinement-LocalSystem*: $\text{init}' \leq \text{init} \implies p \leq p' \implies (\bigwedge x . p x \implies r' x \leq r x) \implies \text{LocalSystem}$
 $\text{init } p \text{ } r \leq \text{LocalSystem } \text{init}' \text{ } p' \text{ } r'$

Theorem 14 for STS components.

theorem *refinement-sts*: $\text{init}' \leq \text{init} \implies \text{inpt } r \leq \text{inpt } r' \implies (\bigwedge x . \text{inpt } r x \implies r' x \leq r x) \implies \text{sts}$
 $\text{init } r \leq \text{sts } \text{init}' \text{ } r'$

Theorem 14 for stateless STS components.

theorem *refinement-stateless*: $(\text{stateless-sts } r \leq \text{stateless-sts } r') = ((\text{inpt } r \leq \text{inpt } r') \wedge ((\forall x . \text{inpt } r x \longrightarrow r' x \leq r x)))$

Theorem 14 for QLTL components.

theorem *refinement-qltl-a*: $(\{r\} \leq \{r'\}) = ((\forall x . \text{inpt } r x \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r' x) \wedge (\forall x y . \text{inpt } r x \wedge r' x y \longrightarrow r x y))$

theorem *refinement-qltl*: $(\text{qltl } r \leq \text{qltl } r') = ((\forall x . \text{inpt } r x \longrightarrow \text{inpt } r' x) \wedge (\forall x y . \text{inpt } r x \wedge r' x y \longrightarrow r x y))$

lemmas *theorem-14* = *refinement-sts refinement-stateless refinement-qltl*

Data refinement

Theorem 15.

theorem *theorem-15*:

assumes *A*: $(\bigwedge t . \text{init}' t \implies \exists s . d t s \wedge \text{init } s)$
and *B*: $\bigwedge t x s . d t s \implies \text{inpt } r(s, x) \implies \text{inpt } r'(t, x)$
and *C*: $\bigwedge t x s t' y . d t s \implies \text{inpt } r(s, x) \implies r'(t, x) (t', y) \implies (\exists s'. d t' s' \wedge r(s, x) (s', y))$
shows *sts init r* \leq *sts init' r'*

Example of stateless sts refinement

lemma *stateless-sts* $(\lambda x y . x \geq 0 \wedge y \geq (x::nat)) \leq \text{stateless-sts } (\lambda x y . x \leq y \wedge y \leq x + 10)$

5.3.5 Proof of refinement for the Oven example

datatype *oven-state* = *on* | *off*

definition *oven-trs* = $(\lambda ((s::nat, sw), x::unit) ((s', sw'), t) . (t = s) \wedge$
 $(\text{if } sw = \text{on} \text{ then } s < s' \wedge s' < s + 5 \text{ else } (\text{if } s > 10 \text{ then } s - 5 < s' \wedge s' < s \text{ else } s' = s)) \wedge$
 $(\text{if } sw = \text{on} \wedge s > 210 \text{ then } sw' = \text{off} \text{ else}$
 $(\text{if } sw = \text{off} \wedge s < 190 \text{ then } sw' = \text{on} \text{ else } sw' = sw))$

definition *oven-init* = $(\lambda (s, sw) . s = (20::nat) \wedge sw = \text{on})$

lemma *oven-refinement*: *Oven-qltl* \leq *sts oven-init oven-trs*

end

6 Instantaneous Feedback

theory *InstantaneousFeedback* imports ..//*RefinementReactive/Refinement*
begin

datatype *'a fail-option* = *Fail* (\cdot) | *OK* $(\text{elem} : 'a)$
class *order-bot-max* = *order-bot* +
fixes *maximal* :: *'a* \Rightarrow *bool*
assumes *maximal-def*: $\text{maximal } x = (\forall y . \neg x < y)$
assumes [*simp*]: $\neg \text{maximal } \perp$
begin
 lemma *ex-not-le-bot*[*simp*]: $\exists a . \neg a \leq \perp$
end

instantiation *option* :: (*type*) *order-bot-max*
begin
 definition *bot-option-def*: $(\perp :: 'a \text{ option}) = \text{None}$

```

definition le-option-def:  $((x::'a option) \leq y) = (x = None \vee x = y)$ 
definition less-option-def:  $((x::'a option) < y) = (x \leq y \wedge \neg(y \leq x))$ 
definition maximal-option-def: maximal  $(x::'a option) = (\forall y . \neg x < y)$ 

```

instance

```

lemma [simp]:  $None \leq x$ 
end

```

context order-bot

begin

```

definition is-lfp  $f x = ((f x = x) \wedge (\forall y . f y = y \rightarrow x \leq y))$ 
definition emono  $f = (\forall x y . x \leq y \rightarrow f x \leq f y)$ 

```

```

definition Lfp  $f = Eps (is-lfp f)$ 

```

```

lemma lfp-unique:  $is-lfp f x \implies is-lfp f y \implies x = y$ 

```

```

lemma lfp-exists:  $is-lfp f x \implies Lfp f = x$ 

```

```

lemma emono-a:  $emono f \implies x \leq y \implies f x \leq f y$ 

```

```

lemma emono-fix:  $emono f \implies f y = y \implies (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \leq y$ 

```

```

lemma emono-is-lfp:  $emono (f::'a \Rightarrow 'a) \implies (f \wedge\wedge (n + 1)) \perp = (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \implies is-lfp f ((f \wedge\wedge n) \perp)$ 

```

```

lemma emono-lfp-bot:  $emono (f::'a \Rightarrow 'a) \implies (f \wedge\wedge (n + 1)) \perp = (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \implies Lfp f = ((f \wedge\wedge n) \perp)$ 

```

```

lemma emono-up:  $emono f \implies (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \leq (f \wedge\wedge (Suc n)) \perp$ 
end

```

context order

begin

```

definition min-set  $A = (SOME n . n \in A \wedge (\forall x \in A . n \leq x))$ 
end

```

```

lemma min-nonempty-nat-set-aux:  $\forall A . (n::nat) \in A \rightarrow (\exists k \in A . (\forall x \in A . k \leq x))$ 

```

```

lemma min-nonempty-nat-set:  $(n::nat) \in A \implies (\exists k . k \in A \wedge (\forall x \in A . k \leq x))$ 

```

thm someI-ex

```

lemma min-set-nat-aux:  $(n::nat) \in A \implies min-set A \in A \wedge (\forall x \in A . min-set A \leq x)$ 

```

```

lemma  $(n::nat) \in A \implies min-set A \in A \wedge min-set A \leq n$ 

```

```

lemma min-set-in:  $(n::nat) \in A \implies min-set A \in A$ 

```

```

lemma min-set-less:  $(n::nat) \in A \implies min-set A \leq n$ 

```

```

class fin-cpo = order-bot-max +
  assumes fin-up-chain: ( $\forall i :: \text{nat} . a \leq a (\text{Suc } i)$ )  $\Rightarrow \exists n . \forall i \geq n . a i = a n$ 
  begin
    lemma emono-ex-lfp: emono f  $\Rightarrow \exists n . \text{is-lfp } f ((f^{\wedge\wedge} n) \perp)$ 
    lemma emono-lfp: emono f  $\Rightarrow \exists n . \text{Lfp } f = (f^{\wedge\wedge} n) \perp$ 
    lemma emono-is-lfp: emono f  $\Rightarrow \text{is-lfp } f (\text{Lfp } f)$ 
    definition lfp-index (f::'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a) = min-set {n . (f^{\wedge\wedge} n) \perp = (f^{\wedge\wedge} (n + 1)) \perp}
    lemma lfp-index-aux: emono f  $\Rightarrow (\forall i < (\text{lfp-index } f) . (f^{\wedge\wedge} i) \perp < (f^{\wedge\wedge} (i + 1)) \perp) \wedge (f^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{lfp-index } f)) \perp = (f^{\wedge\wedge} ((\text{lfp-index } f) + 1)) \perp$ 
    lemma [simp]: emono f  $\Rightarrow i < \text{lfp-index } f \Rightarrow (f^{\wedge\wedge} i) \perp < f ((f^{\wedge\wedge} i) \perp)$ 
    lemma [simp]: emono f  $\Rightarrow f ((f^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{lfp-index } f)) \perp) = (f^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{lfp-index } f)) \perp$ 
    lemma [simp]: emono f  $\Rightarrow \text{Lfp } f = (f^{\wedge\wedge} \text{lfp-index } f) \perp$ 
  end

  declare [[show-types]]
  instantiation option :: (type) fin-cpo
  begin
    lemma fin-up-non-bot: ( $\forall i . (a :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option}) i \leq a (\text{Suc } i)$ )  $\Rightarrow a n \neq \perp \Rightarrow n \leq i \Rightarrow a i = a n$ 
    lemma fin-up-chain-option: ( $\forall i :: \text{nat} . (a :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option}) i \leq a (\text{Suc } i)$ )  $\Rightarrow \exists n . \forall i \geq n . a i = a n$ 
    instance
  end

  instantiation prod :: (order-bot-max, order-bot-max) order-bot-max
  begin
    definition bot-prod-def: ( $\perp :: 'a \times 'b$ ) = ( $\perp, \perp$ )
    definition le-prod-def: ( $x \leq y$ ) = ( $\text{fst } x \leq \text{fst } y \wedge \text{snd } x \leq \text{snd } y$ )
    definition less-prod-def: ( $(x :: 'a \times 'b) < y$ ) = ( $x \leq y \wedge \neg (y \leq x)$ )
    definition maximal-prod-def: maximal ( $x :: 'a \times 'b$ ) = ( $\forall y . \neg x < y$ )
    instance
  end

  instantiation prod :: (fin-cpo, fin-cpo) fin-cpo
  begin
    lemma fin-up-chain-prod: ( $\forall i :: \text{nat} . (a :: \text{nat} \Rightarrow 'a \times 'b) i \leq a (\text{Suc } i)$ )  $\Rightarrow \exists n . \forall i \geq n . a i = a n$ 
    instance
  end

  instantiation fail-option :: (order-bot, {order-bot, order-top})

```

```

begin
  definition bot-fail-option-def: ( $\perp :: 'a \text{ fail-option}$ ) = OK  $\perp$ 
  definition top-fail-option-def: ( $\top :: 'a \text{ fail-option}$ ) = .
  definition le-fail-option-def: (( $x :: 'a \text{ fail-option}$ )  $\leq y$ ) = ((case  $x$  of OK  $a \Rightarrow$  (case  $y$  of OK  $b \Rightarrow a \leq b$  |  $\cdot \Rightarrow \text{True}$ ) |  $\cdot \Rightarrow y = \cdot$ ))
  definition less-fail-option-def: (( $x :: 'a \text{ fail-option}$ )  $< y$ ) = ( $x \leq y \wedge \neg(y \leq x)$ )
  instance
end

lemma maximal-prod-1: maximal ( $a, b$ )  $\implies$  maximal  $a$ 

lemma maximal-prod-2: maximal ( $a, b$ )  $\implies$  maximal  $b$ 

lemma maximal-prod: maximal ( $a, b$ ) = (maximal  $a \wedge \text{maximal } b$ )

lemma drop-assumption:  $p \implies \text{True}$ 

lemma Sup-OO: (Sup  $A$ ) OO  $r$  = Sup { $x . \exists y \in A . x = y \text{ OO } r$ }

lemma OO-Sup:  $r \text{ OO } (\text{Sup } A) = \text{Sup} \{x . \exists y \in A . x = r \text{ OO } y\}$ 

lemma OO-SUP:  $r \text{ OO } (\text{SUP } n . A n) = (\text{SUP } n . r \text{ OO } (A n))$ 

lemma SUP-OO: (SUP  $n . A n$ ) OO  $r$  = (SUP  $n . (A n)$  OO  $r$ )

definition InstFeedback  $r = (\lambda x uy . \text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy = \cdot \mid \text{OK } z \Rightarrow$ 
   $(\exists n a . (a 0 = \perp) \wedge (\forall i < n . a i < a (\text{Suc } i)) \wedge (\forall i < n . \exists y . r (\text{OK } (a i, z)) (\text{OK } (a (\text{Suc } i), y))) \wedge$ 
   $((\exists y . r (\text{OK } (a n, z)) (\text{OK } (a (\text{Suc } n), y))) \wedge a n = a (\text{Suc } n) \wedge uy = \text{OK } (a (\text{Suc } n), y)) \vee$ 
   $(r (\text{OK } (a n, z)) \cdot \wedge uy = \cdot)) \cdot$ 

lemma InstFeedback-alt: InstFeedback  $r = (\lambda x uy . \text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy = \cdot \mid \text{OK } z \Rightarrow$ 
   $(\exists n a . (a 0 = \perp) \wedge (\forall i < n . a i < a (\text{Suc } i) \wedge (\exists y . r (\text{OK } (a i, z)) (\text{OK } (a (\text{Suc } i), y)))) \wedge$ 
   $r (\text{OK } (a n, z)) uy \wedge (\exists y . uy = \text{OK } (a n, y) \vee uy = \cdot))$ 

definition functional  $r f g = (\forall u x z . r (\text{OK } (u, x)) z = (z = \text{OK}(f x u, g x u)))$ 

lemma chain-power:  $a 0 = b \implies \forall i \leq n . a (\text{Suc } i) = f (a i) \implies i \leq \text{Suc } n \implies a i = (f \wedge\wedge i) b$ 

theorem InstFeedback-constructive: emono (( $f x :: 'a :: \text{fin-cpo} \Rightarrow 'a$ )  $\implies$  functional  $r f g \implies$ 
  (InstFeedback  $r (\text{OK } x) uy$ ) = ( $uy = \text{OK } (\text{Lfp } (f x), g x (\text{Lfp } (f x)))$ ))

definition InstFeedback-1  $r = (\lambda x uy . \text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy = \cdot \mid \text{OK } z \Rightarrow$ 
   $(\exists a . \perp < a \wedge (\exists y . r (\text{OK } (\perp, z)) (\text{OK } (a, y))) \wedge r (\text{OK } (a, z)) uy \wedge (\exists y . uy = \text{OK } (a, y)$ 
   $\vee uy = \cdot)) \cdot$ 
   $\vee (r (\text{OK } (\perp, z)) uy \wedge (\exists y . uy = \text{OK } (\perp, y) \vee uy = \cdot)))$ 

lemma [simp]: ( $\perp < (a :: 'a :: \text{order-bot})$ ) = ( $\perp \neq a$ )

definition unkn-mono  $r = (\forall a b x . (a :: 'a :: \text{order-bot}) \leq b \longrightarrow (\forall z . r (\text{OK } (b, x)) (\text{OK } z) \longrightarrow r$ 
  ( $\text{OK } (a, x)) (\text{OK } z)))$ 

lemma unkn-mono-fb-fun: unkn-mono  $r \implies \text{InstFeedback-1 } r = \text{InstFeedback } r$ 

```

definition $fb\text{-begin} = (\lambda x ux . ux = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow \cdot \mid OK x \Rightarrow OK (\perp, x)))$

definition $fb\text{-a } r = (\lambda ux ux' . (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow ux' = \cdot \mid OK (u, x) \Rightarrow (r (OK (u, x)) \cdot \wedge ux' = \cdot) \vee (\exists u' y' . r (OK (u, x)) (OK (u', y')) \wedge u < u' \wedge ux' = OK (u', x))))$

definition $fb\text{-b } r = (\lambda ux uy' . (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy' = \cdot \mid OK (u, x) \Rightarrow (r (OK (u, x)) \cdot \wedge uy' = \cdot) \vee (\exists y' . r (OK (u, x)) (OK (u, y')) \wedge uy' = OK (u, y'))))$

definition $fb\text{-end} = (\lambda uy y' . \text{case } uy \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y' = \cdot \mid OK (u, y) \Rightarrow (\text{if maximal } u \text{ then } y' = OK y \text{ else } y' = \cdot))$

definition $fb\text{-hide } r = (\text{InstFeedback } r) OO fb\text{-end}$

definition $ff r = r \cdot \cdot$

definition $f\text{-f } r = (\forall x . r \cdot x \longrightarrow x = \cdot)$

lemma [simp]: $(\text{case } y \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow \cdot = \cdot \mid OK (u, ya) \Rightarrow (\text{maximal } u \longrightarrow \cdot = OK ya) \wedge (\neg \text{maximal } u \longrightarrow \cdot = \cdot)) = (\forall u x . y = OK (u, x) \longrightarrow \neg \text{maximal } u)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback-1 } r \cdot \cdot$

lemma [simp]: $(\text{case } y \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow \cdot = \cdot \mid OK (u, v, x) \Rightarrow \cdot = OK (v, u, x)) = (y = \cdot)$

lemma $\text{case-}b\text{-simp}: (\text{case } b \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow OK y = \cdot \mid OK (w, u, a) \Rightarrow OK y = OK ((u, w), a)) = (b \neq \cdot \wedge (\text{case } b \text{ of } OK (w, u, a) \Rightarrow y = ((u, w), a)))$

lemma [simp]: $(x::'a::\text{order-bot}) \leq \perp \implies x = \perp$

definition $\text{mono-fail } r = (\forall a b x . a \leq b \longrightarrow r (OK (a, x)) \cdot \longrightarrow r (OK (b, x)) \cdot)$

lemma $\text{sconjunctive-comp-simp}: \text{sconjunctive } S \implies S \circ (\text{INF } n::\text{nat}. T n) = (\text{INF } n . S o (T n))$

lemma $\text{sconj-star-a}: \text{sconjunctive } S \implies (\text{INF } n::\text{nat}. S^{\wedge\wedge} n) \leq \text{gfp } (\lambda X. \text{Skip} \sqcap (S \circ X))$

lemma $\text{mono-comp-simp}: \text{mono } S \implies T \leq T' \implies S o T \leq S o T'$

lemma $\text{sconj-star-b-aux}: \text{mono } S \implies u \leq \text{Skip} \implies u \leq S o u \implies u \leq S^{\wedge\wedge} n$

lemma $\text{sconj-star-b}: \text{mono } S \implies \text{gfp } (\lambda X. \text{Skip} \sqcap (S \circ X)) \leq (\text{INF } n::\text{nat}. S^{\wedge\wedge} n)$

lemma $\text{sconj-star}: \text{sconjunctive } S \implies \text{gfp } (\lambda X. \text{Skip} \sqcap (S \circ X)) = (\text{INF } n::\text{nat}. S^{\wedge\wedge} n)$

lemma [simp]: $(\text{case } ya \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow OK y = \cdot \mid OK z \Rightarrow p z) = (\exists z . ya = OK z \wedge p z)$

lemma [simp]: $((p \longrightarrow q) \wedge p) = (p \wedge q)$

lemma $\text{relopwp-chain}: \bigwedge x y . (R^{\wedge\wedge} n) x y = (\exists a . (\forall i < n . R (a i) (a (\text{Suc } i))) \wedge x = a 0 \wedge y = a n)$

lemma [simp]: $fb\text{-a } r \cdot x = (x = \cdot)$

lemma [simp]: $fb\text{-a } r (OK (u, x)) (OK (u', x')) = ((\exists y . r (OK (u, x)) (OK (u', y))) \wedge u < u' \wedge x = x')$

lemma [simp]: $fb\text{-}a\ r\ (OK\ ux) \cdot = r\ (OK\ ux) \cdot$

lemma $fb\text{-}a\text{-}id$: $\bigwedge u\ x\ u'\ x'.\ (fb\text{-}a\ r\ ^\wedge n)\ (OK\ (u,\ x))\ (OK\ (u',\ x')) \implies x = x'$

lemma $fb\text{-}a\text{-}id\text{-}a$: $(\forall i < n.\ fb\text{-}a\ r\ (a\ i)\ (a\ (Suc\ i))) \longrightarrow (\forall i \leq n.\ a\ i \neq \cdot \longrightarrow (snd\ (elem\ (a\ i))) = (snd\ (elem\ (a\ 0))))$

lemma $fb\text{-}a\text{-}id\text{-}b$: $(\forall i < n.\ fb\text{-}a\ r\ (a\ i)\ (a\ (Suc\ i))) \implies (\forall i \leq n.\ a\ i \neq \cdot \longrightarrow snd\ (elem\ (a\ i)) = (snd\ (elem\ (a\ 0))))$

lemma [simp]: $x < y \implies x \neq \cdot$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x.\ ((fb\text{-}a\ r)\ ^\wedge n) \cdot x = (x = \cdot)$

lemma $chain\text{-}fail$: $\bigwedge k.\ \forall i < n.\ fb\text{-}a\ r\ (a\ i)\ (a\ (Suc\ i)) \implies k < n \implies a\ (Suc\ k) = \cdot \implies a\ n = \cdot$

lemma [simp]: $OK\ x < \cdot$

lemma $chain\text{-}not\text{-}fail$: $a\ 0 \neq \cdot \implies \forall k.\ a\ (Suc\ k) = \cdot \longrightarrow k < n \longrightarrow (\exists j \leq k.\ a\ j = \cdot) \implies (\forall i \leq n.\ a\ i \neq \cdot)$

lemma [simp]: $fb\text{-}b\ r\ (OK\ (u,\ x))\ (OK\ (u',\ y)) = (r\ (OK\ (u,\ x))\ (OK\ (u',\ y))) \wedge u = u'$

lemma [simp]: $fb\text{-}b\ r\ (OK\ (u,\ x)) \cdot = r\ (OK\ (u,\ x)) \cdot$

lemma [simp]: $fb\text{-}b\ r\ \cdot x = (x = \cdot)$

lemma $chain\text{-}all\text{-}fail$: $\bigwedge i.\ a\ (0::nat) = \cdot \implies \forall i < n.\ fb\text{-}a\ r\ (a\ i)\ (a\ (Suc\ i)) \implies i \leq n \implies a\ i = \cdot$

theorem $InstFeedback\text{-}simp$: $InstFeedback\ r = fb\text{-}begin\ OO\ ((fb\text{-}a\ r)\ ^\wedge \cdot \cdot \cdot)\ OO\ (fb\text{-}b\ r)$

lemma $SUP\text{-}pointwise$: $(\forall n.\ (S::'a \Rightarrow 'b::complete-lattice)\ n \leq S'\ n) \implies (SUP\ n\ .\ S\ n) \leq (SUP\ n\ .\ S'\ n)$

lemma $INF\text{-}pointwise$: $(\forall n.\ (S::'a \Rightarrow 'b::complete-lattice)\ n \leq S'\ n) \implies (INF\ n\ .\ S\ n) \leq (INF\ n\ .\ S'\ n)$

definition $faila\ r\ x = ((r\ (OK\ x)\ \cdot)::bool)$
definition $rela\ r\ x\ y = (r\ (OK\ x)\ (OK\ y))$
definition $preca\ r = -faila\ r$

definition $wp\ r = \{.\preca\ r.\}\ o\ [:rela\ r:]$

lemma $(wp\ r \leq wp\ r') = ((\forall x.\ r'\ (OK\ x)\ \cdot \longrightarrow r\ (OK\ x)\ \cdot) \wedge (\forall x.\ \neg r\ (OK\ x)\ \cdot \longrightarrow (\forall y.\ r'\ (OK\ x)\ (OK\ y)) \longrightarrow r\ (OK\ x)\ (OK\ y)))$

definition $Fb\text{-}a\ S = [:u,x\rightsquigarrow(u',x'),\ x''\ .\ u' = u \wedge x' = x \wedge x'' = x:] \ o\ ((S\ ||\ [:u,x\rightsquigarrow v,y\ .\ u < v:])\ **\ Skip) \ o\ [:v,y),\ x\rightsquigarrow v',x'\ .\ v' = v \wedge x' = x:]$

thm $fusion\text{-}spec$

thm $Prod\text{-}spec\text{-}Skip$

lemma $wp (fb\text{-}a\ r) = Fb\text{-}a\ (wp\ r)$
lemma $ff\ r \implies (wp\ r \leq wp\ r') = (\forall x . r\ x \cdot \vee r'\ x \leq r\ x)$
lemma [*simp*]: $preca\ (op\ =) = \top$
lemma [*simp*]: $(rela\ (op\ =)) = (op\ =)$
lemma [*simp*]: $wp\ (op\ =) = Skip$
lemma *mono* ($wp\ r$)
definition $serial\ r\ r' = (r\ OO\ r')$
lemma *pred-bot-comp*: $ff\ r \implies ff\ r' \implies preca\ (r\ OO\ r') = (\lambda x . preca\ r\ x \wedge (\forall y . rela\ r\ x\ y \longrightarrow preca\ r'\ y))$
lemma *fb-a-not-fail-fail-simp*: $fb\text{-}a\ r\ (OK\ (u,\ x)) \cdot = (r\ (OK\ (u,\ x)) \cdot)$
lemma *fb-b-not-fail-simp*: $fb\text{-}b\ r\ (OK\ (u,\ x))\ (OK\ (u',\ y')) = (u = u' \wedge r\ (OK\ (u,\ x))\ (OK\ (u',\ y')))$
lemma *fb-b-fail-simp*: $fb\text{-}b\ r\ (OK\ (u,\ x)) \cdot = r\ (OK\ (u,\ x)) \cdot$
lemma *refine-fba-a*: $wp\ r \leq wp\ r' \implies wp\ (fb\text{-}a\ r) \leq wp\ (fb\text{-}a\ r')$
lemma *refine-fba-b'*: $wp\ r \leq wp\ r' \implies wp\ (fb\text{-}b\ r) \leq wp\ (fb\text{-}b\ r')$
lemma *rel-bot-comp*: $(preca\ r\ x \wedge rela\ (r\ OO\ r')\ x\ y) = (preca\ r\ x \wedge (rela\ r\ OO\ rela\ r')\ x\ y)$
lemma *prec-demonic*: $\{.p \sqcap q.\} o [:r:] = \{.p \sqcap q.\} o [:x \rightsquigarrow y . p\ x \wedge r\ x\ y:]$
lemma *wp-refine*: $(wp\ r \leq wp\ r') = (preca\ r \leq preca\ r' \wedge (\forall x . preca\ r\ x \longrightarrow rela\ r'\ x \leq rela\ r\ x))$
lemma *wp-comp*: $ff\ r \implies ff\ r' \implies wp\ (r\ OO\ r') = ((wp\ r)\ o\ (wp\ r'))$
lemma *not-maximal-prod*: $(\neg maximal\ (a,\ b)) = (\neg maximal\ a \vee \neg maximal\ b)$
lemma [*simp*]: $ff\ fb\text{-}end$
lemma *refine-left*: $S \leq S' \implies S\ o\ T \leq S'\ o\ T$
lemma *prec-SUP*: $preca\ (SUP\ n\ .\ r\ n) = (INF\ n\ .\ preca\ (r\ n))$
lemma *rel-SUP*: $rela\ (SUP\ n\ .\ r\ n) = (SUP\ n\ .\ rela\ (r\ n))$
lemma *INF-spec*: $(INF\ n\ .\ \{.p\ n.\} o [:(r\ n)::('a \Rightarrow 'b \Rightarrow bool):]) = \{.INF\ n\ .\ p\ n.\} o [:SUP\ n\ .\ r\ n:]$
lemma *wp-SUP*: $wp\ (SUP\ n\ .\ r\ n) = (INF\ n\ .\ wp\ (r\ n))$
thm *wp-def*
lemma *demonic-choice*: $[:r:] \sqcap [:r':] = [:r \sqcup r':]$
term $(f::'a \Rightarrow 'b) \wedge\wedge n$

thm *funpow-times-power*

lemma *le-power*: *mono* $g \implies (f :: 'a :: order \Rightarrow 'a :: order) \leq g \implies f^{\wedge\wedge} n \leq g^{\wedge\wedge} n$

lemma [*simp*]: *mono* (*wp r*)

lemma [*simp*]: *ff r* $\implies ff((r :: 'a fail-option \Rightarrow 'a fail-option \Rightarrow bool)^{\wedge\wedge} n)$

lemma *wp-power*: *ff r* $\implies wp((r :: 'a fail-option \Rightarrow 'a fail-option \Rightarrow bool)^{\wedge\wedge} n) = (wp r)^{\wedge\wedge} n$

lemma *wp-power-refin*: *ff r* $\implies ff r' \implies wp(r :: 'a fail-option \Rightarrow 'a fail-option \Rightarrow bool) \leq wp r' \implies wp(r^{\wedge\wedge} n) \leq wp(r'^{\wedge\wedge} n)$

thm *INF-lower*

lemma *wp-rt-refine*: *ff r* $\implies ff r' \implies wp r \leq wp r' \implies wp(r^{**}) \leq wp(r'^{**})$

lemma [*simp*]: *ff fb-begin*

lemma [*simp*]: *ff (fb-a r)*

lemma [*simp*]: *ff (fb-b r)*

lemma [*simp*]: *ff ((fb-a r)**)*

lemma [*simp*]: *ff r* $\implies ff r' \implies ff(r \text{ OO } r')$

theorem *InstFeedback-refine*: *ff r* $\implies ff r' \implies wp r \leq wp r' \implies wp(\text{InstFeedback } r) \leq wp(\text{InstFeedback } r')$

lemma [*simp*]: *ff r* $\implies ff(\text{InstFeedback } r)$

theorem *fb-hide-refine*: *ff r* $\implies ff r' \implies wp r \leq wp r' \implies wp(\text{fb-hide } r) \leq wp(\text{fb-hide } r')$

definition *cross-prod r r'* = $(\lambda ux vy. (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid OK(u :: 'a :: order-bot, x) \Rightarrow (\exists v y. vy = OK(v, y) \wedge r(OK x)(OK v) \wedge r'(OK u)(OK y)) \vee (vy = \cdot \wedge r(OK x) \cdot) \vee (vy = \cdot \wedge r'(OK u) \cdot)))$

definition *InstFeedback-cross-prod r r'* = $(\lambda x vy. (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid OK x \Rightarrow (\exists v y. vy = OK(v, y) \wedge r(OK x)(OK v) \wedge r'(OK v)(OK y)) \vee (vy = \cdot \wedge r(OK x) \cdot) \vee (\exists v . vy = \cdot \wedge r(OK x)(OK v) \wedge r'(OK v) \cdot)))$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\cdot < x) = False$

type-synonym ('a, 'b) fail-pair = ('a option) \times ('b) fail-option

type-synonym ('a, 'b, 'c) fail-pair-rel = ('a, 'c) fail-pair \Rightarrow ('a, 'b) fail-pair \Rightarrow bool

lemma [*simp*]: *op* = $\sqcup fba-a r \sqcup (op = OO fba-a r) OO fba-a r \sqcup ((op = OO fba-a r) OO fba-a r) OO fba-a r \leq (SUP n. fba-a r^{\wedge\wedge} n)$

lemma *all-fail*: $\forall i < xb. fb-a r(a i) (a(Suc i)) \implies a 0 = \cdot \implies \forall i \leq xb. a i = \cdot$

lemma *fba-a-pair*: $(fb-a(r :: ('a, 'b, 'c) fail-pair-rel))^{\wedge\wedge} = ((op =) \sqcup fb-a r \sqcup (fb-a r)^{\wedge\wedge} (Suc(Suc$

$0)))$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{ff} (\text{cross-prod } r r')$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{fb-begin} \cdot x = (x = \cdot)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{InstFeedback-cross-prod } r r' \cdot x = (x = \cdot)$

definition *complete* $r = (\forall x . \exists y . r x y)$

definition *fail-mono* $r = (\forall x y . x \leq y \wedge r x \cdot \longrightarrow r y \cdot)$

definition *unkn-not-fail* $r = (\neg r (\text{OK } \perp) \cdot)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{unkn-not-fail } r' \implies \text{cross-prod } r r' (\text{OK } (\perp, x2)) \cdot \implies \text{InstFeedback-cross-prod } r r' (\text{OK } x2) \cdot$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{cross-prod } r r' (\text{OK } (ab, bb)) (\text{OK } (ab, c)) \implies \text{InstFeedback-cross-prod } r r' (\text{OK } bb) (\text{OK } (ab, c))$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{OK } (\perp, \perp) < \text{OK } (\perp, \text{Some } a)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{OK } (\perp, \perp) < \text{OK } (\text{Some } a, \perp)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{OK } (\perp, \perp) < \text{OK } (\text{Some } a, \text{Some } b)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{OK } (\text{None}, \text{None}) < \text{OK } (\text{Some } a, y)$

lemma *move-down*: $p \implies p$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{None} < \text{Some } a$

lemma [*simp*]: $\perp < \text{Some } a$

thm *InstFeedback-cross-prod-def*

thm *unkn-not-fail-def*

thm *complete-def*

lemma *f-f-fb-begin*: f-f fb-begin

lemma *f-f-fb-a*: $\text{f-f } (\text{fb-a } r)$

lemma *f-f-fb-b*: $\text{f-f } (\text{fb-b } r)$

lemma *f-f-comp*: $\text{f-f } r \implies \text{f-f } r' \implies \text{f-f } (r \text{ OO } r')$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\text{fb-a } r)^{**} \cdot x = (x = \cdot)$

lemma *f-f-InstFeedback*: $\text{f-f } (\text{InstFeedback } r)$

lemma *InstFeedback-cross-prod-aux*: $\text{complete } r' \implies \text{unkn-not-fail } r' \implies \text{InstFeedback-cross-prod } r r' x xa \implies \text{InstFeedback } (\text{cross-prod } r r') x xa$

theorem *InstFeedback-cross-prod*: *complete r' \implies unkn-not-fail r' \implies InstFeedback (cross-prod r r')*
 $=$ *InstFeedback-cross-prod r r'*

lemma [*simp*]: *OK (Some a, None) < OK (Some a, Some aa)*

thm *fb-hide-def*
thm *fb-end-def*

definition *fb-end-ukn* = $(\lambda u y y'. \text{case } uy \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y' = \cdot \mid OK(u, y) \Rightarrow y' = OK y)$

definition *fb-hide-cross-prod r r'* = $(\lambda x y. (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y = \cdot \mid OK x \Rightarrow (\exists v . r(OK x)(OK(\text{Some } v)) \wedge r'(OK(\text{Some } v))y) \vee (y = \cdot \wedge (r(OK x)\cdot \vee r(OK x)(OK \perp))))$

lemma [*simp*]: *InstFeedback-cross-prod r r' \cdot y = (y = \cdot)*

lemma [*simp*]: *ff r \implies f-f r \implies (r \cdot x) = (x = \cdot)*

lemma *rel-union*: *rela (r \sqcup r') = rela r \sqcup rela r'*

lemma *prec-union*: *preca (r \sqcup r') = preca r \sqcap preca r'*

lemma *wp (r \sqcup r') = wp r \sqcap wp r'*

lemma *chain-OK*: $\bigwedge a' b' . \forall i < n . aa(i) < aa(Suc i) \implies aa(0) = OK(a, b) \implies aa(n) = OK(a', b') \implies (\exists u y . \forall i \leq n . aa(i) = OK(u, y))$

lemma [*simp*]: *maximal (None) = False*

lemma [*simp*]: *maximal u = (u \neq None)*

lemma [*simp*]: *OK (\perp , \perp) \leq OK (a, b)*

thm *InstFeedback-cross-prod-def*

lemma *fb-hide-cross-proda*: *complete r' \implies unkn-not-fail r' \implies fb-hide (cross-prod r r') x y = fb-hide-cross-prod r r' x y*

6.1 Examples

definition *havoc x y = (maximal x \longrightarrow maximal y)*

definition *EQ = $(\lambda ux vy . vy = (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow \cdot \mid OK((u::'a option), x) \Rightarrow OK(u, u)))$*

lemma [*simp*]: *(a::'a::order) < a = False*

lemma *fb-hide-fun-EQ*: *InstFeedback EQ x uy = (uy = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow \cdot \mid \cdot \Rightarrow OK(\perp, \perp)))*

lemma *fb-hide EQ x y = (y = \cdot)*

definition $\text{TRUEa} = (\lambda ux vy . (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid OK ((u::'a option), x) \Rightarrow (\exists v . vy = OK(v, v) \wedge (u \neq None \rightarrow v \neq None))))$

lemma $\text{move-assumption}: p \Rightarrow p$

lemma $\text{fb-hide-fun-TRUEa}: \text{InstFeedback } \text{TRUEa } x uy = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy = \cdot \mid \cdot \Rightarrow (\exists u . uy = OK(u, u)))$

lemma $\text{fb-hide } \text{TRUEa } x y = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y = \cdot \mid \cdot \Rightarrow (y = \cdot \vee (\exists u . \text{maximal } u \wedge y = OK u)))$

definition $\text{TRUE} = (\lambda ux vy . (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid OK ((u::'a option), x) \Rightarrow (\exists u . vy = OK(u, u))))$

lemma $\text{fb-hide-fun-TRUE}: \text{InstFeedback } \text{TRUE } x uy = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy = \cdot \mid \cdot \Rightarrow (\exists u . uy = OK(u, u)))$

lemma $\text{fb-hide } \text{TRUE } x y = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y = \cdot \mid \cdot \Rightarrow (y = \cdot \vee (\exists u . \text{maximal } u \wedge y = OK u)))$

definition $\text{NEQ} = (\lambda ux vy . (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid OK(u, x) \Rightarrow (\exists v . vy = OK(v, v) \wedge ((u = None \rightarrow v = None) \wedge (u \neq None \rightarrow u \neq v))))))$

definition $\text{NEQ2} = (\lambda ux vy . (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid OK(u, x) \Rightarrow (\exists v . vy = OK(v, v) \wedge ((u = None \rightarrow v = None) \wedge (u \neq None \rightarrow u \neq v \wedge v \neq None))))))$

lemma $\text{fb-hide-fun-NEQ2}: \text{InstFeedback } \text{NEQ2 } x uy = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy = \cdot \mid \cdot \Rightarrow uy = OK(None, None))$

lemma $\text{fb-hide-fun-NEQ}: \text{InstFeedback } \text{NEQ } x uy = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy = \cdot \mid \cdot \Rightarrow uy = OK(None, None))$

lemma $\text{fb-hide } \text{NEQ } x y = (y = \cdot)$

lemma $\text{fb-hide } \text{NEQ2 } x y = (y = \cdot)$

definition $\text{rel-bot-true } r = (\forall x y . \neg \text{maximal } x \rightarrow r x y)$

definition $\text{rel-maximal } r = (\forall x y . r x y \wedge \text{maximal } x \rightarrow \text{maximal } y)$

definition $\text{assert-rel } p x y = (\text{if } p x \text{ then } y = x \text{ else } y = \perp)$

definition $\text{comp-rel } r r' x y = (\text{if } r x \perp \text{ then } y = \perp \text{ else } (\exists z . r x z \wedge r' z y))$

definition $\text{AND } x y = (\text{case } (x, y) \text{ of } (\text{Some } a, \text{Some } b) \Rightarrow \text{Some } (a \wedge b) \mid (\text{None}, \text{Some } \text{False}) \Rightarrow \text{Some } \text{False} \mid (\text{Some } \text{False}, \text{None}) \Rightarrow \text{Some } \text{False} \mid \cdot \Rightarrow \text{None})$

definition $\text{AND-rel } ux vy = (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid OK(u, x) \Rightarrow vy = OK(\text{AND } u x, \text{AND } u x))$

lemma [*simp*]: ff AND-rel

lemma [*simp*]: $((\text{None}, \text{Some } a) \leq (\text{None}, \text{None})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel} (\text{OK} (u, \text{Some False})) (\text{OK} (v, y)) = ((v = \text{Some False}) \wedge (y = \text{Some False}))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel} (\text{OK} (\text{Some False}, u)) (\text{OK} (v, y)) = ((v = \text{Some False}) \wedge (y = \text{Some False}))$

lemma AND-comute: $\text{AND} x y = \text{AND} y x$

lemma AND-rel-comute: $\text{AND-rel} (\text{OK} (x, y)) = \text{AND-rel} (\text{OK} (y, x))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel} (\text{OK} x) \cdot = \text{False}$

lemma fb-hide-fun-AND: $\text{InstFeedback AND-rel } x uy = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow uy = \cdot \mid \text{OK} (\text{Some False}) \Rightarrow uy = \text{OK} (\text{Some False}, \text{Some False}) \mid - \Rightarrow (uy = \text{OK} (\perp, \perp)))$

lemma fb-hide AND-rel x y = $(\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y = \cdot \mid \text{OK} (\text{Some False}) \Rightarrow y = \text{OK} (\text{Some False}) \mid - \Rightarrow y = \cdot)$

definition AND-rel2a = $(\lambda ((w, u), x) ((v, w'), y) . (v = \text{AND} u x) \wedge (w = w') \wedge (v = y))$

definition AND-rel2 wux vwy = $(\text{case } wux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vwy = \cdot \mid \text{OK} ((w, u), x) \Rightarrow vwy = \text{OK} ((\text{AND} u x, w), \text{AND} u x))$

lemma [simp]: ff AND-rel2

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} ((w, u), \text{Some False})) (\text{OK} ((v, w'), c)) = (v = \text{Some False} \wedge w = w' \wedge \text{Some False} = c)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} (a, \text{Some False})) (\text{OK} (b, c)) = (\text{fst } b = \text{Some False} \wedge \text{fst } a = \text{snd } b \wedge \text{Some False} = c)$

thm f-f-def

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge u x . (\bigwedge u . \text{preca } r (u, x)) \implies (\text{fb-a } r \wedge \text{OK} (u, x)) \cdot = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: preca AND-rel2 x

lemma [simp]: AND-rel2 (OK x) · = False

lemma [simp]: AND None None = None

lemma [simp]: AND (Some True) (Some True) = (Some True)

lemma [simp]: AND (Some False) x = (Some False)

lemma [simp]: AND x (Some False) = (Some False)

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} ((\text{None}, \text{None}), \text{None})) (\text{OK} ((v, w), y)) = (v = \text{None} \wedge v = y \wedge v = w)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} ((\text{None}, \text{Some } a), \text{None})) (\text{OK} ((u, w), y)) = (u = \text{AND} (\text{Some } a) \wedge y = \text{AND} (\text{Some } a) \wedge \text{None} \wedge w = \text{None})$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} ((\text{None}, \text{None}), \text{Some True})) (\text{OK} ((v, w), y)) = (v = \text{AND None} \wedge \text{Some True} \wedge y = \text{AND None} \wedge \text{Some True} \wedge w = \text{None})$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} ((\text{None}, \text{None}), \text{Some False})) (\text{OK} ((v, w), y)) = (v = \text{Some False} \wedge y = \text{Some False} \wedge w = \text{None})$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} ((\text{Some False}, w), \text{Some False})) (\text{OK} ((v, w'), y)) = (v = \text{Some False} \wedge w' = \text{Some False} \wedge y = \text{Some False})$

lemma AND2-simp: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} (((u::'a option), w), x)) (\text{OK} ((v, w'), y)) = (v = \text{AND } w \text{ } x \wedge w' = u \wedge y = \text{AND } w \text{ } x)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} ((\text{None}, \text{None}), x)) (\text{OK} ((v, w), y)) = (v = \text{AND None} \text{ } x \wedge w = \text{None} \wedge y = \text{AND None} \text{ } x)$

lemma chain-triple: $x < y \implies y < z \implies z < w \implies w < \text{OK} ((a::'a option, b::'b option), c::'c option) \implies \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{AND-rel2} (\text{OK} ((\text{None}, \text{None}), \text{None})) (\text{OK} ((v, w), y)) = (v = \text{None} \wedge w = \text{None} \wedge y = \text{None})$

definition rel-and $a \text{ } b = (\text{if } a = \text{None} \text{ then } b = \text{None} \vee b = \text{Some True} \text{ else } a = b)$

lemma [simp]: $\exists b \text{ } ba. \text{ } \text{None} = \text{AND } b \text{ } ba$

lemma [simp]: $(\exists b. \text{None} = \text{AND} (\text{Some True}) \text{ } b)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{OK} (\perp, \perp) < \text{OK} ((\text{Some False}, \text{Some False}), \text{Some False})$

lemma [simp]: $\text{OK} (\perp, \perp) < \text{OK} ((\text{Some True}, \text{Some True}), \text{Some True})$

lemma [simp]: $\exists b \text{ } ba. \text{ } \text{Some False} = \text{AND } b \text{ } ba$

lemma [simp]: $\exists b \text{ } ba. \text{ } \text{Some } x = \text{AND } b \text{ } ba$

lemma [simp]: $\exists ba. \text{Some True} = \text{AND} (\text{Some True}) \text{ } ba$

lemma [simp]: $((\perp, \perp) < (\perp, \text{None})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\exists b. \text{Some False} = \text{AND } b \text{ } (\text{Some True})$

lemma [simp]: $\exists b. \text{Some True} = \text{AND } b \text{ } (\text{Some True})$

lemma OK-less-less: $(\text{OK } x < \text{OK } y) = (x < y)$

lemma fba-a-chain: $\bigwedge u'. n > 0 \implies (\text{fb-a } r \wedge\wedge n) (\text{OK} (u, x)) (\text{OK} (u', x')) \implies u < (u'::'a::order)$

lemma fb-hide-and-eq: $\text{InstFeedback} (\text{AND-rel2}) (\text{OK } x) (\text{OK} ((v, w), y)) \implies v = y$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback} (\text{AND-rel2}) (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK} ((\text{None}, \text{Some False}), \text{None})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback AND-rel2 } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((\text{None}, \text{None}), \text{None}))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback AND-rel2 } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((\text{None}, \text{Some True}), \text{None})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback AND-rel2 } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some False}, \text{None}), \text{Some False})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback AND-rel2 } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some False}, \text{Some True}), \text{Some False})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some False}, \text{Some False}), \text{Some False})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some True}, \text{Some True}), \text{Some True})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some True}, \text{None}), \text{Some True})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some True}, \text{Some False}), \text{Some True})) = \text{False}$

lemma *fb-and-wire-bot*: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } \text{None}) (\text{OK } ((v, w), y)) = (v = y \wedge v = w \wedge v = \text{None})$

lemma *fb-and-wire-false*: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } (\text{Some False})) (\text{OK } ((v, w), y)) = (v = \text{Some False} \wedge w = v \wedge y = v)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK } ((\text{None}, \text{Some False}), \text{None})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $(\exists b. \text{None} = \text{AND } b \text{ (Some True)})$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK } ((\text{None}, \text{None}), \text{None}))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK } ((\text{None}, \text{Some True}), \text{None})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some False}, \text{None}), \text{Some False})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some False}, \text{Some True}), \text{Some False})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some False}, \text{Some False}), \text{Some False})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback (AND-rel2) } (\text{OK } (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK } ((\text{Some True}, \text{Some True}), \text{Some True})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback} (\text{AND-rel2}) (\text{OK} (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK} ((\text{Some True}, \text{None}), \text{Some True})) = \text{False}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{InstFeedback} (\text{AND-rel2}) (\text{OK} (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK} ((\text{Some True}, \text{Some False}), \text{Some True})) = \text{False}$

lemma fb-and-wire-true : $\text{InstFeedback} (\text{AND-rel2}) (\text{OK} (\text{Some True})) (\text{OK} ((v, w), y)) = (v = y \wedge v = w \wedge v = \text{None})$

thm fb-and-wire-true
thm fb-and-wire-false
thm fb-and-wire-bot

lemma $\text{InstFeedback} (\text{AND-rel2}) x y = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y = \cdot \mid \text{OK} (\text{Some False}) \Rightarrow y = \text{OK} ((\text{Some False}, \text{Some False}), \text{Some False}) \mid \cdot \Rightarrow y = \text{OK} ((\text{None}, \text{None}), \text{None}))$

definition $\text{NonDet ux vy} = (\text{case } ux \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid \text{OK} (\text{Some } u, x) \Rightarrow$
 $(\text{if } u = 2 \text{ then } vy = \cdot \text{ else}$
 $vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (x + 1), x + 1) \vee vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (x + 1), x + 2) \vee$
 $vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (x + 2), x + 2) \vee vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (x + 2), x + 3) \vee$
 $vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } 6, 6) \vee vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } 6, 7)$
 $\mid \text{OK} (\text{None}, x) \Rightarrow$
 $vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (x + 1), x + 1) \vee vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (x + 1), x + 2) \vee$
 $vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (x + 2), x + 2) \vee vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (x + 2), x + 3) \vee$
 $vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } 7, 7) \vee vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } 7, 8))$

definition $\text{InstFeedbackNonDet x vy} = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow vy = \cdot \mid$
 $\text{OK } a \Rightarrow (a = \text{Suc } 0 \wedge vy = \cdot) \vee (a = 0 \wedge vy = \cdot) \vee$
 $(a \neq 1 \wedge (vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (a + 1), a + 1) \vee vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (a + 1), a + 2))) \vee$
 $(a \neq 0 \wedge (vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (a + 2), a + 2) \vee vy = \text{OK} (\text{Some } (a + 2), a + 3))))$

lemma $\text{InstFeedbackNonDet-a: InstFeedback NonDet x vy} \implies \text{InstFeedbackNonDet x vy}$

lemma $\text{InstFeedbackNonDet-b: InstFeedbackNonDet x vy} \implies \text{InstFeedback NonDet x vy}$

lemma $\text{InstFeedbackNonDet: InstFeedback NonDet} = \text{InstFeedbackNonDet}$

6.2 Associativity of Instantaneous Feedback

definition $\text{adapt r a b} = (\text{case } a \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow b = \cdot \mid \text{OK} (u, (v, x)) \Rightarrow$
 $(\exists u' v' y . r (\text{OK} ((u, v), x)) (\text{OK} (((u', v'), y))) \wedge b = \text{OK} (u', (v', y))) \vee (r (\text{OK} ((u, v), x))$
 $\cdot \wedge b = \cdot))$

definition $\text{adapt-b a b} = (\text{case } a \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow b = \cdot \mid \text{OK} (u, (v, x)) \Rightarrow b = \text{OK} (v, (u, x)))$

definition $\text{adapt-c x y} = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y = \cdot \mid$
 $\text{OK} (w, (u, a)) \Rightarrow y = \text{OK} ((u, w), a))$

definition $\text{adapt-a x y} = (\text{case } x \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow y = \cdot \mid \text{OK} (u, (v, x)) \Rightarrow y = \text{OK} ((u, v), x))$

lemma $\text{ff r} \implies \text{f-f r} \implies \text{adapt r} = \text{adapt-a OO r OO adapt-a}^{-1-1}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{unkn-mono r} \implies \text{unkn-mono} (\text{adapt r})$

lemma [simp]: $(\text{case } y \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow \text{OK } (b, a, yaa) = \cdot \mid \text{OK } (u, v, x) \Rightarrow \text{OK } (b, a, yaa) = \text{OK } (v, u, x)) = (y = \text{OK } (a, b, yaa))$

lemma [simp]: $(\text{case } y \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow \text{OK } ((a, b), yaa) = \cdot \mid \text{OK } (w, u, aa) \Rightarrow \text{OK } ((a, b), yaa) = \text{OK } ((u, w), aa)) = (y = \text{OK } (b, a, yaa))$

lemma [simp]: $(\text{case } y \text{ of } \cdot \Rightarrow \cdot = \cdot \mid \text{OK } (w, u, a) \Rightarrow \cdot = \text{OK } ((u, w), a)) = (y = \cdot)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{unkn-mono } r \implies r (\text{OK } ((a, b), x2)) (\text{OK } ((u, v), z)) \implies r (\text{OK } ((\perp, \perp), x2)) (\text{OK } ((u, v), z))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{unkn-mono } r \implies r (\text{OK } ((a, b), x2)) (\text{OK } ((u, v), z)) \implies r (\text{OK } ((\perp, b), x2)) (\text{OK } ((u, v), z))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{unkn-mono } r \implies r (\text{OK } ((a, b), x2)) (\text{OK } ((u, v), z)) \implies r (\text{OK } ((a, \perp), x2)) (\text{OK } ((u, v), z))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{unkn-mono } r \implies \text{unkn-mono } (\text{InstFeedback } (\text{adapt } r) \text{ OO adapt-}b)$

term $\text{InstFeedback } (\text{fb-fun } (\text{adapt } r) \text{ OO adapt-}b) \text{ OO adapt-}c$

lemma fb-hide-comp-aux : $\text{unkn-mono } (\text{InstFeedback } (\text{adapt } r) \text{ OO adapt-}b) \implies \text{InstFeedback } (\text{InstFeedback } (\text{adapt } r) \text{ OO adapt-}b) = \text{InstFeedback-1 } (\text{InstFeedback } (\text{adapt } r) \text{ OO adapt-}b)$

lemma [simp]: $\text{adapt } r \dots$

lemma [simp]: $\text{adapt-}b \dots$

lemma [simp]: $\text{adapt-}c \dots$

lemma [simp]: $\text{unkn-mono } r \implies$
 $r (\text{OK } ((\perp, \perp), x2)) (\text{OK } ((a, b), ya)) \implies$
 $r (\text{OK } ((a, b), x2)) (\text{OK } ((a, b), yaa)) \implies$
 $\text{InstFeedback-1 } (\text{adapt } r) (\text{OK } (\perp, x2)) (\text{OK } (a, b, yaa))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{unkn-mono } r \implies$
 $r (\text{OK } ((\perp, \perp), x2)) (\text{OK } ((a, b), ya)) \implies$
 $r (\text{OK } ((a, b), x2)) (\text{OK } ((a, b), yaa)) \implies$
 $\exists a ba. \text{InstFeedback-1 } (\text{adapt } r) (\text{OK } (\perp, x2)) (\text{OK } (a, b, ba))$

lemma [simp]: $\text{unkn-mono } r \implies$
 $r (\text{OK } ((\perp, \perp), x2)) (\text{OK } ((a, b), ya)) \implies$
 $r (\text{OK } ((a, b), x2)) (\text{OK } ((a, b), yaa)) \implies$
 $\text{InstFeedback-1 } (\text{adapt } r) (\text{OK } (b, x2)) (\text{OK } (a, b, yaa))$

definition $\text{indep } r = (\forall x y z z'. r (\text{OK } ((\perp, \perp), z)) (\text{OK } ((x, y), z')) \longrightarrow$
 $((\exists a . r (\text{OK } ((x, \perp), z)) (\text{OK } ((x, y), a))) \wedge ((\exists a . r (\text{OK } ((\perp, y), z)) (\text{OK } ((x, y), a))))))$

```

lemma InstFeedback-assoc-fail-a: indep r  $\implies$  unkn-mono r  $\implies$  InstFeedback r x  $\cdot \implies ((\text{InstFeedback} (\text{InstFeedback} (\text{adapt r}) \text{ OO adapt-b})) \text{ OO adapt-c}) x \cdot$ 

definition indep-a r =  $(\forall x y y' a b a' b'. r (\text{OK} ((\perp, \perp), x)) (\text{OK} ((a, b), y)) \wedge r (\text{OK} ((\perp, \perp), x)) (\text{OK} ((a', b'), y')) \rightarrow (\exists z. r (\text{OK} ((\perp, \perp), x)) (\text{OK} ((a, b'), z)))$ 

lemma InstFeedback-assoc-fail-b: indep-a r  $\implies$  mono-fail r  $\implies$  unkn-mono r  $\implies ((\text{InstFeedback} (\text{InstFeedback} (\text{adapt r}) \text{ OO adapt-b})) \text{ OO adapt-c}) x \cdot \implies \text{InstFeedback} r x \cdot$ 

lemma InstFeedback-assoc-OK: unkn-mono r  $\implies$  InstFeedback r x (OK y) =  $((\text{InstFeedback} (\text{InstFeedback} (\text{adapt r}) \text{ OO adapt-b})) \text{ OO adapt-c}) x (\text{OK} y)$ 

theorem InstFeedback-assoc: indep r  $\implies$  indep-a r  $\implies$  mono-fail r  $\implies$  unkn-mono r  $\implies$  (InstFeedback (InstFeedback (adapt r) OO adapt-b)) OO adapt-c = InstFeedback r

definition unkn-mono-up r =  $(\forall a b x u y. a \leq b \wedge r (\text{OK} (a, x)) (\text{OK} (u, y)) \rightarrow ((\exists v. u \leq v \wedge r (\text{OK} (b, x)) (\text{OK} (v, y))) \vee r (\text{OK} (b, x)) \cdot))$ 
lemma unkn-mono-up-A: unkn-mono-up r  $\implies a \leq b \implies r (\text{OK} (a, x)) (\text{OK} (u, y)) \implies ((\exists v. u \leq v \wedge r (\text{OK} (b, x)) (\text{OK} (v, y))) \vee r (\text{OK} (b, x)) \cdot)$ 
lemma unkn-mono-a-A: unkn-mono r  $\implies a \leq b \implies r (\text{OK} (b, x)) (\text{OK} z) \implies r (\text{OK} (a, x)) (\text{OK} z)$ 

lemma feedback-comp-fail-Z: mono-fail (r::('a option × 'b option) × 'c) fail-option  $\Rightarrow (((('a option \times 'b option) \times 'd) fail-option) \Rightarrow \text{bool})$ 
 $\implies \text{unkn-mono r} \implies \text{unkn-mono-up r} \implies \text{InstFeedback r x} \cdot \implies ((\text{InstFeedback} (\text{InstFeedback} (\text{adapt r}) \text{ OO adapt-b})) \text{ OO adapt-c}) x \cdot$ 

```

end

7 Formalizing Simulink in RCRS

7.1 Types for Simulink Modeling Elements

theory *SimulinkTypes imports Real Transcendental*

begin

```

instantiation bool::zero
begin
  definition zero-bool-def[simp]: 0 = False
  instance
end

instantiation bool::one
begin
  definition one-bool-def[simp]: 1 = True
  instance
end

instantiation bool::plus
begin
  definition plus-bool-def[simp]: (a::bool) + b = (a ∨ b)
  instance
end

```

```

instance bool::semigroup-add

instantiation bool::numeral
begin
  instance
    lemma [simp]: numeral a = True
  end

instantiation bool::divide
begin
  definition divide-bool-def[simp]: (a::bool) div b = (a ∧ b)
  instance
  end

instantiation bool::inverse
begin
  definition inverse-bool-def[simp]: inverse (a::bool) = a
  instance
end

class s-pi =
  fixes s-pi::'a

instantiation real::s-pi
begin
  definition s-pi-real-def[simp]: s-pi = pi
  instance
end

class s-sqrt =
  fixes s-sqrt:: 'a ⇒ 'a

instantiation real::s-sqrt
begin
  definition s-sqrt-real-def[simp]: s-sqrt = sqrt
  instance
end

class s-abs =
  fixes s-abs:: 'a ⇒ 'a

instantiation real::s-abs
begin
  definition s-abs-real-def[simp]: s-abs = (abs::real ⇒ real)
  instance
end

class s-exp =
  fixes s-exp:: 'a ⇒ 'a

instantiation real::s-exp
begin
  definition s-exp-real-def[simp]: s-exp = (exp :: real ⇒ real)
  instance

```

```

end

class s-ln =
  fixes s-ln:: 'a ⇒ 'a

instantiation real::s-ln
begin
  definition s-ln-real-def[simp]: s-ln = (ln::real ⇒ real)
  instance
end

class s-sin =
  fixes s-sin:: 'a ⇒ 'a

class s-cos =
  fixes s-cos:: 'a ⇒ 'a

instantiation real::s-sin
begin

  definition s-sin-real-def[simp]: s-sin = (sin :: real ⇒ real)
  instance
end

instantiation real::s-cos
begin

  definition s-cos-real-def[simp]: s-cos = (cos :: real ⇒ real)
  instance
end

definition MyIf:: bool ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a ((If (-)/ Then (-)/ Else (-)) [0, 0, 10] 10) where
  (If b Then x Else y) = (if b then x else y)

lemma If-prod: (If b Then (x, y) Else (u, v)) = ((If b Then x Else u), (If b Then y Else v))

lemma If-eq: (If b Then x Else x) = x

class simulink = minus + uminus + numeral + power + zero + ord + s-sqrt + s-abs + s-exp +
s-ln + s-sin + s-cos + s-pi + inverse +
assumes numeral-nzero[simp]: numeral n ≠ 0
begin
  lemma [simp]: (1 = 0) = False
  lemma [simp]: (0 = 1) = False

  lemma [simp]: ((if b then (1::'a) else 0) = 0) = (¬ b)

  lemma [simp]: ((if b then (1::'a) else 0) = 1) = b

```

```

end

lemma [simp]: (if b then True else False) = b

instantiation real::simulink
  begin
    instance
  end

instantiation nat::simulink
  begin
    instance
  end

instantiation bool::simulink
  begin
    instance
  end

definition is-eq-num x y = (if x = y then 1 else 0)
lemma is-eq-num-a: ((is-eq-num x y)::bool) = (x = y)
lemmas is-eq-num-simp [simp] = is-eq-num-a is-eq-num-def

definition is-neq-num x y = (if x ≠ y then 1 else 0)
lemma is-neq-num-a: ((is-neq-num x y)::bool) = (x ≠ y)
lemmas is-neq-num-simp [simp] = is-neq-num-a is-neq-num-def

definition is-less-num x y = (if x < y then 1 else 0)
lemma is-less-num-a: ((is-less-num x y)::bool) = (x < y)
lemmas is-less-num-simp [simp] = is-less-num-a is-less-num-def

definition is-less-eq-num x y = (if x ≤ y then 1 else 0)
lemma is-less-eq-num-a: ((is-less-eq-num x y)::bool) = (x ≤ y)
lemmas is-less-eq-num-simp [simp] = is-less-eq-num-a is-less-eq-num-def

definition is-gt-num x y = (if x > y then 1 else 0)
lemma is-gt-num-a: ((is-gt-num x y)::bool) = (x > y)
lemmas is-gt-num-simp [simp] = is-gt-num-a is-gt-num-def

definition is-ge-num x y = (if x ≥ y then 1 else 0)
lemma is-ge-num-a: ((is-ge-num x y)::bool) = (x ≥ y)
lemmas is-ge-num-simp [simp] = is-ge-num-a is-ge-num-def

consts conversion :: 'a ⇒ 'b

overloading
  conversion-id ≡ conversion:: 'a ⇒ 'a (unchecked)
  conversion-bool-real ≡ conversion:: bool ⇒ real (unchecked)
  conversion-bool-nat ≡ conversion:: bool ⇒ nat (unchecked)
  conversion-real-bool ≡ conversion:: real ⇒ bool (unchecked)
begin
  definition [simp]: conversion-id a = a
  definition [simp]: conversion-bool-real (b::bool) = (if b then (1::real) else 0)

```

```

definition [simp]: conversion-bool-nat (b::bool) = (if b then (1::nat) else 0)
definition [simp]: conversion-real-bool (x::real) = (x ≠ 0)
end

end

```

7.2 Formalization of Simulink Blocks as Predicate Transformers

```

theory Simulink
  imports Complex-Main .. /Feedback/TransitionFeedback SimulinkTypes
begin

```

```

declare comp-skip [simp del]
declare skip-comp [simp del]
declare prod-skip-skip [simp del]
declare fail-comp [simp del]

```

```
declare [[showsorts=false]]
```

```
definition UnitVal = ()
```

```
definition Constant c = [: x::unit ~> y. y = c:]
```

```
lemma Constant-func: Constant c = [- x ~> c-]
```

```
definition Inport = Skip
```

```
definition Gain k = [: x ~> y. y = x * k:]
```

```
lemma Gain-func: Gain k = [- x ~> x * k-]
```

```
definition Square = [: x ~> y. y = x * x:]
```

```
lemma Square-func: Square = [- x ~> x * x-]
```

```
definition Power = [: (x, y) ~> z. z = x ^ y:]
```

lemma *Power-func*: $\text{Power} = [-\ x, y \rightsquigarrow x \wedge y -]$

definition *Power10* = [: $x \rightsquigarrow y$. $y = 10 \wedge x$:]

lemma *Power10-func*: $\text{Power10} = [-\ x \rightsquigarrow 10 \wedge x -]$

definition *Exp* = [: $x \rightsquigarrow y$. $y = s\text{-exp } x$:]

lemma *Exp-func*: $\text{Exp} = [-\ x \rightsquigarrow s\text{-exp } x -]$

definition *Ln* = [: $x \rightsquigarrow y$. $y = s\text{-ln } x$:]

lemma *Ln-func*: $\text{Ln} = [-\ x \rightsquigarrow s\text{-ln } x -]$

definition *Sqrt* = { x . $x \geq 0$ } \circ [: $x \rightsquigarrow y$. $y = s\text{-sqrt } x$:]

lemma *Sqrt-func*: $\text{Sqrt} = \{\cdot x. x \geq 0\} \circ [-\ x \rightsquigarrow s\text{-sqrt } x -]$

definition *Outport* = *Skip*

definition *Scope* = *Skip*

definition *Terminator* = [: $x \rightsquigarrow (u::\text{unit})$. *True*:]

lemma *Terminator-func*: $\text{Terminator} = [-\ x \rightsquigarrow () -]$

definition *Integrator dt* = [: $(x,s) \rightsquigarrow (y, s')$. $y = s \wedge s' = s + x * dt$:]

lemma *Integrator-func*: $\text{Integrator dt} = [-x, s \rightsquigarrow s, s + x * dt -]$

definition *IntegratorA* = [:*s* ~ \rightsquigarrow *y*. *y* = *s*:]

lemma *IntegratorA-func*: *IntegratorA* = [-*id*-]

definition *IntegratorB dt* = [:(*x,s*) ~ \rightsquigarrow *s'*. *s' = s + x * dt*:]

lemma *IntegratorB-func*: *IntegratorB dt* = [- *x, s* ~ \rightsquigarrow *s + x * dt* -]

definition *IntegratorLimit high low dt* = [: (*x, s*) ~ \rightsquigarrow (*y, s'*). *y = s* \wedge *s' = (If s + x * dt > high Then high Else If s + x * dt < low Then low Else s + x * dt)* :]

lemma *IntegratorLimit-func* : *IntegratorLimit high low dt* = [- *x, s* ~ \rightsquigarrow *s, If s + x * dt > high Then high Else If s + x * dt < low Then low Else s + x * dt* -]

definition *IntegratorLimitA* = [:*s* ~ \rightsquigarrow *y*. *y* = *s*:]

lemma *IntegratorLimitA-func*: *IntegratorLimitA* = [- *id* -]

definition *IntegratorLimitB high low dt* = [: (*x, s*) ~ \rightsquigarrow *y*. *y = (If s + x * dt > high Then high Else If s + x * dt < low Then low Else s + x * dt)* :]

lemma *IntegratorLimitB-func*: *IntegratorLimitB high low dt* = [- *x, s* ~ \rightsquigarrow *If s + x * dt > high Then high Else If s + x * dt < low Then low Else s + x * dt* -]

definition *Saturation low-limit high-limit* = [: *x* ~ \rightsquigarrow *y*.

y = (If x < low-limit Then low-limit

Else If x > high-limit Then high-limit

Else x):]

lemma *Saturation-func*: *Saturation low-limit high-limit* =

[- x ~ \rightsquigarrow If x < low-limit Then low-limit

Else If x > high-limit Then high-limit

Else x-]

definition *Relay low-limit high-limit value-low value-high* = [: *x, s* ~ \rightsquigarrow *y, s'*.

y = (If high-limit \leq x Then value-high

Else (If x \leq low-limit Then value-low Else s))

\wedge s' = y :]

lemma *Relay-func*: *Relay low-limit high-limit value-low value-high* =

[- x, s ~ \rightsquigarrow If high-limit \leq x Then value-high Else If x \leq low-limit Then value-low Else s,

If high-limit \leq x Then value-high Else If x \leq low-limit Then value-low Else s-]

definition *RelayA low-limit high-limit value-low value-high* = [: $x, s \rightsquigarrow y$.

y = (*If high-limit* $\leq x$ *Then value-high*
Else (*If* $x \leq \text{low-limit}$ *Then value-low Else* *s*)) :]

lemma *RelayA-func: RelayA low-limit high-limit value-low value-high* =

[$-x, s \rightsquigarrow \text{If high-limit} \leq x \text{ Then value-high Else If } x \leq \text{low-limit} \text{ Then value-low Else } s -$]

definition *RelayB low-limit high-limit value-low value-high* = [: $x, s \rightsquigarrow s'$.

s' = (*If high-limit* $\leq x$ *Then value-high*
Else (*If* $x \leq \text{low-limit}$ *Then value-low Else* *s*)) :]

lemma *RelayB-func: RelayB low-limit high-limit value-low value-high* =

[$-x, s \rightsquigarrow \text{If high-limit} \leq x \text{ Then value-high Else If } x \leq \text{low-limit} \text{ Then value-low Else } s -$]

definition *PulseGenerator period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt* = [: $(i, c) \rightsquigarrow y, i', c'.$ $i' = i + 1$

\wedge

(*If* ($i * dt < \text{phase-delay}$) *Then* ($y = 0 \wedge c' = 0$) *Else*
If ($i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period}$)
Then ($y = \text{amplitude} \wedge (c' = c + 1)$) *Else*
If ($i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) \geq (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{period} - dt) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period}$) *Then* ($y = 0 \wedge (c' = c + 1)$)
Else ($c' = 0 \wedge y = 0$)):]

lemma *PulseGenerator-func: PulseGenerator period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt* =

[$-i, c \rightsquigarrow$

If ($i * dt < \text{phase-delay}$) *Then* ($0, i + 1, 0$) *Else*
If ($i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period}$)
Then ($\text{amplitude}, i + 1, c + 1$) *Else*
If ($i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) \geq (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{period} - dt) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period}$) *Then* ($0, i + 1, c + 1$)
Else ($0, i + 1, 0$)-]

definition *PulseGeneratorA period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt* = [: $(i, c) \rightsquigarrow y$.

(*If* ($i * dt < \text{phase-delay}$) *Then* $y = 0$ *Else*

If ($i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period}$)
Then $y = \text{amplitude}$
Else $y = 0$)):]

lemma *PulseGeneratorA-func : PulseGeneratorA period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt* =

[$-i, c \rightsquigarrow$

If ($i * dt < \text{phase-delay}$) *Then* 0 *Else*
If ($i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period}$)
Then amplitude *Else* 0 -]

definition *PulseGeneratorB* = [: $i \rightsquigarrow i'.$ $i' = i + 1$:]

lemma *PulseGeneratorB-func*: $\text{PulseGeneratorB} = [- i \rightsquigarrow i + 1 -]$

definition *PulseGeneratorC period phase-delay pulse-width dt* = $[: (i, c) \rightsquigarrow c'.$

If $(i * dt < \text{phase-delay})$ *Then* $c' = 0$ *Else*

If $(i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period})$
Then $c' = c + 1$ *Else*

If $(i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) \geq (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{period} - dt) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period})$ *Then* $c' = c + 1$
Else $c' = 0$ *:]*

lemma *PulseGeneratorC-func*: $\text{PulseGeneratorC period phase-delay pulse-width dt} =$

$[- i, c \rightsquigarrow$

If $(i * dt < \text{phase-delay})$ *Then* 0 *Else*

If $(i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period})$
Then $c + 1$ *Else*

If $(i * dt \geq \text{phase-delay} \wedge (c * dt) \geq (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) \wedge (c * dt) < (\text{period} - dt) \wedge (\text{pulse-width} * \text{period}) < \text{period})$ *Then* $c + 1$
Else $0 -$ *]*

definition *PulseGeneratorS period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt* = $[: t \rightsquigarrow y, t'.$

(If $(t < \text{phase-delay})$ *Then* $(y = 0 \wedge t' = t + dt)$ *Else*

If $t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} * \text{pulse-width} / 100$ *Then* $(y = \text{amplitude} \wedge t' = t + dt)$ *Else*

If $t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period}$ *Then* $(y = 0 \wedge t' = t + dt)$

Else $(y = \text{amplitude} \wedge t' = t + dt - \text{period}))$ *:]*

lemma *PulseGeneratorS-func*: $\text{PulseGeneratorS period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt} = [- t \rightsquigarrow$

If $(t < \text{phase-delay})$ *Then* $(0, t + dt)$ *Else*

If $t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} * \text{pulse-width} / 100$ *Then* $(\text{amplitude}, t + dt)$ *Else*

If $t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period}$ *Then* $(0, t + dt)$

Else $(\text{amplitude}, t + dt - \text{period}) -$ *]*

definition *PulseGeneratorSA period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt* = *PulseGeneratorS period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt o* $[: y, t \rightsquigarrow y' . y = y']$

lemma *PulseGeneratorSA-func*: $\text{PulseGeneratorSA period phase-delay pulse-width amplitude dt} = [- t \rightsquigarrow$

If $(t < \text{phase-delay})$ *Then* 0 *Else*

If $t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} * \text{pulse-width} / 100$ *Then* amplitude *Else*

If $t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period}$ *Then* 0

Else $\text{amplitude} -$ *]*

thm *PulseGeneratorS-def*

definition *PulseGeneratorSB period phase-delay pulse-width dt* = $[: t \rightsquigarrow t'.$

(If $(t < \text{phase-delay})$ *Then* $t' = t + dt$ *Else*

If $t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} * \text{pulse-width} / 100$ Then $t' = t + dt$ Else
 If $t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period}$ Then $t' = t + dt$
 Else $t' = t + dt - \text{period}$) :]

lemma *PulseGeneratorSB-func*: *PulseGeneratorSB period phase-delay pulse-width dt* = $[- \lambda t .$
 $(\text{If } (t < \text{phase-delay}) \text{ Then } t + dt \text{ Else}$
 $\text{If } t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} * \text{pulse-width} / 100 \text{ Then } t + dt \text{ Else}$
 $\text{If } t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} \text{ Then } t + dt$
 $\text{Else } t + dt - \text{period}) -]$

lemma *PulseGeneratorSB-func-real[simp]*: $0 \leq \text{phase-delay} \implies 0 < \text{period} \implies 0 < \text{pulse-width} \implies \text{pulse-width} < 100 \implies$
 $(\lambda (t::\text{real}) .$
 $(\text{If } (t < \text{phase-delay}) \text{ Then } t + dt \text{ Else}$
 $\text{If } t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} * \text{pulse-width} / 100 \text{ Then } t + dt \text{ Else}$
 $\text{If } t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} \text{ Then } t + dt$
 $\text{Else } t + dt - \text{period}))$
 $= (\lambda (t::\text{real}) . (\text{If } t - \text{phase-delay} < \text{period} \text{ Then } t + dt \text{ Else } t + dt - \text{period}))$

definition *Step step-time initial-value final-value dt* = $[:i \rightsquigarrow y, i'. i' = i + 1 \wedge$
 $y = (\text{If } (i * dt) < \text{step-time} \text{ Then } \text{initial-value} \text{ Else } \text{final-value}):]$

lemma *Step-func*: *Step step-time initial-value final-value dt* = $[- i \rightsquigarrow \text{If } (i * dt) < \text{step-time} \text{ Then }$
 $\text{initial-value Else final-value}, i+1 -]$

definition *StepA step-time initial-value final-value dt* = $[:i \rightsquigarrow y.$
 $y = (\text{If } (i * dt) < \text{step-time} \text{ Then } \text{initial-value} \text{ Else } \text{final-value}):]$

lemma *StepA-func*: *StepA step-time initial-value final-value dt* = $[- i \rightsquigarrow \text{If } (i * dt) < \text{step-time} \text{ Then }$
 $\text{initial-value Else final-value} -]$

definition *StepB* = $[:i \rightsquigarrow i'. i' = i + 1:]$

lemma *StepB-func*: *StepB* = $[- i \rightsquigarrow i+1 -]$

definition *StepT step-time initial-value final-value dt* = $[:t \rightsquigarrow y, t'. t' = t + dt \wedge$
 $y = (\text{If } t < \text{step-time} \text{ Then } \text{initial-value} \text{ Else } \text{final-value}):]$

lemma *StepT-func*: *StepT step-time initial-value final-value dt* = $[- t \rightsquigarrow \text{If } t < \text{step-time} \text{ Then }$
 $\text{initial-value Else final-value}, t + dt -]$

definition *StepTA step-time initial-value final-value dt* = $[:t \rightsquigarrow y.$
 $y = (\text{If } t < \text{step-time} \text{ Then } \text{initial-value} \text{ Else } \text{final-value}):]$

lemma *StepTA-func*: *StepTA step-time initial-value final-value dt = [- t ~> If t < step-time Then initial-value Else final-value -]*

definition *StepTB dt = [:t ~> t'. t' = t + dt:]*

lemma *StepTB-func*: *StepTB dt = [- t ~> t + dt -]*

definition *TransferFcn k a dt = [: (x, i, s) ~> (y, i', s'). y = (s * s-exp(a * i * dt) + k * x * s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) * dt) / s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) ∧ i' = i + 1 ∧ s' = y:]*

lemma *TransferFcn-func*: *TransferFcn k a dt = [- x, i, s ~> (s * s-exp(a * i * dt) + k * x * s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) * dt) / s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt), i+1, (s * s-exp(a * i * dt) + k * x * s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) * dt) / s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) -]*

definition *TransferFcnA k a dt = [: (x, i, s) ~> y. y = (s * s-exp(a * i * dt) + k * x * s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) * dt) / s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) :]*

lemma *TransferFcnA-func*: *TransferFcnA k a dt = [- x, i, s ~> (s * s-exp(a * i * dt) + k * x * s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) * dt) / s-exp(a * (i + 1) * dt) -]*

definition *TransferFcnB = [: i ~> i'. i' = i + 1:]*

lemma *TransferFcnB-func*: *TransferFcnB = [- i ~> i+ 1 -]*

definition *TransferTFcn k a dt = [: (x, t, s) ~> (y, t', s'). y = (s * s-exp(a * t) + k * x * s-exp(a * (t + dt)) * dt) / s-exp(a * (t + dt)) ∧ t' = t + dt ∧ s' = y:]*

lemma *TransferTFcn-func*: *TransferTFcn k a dt = [- x, t, s ~> (s * s-exp(a * t) + k * x * s-exp(a * (t + dt)) * dt) / s-exp(a * (t + dt)), t + dt, (s * s-exp(a * t) + k * x * s-exp(a * (t + dt)) * dt) / s-exp(a * (t + dt)) -]*

definition *TransferTFcnA k a dt = [: (x, t, s) ~> y. y = (s * s-exp(a * t) + k * x * s-exp(a * (t + dt)) * dt) / s-exp(a * (t + dt)) :]*

lemma *TransferTFcnA-func*: *TransferTFcnA k a dt = [- x, t, s ~> (s * s-exp(a * t) + k * x * s-exp(a * (t + dt)) * dt) / s-exp(a * (t + dt)) -]*

definition *TransferTFcnB* $dt = [: t \rightsquigarrow t'. t' = t + dt :]$

lemma *TransferTFcnB-func*: *TransferTFcnB* $dt = [- t \rightsquigarrow t + dt -]$

definition *SinWave amplitude frequency phase bias* $dt = [: i \rightsquigarrow (y, i'). y = amplitude * s-sin(frequency * i * dt + phase) + bias \wedge i' = i + 1 :]$

lemma *SinWave-func*: *SinWave amplitude frequency phase bias* $dt = [- i \rightsquigarrow amplitude * s-sin(frequency * i * dt + phase) + bias, i+1 -]$

definition *SinWaveA amplitude frequency phase bias* $dt = [: i \rightsquigarrow y. y = amplitude * s-sin(frequency * i * dt + phase) + bias :]$

lemma *SinWaveA-func* : *SinWaveA amplitude frequency phase bias* $dt = [- i \rightsquigarrow amplitude * s-sin(frequency * i * dt + phase) + bias -]$

definition *SinWaveB* $= [: i \rightsquigarrow i'. i' = i + 1 :]$

lemma *SinWaveB-func* : *SinWaveB* $= [- i \rightsquigarrow i + 1 -]$

definition *SinWaveT amplitude frequency phase bias* $dt = [: t \rightsquigarrow (y, t'). y = amplitude * s-sin(frequency * t + phase) + bias \wedge t' = t + dt :]$

lemma *SinWaveT-func*: *SinWaveT amplitude frequency phase bias* $dt = [- t \rightsquigarrow amplitude * s-sin(frequency * t + phase) + bias, t + dt -]$

definition *SinWaveTA amplitude frequency phase bias* $dt = [: t \rightsquigarrow y. y = amplitude * s-sin(frequency * t + phase) + bias :]$

lemma *SinWaveTA-func* : *SinWaveTA amplitude frequency phase bias* $dt = [- t \rightsquigarrow amplitude * s-sin(frequency * t + phase) + bias -]$

definition *SinWaveTB* $dt = [: t \rightsquigarrow t'. t' = t + dt :]$

lemma *SinWaveTB-func* : *SinWaveTB* $dt = [- t \rightsquigarrow t + dt -]$

fun *MIN* :: $'a::ord$ *list* \Rightarrow $'a$ **where**

MIN $[] = Eps \top |$

MIN $[x] = x |$

MIN $(x \# xs) = min x (MIN xs)$

```

fun MAX:: 'a::ord list  $\Rightarrow$  'a where
  MAX [] = Eps  $\top$  |
  MAX [x] = x |
  MAX (x # xs) = max x (MAX xs)

```

definition slope-val x xi xj yi yj = (yj - yi) * (x - xi) / (xj - xi) + yi

definition siggen-square x = (If s-sin x < 0 Then (-1::'a::simulink) Else (1::'a::simulink))

lemmas additional-simps =

slope-val-def siggen-square-def MIN.simps MAX.simps

lemmas basic-block-rel-simps =

Gain-def Square-def Power-def Power10-def Exp-def Ln-def Sqrt-def Constant-def Saturation-def
 Relay-def Integrator-def
 PulseGenerator-def Step-def TransferFcn-def
 Scope-def Outport-def Inport-def
 IntegratorA-def IntegratorB-def Terminator-def SinWave-def SinWaveA-def SinWaveB-def IntegratorLimit-def
 IntegratorLimitA-def IntegratorLimitB-def

lemmas basic-block-func-simps =

Gain-func Square-func Power-func Power10-func Exp-func Ln-func Sqrt-func Constant-func Saturation-func

Relay-func RelayA-func RelayB-func

Integrator-func IntegratorA-func IntegratorB-func

PulseGenerator-func PulseGeneratorA-func PulseGeneratorB-func PulseGeneratorC-func

PulseGeneratorS-func PulseGeneratorSA-func PulseGeneratorSB-func

TransferFcn-func TransferFcnA-func TransferFcnB-func

TransferTFcn-func TransferTFcnA-func TransferTFcnB-func

```

Scope-def Outport-def Import-def
Step-func StepA-func StepB-func
StepT-func StepTA-func StepTB-func
Terminator-func
SinWave-func SinWaveA-func SinWaveB-func
SinWaveT-func SinWaveTA-func SinWaveTB-func
IntegratorLimit-func IntegratorLimitA-func IntegratorLimitB-func

```

```

lemmas comp-rel-simps = Prod-spec-Skip Prod-Skip-spec Prod-demonic-skip Prod-skip-demonic Prod-demonic
Prod-spec-demonic Prod-demonic-spec
comp-assoc [THEN sym] demonic-demonic comp-demonic-demonic assert-assert-comp comp-demonic-assert
demonic-assert-comp
OO-def Prod-spec Fail-assert fail-assert-demonic fail-comp
prod-skip-skip skip-comp comp-skip prod-fail fail-prod
update-demonic-comp demonic-update-comp comp-update-demonic comp-demonic-update

```

lemmas comp-func-simps =

```

prod-update prod-update-skip prod-skip-update
prod-assert-update-skip prod-skip-assert-update
Prod-assert-skip Prod-skip-assert prod-assert-update
prod-assert-assert-update prod-assert-update-assert
prod-update-assert-update prod-assert-update-update
comp-update-update comp-update-assert update-assert-comp
assert-assert-comp-pred
update-comp comp-assoc [THEN sym]
Fail-def fail-comp update-fail assert-fail prod-fail fail-prod
prod-skip-skip skip-comp comp-skip

```

lemmas refinement-simps = assert-demonic-refinement spec-demonic-refinement

lemmas simulink-simps = basic-block-func-simps comp-func-simps

```

lemmas comp-var-simps = demonic-def assert-def le-fun-def Prod-spec-Skip Prod-Skip-spec Prod-demonic-skip
Prod-skip-demonic Prod-demonic Prod-spec-demonic Prod-demonic-spec
comp-assoc [THEN sym] demonic-demonic comp-demonic-demonic assert-assert-comp comp-demonic-assert
demonic-assert-comp OO-def Prod-spec Fail-assert

```

```

lemmas fail-simps = fail-def demonic-def Prod-spec-Skip Prod-Skip-spec Prod-demonic-skip Prod-skip-demonic
assert-def le-fun-def Prod-demonic Prod-spec-demonic Prod-demonic-spec
comp-assoc [THEN sym] demonic-demonic comp-demonic-demonic assert-assert-comp comp-demonic-assert
demonic-assert-comp OO-def Prod-spec Fail-assert

```

```

lemmas prec-simps = prec-def fail-def demonic-def Prod-spec-Skip Prod-Skip-spec Prod-demonic-skip
Prod-skip-demonic assert-def le-fun-def Prod-spec-demonic Prod-demonic-spec
comp-assoc [THEN sym] demonic-demonic comp-demonic-demonic assert-assert-comp comp-demonic-assert
demonic-assert-comp OO-def Prod-demonic Prod-spec Fail-assert

```

```

lemmas rel-simps = rel-def demonic-def Prod-spec-Skip Prod-Skip-spec Prod-demonic-skip Prod-skip-demonic
assert-def le-fun-def Prod-demonic Prod-spec-demonic Prod-demonic-spec
comp-assoc [THEN sym] demonic-demonic comp-demonic-demonic assert-assert-comp comp-demonic-assert
demonic-assert-comp OO-def Prod-spec Fail-assert

```

lemmas sconjunctive-simps = sconjunctive-simp-a sconjunctive-simp-b sconjunctive-simp-c

lemmas *feedback-rel-simps* = *feedback-simp-a* *feedback-simp-b* *feedback-simp-bot*
lemmas *feedback-func-simps* = *feedback-update-simp-aaa* *feedback-update-simp-bbb* *feedback-simp-bot*
lemmas *feedbackless-func-simps* = *feedbackless-update-simp-aaa* *feedbackless-update-simp-bbb* *feedback-simp-bot*

lemma [*simp*]: $(\exists x y z . x = f y z)$
lemma [*simp*]: $(\exists x y z . f y z = x)$
lemma [*simp*]: $(\exists x y . x = f y)$
lemma [*simp*]: $(\exists x y . f y = x)$
lemma [*simp*]: $(\forall x::real. \neg 0 \leq x) = False$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{Ex } (op \leq (0::real)) = True$
lemma [*simp*]: $(\exists a b . a + b = (x::'a::group-add)) = True$

lemma *common-imp-right-a*[*simp*]: $((p \rightarrow (a \wedge b)) \wedge (\neg p \rightarrow (c \wedge b))) = (((p \rightarrow a) \wedge (\neg p \rightarrow c)) \wedge b)$
lemma *common-imp-right-b*[*simp*]: $((\neg p \rightarrow (a \wedge b)) \wedge (p \rightarrow (c \wedge b))) = (((\neg p \rightarrow a) \wedge (p \rightarrow c)) \wedge b)$
lemma *common-imp-left-a* [*simp*]: $((p \rightarrow b \wedge a) \wedge (\neg p \rightarrow b \wedge c)) = (b \wedge (p \rightarrow a) \wedge (\neg p \rightarrow c))$
lemma *common-imp-left-b* [*simp*]: $((\neg p \rightarrow b \wedge a) \wedge (p \rightarrow b \wedge c)) = (b \wedge (\neg p \rightarrow a) \wedge (p \rightarrow c))$
lemma *common-dimp*: $((p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow a)) \wedge (r \rightarrow (q \rightarrow b))) = (q \rightarrow ((p \rightarrow a) \wedge (r \rightarrow b)))$
lemma *fst-case-prod-eqa*: $(\bigwedge x y . fst(f1 x y) = fst(f2 x y)) \implies fst(case\text{-}prod f1 p) = fst(case\text{-}prod f2 p)$
lemma *fst-case-prod-eqa-x*: $(\bigwedge x y . f(f1 x y) = f(f2 x y)) \implies f(case\text{-}prod f1 p) = f(case\text{-}prod f2 p)$
lemma *fst-case-prod-eq*: $fst(f1 (fst p1) (snd p1)) = fst(f2 (fst p2) (snd p2)) \implies fst(case\text{-}prod f1 p1) = fst(case\text{-}prod f2 p2)$
lemma *fst-case-prod-eqc*: $(\bigwedge z . fst(f1 u z) = fst(f2 u' z)) \implies fst(case\text{-}prod f1 (u, x)) = fst(case\text{-}prod f2 (u', x))$
lemma *fst-case-prod-eqd*: $(\bigwedge y z . fst(f1 y z) = fst(f2 y z)) \implies fst(case\text{-}prod f1 x) = fst(case\text{-}prod f2 x)$

definition *Snd* = *snd*

lemma *fst-case-prod-eqb*: $(\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f1 \ p1)) = (\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f2 \ p2)) = (\text{fst} (f1 \ (\text{fst} \ p1) \ (\text{Snd} \ p1)))$
 $= (\text{fst} (f2 \ (\text{fst} \ p2) \ (\text{Snd} \ p2)))$

lemma *fst-case-prod-eqb-a*: $(\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f1 \ (u, \ x))) = (\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f2 \ (v, \ x))) = (\text{fst} (f1 \ u \ x)) =$
 $= (\text{fst} (f2 \ v \ x))$

lemma *fst-case-prod-eqb-b*: $(\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f1 \ p)) = (\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f2 \ p)) = (\text{fst} (f1 \ (\text{fst} \ p) \ (\text{Snd} \ p))) =$
 $= (\text{fst} (f2 \ (\text{fst} \ p) \ (\text{Snd} \ p)))$

definition *FstA* = *fst*

lemma *Fst-simp*: $\text{FstA} (x, y) = x$

lemma *fst-case-prod-eqc-a*: $(\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f1 \ (u, \ x))) = (\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f2 \ (v, \ x))) = (\text{FstA} (f1 \ u \ x)) =$
 $= (\text{FstA} (f2 \ v \ x))$

lemma *fst-case-prod-eqc-b*: $(\text{FstA} (\text{case-prod } f1 \ p)) = (\text{FstA} (\text{case-prod } f2 \ q)) = (\text{FstA} (f1 \ (\text{fst} \ p) \ (\text{Snd} \ p))) =$
 $= (\text{FstA} (f2 \ (\text{fst} \ q) \ (\text{Snd} \ q)))$

lemma *Snd-simp*: $\text{Snd} (x, y) = y$

lemma *fst-case-prod-eqb-x*: $(f (\text{case-prod } f1 \ p1)) = (f (\text{case-prod } f2 \ p2)) = (f (f1 \ (\text{fst} \ p1) \ (\text{Snd} \ p1)))$
 $= (f (f2 \ (\text{fst} \ p2) \ (\text{Snd} \ p2)))$

lemma *fst-case-prod-eqba*: $(\forall x . \text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f1 \ x)) = (\text{fst} (\text{case-prod } f2 \ x)) = (\forall x y . \text{fst} (f1 \ x \ y))$
 $= (\text{fst} (f2 \ x \ y))$

lemma [*simp*]: $(p \wedge (p \rightarrow q)) = (p \wedge q)$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\forall x . x \neq y) = \text{False}$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\forall x . y \neq x) = \text{False}$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\exists x::\text{real} . y \neq x) = \text{True}$

lemma [*simp*]: $(\exists x::\text{real} . x \neq y) = \text{True}$

lemma *rel-if-expr-1*: $p \ x \ z \implies p \ (\text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) \ z = (b \vee \ p \ y \ z)$

lemma *rel-if-expr-2*: $p \ y \ z \implies p \ (\text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) \ z = (\neg b \vee \ p \ x \ z)$

lemma *rel-if-not-expr-1*: $\neg p \ x \ z \implies p \ (\text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) \ z = (\neg b \wedge \ p \ y \ z)$

lemma *rel-if-not-expr-2*: $\neg p \ y \ z \implies p \ (\text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) \ z = (b \wedge \ p \ x \ z)$

lemma *rel-expr-if-1*: $p \ z \ x \implies p \ z \ (\text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) = (b \vee \ p \ z \ y)$

lemma *rel-expr-if-2*: $p \ z \ y \implies p \ z \ (\text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) = (\neg b \vee \ p \ z \ x)$

lemma *rel-expr-if-not-1*: $\neg p \ z \ x \implies p \ z \ (\text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) = (\neg b \wedge \ p \ z \ y)$

lemma *rel-expr-if-not-2*: $\neg p \ z \ y \implies p \ z \ (\text{if } b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) = (b \wedge \ p \ z \ x)$

```

lemma if-not: (if  $\neg b$  then  $x$  else  $y$ ) = (if  $b$  then  $y$  else  $x$ )
lemma rel-not-if-expr-1:  $p \ y \ z \implies p \ (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) \ z = (b \vee p \ x \ z)$ 
lemma rel-not-if-expr-2:  $p \ x \ z \implies p \ (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) \ z = (\neg b \vee p \ y \ z)$ 
lemma rel-not-if-not-expr-1:  $\neg p \ y \ z \implies p \ (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) \ z = (\neg b \wedge p \ x \ z)$ 
lemma rel-not-if-not-expr-2:  $\neg p \ x \ z \implies p \ (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) \ z = (b \wedge p \ y \ z)$ 
lemma rel-expr-not-if-1:  $p \ z \ y \implies p \ z \ (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) = (b \vee p \ z \ x)$ 
lemma rel-expr-not-if-2:  $p \ z \ x \implies p \ z \ (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) = (\neg b \vee p \ z \ y)$ 
lemma rel-expr-not-if-not-1:  $\neg p \ z \ y \implies p \ z \ (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) = (\neg b \wedge p \ z \ x)$ 
lemma rel-expr-not-if-not-2:  $\neg p \ z \ x \implies p \ z \ (\text{if } \neg b \text{ then } x \text{ else } y) = (b \wedge p \ z \ y)$ 
lemma not-inf: ( $\neg (x::\text{real}) < y$ ) = ( $y \leq x$ )
lemmas if-simps = rel-if-expr-1 rel-if-expr-2 rel-if-not-expr-1 rel-if-not-expr-2 rel-expr-if-1 rel-expr-if-2
rel-expr-if-not-1 rel-expr-if-not-2
rel-not-if-expr-1 rel-not-if-expr-2 rel-not-if-not-expr-1 rel-not-if-not-expr-2 rel-expr-not-if-1 rel-expr-not-if-2
rel-expr-not-if-not-1 rel-expr-not-if-not-2
if-not not-inf MyIf-def

```

end

7.3 Automated Simplification

```

theory SimplifyRCRS imports Simulink
keywords simplify-RCRS simplify-RCRS-f :: thy-decl
begin

```

thm update-assert-comp

```

definition prod-fun  $f \ g = (\lambda (x, y) . (f \ x, g \ y))$ 
definition prod-prec  $p \ q = (\lambda (x, y) . p \ x \wedge q \ y)$ 

```

```

lemma asseert-update-comp:  $(\bigwedge x . \text{let } y = f \ x \text{ in } p'' \ x = (p \ x \wedge p' \ y) \wedge f'' \ x = f' \ y) \implies (\{.p.\} \ o \ [-f-]) \ o \ (\{.p'.\} \ o \ [-f'-]) = \{.p''.\} \ o \ [-f''-]$ 

```

```

lemma asseert-update-comp-abs-aux:  $p'' = p \sqcap (p' \ o \ f) \implies f'' = f' \ o \ f \implies (\{.p.\} \ o \ [-f-]) \ o \ (\{.p'.\} \ o \ [-f'-]) = \{.p''.\} \ o \ [-f''-]$ 

```

```

lemma asseert-update-comp-abs:  $p \sqcap (p' \ o \ f) \equiv p'' \implies f' \ o \ f \equiv f'' \implies (\{.p.\} \ o \ [-f-]) \ o \ (\{.p'.\} \ o \ [-f'-]) = \{.p''.\} \ o \ [-f''-]$ 

```

```

lemma asseert-update-prod-abs:  $\text{prod-prec } p \ p' \equiv p'' \implies \text{prod-fun } f \ f' \equiv f'' \implies (\{.p.\} \ o \ [-f-]) \ o \ (\{.p'.\} \ o \ [-f'-]) = \{.p''.\} \ o \ [-f''-]$ 

```

thm If-prod

term Product-Type.prod.case-prod

```

lemma case-prod  $f\ (a,\ b) = f\ a\ b$ 

thm Product-Type.case-prod-conv

declare [[show-sorts]]

lemma case-prod-eta-eq-sym:  $f \equiv (\lambda\ (x,\ y)\ .\ f\ (x,\ y))$ 

thm Product-Type.case-prod-eta

term  $T\ ((x,y)\ ,z) = (x+y,x+z)$ 

definition TtestTerm  $x \equiv x + 3$ 

definition TTtestTerm  $\equiv (\lambda\ (x,\ (u,v),\ y)\ .\ (x,\ x+y,\ u+v))$ 

lemma TT-simp: TTtestTerm  $(x,\ (u,v),\ y) \equiv (x,\ x + y,\ u+v)$ 

lemma TTa-simp:  $(G \equiv TTtestTerm) \implies (G\ (x,\ (u,v),\ y) \equiv (x,\ x + y,\ u+v))$ 

thm TtestTerm-def [of  $x$ ]

lemmas T-inst = TtestTerm-def [of  $x$ ]

declare [[show-sorts = false]]

thm cond-case-prod-eta

thm case-prod-eta

thm eta-contract-eq

lemma remove-aux-var:  $(\bigwedge X\ .\ X \equiv A \implies X \equiv B) \implies (A \equiv B)$ 

thm Product-Type.case-prod-eta

thm cond-case-prod-eta

declare [[eta-contract=false]]

lemma  $(\{.\ (x,y)\ .\ y \neq 0.\} \circ [-\lambda(x,y)\ .\ x/y-]) \circ (\{.\ z \geq 0.\} \circ [-\lambda z\ .\ sqrt\ z-]) = \{.\ (\lambda(x,\ y)\ .\ y \neq 0) \sqcap ((\lambda z\ .\ z \geq 0) \circ (\lambda(x,\ y)\ .\ x / y))\} \circ [-(\lambda z\ .\ sqrt\ z) \circ (\lambda(x,\ y)\ .\ x / y)-]$ 

definition dup  $y = (y,y)$ 

lemma  $(snd \circ f \circ Pair\ (g\ x\ y))\ y = (snd \circ f \circ (prod-fun\ (g\ x)\ id) \circ dup)\ y$ 

```

lemma *feedback-assert-update-abs-aux*: $g = (\lambda x . fst o f o Pair x) \implies (\bigwedge x x' . g x = g x') \implies snd o (f o (prod-fun (g x) id o dup)) = f' \implies p o (prod-fun (g x) id o dup) = p' \implies feedback (\{.p.\} o [-f-]) = \{.p'.\} o [-f'-]$

lemma *feedback-assert-update-abs*: $(\lambda x . fst o f o Pair x) \equiv g \implies (\bigwedge x x' . g x \equiv g x') \implies snd o (f o (prod-fun (g x) id o dup)) \equiv f' \implies p o (prod-fun (g x) id o dup) \equiv p' \implies feedback (\{.p.\} o [-f-]) = \{.p'.\} o [-f'-]$

declare [[*eta-contract* = *false*]]

thm *eta-contract-eq*

thm *transitive*

lemma *Skip-th*: $\top \equiv p \implies id \equiv f \implies Skip = \{.p.\} o [-f-]$

lemma *Fail-th*: $\perp \equiv p \implies f \equiv f \implies \perp = \{.p.\} o [-f-]$

lemma *assert-th*: $p \equiv p' \implies id \equiv f \implies \{.p.\} = \{.p'.\} o [-f-]$

lemma *update-eq*: $\top \equiv p \implies f \equiv g \implies [-f-] = \{.p.\} o [-g-]$

lemma *demonic-eq*: $\top \equiv p \implies r \equiv r' \implies [:r:] = \{.p.\} o [:r':]$

lemma *assert-update-eq*: $p \equiv q \implies f \equiv g \implies \{.p.\} o [-f-] = \{.q.\} o [-g-]$

lemma *assert-demonic-eq*: $p \equiv q \implies r \equiv r' \implies \{.p.\} o [:r:] = \{.q.\} o [:r':]$

lemma *prec-simp-rel*: $((p \implies r) \equiv (p \implies r')) \implies p \wedge r \equiv p \wedge r'$

lemma $((p \implies r) \equiv Trueprop True) \implies p \wedge r \equiv p$

definition *inter-pre-rel* $p\ r\ x\ y = (p\ x \wedge r\ x\ y)$

lemma *prop-eq-true*: $X \equiv True \implies X$

lemma *inter-pre-rel-sym*: $(p\ x \wedge r\ x\ y) = inter-pre-rel\ p\ r\ x\ y$

theorem *assert-simp-demonic-eq*: $p \equiv p' \implies inter-pre-rel\ p'\ r \equiv inter-pre-rel\ p'\ r' \implies \{.p.\} o [:r:] = \{.p'.\} o [:r':]$

lemma *feedback-cong*: $B = A \implies feedback\ A = F \implies feedback\ B = F$

```

lemma comp-cong:  $S = A \implies T = B \implies A \circ B = F \implies S \circ T = F$ 

lemma prod-cong:  $S = A \implies T = B \implies A ** B = F \implies S ** T = F$ 

lemma eq-eq-tran:  $a = b \implies b \equiv c \implies c = d \implies a = d$ 

lemma rename-vars:  $\text{Skip} = A \implies A \circ B = C \implies M = B \implies M = C$ 

lemma simp-to-fail:  $A = \{.p.\} \circ T \implies (\bigwedge x . p x = \text{False}) \implies A = \perp$ 

lemma assert-true-comp:  $A = \{.p.\} \circ T \implies (\bigwedge x . p x = \text{True}) \implies A = T$ 

lemma test-types:  $(a :: \text{real}) = a \wedge b + 0 = b + 0 \wedge (c :: 'a \Rightarrow 'b) = c$ 

declare [[show-types]]

declare [[show-types=false]]

end

```

7.4 Python Simulation Code Generation

```

theory PythonSimulation imports Real Transcendental SimulinkTypes
begin

```

```

definition PI-PY =  $(\lambda x :: \text{nat}. s\text{-pi})$ 

lemma PI-PY-gen-simp:  $s\text{-pi} = \text{PI-PY}(0)$ 

lemma PI-PY-simp:  $pi = \text{PI-PY}(0)$ 

```

```

definition NOT-PY = Not

lemma NOT-PY-simp:  $\text{Not } x = \text{NOT-PY}(x)$ 

```

```

definition AND-PY =  $(\lambda (x, y). x \wedge y)$ 

lemma AND-PY-simp:  $(x \wedge y) = \text{AND-PY}(x, y)$ 

```

definition $OR-PY = (\lambda (x,y). x \vee y)$

lemma $OR-PY\text{-simp}: (x \vee y) = OR-PY(x,y)$

definition $LESS-PY = (\lambda (x, y) . x < y)$

lemma $LESS-PY\text{-simp}: (x < y) = LESS-PY (x, y)$

definition $LE-PY = (\lambda (x, y) . x \leq y)$

lemma $LE-PY\text{-simp}: (x \leq y) = LE-PY (x, y)$

definition $EQ-PY = (\lambda (x, y) . x = y)$

lemma $EQ-PY\text{-simp}: (x = y) = EQ-PY (x, y)$

definition $ADD-PY = (\lambda (x, y). x + y)$

lemma $ADD-PY\text{-simp}: (x + y) = ADD-PY (x, y)$

definition $SUBS-PY = (\lambda (x, y). x - y)$

lemma $SUBS-PY\text{-simp}: (x - y) = SUBS-PY (x, y)$

definition $MULT-PY = (\lambda (x, y). x * y)$

lemma $MULT-PY\text{-simp}: (x * y) = MULT-PY (x, y)$

definition $DIV-PY = (\lambda (x,y) . x / y)$

lemma $DIV-PY\text{-simp}: x / y = DIV-PY (x, y)$

definition $ABS\text{-}PY} = (\lambda x. s\text{-abs } x)$

lemma $ABS\text{-}PY\text{-gen-simp}: s\text{-abs } x = ABS\text{-}PY x$

lemma $ABS\text{-}PY\text{-simp}: abs (x::real) = ABS\text{-}PY x$

definition $POW\text{-}PY} = (\lambda(x,y). power x y)$

lemma $POW\text{-}PY\text{-simp}: (x ^ y) = POW\text{-}PY (x, y)$

definition $SQRT\text{-}PY} = s\text{-sqrt}$

lemma $SQRT\text{-}PY\text{-gen-simp}: s\text{-sqrt } x = SQRT\text{-}PY(x)$

lemma $SQRT\text{-}PY\text{-simp}: sqrt x = SQRT\text{-}PY(x)$

definition $EXP\text{-}PY} = s\text{-exp}$

lemma $EXP\text{-}PY\text{-gen-simp}: s\text{-exp } x = EXP\text{-}PY(x)$

lemma $EXP\text{-}PY\text{-simp}: exp (x::real) = EXP\text{-}PY(x)$

definition $SIN\text{-}PY} = s\text{-sin}$

lemma $SIN\text{-}PY\text{-gen-simp}: s\text{-sin } x = SIN\text{-}PY(x)$

lemma $SIN\text{-}PY\text{-simp}: sin (x::real) = SIN\text{-}PY(x)$

definition $FST\text{-}PY} = fst$

lemma $FST\text{-}PY\text{-simp}: fst x = FST\text{-}PY (x)$

definition $SND\text{-}PY} = snd$

```

lemma SND-PY-simp: snd x = SND-PY (x)
definition IF-PY = ( $\lambda (b, x, y) . \text{If } b \text{ Then } x \text{ Else } y$ )
lemma IF-PY-gen-simp: (If b Then x Else y) = IF-PY (b, x, y)
lemma IF-PY-simp: (if b then x else y) = IF-PY (b, x, y)

```

```

definition IMP-PY = ( $\lambda (x, y) . x \rightarrow y$ )
lemma IMP-PY-simp: (x  $\rightarrow$  y) = IMP-PY (x, y)

```

```

definition CONVERSION-PY = ( $\lambda (x, y::nat) . \text{conversion } x$ )
lemma CONVERSION-PY-simp: conversion x = CONVERSION-PY (x, 0)
lemmas python-simps = PI-PY-simp PI-PY-gen-simp NOT-PY-simp AND-PY-simp OR-PY-simp
LESS-PY-simp LE-PY-simp EQ-PY-simp
ADD-PY-simp SUBS-PY-simp MULT-PY-simp DIV-PY-simp ABS-PY-gen-simp
ABS-PY-simp
POW-PY-simp SQRT-PY-gen-simp SQRT-PY-simp
EXP-PY-gen-simp EXP-PY-simp SIN-PY-gen-simp SIN-PY-simp
FST-PY-simp SND-PY-simp
IF-PY-simp IF-PY-gen-simp IMP-PY-simp
CONVERSION-PY-simp
end

```

8 List Operations. Permutations and Substitutions

```

theory ListProp imports Main  $\sim\sim$ /src/HOL/Library/Permutation
begin

```

```

lemma perm-mset: perm x y = (mset x = mset y)
lemma perm-tp: perm (x@y) (y@x)
lemma perm-union-left: perm x z  $\implies$  perm (x @ y) (z @ y)
lemma perm-union-right: perm x z  $\implies$  perm (y @ x) (y @ z)
lemma perm-trans: perm x y  $\implies$  perm y z  $\implies$  perm x z
lemma perm-sym: perm x y  $\implies$  perm y x
lemma perm-length: perm u v  $\implies$  length u = length v

```

```

lemma perm-set-eq: perm x y  $\implies$  set x = set y

lemma perm-empty[simp]: (perm [] v) = (v = []) and (perm v []) = (v = [])

lemma perm-refl[simp]: perm x x

lemma dist-perm:  $\bigwedge y . \text{distinct } x \implies \text{perm } x y \implies \text{distinct } y$ 

lemma split-perm: perm (a # x) x' = ( $\exists y y' . x' = y @ a \# y' \wedge \text{perm } x (y @ y')$ )

fun subst:: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a where
  subst [] [] c = c |
  subst (a#x) (b#y) c = (if a = c then b else subst x y c) |
  subst x y c = undefined

lemma subst-notin [simp]:  $\bigwedge y . \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies a \notin \text{set } x \implies \text{subst } x y a = a$ 

lemma subst-cons-a:  $\bigwedge y . \text{distinct } x \implies a \notin \text{set } x \implies b \notin \text{set } x \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies \text{subst } (a \# x) (b \# y) c = (\text{subst } x y (\text{subst } [a] [b] c))$ 

lemma subst-eq: subst x y = y

fun Subst :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list where
  Subst x y [] = []
  Subst x y (a # z) = subst x y a # (Subst x y z)

lemma Subst-empty[simp]: Subst [] [] y = y

lemma Subst-eq: Subst x x y = y

lemma Subst-append: Subst a b (x@y) = Subst a b x @ Subst a b y

lemma Subst-notin[simp]: a  $\notin$  set z  $\implies$  Subst (a # x) (b # y) z = Subst x y z

lemma Subst-all[simp]:  $\bigwedge v . \text{distinct } u \implies \text{length } u = \text{length } v \implies \text{Subst } u v u = v$ 

lemma Subst-inex[simp]:  $\bigwedge b . \text{set } a \cap \text{set } x = \{\} \implies \text{length } a = \text{length } b \implies \text{Subst } a b x = x$ 

lemma set-Subst: set (Subst [a] [b] x) = (if a  $\in$  set x then (set x - {a})  $\cup$  {b} else set x)

lemma distinct-Subst: distinct (b#x)  $\implies$  distinct (Subst [a] [b] x)

lemma inter-Subst: distinct(b#y)  $\implies$  set x  $\cap$  set y = {}  $\implies$  b  $\notin$  set x  $\implies$  set x  $\cap$  set (Subst [a] [b] y) = {}

lemma incl-Subst: distinct(b#x)  $\implies$  set y  $\subseteq$  set x  $\implies$  set (Subst [a] [b] y)  $\subseteq$  set (Subst [a] [b] x)

lemma subst-in-set:  $\bigwedge y . \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies a \in \text{set } x \implies \text{subst } x y a \in \text{set } y$ 

lemma Subst-set-incl: length x = length y  $\implies$  set z  $\subseteq$  set x  $\implies$  set (Subst x y z)  $\subseteq$  set y

```

lemma *subst-not-in*: $\bigwedge y . a \notin \text{set } x' \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{length } x' = \text{length } y' \Rightarrow \text{subst } (x @ x') (y @ y') a = \text{subst } x y a$

lemma *subst-not-in-b*: $\bigwedge y . a \notin \text{set } x \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{length } x' = \text{length } y' \Rightarrow \text{subst } (x @ x') (y @ y') a = \text{subst } x' y' a$

lemma *Subst-not-in*: $\text{set } x' \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{length } x' = \text{length } y' \Rightarrow \text{Subst } (x @ x') (y @ y') z = \text{Subst } x y z$

lemma *Subst-not-in-a*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{length } x' = \text{length } y' \Rightarrow \text{Subst } (x @ x') (y @ y') z = \text{Subst } x' y' z$

lemma *subst-cancel-right* [simp]: $\bigwedge y z . \text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \Rightarrow \text{length } y = \text{length } z \Rightarrow \text{subst } (x @ y) (x @ z) a = \text{subst } y z a$

lemma *Subst-cancel-right*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \Rightarrow \text{length } y = \text{length } z \Rightarrow \text{Subst } (x @ y) (x @ z) w = \text{Subst } y z w$

lemma *subst-cancel-left* [simp]: $\bigwedge y z . \text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{subst } (x @ z) (y @ z) a = \text{subst } x y a$

lemma *Subst-cancel-left*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{Subst } (x @ z) (y @ z) w = \text{Subst } x y w$

lemma *Subst-cancel-right-a*: $a \notin \text{set } y \Rightarrow \text{length } y = \text{length } z \Rightarrow \text{Subst } (a \# y) (a \# z) w = \text{Subst } y z w$

lemma *subst-subst-id* [simp]: $\bigwedge y . a \in \text{set } y \Rightarrow \text{distinct } x \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{subst } x y (\text{subst } y x a) = a$

lemma *Subst-Subst-id*[simp]: $\text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } y \Rightarrow \text{distinct } x \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{Subst } x y (\text{Subst } y x z) = z$

lemma *Subst-cons-aux-a*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \Rightarrow \text{distinct } y \Rightarrow \text{length } y = \text{length } z \Rightarrow \text{Subst } (x @ y) (x @ z) y = z$

lemma *Subst-set-empty* [simp]: $\text{set } z \cap \text{set } x = \{\} \Rightarrow \text{length } x = \text{length } y \Rightarrow \text{Subst } x y z = z$

lemma *length-Subst*[simp]: $\text{length } (\text{Subst } x y z) = \text{length } z$

lemma *subst-Subst*: $\bigwedge y y' . \text{length } y = \text{length } y' \Rightarrow a \in \text{set } w \Rightarrow \text{subst } w (\text{Subst } y y' w) a = \text{subst } y y' a$

lemma *Subst-Subst*: $\text{length } y = \text{length } y' \Rightarrow \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } w \Rightarrow \text{Subst } w (\text{Subst } y y' w) z = \text{Subst } y y' z$

primrec *listinter* :: '*a* list \Rightarrow '*a* list \Rightarrow '*a* list (**infixl** \otimes 60) **where**
 $\emptyset \otimes y = \emptyset \mid$
 $(a \# x) \otimes y = (\text{if } a \in \text{set } y \text{ then } a \# (x \otimes y) \text{ else } x \otimes y)$

```

lemma inter-filter:  $x \otimes y = \text{filter } (\lambda a . a \in \text{set } y) x$ 

lemma inter-append:  $\text{set } y \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies \text{perm } (x \otimes (y @ z)) ((x \otimes y) @ (x \otimes z))$ 

lemma append-inter:  $(x @ y) \otimes z = (x \otimes z) @ (y \otimes z)$ 

lemma notin-inter [simp]:  $a \notin \text{set } x \implies a \notin \text{set } (x \otimes y)$ 

lemma distinct-inter:  $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } (x \otimes y)$ 

lemma set-inter:  $\text{set } (x \otimes y) = \text{set } x \cap \text{set } y$ 

primrec diff :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list (infixl  $\ominus$  52) where
 $\emptyset \ominus y = \emptyset \mid$ 
 $(a \# x) \ominus y = (\text{if } a \in \text{set } y \text{ then } x \ominus y \text{ else } a \# (x \ominus y))$ 

lemma diff-filter:  $x \ominus y = \text{filter } (\lambda a . a \notin \text{set } y) x$ 

lemma diff-distinct:  $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies (y \ominus x) = y$ 

lemma set-diff:  $\text{set } (x \ominus y) = \text{set } x - \text{set } y$ 

lemma distinct-diff:  $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } (x \ominus y)$ 

definition addvars :: 'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list (infixl  $\oplus$  55) where
addvars  $x y = x @ (y \ominus x)$ 

lemma addvars-distinct:  $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies x \oplus y = x @ y$ 

lemma set-addvars:  $\text{set } (x \oplus y) = \text{set } x \cup \text{set } y$ 

lemma distinct-addvars:  $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{distinct } (x \oplus y)$ 

lemma mset-inter-diff:  $\text{mset } oa = \text{mset } (oa \otimes ia) + \text{mset } (oa \ominus (oa \otimes ia))$ 

lemma diff-inter-left:  $(x \ominus (x \otimes y)) = (x \ominus y)$ 

lemma diff-inter-right:  $(x \ominus (y \otimes x)) = (x \ominus y)$ 

lemma addvars-minus:  $(x \oplus y) \ominus z = (x \ominus z) \oplus (y \ominus z)$ 

lemma addvars-assoc:  $x \oplus y \oplus z = x \oplus (y \oplus z)$ 

lemma diff-sym:  $(x \ominus y \ominus z) = (x \ominus z \ominus y)$ 

lemma diff-union:  $(x \ominus y @ z) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$ 

lemma diff-notin:  $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies (x \ominus (y \ominus z)) = (x \ominus y)$ 

lemma union-diff:  $x @ y \ominus z = ((x \ominus z) @ (y \ominus z))$ 

lemma diff-inter-empty:  $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies x \ominus y \otimes z = x$ 

```

lemma *inter-diff-empty*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies x \otimes (y \ominus z) = (x \otimes y)$
lemma *inter-diff-distrib*: $(x \ominus y) \otimes z = ((x \otimes z) \ominus (y \otimes z))$
lemma *diff-emptyset*: $x \ominus [] = x$
lemma *diff-eq*: $x \ominus x = []$
lemma *diff-subset*: $\text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } y \implies x \ominus y = []$
lemma *empty-inter*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies x \otimes y = []$
lemma *empty-inter-diff*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies x \otimes (y \ominus z) = []$
lemma *inter-addvars-empty*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies x \otimes y @ z = x \otimes y$
lemma *diff-disjoint*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies x \ominus y = x$
lemma *addvars-empty*[simp]: $x \oplus [] = x$
lemma *empty-addvars*[simp]: $[] \oplus x = x$

lemma *distrib-diff-addvars*: $x \ominus (y @ z) = ((x \ominus y) \otimes (x \ominus z))$
lemma *inter-subset*: $x \otimes (x \ominus y) = (x \ominus y)$
lemma *diff-cancel*: $x \ominus y \ominus (z \ominus y) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$
lemma *diff-cancel-set*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } u = \{\} \implies x \ominus y \ominus (z \ominus u) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$
lemma *inter-subset-l1*: $\bigwedge y. \text{distinct } x \implies \text{length } y = 1 \implies \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x \implies x \otimes y = y$
lemma *perm-diff-left-inter*: $\text{perm } (x \ominus y) (((x \ominus y) \otimes z) @ ((x \ominus y) \ominus z))$
lemma *perm-diff-right-inter*: $\text{perm } (x \ominus y) (((x \ominus y) \ominus z) @ ((x \ominus y) \otimes z))$

lemma *perm-switch-aux-a*: $\text{perm } x ((x \ominus y) @ (x \otimes y))$
lemma *perm-switch-aux-b*: $\text{perm } (x @ (y \ominus x)) ((x \ominus y) @ (x \otimes y) @ (y \ominus x))$
lemma *perm-switch-aux-c*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } ((y \otimes x) @ (y \ominus x)) y$
lemma *perm-switch-aux-d*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } (x \otimes y) (y \otimes x)$
lemma *perm-switch-aux-e*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } ((x \otimes y) @ (y \ominus x)) ((y \otimes x) @ (y \ominus x))$
lemma *perm-switch-aux-f*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } ((x \otimes y) @ (y \ominus x)) y$
lemma *perm-switch-aux-h*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } ((x \ominus y) @ (x \otimes y) @ (y \ominus x)) ((x \ominus y) @ y)$
lemma *perm-switch*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } (x @ (y \ominus x)) ((x \ominus y) @ y)$

lemma *perm-aux-a*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies x \otimes y = x \implies \text{perm } (x @ (y \ominus x)) y$
lemma *ZZZ-a*: $x \oplus (y \ominus x) = (x \oplus y)$
lemma *ZZZ-b*: $\text{set } (y \otimes z) \cap \text{set } x = \{\} \implies (x \ominus (y \ominus z) \ominus (z \ominus y)) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$
lemma *subst-subst*: $\bigwedge_y z . a \in \text{set } z \implies \text{distinct } x \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies \text{length } z = \text{length } x$
 $\implies \text{subst } x y (\text{subst } z x a) = \text{subst } z y a$
lemma *Subst-Subst-a*: $\text{set } u \subseteq \text{set } z \implies \text{distinct } x \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies \text{length } z = \text{length } x$
 $\implies \text{Subst } x y (\text{Subst } z x u) = (\text{Subst } z y u)$
lemma *subst-in*: $\bigwedge_{x'} . \text{length } x = \text{length } x' \implies a \in \text{set } x \implies \text{subst } (x @ y) (x' @ y') a = \text{subst } x x' a$
lemma *subst-switch*: $\bigwedge_{x'} . \text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } x' \implies \text{length } y = \text{length } y'$
 $\implies \text{subst } (x @ y) (x' @ y') a = \text{subst } (y @ x) (y' @ x') a$
lemma *Subst-switch*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } x' \implies \text{length } y = \text{length } y'$
 $\implies \text{Subst } (x @ y) (x' @ y') z = \text{Subst } (y @ x) (y' @ x') z$
lemma *subst-comp*: $\bigwedge_{x'} . \text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies \text{set } x' \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } x'$
 $\implies \text{length } y = \text{length } y' \implies \text{subst } (x @ y) (x' @ y') a = \text{subst } y y' (\text{subst } x x' a)$
lemma *Subst-comp*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies \text{set } x' \cap \text{set } y = \{\} \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } x'$
 $\implies \text{length } y = \text{length } y' \implies \text{Subst } (x @ y) (x' @ y') z = \text{Subst } y y' (\text{Subst } x x' z)$
lemma *set-subst*: $\bigwedge_{u'} . \text{length } u = \text{length } u' \implies \text{subst } u u' a \in \text{set } u' \cup (\{a\} - \text{set } u)$
lemma *set-Subst-a*: $\text{length } u = \text{length } u' \implies \text{set } (\text{Subst } u u' z) \subseteq \text{set } u' \cup (\text{set } z - \text{set } u)$
lemma *set-SubstI*: $\text{length } u = \text{length } u' \implies \text{set } u' \cup (\text{set } z - \text{set } u) \subseteq X \implies \text{set } (\text{Subst } u u' z) \subseteq X$
lemma *not-in-set-diff*: $a \notin \text{set } x \implies x \ominus ys @ a \# zs = x \ominus ys @ zs$
lemma [*simp*]: $(X \cap (Y \cup Z) = \{\}) = (X \cap Y = \{\} \wedge X \cap Z = \{\})$
lemma *Comp-assoc-new-subst-aux*: $\text{set } u \cap \text{set } y \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies \text{distinct } z \implies \text{length } u = \text{length } u'$
 $\implies \text{Subst } (z \ominus v) (\text{Subst } u u' (z \ominus v)) z = \text{Subst } (u \ominus y \ominus v) (\text{Subst } u u' (u \ominus y \ominus v)) z$
lemma [*simp*]: $(x \ominus y \ominus (y \ominus z)) = (x \ominus y)$
lemma [*simp*]: $(x \ominus y \ominus (y \ominus z \ominus z')) = (x \ominus y)$
lemma *diff-addvars*: $x \ominus (y \oplus z) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$
lemma *diff-redundant-a*: $x \ominus y \ominus z \ominus (y \ominus u) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$

lemma *diff-redundant-b*: $x \ominus y \ominus z \ominus (z \ominus u) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$
lemma *diff-redundant-c*: $x \ominus y \ominus z \ominus (y \ominus u \ominus v) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$
lemma *diff-redundant-d*: $x \ominus y \ominus z \ominus (z \ominus u \ominus v) = (x \ominus y \ominus z)$
lemma *set-list-empty*: $\text{set } x = \{\} \implies x = []$
lemma [*simp*]: $(x \ominus x \otimes y) \otimes (y \ominus x \otimes y) = []$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } (y \ominus x) = \{\}$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } y \implies \text{perm } (x @ (y \ominus x)) y$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{perm } x y \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } y$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{perm } x y \implies \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{set } (x \ominus y) \subseteq \text{set } x$
lemma *perm-diff*[*simp*]: $\bigwedge x' . \text{perm } x x' \implies \text{perm } y y' \implies \text{perm } (x \ominus y) (x' \ominus y')$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{perm } x x' \implies \text{perm } y y' \implies \text{perm } (x @ y) (x' @ y')$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{perm } x x' \implies \text{perm } y y' \implies \text{perm } (x \oplus y) (x' \oplus y')$
thm *distinct-diff*
declare *distinct-diff* [*simp*]
lemma [*simp*]: $\bigwedge x' . \text{perm } x x' \implies \text{perm } y y' \implies \text{perm } (x \otimes y) (x' \otimes y')$
declare *distinct-inter* [*simp*]
lemma *perm-ops*: $\text{perm } x x' \implies \text{perm } y y' \implies f = op \otimes \vee f = op \ominus \vee f = op \oplus \implies \text{perm } (f x y) (f x' y')$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{perm } x' x \implies \text{perm } y' y \implies f = op \otimes \vee f = op \ominus \vee f = op \oplus \implies \text{perm } (f x y) (f x' y')$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{perm } x x' \implies \text{perm } y' y \implies f = op \otimes \vee f = op \ominus \vee f = op \oplus \implies \text{perm } (f x y) (f x' y')$
lemma [*simp*]: $\text{perm } x' x \implies \text{perm } y y' \implies f = op \otimes \vee f = op \ominus \vee f = op \oplus \implies \text{perm } (f x y) (f x' y')$
lemma *diff-cons*: $(x \ominus (a \# y)) = (x \ominus [a] \ominus y)$
lemma [*simp*]: $x \oplus y \oplus x = x \oplus y$
lemma *subst-subst-inv*: $\bigwedge y . \text{distinct } y \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies a \in \text{set } x \implies \text{subst } y x (\text{subst } x y a) = a$
lemma *Subst-Subst-inv*: $\text{distinct } y \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{Subst } y x (\text{Subst } x y z) = z$

$x \circ y \circ z) = z$

lemma *perm-append*: $\text{perm } x \circ x' \implies \text{perm } y \circ y' \implies \text{perm } (x @ y) (x' @ y')$

lemma $x' = y @ a \# y' \implies \text{perm } x (y @ y') \implies \text{perm } (a \# x) x'$

lemma *perm-diff-eq*: $\text{perm } y \circ y' \implies (x \ominus y) = (x \ominus y')$

lemma [*simp*]: $A \cap B = \{\} \implies x \in A \implies x \in B \implies \text{False}$

lemma [*simp*]: $A \cap B = \{\} \implies x \in A \implies x \notin B$

lemma [*simp*]: $B \cap A = \{\} \implies x \in A \implies x \notin B$

lemma [*simp*]: $B \cap A = \{\} \implies x \in A \implies x \in B \implies \text{False}$

lemma *distinct-perm-set-eq*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } x \circ y = (\text{set } x = \text{set } y)$

lemma *set-perm*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{set } x = \text{set } y \implies \text{perm } x \circ y$

lemma *distinct-perm-switch*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } (x \oplus y) (y \oplus x)$

lemma *listinter-diff*: $(x \otimes y) \ominus z = (x \ominus z) \otimes (y \ominus z)$

lemma *set-listinter*: $\text{set } y = \text{set } z \implies x \otimes y = x \otimes z$

lemma *AAA-c*: $a \notin \text{set } x \implies x \ominus [a] = x$

lemma *distinct-perm-cons*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{perm } (a \# y) x \implies \text{perm } y (x \ominus [a])$

lemma *listinter-empty*[*simp*]: $y \otimes [] = []$

lemma *subsetset-inter*: $\text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } y \implies (x \otimes y) = x$

lemma *addvars-addsame*: $x \oplus y \oplus (x \ominus z) = x \oplus y$

lemma *ZZZ*: $x \ominus x \oplus y = []$

lemma *perm-dist-mem*: $\text{distinct } x \implies a \in \text{set } x \implies \text{perm } (a \# (x \ominus [a])) x$

lemma *addvars-diff*: $b \# (x \oplus (z \ominus [b])) = (b \# x) \oplus z$

lemma *perm-cons*: $a \in \text{set } y \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm } x (y \ominus [a]) \implies \text{perm } (a \# x) y$

end

9 Translation of Hierarchical Block Diagrams

9.1 Abstract Algebra of Hierarchical Block Diagrams (except one axiom for feedback)

```
theory HBDAlgebra imports ListProp
begin

locale BaseOperationFeedbackless =
  fixes TI TO :: 'a ⇒ 'tp list
  fixes ID :: 'tp list ⇒ 'a
  assumes [simp]: TI(ID ts) = ts
  assumes [simp]: TO(ID ts) = ts

  fixes comp :: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a (infixl oo 70)
  assumes TI-comp[simp]: TI S' = TO S ⇒ TI (S oo S') = TI S
  assumes TO-comp[simp]: TI S' = TO S ⇒ TO (S oo S') = TO S'
  assumes comp-id-left [simp]: ID (TI S) oo S = S
  assumes comp-id-right [simp]: S oo ID (TO S) = S
  assumes comp-assoc: TI T = TO S ⇒ TI R = TO T ⇒ S oo T oo R = S oo (T oo R)

  fixes parallel :: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a (infixl || 80)
  assumes TI-par [simp]: TI (S || T) = TI S @ TI T
  assumes TO-par [simp]: TO (S || T) = TO S @ TO T
  assumes par-assoc: A || B || C = A || (B || C)
  assumes empty-par[simp]: ID [] || S = S
  assumes par-empty[simp]: S || ID [] = S
  assumes parallel-ID [simp]: ID ts || ID ts' = ID (ts @ ts')

  assumes comp-parallel-distrib: TO S = TI S' ⇒ TO T = TI T' ⇒ (S || T) oo (S' || T') = (S oo S') || (T oo T')

  fixes Split :: 'tp list ⇒ 'a
  fixes Sink :: 'tp list ⇒ 'a
  fixes Switch :: 'tp list ⇒ 'tp list ⇒ 'a

  assumes TI-Split[simp]: TI (Split ts) = ts
  assumes TO-Split[simp]: TO (Split ts) = ts @ ts

  assumes TI-Sink[simp]: TI (Sink ts) = ts
  assumes TO-Sink[simp]: TO (Sink ts) = []

  assumes TI-Switch[simp]: TI (Switch ts ts') = ts @ ts'
  assumes TO-Switch[simp]: TO (Switch ts ts') = ts' @ ts

  assumes Split-Sink-id[simp]: Split ts oo Sink ts || ID ts = ID ts
```

```

assumes Split-Switch[simp]:  $\text{Split } ts \text{ oo } \text{Switch } ts \text{ ts} = \text{Split } ts$ 
assumes Split-assoc:  $\text{Split } ts \text{ oo } \text{ID } ts \parallel \text{Split } ts = \text{Split } ts \text{ oo } \text{Split } ts \parallel \text{ID } ts$ 

assumes Switch-append:  $\text{Switch } ts \text{ (ts' @ ts'')} = \text{Switch } ts \text{ ts}' \parallel \text{ID } ts'' \text{ oo } \text{ID } ts' \parallel \text{Switch } ts \text{ ts}''$ 
assumes Sink-append:  $\text{Sink } ts \parallel \text{Sink } ts' = \text{Sink } (ts @ ts')$ 
assumes Split-append:  $\text{Split } (ts @ ts') = \text{Split } ts \parallel \text{Split } ts' \text{ oo } \text{ID } ts \parallel \text{Switch } ts \text{ ts}' \parallel \text{ID } ts'$ 

assumes switch-par-no-vars:  $\text{TI } A = ti \implies \text{TO } A = to \implies \text{TI } B = ti' \implies \text{TO } B = to' \implies \text{Switch } ti \text{ ti}' \text{ oo } B \parallel A \text{ oo } \text{Switch } to' \text{ to} = A \parallel B$ 

fixes  $fb :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a$ 
assumes TI-fb:  $\text{TI } S = t \# ts \implies \text{TO } S = t \# ts' \implies \text{TI } (fb \ S) = ts$ 
assumes TO-fb:  $\text{TI } S = t \# ts \implies \text{TO } S = t \# ts' \implies \text{TO } (fb \ S) = ts'$ 
assumes fb-comp:  $\text{TI } S = t \# \text{TO } A \implies \text{TO } S = t \# \text{TI } B \implies fb \ (\text{ID } [t] \parallel A \text{ oo } S \text{ oo } \text{ID } [t] \parallel B) = A \text{ oo } fb \ S \text{ oo } B$ 
assumes fb-par-indep:  $\text{TI } S = t \# ts \implies \text{TO } S = t \# ts' \implies fb \ (S \parallel T) = fb \ S \parallel T$ 

assumes fb-switch:  $fb \ (\text{Switch } [t] \ [t]) = \text{ID } [t]$ 

begin
definition fbtype  $S \ tsa \ ts \ ts' = (\text{TI } S = tsa @ ts \wedge \text{TO } S = tsa @ ts')$ 

lemma fb-comp-fbtype:  $\text{fbtype } S \ [t] \ (\text{TO } A) \ (\text{TI } B)$   

 $\implies fb \ ((\text{ID } [t] \parallel A) \text{ oo } S \text{ oo } (\text{ID } [t] \parallel B)) = A \text{ oo } fb \ S \text{ oo } B$ 

lemma fb-serial-no-vars:  $\text{TO } A = t \# ts \implies \text{TI } B = t \# ts$   

 $\implies fb \ (\text{ID } [t] \parallel A \text{ oo } \text{Switch } [t] \ [t] \parallel \text{ID } ts \text{ oo } \text{ID } [t] \parallel B) = A \text{ oo } B$ 

lemma TI-fb-fbtype:  $\text{fbtype } S \ [t] \ ts \ ts' \implies \text{TI } (fb \ S) = ts$ 

lemma TO-fb-fbtype:  $\text{fbtype } S \ [t] \ ts \ ts' \implies \text{TO } (fb \ S) = ts'$ 

lemma fb-par-indep-fbtype:  $\text{fbtype } S \ [t] \ ts \ ts' \implies fb \ (S \parallel T) = fb \ S \parallel T$ 

lemma comp-id-left-simp [simp]:  $\text{TI } S = ts \implies \text{ID } ts \text{ oo } S = S$ 

lemma comp-id-right-simp [simp]:  $\text{TO } S = ts \implies S \text{ oo } \text{ID } ts = S$ 

lemma par-Sink-comp:  $\text{TI } A = \text{TO } B \implies B \parallel \text{Sink } t \text{ oo } A = (B \text{ oo } A) \parallel \text{Sink } t$ 

lemma Sink-par-comp:  $\text{TI } A = \text{TO } B \implies \text{Sink } t \parallel B \text{ oo } A = \text{Sink } t \parallel (B \text{ oo } A)$ 

lemma Split-Sink-par[simp]:  $\text{TI } A = ts \implies \text{Split } ts \text{ oo } \text{Sink } ts \parallel A = A$ 

lemma Switch-Switch-ID[simp]:  $\text{Switch } ts \text{ ts}' \text{ oo } \text{Switch } ts' \text{ ts} = \text{ID } (ts @ ts')$ 

lemma Switch-parallel:  $\text{TI } A = ts' \implies \text{TI } B = ts \implies \text{Switch } ts \text{ ts}' \text{ oo } A \parallel B = B \parallel A \text{ oo } \text{Switch } (\text{TO } B) \ (\text{TO } A)$ 

lemma Switch-type-empty[simp]:  $\text{Switch } ts \ [] = \text{ID } ts$ 

```

lemma *Switch-empty-type*[simp]: $\text{Switch} [] \text{ ts} = \text{ID} \text{ ts}$
lemma *Split-id-Sink*[simp]: $\text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ ID} \text{ ts} \parallel \text{Sink} \text{ ts} = \text{ID} \text{ ts}$
lemma *Split-par-Sink*[simp]: $\text{TI} \text{ A} = \text{ts} \implies \text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ A} \parallel \text{Sink} \text{ ts} = \text{A}$
lemma *Split-empty* [simp]: $\text{Split} [] = \text{ID} []$
lemma *Sink-empty*[simp]: $\text{Sink} [] = \text{ID} []$
lemma *Switch-Split*: $\text{Switch} \text{ ts} \text{ ts}' = \text{Split} (\text{ts} @ \text{ts}') \text{ oo} \text{ Sink} \text{ ts} \parallel \text{ID} \text{ ts}' \parallel \text{ID} \text{ ts} \parallel \text{Sink} \text{ ts}'$
lemma *Sink-cons*: $\text{Sink} (\text{t} \# \text{ts}) = \text{Sink} [\text{t}] \parallel \text{Sink} \text{ ts}$
lemma *Split-cons*: $\text{Split} (\text{t} \# \text{ts}) = \text{Split} [\text{t}] \parallel \text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ ID} [\text{t}] \parallel \text{Switch} [\text{t}] \text{ ts} \parallel \text{ID} \text{ ts}$
lemma *Split-assoc-comp*: $\text{TI} \text{ A} = \text{ts} \implies \text{TI} \text{ B} = \text{ts} \implies \text{TI} \text{ C} = \text{ts} \implies \text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ A} \parallel (\text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ B} \parallel \text{C}) = \text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} (\text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ A} \parallel \text{B}) \parallel \text{C}$
lemma *Split-Split-Switch*: $\text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ Split} \text{ ts} \parallel \text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ ID} \text{ ts} \parallel \text{Switch} \text{ ts} \text{ ts} \parallel \text{ID} \text{ ts} = \text{Split} \text{ ts} \text{ oo} \text{ Split} \text{ ts} \parallel \text{Split} \text{ ts}$
lemma *parallel-empty-commute*: $\text{TI} \text{ A} = [] \implies \text{TO} \text{ B} = [] \implies \text{A} \parallel \text{B} = \text{B} \parallel \text{A}$
lemma *comp-assoc-middle-ext*: $\text{TI} \text{ S2} = \text{TO} \text{ S1} \implies \text{TI} \text{ S3} = \text{TO} \text{ S2} \implies \text{TI} \text{ S4} = \text{TO} \text{ S3} \implies \text{TI} \text{ S5} = \text{TO} \text{ S4} \implies \text{S1} \text{ oo} (\text{S2} \text{ oo} \text{ S3} \text{ oo} \text{ S4}) \text{ oo} \text{ S5} = (\text{S1} \text{ oo} \text{ S2}) \text{ oo} \text{ S3} \text{ oo} (\text{S4} \text{ oo} \text{ S5})$
lemma *fb-gen-parallel*: $\bigwedge S . \text{fbtype} \text{ S} \text{ tsa} \text{ ts} \text{ ts}' \implies (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ tsa})) (S \parallel T) = ((\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ tsa})) (S)) \parallel T$
lemmas *parallel-ID-sym* = *parallel-ID* [THEN sym]
declare *parallel-ID* [simp del]
lemma *fb-indep*: $\bigwedge S . \text{fbtype} \text{ S} \text{ tsa} (\text{TO} \text{ A}) (\text{TI} \text{ B}) \implies (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ tsa})) ((\text{ID} \text{ tsa} \parallel \text{A}) \text{ oo} \text{ S} \text{ oo} (\text{ID} \text{ tsa} \parallel \text{B})) = \text{A} \text{ oo} (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ tsa})) \text{ S} \text{ oo} \text{ B}$
lemma *fb-indep-a*: $\bigwedge S . \text{fbtype} \text{ S} \text{ tsa} (\text{TO} \text{ A}) (\text{TI} \text{ B}) \implies \text{length} \text{ tsa} = n \implies (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge} n) ((\text{ID} \text{ tsa} \parallel \text{A}) \text{ oo} \text{ S} \text{ oo} (\text{ID} \text{ tsa} \parallel \text{B})) = \text{A} \text{ oo} (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge} n) \text{ S} \text{ oo} \text{ B}$
lemma *fb-comp-right*: $\text{fbtype} \text{ S} [\text{t}] \text{ ts} (\text{TI} \text{ B}) \implies \text{fb} (\text{S} \text{ oo} (\text{ID} [\text{t}] \parallel \text{B})) = \text{fb} \text{ S} \text{ oo} \text{ B}$
lemma *fb-comp-left*: $\text{fbtype} \text{ S} [\text{t}] (\text{TO} \text{ A}) \text{ ts} \implies \text{fb} ((\text{ID} [\text{t}] \parallel \text{A}) \text{ oo} \text{ S}) = \text{A} \text{ oo} \text{ fb} \text{ S}$
lemma *fb-indep-right*: $\bigwedge S . \text{fbtype} \text{ S} \text{ tsa} \text{ ts} (\text{TI} \text{ B}) \implies (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ tsa})) (\text{S} \text{ oo} (\text{ID} \text{ tsa} \parallel \text{B})) = (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ tsa})) \text{ S} \text{ oo} \text{ B}$
lemma *fb-indep-left*: $\bigwedge S . \text{fbtype} \text{ S} \text{ tsa} (\text{TO} \text{ A}) \text{ ts} \implies (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ tsa})) ((\text{ID} \text{ tsa} \parallel \text{A}) \text{ oo} \text{ S}) = \text{A} \text{ oo} (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ tsa})) \text{ S}$
lemma *TI-fb-fbtype-n*: $\bigwedge S . \text{fbtype} \text{ S} \text{ t} \text{ ts} \text{ ts}' \implies \text{TI} ((\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length} \text{ t})) \text{ S}) = \text{ts}$

```

and TO-fb-fbtype-n:  $\bigwedge S. \text{fbtype } S t ts ts' \implies \text{TO } ((\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge}(\text{length } t)) S) = ts'$ 

declare parallel-ID [simp]
end

locale BaseOperationFeedbacklessVars = BaseOperationFeedbackless +
  fixes TV :: 'var  $\Rightarrow$  'b
  fixes newvar :: 'var list  $\Rightarrow$  'b  $\Rightarrow$  'var
  assumes newvar-type[simp]: TV(newvar x t) = t
  assumes newvar-distinct [simp]: newvar x t  $\notin$  set x
  assumes ID [TV a] = ID [TV a]
begin
  primrec TVs::'var list  $\Rightarrow$  'b list where
    TVs [] = []
    TVs (a # x) = TV a # TVs x

  lemma TVs-append: TVs (x @ y) = TVs x @ TVs y

  definition Arb t = fb (Split [t])

  lemma TI-Arb[simp]: TI (Arb t) = []

  lemma TO-Arb[simp]: TO (Arb t) = [t]

  fun set-var:: 'var list  $\Rightarrow$  'var  $\Rightarrow$  'a where
    set-var [] b = Arb (TV b)
    set-var (a # x) b = (if a = b then ID [TV a] || Sink (TVs x) else Sink [TV a] || set-var x b)

  lemma TO-set-var[simp]: TO (set-var x a) = [TV a]

  lemma TI-set-var[simp]: TI (set-var x a) = TVs x

  primrec switch:: 'var list  $\Rightarrow$  'var list  $\Rightarrow$  'a ([- ~w~ -]) where
    [x ~w~ []] = Sink (TVs x)
    [x ~w~ a # y] = Split (TVs x) oo set-var x a || [x ~w~ y]

  lemma TI-switch[simp]: TI [x ~w~ y] = TVs x

  lemma TO-switch[simp]: TO [x ~w~ y] = TVs y

  lemma switch-not-in-Sink: a  $\notin$  set y  $\implies$  [a # x ~w~ y] = Sink [TV a] || [x ~w~ y]

  lemma distinct-id: distinct x  $\implies$  [x ~w~ x] = ID (TVs x)

  lemma set-var-nin: a  $\notin$  set x  $\implies$  set-var (x @ y) a = Sink (TVs x) || set-var y a

  lemma set-var-in: a  $\in$  set x  $\implies$  set-var (x @ y) a = set-var x a || Sink (TVs y)

  lemma set-var-not-in: a  $\notin$  set y  $\implies$  set-var y a = Arb (TV a) || Sink (TVs y)

  lemma set-var-in-a: a  $\notin$  set y  $\implies$  set-var (x @ y) a = set-var x a || Sink (TVs y)

```

lemma *switch-append*: $[x \rightsquigarrow y @ z] = Split(TVs x) oo [x \rightsquigarrow y] \parallel [x \rightsquigarrow z]$
lemma *switch-nin-a-new*: $set x \cap set y' = \{\} \implies [x @ y \rightsquigarrow y'] = Sink(TVs x) \parallel [y \rightsquigarrow y']$
lemma *switch-nin-b-new*: $set y \cap set z = \{\} \implies [x @ y \rightsquigarrow z] = [x \rightsquigarrow z] \parallel Sink(TVs y)$

lemma *var-switch*: $distinct(x @ y) \implies [x @ y \rightsquigarrow y @ x] = Switch(TVs x) (TVs y)$

lemma *switch-par*: $distinct(x @ y) \implies distinct(u @ v) \implies TI S = TVs x \implies TI T = TVs y$
 $\implies TO S = TVs v \implies TO T = TVs u \implies$
 $S \parallel T = [x @ y \rightsquigarrow y @ x] oo T \parallel S oo [u @ v \rightsquigarrow v @ u]$

lemma *par-switch*: $distinct(x @ y) \implies set x' \subseteq set x \implies set y' \subseteq set y \implies [x \rightsquigarrow x'] \parallel [y \rightsquigarrow y']$
 $= [x @ y \rightsquigarrow x' @ y']$

lemma *set-var-sink[simp]*: $a \in set x \implies (TV a) = t \implies set-var x a oo Sink[t] = Sink(TVs x)$

lemma *switch-Sink[simp]*: $\bigwedge ts . set u \subseteq set x \implies TVs u = ts \implies [x \rightsquigarrow u] oo Sink ts = Sink(TVs x)$

lemma *set-var-dup*: $a \in set x \implies TV a = t \implies set-var x a oo Split[t] = Split(TVs x) oo set-var x a \parallel set-var x a$

lemma *switch-dup*: $\bigwedge ts . set y \subseteq set x \implies TVs y = ts \implies [x \rightsquigarrow y] oo Split ts = Split(TVs x)$
 $oo [x \rightsquigarrow y] \parallel [x \rightsquigarrow y]$

lemma *TVs-length-eq*: $\bigwedge y . TVs x = TVs y \implies length x = length y$

lemma *set-var-comp-subst*: $\bigwedge y . set u \subseteq set x \implies TVs u = TVs y \implies a \in set y \implies [x \rightsquigarrow u] oo$
 $set-var y a = set-var x (subst y u a)$

lemma *switch-comp-subst*: $set u \subseteq set x \implies set v \subseteq set y \implies TVs u = TVs y \implies [x \rightsquigarrow u] oo [y$
 $\rightsquigarrow v] = [x \rightsquigarrow Subst y u v]$

declare *switch.simps* [*simp del*]

lemma *sw-hd-var*: $distinct(a \# b \# x) \implies [a \# b \# x \rightsquigarrow b \# a \# x] = Switch[TV a] [TV b] \parallel$
 $ID(TVs x)$

lemma *fb-serial*: $distinct(a \# b \# x) \implies TV a = TV b \implies TO A = TVs(b \# x) \implies TI B =$
 $TVs(a \# x) \implies fb(([a] \rightsquigarrow [a]) \parallel A) oo [a \# b \# x \rightsquigarrow b \# a \# x] oo ([b] \rightsquigarrow [b]) \parallel B) = A oo B$

lemma *Switch-Split*: $distinct x \implies [x \rightsquigarrow x @ x] = Split(TVs x)$

lemma *switch-comp*: $distinct x \implies perm x y \implies set z \subseteq set y \implies [x \rightsquigarrow y] oo [y \rightsquigarrow z] = [x \rightsquigarrow z]$

lemma *switch-comp-a*: $distinct x \implies distinct y \implies set y \subseteq set x \implies set z \subseteq set y \implies [x \rightsquigarrow y] oo$
 $[y \rightsquigarrow z] = [x \rightsquigarrow z]$

primrec *newvars*::'var list \Rightarrow 'b list \Rightarrow 'var list **where**
 $newvars x [] = [] |$

```

newvars x (t # ts) = (let y = newvars x ts in newvar (y@x) t # y)

lemma newvars-type[simp]: TVs(newvars x ts) = ts

lemma newvars-distinct[simp]: distinct (newvars x ts)

lemma newvars-old-distinct[simp]: set (newvars x ts) ∩ set x = {}

lemma newvars-old-distinct-a[simp]: set x ∩ set (newvars x ts) = {}

lemma newvars-length: length(newvars x ts) = length ts

lemma TV-subst[simp]:  $\bigwedge y . \text{TVs } x = \text{TVs } y \implies \text{TV } (\text{subst } x y a) = \text{TV } a$ 

lemma TV-Subst[simp]: TVs x = TVs y  $\implies$  TVs (Subst x y z) = TVs z

lemma Subst-cons: distinct x  $\implies$  a  $\notin$  set x  $\implies$  b  $\notin$  set x  $\implies$  length x = length y  

 $\implies$  Subst (a # x) (b # y) z = Subst x y (Subst [a] [b] z)

declare TVs-append [simp]
declare distinct-id [simp]

lemma par-empty-right: A || [] ~> [] = A

lemma par-empty-left: [] ~> [] || A = A
lemma distinct-vars-comp: distinct x  $\implies$  perm x y  $\implies$  [x~>y] oo [y~>x] = ID (TVs x)

lemma comp-switch-id[simp]: distinct x  $\implies$  TO S = TVs x  $\implies$  S oo [x ~> x] = S

lemma comp-id-switch[simp]: distinct x  $\implies$  TI S = TVs x  $\implies$  [x ~> x] oo S = S

lemma distinct-Subst-a:  $\bigwedge v . a \neq aa \implies a \notin \text{set } v \implies aa \notin \text{set } v \implies \text{distinct } v \implies \text{length } u = \text{length } v \implies \text{subst } u v a \neq \text{subst } u v aa$ 

lemma distinct-Subst-b:  $\bigwedge v . a \notin \text{set } x \implies \text{distinct } x \implies a \notin \text{set } v \implies \text{distinct } v \implies \text{set } v \cap \text{set } x = \{\} \implies \text{length } u = \text{length } v \implies \text{subst } u v a \notin \text{set } (\text{Subst } u v x)$ 

lemma distinct-Subst: distinct u  $\implies$  distinct (v @ x)  $\implies$  length u = length v  $\implies$  distinct (Subst u v x)

lemma Subst-switch-more-general: distinct u  $\implies$  distinct (v @ x)  $\implies$  set y  $\subseteq$  set x  

 $\implies$  TVs u = TVs v  $\implies$  [x ~> y] = [Subst u v x ~> Subst u v y]

lemma id-par-comp: distinct x  $\implies$  TO A = TI B  $\implies$  [x ~> x] || (A oo B) = ([x ~> x] || A) oo ([x ~> x] || B)

lemma par-id-comp: distinct x  $\implies$  TO A = TI B  $\implies$  (A oo B) || [x ~> x] = (A || [x ~> x]) oo (B || [x ~> x])

lemma switch-parallel-a: distinct (x @ y)  $\implies$  distinct (u @ v)  $\implies$  TI S = TVs x  $\implies$  TI T = TVs y  $\implies$  TO S = TVs u  $\implies$  TO T = TVs v  $\implies$   

S || T oo [u@v ~> v@u] = [x@y~>y@x] oo T || S

declare distinct-id [simp del]

```

lemma *fb-gen-serial*: $\bigwedge A B v x . \text{distinct}(u @ v @ x) \Rightarrow \text{TO } A = \text{TVs } (v @ x) \Rightarrow \text{TI } B = \text{TVs } (u @ x) \Rightarrow \text{TVs } u = \text{TVs } v \Rightarrow (\text{fb} \wedge \text{length } u) (([u \rightsquigarrow u] \parallel A) \text{ oo } [u @ v @ x \rightsquigarrow v @ u @ x] \text{ oo } ([v \rightsquigarrow v] \parallel B)) = A \text{ oo } B$

lemma *fb-par-serial*: $\text{distinct}(u @ x @ x') \Rightarrow \text{distinct}(u @ y @ x') \Rightarrow \text{TI } A = \text{TVs } x \Rightarrow \text{TO } A = \text{TVs } (u @ y) \Rightarrow \text{TI } B = \text{TVs } (u @ x') \Rightarrow \text{TO } B = \text{TVs } y' \Rightarrow (\text{fb} \wedge \text{length } u) ([u @ x @ x' \rightsquigarrow x @ u @ x'] \text{ oo } (A \parallel B)) = (A \parallel \text{ID } (\text{TVs } x') \text{ oo } [u @ y @ x' \rightsquigarrow y @ u @ x']) \text{ oo } \text{ID } (\text{TVs } y) \parallel B)$

lemma *switch-newvars*: $\text{distinct } x \Rightarrow [\text{newvars } w \text{ (TVs } x) \rightsquigarrow \text{newvars } w \text{ (TVs } x)] = [x \rightsquigarrow x]$

lemma *switch-par-comp-Subst*: $\text{distinct } x \Rightarrow \text{distinct } y' \Rightarrow \text{distinct } z' \Rightarrow \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x \Rightarrow \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } x \Rightarrow \text{set } u \subseteq \text{set } y' \Rightarrow \text{set } v \subseteq \text{set } z' \Rightarrow \text{TVs } y = \text{TVs } y' \Rightarrow \text{TVs } z = \text{TVs } z' \Rightarrow [x \rightsquigarrow y @ z] \text{ oo } [y' \rightsquigarrow u] \parallel [z' \rightsquigarrow v] = [x \rightsquigarrow \text{Subst } y' y u @ \text{Subst } z' z v]$

lemma *switch-par-comp*: $\text{distinct } x \Rightarrow \text{distinct } y \Rightarrow \text{distinct } z \Rightarrow \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x \Rightarrow \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } x \Rightarrow \text{set } y' \subseteq \text{set } y \Rightarrow \text{set } z' \subseteq \text{set } z \Rightarrow [x \rightsquigarrow y @ z] \text{ oo } [y \rightsquigarrow y'] \parallel [z \rightsquigarrow z'] = [x \rightsquigarrow y' @ z']$

lemma *par-switch-eq*: $\text{distinct } u \Rightarrow \text{distinct } v \Rightarrow \text{distinct } y' \Rightarrow \text{distinct } z' \Rightarrow \text{TI } A = \text{TVs } x \Rightarrow \text{TO } A = \text{TVs } v \Rightarrow \text{TI } C = \text{TVs } v @ \text{TVs } y \Rightarrow \text{TVs } y = \text{TVs } y' \Rightarrow \text{TI } C' = \text{TVs } v @ \text{TVs } z \Rightarrow \text{TVs } z = \text{TVs } z' \Rightarrow \text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow [v \rightsquigarrow v] \parallel [u \rightsquigarrow y] \text{ oo } C = [v \rightsquigarrow v] \parallel [u \rightsquigarrow z] \text{ oo } C' \Rightarrow [u \rightsquigarrow x @ y] \text{ oo } (A \parallel [y' \rightsquigarrow y']) \text{ oo } C = [u \rightsquigarrow x @ z] \text{ oo } (A \parallel [z' \rightsquigarrow z']) \text{ oo } C'$

lemma *parallel-switch*: $\exists x y u v. \text{distinct}(x @ y) \wedge \text{distinct}(u @ v) \wedge \text{TVs } x = \text{TI } A \wedge \text{TVs } u = \text{TO } A \wedge \text{TVs } y = \text{TI } B \wedge \text{TVs } v = \text{TO } B \wedge A \parallel B = [x @ y \rightsquigarrow y @ x] \text{ oo } (B \parallel A) \text{ oo } [v @ u \rightsquigarrow u @ v]$

lemma *par-switch-eq-dist*: $\text{distinct } (u @ v) \Rightarrow \text{distinct } y' \Rightarrow \text{distinct } z' \Rightarrow \text{TI } A = \text{TVs } x \Rightarrow \text{TO } A = \text{TVs } v \Rightarrow \text{TI } C = \text{TVs } v @ \text{TVs } y \Rightarrow \text{TVs } y = \text{TVs } y' \Rightarrow \text{TI } C' = \text{TVs } v @ \text{TVs } z \Rightarrow \text{TVs } z = \text{TVs } z' \Rightarrow \text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow [v @ u \rightsquigarrow v @ y] \text{ oo } C = [v @ u \rightsquigarrow v @ z] \text{ oo } C' \Rightarrow [u \rightsquigarrow x @ y] \text{ oo } (A \parallel [y' \rightsquigarrow y']) \text{ oo } C = [u \rightsquigarrow x @ z] \text{ oo } (A \parallel [z' \rightsquigarrow z']) \text{ oo } C'$

lemma *par-switch-eq-dist-a*: $\text{distinct } (u @ v) \Rightarrow \text{TI } A = \text{TVs } x \Rightarrow \text{TO } A = \text{TVs } v \Rightarrow \text{TI } C = \text{TVs } v @ \text{TVs } y \Rightarrow \text{TVs } y = ty \Rightarrow \text{TVs } z = tz \Rightarrow \text{TI } C' = \text{TVs } v @ \text{TVs } z \Rightarrow \text{set } x \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } u \Rightarrow [v @ u \rightsquigarrow v @ y] \text{ oo } C = [v @ u \rightsquigarrow v @ z] \text{ oo } C' \Rightarrow [u \rightsquigarrow x @ y] \text{ oo } A \parallel \text{ID } ty \text{ oo } C = [u \rightsquigarrow x @ z] \text{ oo } A \parallel \text{ID } tz \text{ oo } C'$

lemma *par-switch-eq-a*: $\text{distinct } (u @ v) \Rightarrow \text{distinct } y' \Rightarrow \text{distinct } z' \Rightarrow \text{distinct } t' \Rightarrow \text{distinct}$

$s' \implies TI A = TVs x \implies TO A = TVs v \implies TI C = TVs t @ TVs v @ TVs y \implies TVs y = TVs y' \implies$
 $TI C' = TVs s @ TVs v @ TVs z \implies TVs z = TVs z' \implies TVs t = TVs t' \implies TVs s = TVs s' \implies$
 $set t \subseteq set u \implies set x \subseteq set u \implies set y \subseteq set u \implies set s \subseteq set u \implies set z \subseteq set u \implies$
 $[u @ v \rightsquigarrow t @ v @ y] oo C = [u @ v \rightsquigarrow s @ v @ z] oo C' \implies$
 $[u \rightsquigarrow t @ x @ y] oo ([t' \rightsquigarrow t] \parallel A \parallel [y' \rightsquigarrow y']) oo C = [u \rightsquigarrow s @ x @ z] oo ([s' \rightsquigarrow s] \parallel A \parallel [z' \rightsquigarrow z']) oo C'$

lemma *length-TVs*: $\text{length} (TVs x) = \text{length} x$

lemma *comp-par*: $\text{distinct} x \implies set y \subseteq set x \implies [x \rightsquigarrow x @ x] oo [x \rightsquigarrow y] \parallel [x \rightsquigarrow y] = [x \rightsquigarrow y @ y]$

lemma *Subst-switch-a*: $\text{distinct} x \implies \text{distinct} y \implies set z \subseteq set x \implies TVs x = TVs y \implies [x \rightsquigarrow z] = [y \rightsquigarrow \text{Subst} x y z]$

lemma *change-var-names*: $\text{distinct} a \implies \text{distinct} b \implies TVs a = TVs b \implies [a \rightsquigarrow a @ a] = [b \rightsquigarrow b @ b]$

9.1.1 Deterministic diagrams

definition *deterministic* $S = (\text{Split} (TI S) oo S \parallel S = S oo \text{Split} (TO S))$

lemma *deterministic-split*:

assumes *deterministic* S
and $\text{distinct} (a \# x)$
and $TO S = TVs (a \# x)$
shows $S = \text{Split} (TI S) oo (S oo [a \# x \rightsquigarrow [a]]) \parallel (S oo [a \# x \rightsquigarrow x])$

lemma *deterministicE*: $\text{deterministic} A \implies \text{distinct} x \implies \text{distinct} y \implies TI A = TVs x \implies TO A = TVs y \implies [x \rightsquigarrow x @ x] oo (A \parallel A) = A oo [y \rightsquigarrow y @ y]$

lemma *deterministicI*: $\text{distinct} x \implies \text{distinct} y \implies TI A = TVs x \implies TO A = TVs y \implies [x \rightsquigarrow x @ x] oo A \parallel A = A oo [y \rightsquigarrow y @ y] \implies \text{deterministic} A$

lemma *deterministic-switch*: $\text{distinct} x \implies set y \subseteq set x \implies \text{deterministic} [x \rightsquigarrow y]$

lemma *deterministic-comp*: $\text{deterministic} A \implies \text{deterministic} B \implies TO A = TI B \implies \text{deterministic} (A oo B)$

lemma *deterministic-par*: $\text{deterministic} A \implies \text{deterministic} B \implies \text{deterministic} (A \parallel B)$

end

end

9.2 Abstract Algebra of Hierarchical Block Diagrams with All Axioms

theory *ExtendedHBDAlgebra* **imports** *HBDAlgebra*
begin

```

locale BaseOperation = BaseOperationFeedbackless +
assumes fb-twice-switch-no-vars:  $TI S = t' \# t \# ts \implies TO S = t' \# t \# ts'$ 
 $\implies (fb \wedge (2::nat)) (Switch [t] [t'] \parallel ID ts \circ S \circ Switch [t'] [t] \parallel ID ts') = (fb \wedge (2::nat)) S$ 

locale BaseOperationVars = BaseOperation + BaseOperationFeedbacklessVars
begin

lemma fb-twice-switch: distinct  $(a \# b \# x) \implies$  distinct  $(a \# b \# y) \implies TI S = TVs (b \# a \# x)$ 
 $\implies TO S = TVs (b \# a \# y)$ 
 $\implies (fb \wedge (2::nat)) ([a \# b \# x \rightsquigarrow b \# a \# x] \circ S \circ [b \# a \# y \rightsquigarrow a \# b \# y]) = (fb \wedge (2::nat)) S$ 

lemma fb-switch-a:  $\bigwedge S .$  distinct  $(a \# z @ x) \implies$  distinct  $(a \# z @ y) \implies TI S = TVs (z @ a \# x)$ 
 $\implies TO S = TVs (z @ a \# y)$ 
 $\implies (fb \wedge (Suc (length z))) ([a \# z @ x \rightsquigarrow z @ a \# x] \circ S \circ [z @ a \# y \rightsquigarrow a \# z @ y]) = (fb \wedge (Suc (length z))) S$ 

lemma swap-power:  $(f \wedge n) ((f \wedge m) S) = (f \wedge m) ((f \wedge n) S)$ 

lemma fb-switch-b:  $\bigwedge v x y S .$  distinct  $(u @ v @ x) \implies$  distinct  $(u @ v @ y) \implies TI S = TVs$ 
 $(v @ u @ x) \implies TO S = TVs (v @ u @ y)$ 
 $\implies (fb \wedge (length (u @ v))) ([u @ v @ x \rightsquigarrow v @ u @ x] \circ S \circ [v @ u @ y \rightsquigarrow u @ v @ y]) =$ 
 $(fb \wedge (length (u @ v))) S$ 

theorem fb-perm:  $\bigwedge v S .$  perm  $u v \implies$  distinct  $(u @ x) \implies$  distinct  $(u @ y) \implies$  fbtype  $S (TVs$ 
 $u) (TVs x) (TVs y)$ 
 $\implies (fb \wedge (length u)) ([v @ x \rightsquigarrow u @ x] \circ S \circ [u @ y \rightsquigarrow v @ y]) = (fb \wedge (length u)) S$ 

end

```

end

9.3 Diagrams with Named Inputs and Outputs

```

theory Diagrams imports HBDAlgebra
begin

```

This file contains the definition and properties for the named input output diagrams

```

record ('var, 'a) Dgr =
  In:: 'var list
  Out:: 'var list
  Trs:: 'a

```

```

context BaseOperationFeedbacklessVars
begin
definition Var A B = (Out A)  $\otimes$  (In B)

```

```

definition io-diagram A = (TVs (In A) = TI (Trs A)  $\wedge$  TVs (Out A) = TO (Trs A)  $\wedge$  distinct (In
A)  $\wedge$  distinct (Out A))

```

```

definition Comp :: ('var, 'a) Dgr  $\Rightarrow$  ('var, 'a) Dgr  $\Rightarrow$  ('var, 'a) Dgr (infixl ::; 70) where
  A ::; B = (let I = In B  $\ominus$  Var A B in let O' = Out A  $\ominus$  Var A B in
  (In = (In A)  $\oplus$  I, Out = O'  $\oplus$  Out B,

```

$\text{Trs} = [(\text{In } A) \oplus I \rightsquigarrow \text{In } A @ I] \text{ oo } \text{Trs } A \parallel [I \rightsquigarrow I] \text{ oo } [\text{Out } A @ I \rightsquigarrow O' @ \text{In } B] \text{ oo } ([O' \rightsquigarrow O'] \parallel \text{Trs } B) \parallel$

lemma *io-diagram-Comp*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B$
 $\implies \text{set } (\text{Out } A \ominus \text{In } B) \cap \text{set } (\text{Out } B) = \{\} \implies \text{io-diagram } (A ;; B)$

lemma *Comp-in-disjoint*:

assumes *io-diagram A*
and *io-diagram B*
and $\text{set } (\text{In } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{In } B) = \{\}$
shows $A ;; B = (\text{let } I = \text{In } B \ominus \text{Var } A B \text{ in let } O' = \text{Out } A \ominus \text{Var } A B \text{ in}$
 $([\text{In } = (\text{In } A) @ I, \text{Out} = O' @ \text{Out } B, \text{Trs} = \text{Trs } A \parallel [I \rightsquigarrow I] \text{ oo } [\text{Out } A @ I \rightsquigarrow O' @ \text{In } B] \text{ oo } ([O' \rightsquigarrow O'] \parallel \text{Trs } B) \parallel)$

lemma *Comp-full*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{Out } A = \text{In } B \implies$
 $A ;; B = (\text{In } = \text{In } A, \text{Out} = \text{Out } B, \text{Trs} = \text{Trs } A \text{ oo } \text{Trs } B \parallel)$

lemma *Comp-in-out*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{set } (\text{Out } A) \subseteq \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies$
 $A ;; B = (\text{let } I = \text{diff } (\text{In } B) (\text{Var } A B) \text{ in let } O' = \text{diff } (\text{Out } A) (\text{Var } A B) \text{ in}$
 $([\text{In } = \text{In } A \oplus I, \text{Out} = \text{Out } B, \text{Trs} = [\text{In } A \oplus I \rightsquigarrow \text{In } A @ I] \text{ oo } \text{Trs } A \parallel [I \rightsquigarrow I] \text{ oo } [\text{Out } A @ I \rightsquigarrow \text{In } B] \text{ oo } \text{Trs } B \parallel)$

lemma *Comp-assoc-new*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies$
 $\text{set } (\text{Out } A \ominus \text{In } B) \cap \text{set } (\text{Out } B) = \{\} \implies \text{set } (\text{Out } A \otimes \text{In } B) \cap \text{set } (\text{In } C) = \{\}$
 $\implies A ;; B ;; C = A ;; (B ;; C)$

lemma *Comp-assoc-a*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies$
 $\text{set } (\text{In } B) \cap \text{set } (\text{In } C) = \{\} \implies$
 $\text{set } (\text{Out } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{Out } B) = \{\} \implies$
 $A ;; B ;; C = A ;; (B ;; C)$

definition *Parallel* :: $(\text{'var}, \text{'a}) \text{ Dgr} \Rightarrow (\text{'var}, \text{'a}) \text{ Dgr} \Rightarrow (\text{'var}, \text{'a}) \text{ Dgr}$ (**infixl** $\parallel\parallel$ 80) **where**
 $A \parallel\parallel B = (\text{In } = \text{In } A \oplus \text{In } B, \text{Out} = \text{Out } A @ \text{Out } B, \text{Trs} = [\text{In } A \oplus \text{In } B \rightsquigarrow \text{In } A @ \text{In } B] \text{ oo } (\text{Trs } A \parallel \text{Trs } B) \parallel)$

lemma *io-diagram-Parallel*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{set } (\text{Out } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{Out } B) = \{\}$
 $\implies \text{io-diagram } (A \parallel\parallel B)$

lemma *Parallel-indep*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{set } (\text{In } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{In } B) = \{\} \implies$
 $A \parallel\parallel B = (\text{In } = \text{In } A @ \text{In } B, \text{Out} = \text{Out } A @ \text{Out } B, \text{Trs} = (\text{Trs } A \parallel \text{Trs } B) \parallel)$

lemma *Parallel-assoc-gen*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies$
 $A \parallel\parallel B \parallel\parallel C = A \parallel\parallel (B \parallel\parallel C)$

definition *VarFB A* = *Var A A*

definition *InFB A* = *In A* \ominus *VarFB A*

definition *OutFB A* = *Out A* \ominus *VarFB A*

definition $FB :: ('var, 'a) Dgr \Rightarrow ('var, 'a) Dgr$ **where**
 $FB A = (\text{let } I = In A \ominus Var A A \text{ in let } O' = Out A \ominus Var A A \text{ in}$
 $(\langle In = I, Out = O', Trs = (fb \wedge (length (Var A A))) ([Var A A @ I \rightsquigarrow In A] oo Trs A oo [Out A \rightsquigarrow Var A A @ O']) \rangle)$

lemma $Type\text{-}ok\text{-}FB: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram (FB A)$

lemma $perm\text{-}var\text{-}Par: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram B \Rightarrow set (In A) \cap set (In B) = \{\}$
 $\Rightarrow perm (Var (A \parallel B) (A \parallel B)) (Var A A @ Var B B @ Var A B @ Var B A)$

lemma $distinct\text{-}Parallel\text{-}Var[simp]: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram B$
 $\Rightarrow set (Out A) \cap set (Out B) = \{\} \Rightarrow distinct (Var (A \parallel B) (A \parallel B))$

lemma $distinct\text{-}Parallel\text{-}In[simp]: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram B \Rightarrow distinct (In (A \parallel B))$

lemma $drop\text{-}assumption: p \Rightarrow True$

lemma $Dgr\text{-}eq: In A = x \Rightarrow Out A = y \Rightarrow Trs A = S \Rightarrow (\langle In = x, Out = y, Trs = S \rangle) = A$

lemma $Var\text{-}FB[simp]: Var (FB A) (FB A) = []$

theorem $FB\text{-}idemp: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow FB (FB A) = FB A$

definition $VarSwitch :: 'var list \Rightarrow 'var list \Rightarrow ('var, 'a) Dgr ([[- \rightsquigarrow -]])$ **where**
 $VarSwitch x y = (\langle In = x, Out = y, Trs = [x \rightsquigarrow y] \rangle)$

definition $in\text{-}equiv A B = (perm (In A) (In B) \wedge Trs A = [In A \rightsquigarrow In B] oo Trs B \wedge Out A = Out B)$

definition $out\text{-}equiv A B = (perm (Out A) (Out B) \wedge Trs A = Trs B oo [Out B \rightsquigarrow Out A] \wedge In A = In B)$

definition $in\text{-}out\text{-}equiv A B = (perm (In A) (In B) \wedge perm (Out A) (Out B) \wedge Trs A = [In A \rightsquigarrow In B] oo Trs B oo [Out B \rightsquigarrow Out A])$

lemma $in\text{-}equiv\text{-}io\text{-}diagram: in\text{-}equiv A B \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram B \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram A$

lemma $in\text{-}out\text{-}equiv\text{-}io\text{-}diagram: in\text{-}out\text{-}equiv A B \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram B \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram A$

lemma $in\text{-}equiv\text{-}sym: io\text{-}diagram B \Rightarrow in\text{-}equiv A B \Rightarrow in\text{-}equiv B A$

lemma $in\text{-}equiv\text{-}eq: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow A = B \Rightarrow in\text{-}equiv A B$

lemma $[simp]: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow [In A \rightsquigarrow In A] oo Trs A oo [Out A \rightsquigarrow Out A] = Trs A$

lemma $in\text{-}equiv\text{-}tran: io\text{-}diagram C \Rightarrow in\text{-}equiv A B \Rightarrow in\text{-}equiv B C \Rightarrow in\text{-}equiv A C$

lemma $in\text{-}out\text{-}equiv\text{-}refl: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow in\text{-}out\text{-}equiv A A$

lemma $in\text{-}out\text{-}equiv\text{-}sym: io\text{-}diagram A \Rightarrow io\text{-}diagram B \Rightarrow in\text{-}out\text{-}equiv A B \Rightarrow in\text{-}out\text{-}equiv B$

A

lemma *in-out-equiv-tran*: *io-diagram A* \Rightarrow *io-diagram B* \Rightarrow *io-diagram C* \Rightarrow *in-out-equiv A B*
 \Rightarrow *in-out-equiv B C* \Rightarrow *in-out-equiv A C*

lemma [*simp*]: *distinct (Out A)* \Rightarrow *distinct (Var A B)*

lemma [*simp*]: *set (Var A B) ⊆ set (Out A)*
lemma [*simp*]: *set (Var A B) ⊆ set (In B)*

lemmas *fb-indep-sym = fb-indep [THEN sym]*

declare *length-TVs* [*simp*]

end

primrec *op-list* :: *'a ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a* **where**

op-list e opr [] = e |
op-list e opr (a # x) = opr a (op-list e opr x)

primrec *inter-set* :: *'a list ⇒ 'a set ⇒ 'a list* **where**

inter-set [] X = [] |
inter-set (x # xs) X = (if x ∈ X then x # inter-set xs X else inter-set xs X)

lemma *list-inter-set: x ⊗ y = inter-set x (set y)*

fun *map2* :: *('a ⇒ 'b ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'b list ⇒ bool* **where**

map2 f [] [] = True |
map2 f (a # x) (b # y) = (f a b ∧ map2 f x y) |
map2 _ _ _ = False

thm *map-def*

context *BaseOperationFeedbacklessVars*

begin

definition *ParallelId* :: *('var, 'a) Dgr (□)*

where *□ = (In = [], Out = [], Trs = ID [])*

lemma [*simp*]: *Out □ = []*

lemma [*simp*]: *In □ = []*

lemma [*simp*]: *Trs □ = ID []*

lemma *ParallelId-right*[*simp*]: *io-diagram A* \Rightarrow *A ||| □ = A*

lemma *ParallelId-left*: *io-diagram A* \Rightarrow *□ ||| A = A*

definition *parallel-list* = *op-list (ID []) (op ||)*

definition *Parallel-list* = *op-list □ (op |||)*

lemma [simp]: *Parallel-list* [] = \square

definition *io-distinct As* = (*distinct (concat (map In As))* \wedge *distinct (concat (map Out As))* \wedge ($\forall A \in set As . io-diagram A$))

definition *io-rel A* = *set (Out A)* \times *set (In A)*

definition *IO-Rel As* = $\bigcup (\text{set}(\text{map} \text{ io-rel As}))$

definition *out A* = *hd (Out A)*

definition *Type-OK As* = (($\forall B \in set As . io-diagram B \wedge length(Out B) = 1$) \wedge *distinct (concat (map Out As))*)

lemma *concat-map-out*: ($\forall A \in set As . length(Out A) = 1$) $\implies concat(\text{map Out As}) = \text{map out As}$

lemma *Type-OK-simp*: *Type-OK As* = (($\forall B \in set As . io-diagram B \wedge length(Out B) = 1$) \wedge *distinct (map out As)*)

definition *single-out A* = (*io-diagram A* \wedge *length (Out A) = 1*)

definition *CompA* :: ('var, 'a) Dgr \Rightarrow ('var, 'a) Dgr \Rightarrow ('var, 'a) Dgr (**infixl** \triangleright 75) **where**

A \triangleright B = (*if out A \in set (In B) then A ;; B else B*)

definition *internal As* = {*x* . ($\exists A \in set As . \exists B \in set As . x \in set(Out A) \wedge x \in set(In B)$)}

primrec *get-comp-out* :: 'var \Rightarrow ('var, 'a) Dgr list \Rightarrow ('var, 'a) Dgr **where**
 get-comp-out x [] = ([]*In* = [x], *Out* = [x], *Trs* = [[x] \rightsquigarrow [x]]) |
 get-comp-out x (A # As) = (*if x \in set (Out A) then A else get-comp-out x As*)

primrec *get-other-out* :: 'c \Rightarrow ('c, 'd) Dgr list \Rightarrow ('c, 'd) Dgr list **where**
 get-other-out x [] = [] |
 get-other-out x (A # As) = (*if x \in set (Out A) then get-other-out x As else A # get-other-out x As*)

definition *fb-less-step A As* = *map (CompA A) As*

definition *fb-out-less-step x As* = *fb-less-step (get-comp-out x As) (get-other-out x As)*

primrec *fb-less* :: 'var list \Rightarrow ('var, 'a) Dgr list \Rightarrow ('var, 'a) Dgr list **where**
 fb-less [] As = *As* |
 fb-less (x # xs) As = *fb-less xs (fb-out-less-step x As)*

lemma [simp]: *VarFB* \square = []
lemma [simp]: *InFB* \square = []
lemma [simp]: *OutFB* \square = []

definition *loop-free* $As = (\forall x . (x,x) \notin (IO\text{-Rel } As)^+)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{Parallel-list } (A \# As) = (A \parallel \text{Parallel-list } As)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{Out } (A \parallel B) = \text{Out } A @ \text{Out } B$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{In } (A \parallel B) = \text{In } A \oplus \text{In } B$

lemma *Type-OK-cons*: $\text{Type-OK } (A \# As) = (\text{io-diagram } A \wedge \text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \wedge \text{set } (\text{Out } A) \cap (\bigcup_{a \in \text{set } As} \text{set } (\text{Out } a)) = \{\} \wedge \text{Type-OK } As)$

lemma *Out-Parallel*: $\text{Out } (\text{Parallel-list } As) = \text{concat } (\text{map Out } As)$

lemma *internal-cons*: $\text{internal } (A \# As) = \{x . x \in \text{set } (\text{Out } A) \wedge (x \in \text{set } (\text{In } A) \vee (\exists B \in \text{set } As . x \in \text{set } (\text{In } B)))\} \cup \{x . (\exists Aa \in \text{set } As . x \in \text{set } (\text{Out } Aa) \wedge (x \in \text{set } (\text{In } A)))\}$
 $\cup \text{internal } As$

lemma *Out-out*: $\text{length } (\text{Out } A) = \text{Suc } 0 \implies \text{Out } A = [\text{out } A]$

lemma *Type-OK-out*: $\text{Type-OK } As \implies A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{Out } A = [\text{out } A]$

lemma *In-Parallel*: $\text{In } (\text{Parallel-list } As) = \text{op-list } [] \parallel (\text{op } \oplus) \text{ (map In } As)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{set } (\text{op-list } [] \parallel \text{op } \oplus \text{ xs}) = \bigcup \text{ set } (\text{map set } xs)$

lemma *internal-VarFB*: $\text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{internal } As = \text{set } (\text{VarFB } (\text{Parallel-list } As))$

lemma *map-Out-fb-less-step*: $\text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{map Out } (\text{fb-less-step } A \text{ As}) = \text{map Out } As$

lemma *mem-get-comp-out*: $\text{Type-OK } As \implies A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{get-comp-out } (\text{out } A) \text{ As} = A$

lemma *map-Out-fb-out-less-step*: $A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{Type-OK } As \implies a = \text{out } A \implies \text{map Out } (\text{fb-out-less-step } a \text{ As}) = \text{map Out } (\text{get-other-out } a \text{ As})$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{Type-OK } (A \# As) \implies \text{Type-OK } As$

lemma *Type-OK-Out*: $\text{Type-OK } (A \# As) \implies \text{Out } A = [\text{out } A]$

lemma *concat-map-Out-get-other-out*: $\text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{concat } (\text{map Out } (\text{get-other-out } a \text{ As})) = (\text{concat } (\text{map Out } As) \ominus [a])$

thm *Out-out*

lemma *VarFB-cons-out*: $\text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{VarFB } (\text{Parallel-list } As) = a \# L \implies \exists A \in \text{set } As . \text{out } A = a$

lemma *VarFB-cons-out-In*: $\text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{VarFB } (\text{Parallel-list } As) = a \# L \implies \exists B \in \text{set } As . a \in \text{set } (\text{In } B)$

lemma *AAA-a*: *Type-OK* ($A \# As$) $\implies A \notin \text{set } As$

lemma *AAA-b*: $(\forall A \in \text{set } As. a \notin \text{set } (\text{Out } A)) \implies \text{get-other-out } a As = As$

lemma *AAA-d*: *Type-OK* ($A \# As$) $\implies \forall Aa \in \text{set } As. \text{out } A \neq \text{out } Aa$

lemma *mem-get-other-out*: *Type-OK* $As \implies A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{get-other-out } (\text{out } A) As = (As \ominus [A])$

lemma *In-CompA*: $\text{In } (A \triangleright B) = (\text{if out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } B) \text{ then In } A \oplus (\text{In } B \ominus \text{Out } A) \text{ else In } B)$

lemma *union-set-In-CompA*: $\bigwedge B . \text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies B \in \text{set } As \implies \text{out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies (\bigcup x \in \text{set } As. \text{set } (\text{In } (\text{CompA } A x))) = \text{set } (\text{In } A) \cup ((\bigcup B \in \text{set } As . \text{set } (\text{In } B)) - \{\text{out } A\})$

lemma *BBBB-e*: *Type-OK* $As \implies \text{VarFB } (\text{Parallel-list } As) = \text{out } A \# L \implies A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{out } A \notin \text{set } L$

lemma *BBBB-f*: *loop-free* $As \implies \text{Type-OK } As \implies A \in \text{set } As \implies B \in \text{set } As \implies \text{out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies B \neq A$

thm *union-set-In-CompA*

lemma [*simp*]: $x \in \text{set } (\text{Out } (\text{get-comp-out } x As))$

lemma *comp-out-in*: $A \in \text{set } As \implies a \in \text{set } (\text{Out } A) \implies (\text{get-comp-out } a As) \in \text{set } As$

lemma [*simp*]: $a \in \text{internal } As \implies \text{get-comp-out } a As \in \text{set } As$

lemma *out-CompA*: $\text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{out } (\text{CompA } A B) = \text{out } B$

lemma *Type-OK-loop-free-elem*: *Type-OK* $As \implies \text{loop-free } As \implies A \in \text{set } As \implies \text{out } A \notin \text{set } (\text{In } A)$

lemma *BBB-a*: $\text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{Out } (\text{CompA } A B) = \text{Out } B$

lemma *BBB-b*: $\text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{map } (\text{Out } \circ \text{CompA } A) As = \text{map Out } As$

lemma *VarFB-fb-out-less-step-gen*:
assumes *loop-free* As
assumes *Type-OK* As
and *internal-a*: $a \in \text{internal } As$
shows $\text{VarFB } (\text{Parallel-list } (\text{fb-out-less-step } a As)) = (\text{VarFB } (\text{Parallel-list } As)) \ominus [a]$

thm *internal-VarFB*
thm *VarFB-fb-out-less-step-gen*

lemma *VarFB-fb-out-less-step*: *loop-free* $As \implies \text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{VarFB } (\text{Parallel-list } As) = a \# L \implies \text{VarFB } (\text{Parallel-list } (\text{fb-out-less-step } a As)) = L$

lemma *Parallel-list-cons*: $\text{Parallel-list} (a \# As) = a \parallel \text{Parallel-list} As$

lemma *io-diagram-parallel-list*: $\text{Type-OK} As \implies \text{io-diagram} (\text{Parallel-list} As)$

lemma *BBB-c*: $\text{distinct} (\text{map } f As) \implies \text{distinct} (\text{map } f (As \ominus Bs))$

lemma *io-diagram-CompA*: $\text{io-diagram} A \implies \text{length} (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{io-diagram} B \implies \text{io-diagram} (\text{CompA } A B)$

lemma *Type-OK-fb-out-less-step-aux*: $\text{Type-OK} As \implies A \in \text{set} As \implies \text{Type-OK} (\text{fb-less-step} A (As \ominus [A]))$

thm *VarFB-cons-out*

theorem *Type-OK-fb-out-less-step-new*: $\text{Type-OK} As \implies$
 $a \in \text{internal} As \implies$
 $Bs = \text{fb-out-less-step} a As \implies \text{Type-OK} Bs$

theorem *Type-OK-fb-out-less-step*: $\text{loop-free} As \implies \text{Type-OK} As \implies$
 $\text{VarFB} (\text{Parallel-list} As) = a \# L \implies Bs = \text{fb-out-less-step} a As \implies \text{Type-OK} Bs$

lemma *perm-FB-Parallel[simp]*: $\text{loop-free} As \implies \text{Type-OK} As \implies$
 $\text{VarFB} (\text{Parallel-list} As) = a \# L \implies Bs = \text{fb-out-less-step} a As \implies$
 $\text{perm} (\text{In} (\text{FB} (\text{Parallel-list} As))) (\text{In} (\text{FB} (\text{Parallel-list} Bs)))$

lemma *[simp]*: $\text{loop-free} As \implies \text{Type-OK} As \implies$
 $\text{VarFB} (\text{Parallel-list} As) = a \# L \implies$
 $\text{Out} (\text{FB} (\text{Parallel-list} (\text{fb-out-less-step} a As))) = \text{Out} (\text{FB} (\text{Parallel-list} As))$

lemma *TI-Parallel-list*: $(\forall A \in \text{set} As . \text{io-diagram} A) \implies \text{TI} (\text{Trs} (\text{Parallel-list} As)) = \text{TVs} (\text{op-list} [] \text{ op} \oplus (\text{map} \text{ In} As))$

lemma *TO-Parallel-list*: $(\forall A \in \text{set} As . \text{io-diagram} A) \implies \text{TO} (\text{Trs} (\text{Parallel-list} As)) = \text{TVs} (\text{concat} (\text{map} \text{ Out} As))$

lemma *fbtype-aux*: $(\text{Type-OK} As) \implies \text{loop-free} As \implies \text{VarFB} (\text{Parallel-list} As) = a \# L \implies$
 $\text{fbtype} ([L @ (\text{In} (\text{Parallel-list} (\text{fb-out-less-step} a As))) \ominus L] \rightsquigarrow \text{In} (\text{Parallel-list} (\text{fb-out-less-step} a As))) \text{ oo } \text{Trs} (\text{Parallel-list} (\text{fb-out-less-step} a As)) \text{ oo }$
 $[\text{Out} (\text{Parallel-list} (\text{fb-out-less-step} a As)) \rightsquigarrow L @ (\text{Out} (\text{Parallel-list} (\text{fb-out-less-step} a As)) \ominus L)])$
 $(\text{TVs} L) (\text{TO} [\text{In} (\text{Parallel-list} As) \ominus a \# L \rightsquigarrow \text{In} (\text{Parallel-list} (\text{fb-out-less-step} a As)) \ominus L]) (\text{TVs} (\text{Out} (\text{Parallel-list} (\text{fb-out-less-step} a As)) \ominus L))$

lemma *fb-indep-left-a*: $\text{fbtype} S \text{ tsa} (\text{TO} A) \text{ ts} \implies A \text{ oo} (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{length} \text{ tsa})) S = (\text{fb}^{\wedge\wedge} (\text{length} \text{ tsa})) ((\text{ID} \text{ tsa} \parallel A) \text{ oo} S)$

lemma *parallel-list-cons*: *parallel-list* ($A \# As$) = $A \parallel parallel-list As$

lemma *TI-parallel-list*: $(\forall A \in set As . io-diagram A) \implies TI (parallel-list (map Trs As)) = TVs (concat (map In As))$

lemma *TO-parallel-list*: $(\forall A \in set As . io-diagram A) \implies TO (parallel-list (map Trs As)) = TVs (concat (map Out As))$

lemma *Trs-Parallel-list-aux-a*: *Type-OK As* $\implies io-diagram a \implies$
 $[In a \oplus In (Parallel-list As) \rightsquigarrow In a @ In (Parallel-list As)] oo Trs a \parallel ([In (Parallel-list As) \rightsquigarrow concat (map In As)] oo parallel-list (map Trs As)) =$
 $[In a \oplus In (Parallel-list As) \rightsquigarrow In a @ In (Parallel-list As)] oo ([In a \rightsquigarrow In a] \parallel [In (Parallel-list As) \rightsquigarrow concat (map In As)] oo Trs a \parallel parallel-list (map Trs As))$

lemma *Trs-Parallel-list-aux-b* : *distinct x* $\implies distinct y \implies set z \subseteq set y \implies [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow x @ y]$
 $oo [x \rightsquigarrow x] \parallel [y \rightsquigarrow z] = [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow x @ z]$

lemma *Trs-Parallel-list*: *Type-OK As* $\implies Trs (Parallel-list As) = [In (Parallel-list As) \rightsquigarrow concat (map In As)] oo parallel-list (map Trs As)$

lemma *CompA-Id[simp]*: $A \triangleright \square = \square$

lemma *io-diagram-ParallelId[simp]*: *io-diagram* \square

lemma *in-equiv-aux-a* : *distinct x* $\implies distinct y \implies set z \subseteq set x \implies [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow x @ y] oo [x \rightsquigarrow z] \parallel [y \rightsquigarrow y] = [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow z @ y]$

lemma *in-equiv-Parallel-aux-d*: *distinct x* $\implies distinct y \implies set u \subseteq set x \implies perm y v$
 $\implies [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow x @ v] oo [x \rightsquigarrow u] \parallel [v \rightsquigarrow v] = [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow u @ v]$

lemma *comp-par-switch-subst*: *distinct x* $\implies distinct y \implies set u \subseteq set x \implies set v \subseteq set y$
 $\implies [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow x @ y] oo [x \rightsquigarrow u] \parallel [y \rightsquigarrow v] = [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow u @ v]$

lemma *in-equiv-Parallel-aux-b* : *distinct x* $\implies distinct y \implies perm u x \implies perm y v \implies [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow x @ y] oo [x \rightsquigarrow u] \parallel [y \rightsquigarrow v] = [x \oplus y \rightsquigarrow u @ v]$

lemma [*simp*]: $set x \subseteq set (x \oplus y)$

lemma [*simp*]: $set y \subseteq set (x \oplus y)$

declare *distinct-addvars* [*simp*]

lemma *in-equiv-Parallel*: *io-diagram B* $\implies io-diagram B' \implies in-equiv A B \implies in-equiv A' B' \implies in-equiv (A \parallel A') (B \parallel B')$

thm local.BBB-a

lemma map-Out-CompA: $\text{length}(\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{map}(\text{out} \circ \text{CompA } A) As = \text{map out } As$

lemma CompA-in[simp]: $\text{out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies A \triangleright B = A ;; B$

lemma CompA-not-in[simp]: $\text{out } A \notin \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies A \triangleright B = B$

lemma in-equiv-CompA-Parallel-a: $\text{deterministic } (\text{Trs } A) \implies \text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies \text{out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies \text{out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } C) \implies \text{in-equiv } ((A \triangleright B) \parallel (A \triangleright C)) (A \triangleright (B \parallel C))$

lemma in-equiv-CompA-Parallel-c: $\text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies \text{out } A \notin \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies \text{out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } C) \implies \text{in-equiv } (\text{CompA } A B \parallel \text{CompA } A C) (\text{CompA } A (B \parallel C))$

lemmas distinct-addvars distinct-diff

lemma io-diagram-distinct: **assumes** $A: \text{io-diagram } A$ **shows** [simp]: $\text{distinct } (\text{In } A)$ **and** [simp]: $\text{distinct } (\text{Out } A)$ **and** [simp]: $\text{TI } (\text{Trs } A) = \text{TVs } (\text{In } A)$ **and** [simp]: $\text{TO } (\text{Trs } A) = \text{TVs } (\text{Out } A)$

declare Subst-not-in-a [simp]
declare Subst-not-in [simp]

lemma [simp]: $\text{set } x' \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies \text{TVs } x = \text{TVs } y \implies \text{TVs } x' = \text{TVs } y' \implies \text{Subst } (x @ x') (y @ y') z = \text{Subst } x y z$

lemma [simp]: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies \text{TVs } x = \text{TVs } y \implies \text{TVs } x' = \text{TVs } y' \implies \text{Subst } (x @ x') (y @ y') z = \text{Subst } x' y' z$

lemma [simp]: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies \text{TVs } x = \text{TVs } y \implies \text{Subst } x y z = z$

lemma [simp]: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{TVs } x = \text{TVs } y \implies \text{Subst } x y x = y$

lemma TVs x = TVs y $\implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y$

thm length-TVs

lemma in-equiv-switch-Parallel: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{set } (\text{Out } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{Out } B) = \{\} \implies \text{in-equiv } (A \parallel B) ((B \parallel A) ;; [[\text{Out } B @ \text{Out } A \rightsquigarrow \text{Out } A @ \text{Out } B]])$

lemma *in-out-equiv-Parallel*: $\text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{set}(\text{Out } A) \cap \text{set}(\text{Out } B) = \{\} \implies \text{in-out-equiv}(A \parallel B) (B \parallel A)$

declare *Subst-eq* [*simp*]

lemma assumes *in-equiv A A'* **shows** [*simp*]: $\text{perm}(\text{In } A) (\text{In } A')$

lemma *Subst-cancel-left-type*: $\text{set } x \cap \text{set } z = \{\} \implies \text{TVs } x = \text{TVs } y \implies \text{Subst}(x @ z) (y @ z) w = \text{Subst } x y w$

lemma *diff-eq-set-right*: $\text{set } y = \text{set } z \implies (x \ominus y) = (x \ominus z)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{set}(y \ominus x) \cap \text{set } x = \{\}$

lemma *in-equiv-Comp*: $\text{io-diagram } A' \implies \text{io-diagram } B' \implies \text{in-equiv } A A' \implies \text{in-equiv } B B' \implies \text{in-equiv } (A ;; B) (A' ;; B')$

lemma *io-diagram A' B' CompA*: $\text{io-diagram } A' \implies \text{io-diagram } B' \implies \text{in-equiv } A A' \implies \text{in-equiv } B B' \implies \text{in-equiv } (\text{CompA } A B) (\text{CompA } A' B')$

thm *in-equiv-tran*

thm *in-equiv-CompA-Parallel-c*

lemma *comp-parallel-distrib-a*: $\text{TO } A = \text{TI } B \implies (A \text{ oo } B) \parallel C = (A \parallel (\text{ID } (\text{TI } C))) \text{ oo } (B \parallel C)$

lemma *comp-parallel-distrib-b*: $\text{TO } A = \text{TI } B \implies C \parallel (A \text{ oo } B) = ((\text{ID } (\text{TI } C)) \parallel A) \text{ oo } (C \parallel B)$

thm *switch-comp-subst*

lemma *CCC-d*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y' \implies \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } u \subseteq \text{set } y' \implies \text{TVs } y = \text{TVs } y' \implies \text{TVs } z = ts \implies [x \rightsquigarrow y @ z] \text{ oo } [y' \rightsquigarrow u] \parallel (\text{ID } ts) = [x \rightsquigarrow \text{Subst } y' y u @ z]$

lemma *CCC-e*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y' \implies \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } u \subseteq \text{set } y' \implies \text{TVs } y = \text{TVs } y' \implies \text{TVs } z = ts \implies [x \rightsquigarrow z @ y] \text{ oo } (\text{ID } ts) \parallel [y' \rightsquigarrow u] = [x \rightsquigarrow z @ \text{Subst } y' y u]$

lemma *CCC-a*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } u \subseteq \text{set } y \implies \text{TVs } z = ts \implies [x \rightsquigarrow y @ z] \text{ oo } [y \rightsquigarrow u] \parallel (\text{ID } ts) = [x \rightsquigarrow u @ z]$

lemma *CCC-b*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } z \implies \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } u \subseteq \text{set } z \implies \text{TVs } y = ts \implies [x \rightsquigarrow y @ z] \text{ oo } (\text{ID } ts) \parallel [z \rightsquigarrow u] = [x \rightsquigarrow y @ u]$

thm *par-switch-eq-dist*

lemma *in-equiv-CompA-Parallel-b*: $\text{length}(\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies \text{out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } B)$
 $\implies \text{out } A \notin \text{set } (\text{In } C) \implies \text{in-equiv } (\text{CompA } A \ B \ ||| \ \text{CompA } A \ C) \ (\text{CompA } A \ (B \ ||| \ C))$

lemma *in-equiv-CompA-Parallel-d*: $\text{length}(\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies \text{out } A \notin \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies \text{out } A \notin \text{set } (\text{In } C) \implies$
 $\text{in-equiv } (\text{CompA } A \ B \ ||| \ \text{CompA } A \ C) \ (\text{CompA } A \ (B \ ||| \ C))$

lemma *in-equiv-CompA-Parallel*: $\text{deterministic } (\text{Trs } A) \implies \text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies$
 $\text{in-equiv } ((A \triangleright B) \ ||| \ (A \triangleright C)) \ (A \triangleright (B \ ||| \ C))$

lemma *fb-less-step-compA*: $\text{deterministic } (\text{Trs } A) \implies \text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \implies \text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{Type-OK } As$
 $\implies \text{in-equiv } (\text{Parallel-list } (\text{fb-less-step } A \ As)) \ (\text{CompA } A \ (\text{Parallel-list } As))$

lemma *switch-eq-Subst*: $\text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } u \implies \text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{set } v \subseteq \text{set } u \implies \text{TVs } x = \text{TVs } u$
 $\implies \text{Subst } x \ u \ y = v \implies [x \rightsquigarrow y] = [u \rightsquigarrow v]$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{set } y \subseteq \text{set } y1 \implies \text{distinct } x1 \implies \text{TVs } x1 = \text{TVs } y1 \implies \text{Subst } x1 \ y1 \ (\text{Subst } y1 \ x1 \ y) = y$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{set } z \subseteq \text{set } x \implies \text{TVs } x = \text{TVs } y \implies \text{set } (\text{Subst } x \ y \ z) \subseteq \text{set } y$

thm *distinct-Subst*

lemma *distinct-Subst-aa*: $\bigwedge y .$

$\text{distinct } y \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies a \notin \text{set } y \implies \text{set } z \cap (\text{set } y - \text{set } x) = \{\} \implies a \neq aa$
 $\implies a \notin \text{set } z \implies aa \notin \text{set } z \implies \text{distinct } z \implies aa \in \text{set } x$
 $\implies \text{subst } x \ y \ a \neq \text{subst } x \ y \ aa$

lemma *distinct-Subst-ba*: $\text{distinct } y \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies \text{set } z \cap (\text{set } y - \text{set } x) = \{\}$
 $\implies a \notin \text{set } z \implies \text{distinct } z \implies a \notin \text{set } y \implies \text{subst } x \ y \ a \notin \text{set } (\text{Subst } x \ y \ z)$

lemma *distinct-Subst-ca*: $\text{distinct } y \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y \implies \text{set } z \cap (\text{set } y - \text{set } x) = \{\}$
 $\implies a \notin \text{set } z \implies \text{distinct } z \implies a \in \text{set } x \implies \text{subst } x \ y \ a \notin \text{set } (\text{Subst } x \ y \ z)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{set } z \cap (\text{set } y - \text{set } x) = \{\} \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{distinct } z \implies \text{length } x = \text{length } y$
 $\implies \text{distinct } (\text{Subst } x \ y \ z)$

lemma *deterministic-Comp*: *io-diagram A* \implies *io-diagram B* \implies *deterministic (Trs A)* \implies *deterministic (Trs B)*
 \implies *deterministic (Trs (A ;; B))*

lemma *deterministic-CompA*: *io-diagram A* \implies *io-diagram B* \implies *deterministic (Trs A)* \implies *deterministic (Trs B)*
 \implies *deterministic (Trs (A > B))*

lemma *parallel-list-empty[simp]*: *parallel-list [] = ID []*

lemma *parallel-list-append*: *parallel-list (As @ Bs) = parallel-list As || parallel-list Bs*

lemma *par-swap-aux*: *distinct p* \implies *distinct (v @ u @ w)* \implies

TI A = TVs x \implies *TI B = TVs y* \implies *TI C = TVs z* \implies
TO A = TVs u \implies *TO B = TVs v* \implies *TO C = TVs w* \implies
set x ⊆ set p \implies *set y ⊆ set p* \implies *set z ⊆ set p* \implies *set q ⊆ set (u @ v @ w)* \implies
 $[p \rightsquigarrow x @ y @ z] oo (A || B || C) oo [u @ v @ w \rightsquigarrow q] = [p \rightsquigarrow y @ x @ z] oo (B || A || C) oo$
 $[v @ u @ w \rightsquigarrow q]$

lemma *Type-OK-distinct*: *Type-OK As* \implies *distinct As*

lemma *TI-parallel-list-a*: *TI (parallel-list As) = concat (map TI As)*

lemma *fb-CompA-aux*: *Type-OK As* \implies *A ∈ set As* \implies *out A = a* \implies *a ∉ set (In A)* \implies
 $InAs = In (Parallel-list As) \implies OutAs = Out (Parallel-list As) \implies perm (a \# y) InAs \implies$
 $perm (a \# z) OutAs \implies$
 $InAs' = In (Parallel-list (As ⊖ [A])) \implies$
 $fb ([a \# y \rightsquigarrow concat (map In As)] oo parallel-list (map Trs As) oo [OutAs \rightsquigarrow a \# z]) =$
 $[y \rightsquigarrow In A @ (InAs' ⊖ [a])]$
 $oo (Trs A || [(InAs' ⊖ [a]) \rightsquigarrow (InAs' ⊖ [a])])$
 $oo [a \# (InAs' ⊖ [a]) \rightsquigarrow InAs'] oo Trs (Parallel-list (As ⊖ [A]))$
 $oo [OutAs ⊖ [a] \rightsquigarrow z] (\text{is } \implies - \implies fb ?Ta =$
 $?Tb)$

lemma *[simp]*: *perm (a # x) (a # y) = perm x y*

lemma *fb-CompA*: *Type-OK As* \implies *A ∈ set As* \implies *out A = a* \implies *a ∉ set (In A)* \implies *C = A > (Parallel-list (As ⊖ [A]))* \implies
 $OutAs = Out (Parallel-list As) \implies perm y (In C) \implies perm z (Out C) \implies B \in set As - \{A\}$
 $\implies a \in set (In B) \implies$
 $fb ([a \# y \rightsquigarrow concat (map In As)] oo parallel-list (map Trs As) oo [OutAs \rightsquigarrow a \# z]) = [y \rightsquigarrow$
 $In C] oo Trs C oo [Out C \rightsquigarrow z]$

definition *Deterministic As* = ($\forall A \in set As . deterministic (Trs A)$)

lemma *Deterministic-fb-out-less-step*: *Type-OK As* \implies *A ∈ set As* \implies *a = out A* \implies *Deterministic*

$As \implies \text{Deterministic}(\text{fb-out-less-step } a As)$

lemma *in-equiv-fb-fb-less-step-TO-CHECK*: *loop-free As* \implies *Type-OK As* \implies *Deterministic As*
 \implies
 $\text{VarFB}(\text{Parallel-list } As) = a \# L \implies Bs = \text{fb-out-less-step } a As$
 $\implies \text{in-equiv}(\text{FB}(\text{Parallel-list } As)) (\text{FB}(\text{Parallel-list } Bs))$

lemma *io-diagram-FB-Parallel-list*: *Type-OK As* \implies *io-diagram(FB(Parallel-list As))*

lemma [*simp*]: *io-diagram A* $\implies (\text{In } = \text{In } A, \text{Out } = \text{Out } A, \text{Trs } = \text{Trs } A) = A$

thm *loop-free-def*

lemma *io-rel-compA*: *length(Out A) = 1* \implies *io-rel(CompA A B) ⊆ io-rel B ∪ (io-rel B O io-rel A)*

theorem *loop-free-fb-out-less-step*: *loop-free As* \implies *Type-OK As* \implies *A ∈ set As* \implies *out A = a*
 $\implies \text{loop-free}(\text{fb-out-less-step } a As)$

theorem *in-equiv-FB-fb-less-delete*: $\bigwedge As . \text{Deterministic } As \implies \text{loop-free } As \implies \text{Type-OK } As$
 $\implies \text{VarFB}(\text{Parallel-list } As) = L \implies$
 $\text{in-equiv}(\text{FB}(\text{Parallel-list } As)) (\text{Parallel-list}(\text{fb-less } L As)) \wedge \text{io-diagram}(\text{Parallel-list}(\text{fb-less } L As))$

lemmas [*simp*] = *diff-emptyset*

lemma [*simp*]: $\bigwedge x . \text{distinct } x \implies \text{distinct } y \implies \text{perm}(((y \otimes x) @ (x \ominus y \otimes x))) x$

lemma [*simp*]: *io-diagram X* $\implies \text{perm}(\text{VarFB } X @ (\text{In } X \ominus \text{VarFB } X)) (\text{In } X)$

lemma *Type-OK-diff* [*simp*]: *Type-OK As* \implies *Type-OK(As ⊖ Bs)*

lemma *internal-fb-out-less-step*:
 assumes [*simp*]: *loop-free As*
 assumes [*simp*]: *Type-OK As*
 and [*simp*]: *a ∈ internal As*
 shows *internal(fb-out-less-step a As) = internal As - {a}*

end

context *BaseOperationFeedbacklessVars*
begin

lemma [*simp*]: *Type-OK As* $\implies a \in \text{internal } As \implies \text{out}(\text{get-comp-out } a As) = a$

lemma *internal-Type-OK-simp*: $Type\text{-}OK As \implies internal As = \{a . (\exists A \in set As . out A = a \wedge (\exists B \in set As. a \in set (In B)))\}$

thm *Type-OK-def*

lemma *Type-OK-fb-less*: $\bigwedge As . Type\text{-}OK As \implies loop\text{-}free As \implies distinct x \implies set x \subseteq internal As \implies Type\text{-}OK (fb\text{-}less x As)$

lemma *fb-Parallel-list-fb-out-less-step*:

assumes [*simp*]: $Type\text{-}OK As$
and *Deterministic As*
and *loop-free As*
and *internal*: $a \in internal As$
and $X: X = Parallel\text{-}list As$
and $Y: Y = (Parallel\text{-}list (fb\text{-}out\text{-}less\text{-}step a As))$
and [*simp*]: $perm y (In Y)$
and [*simp*]: $perm z (Out Y)$
shows $fb ([a \# y \rightsquigarrow In X] oo Trs X oo [Out X \rightsquigarrow a \# z]) = [y \rightsquigarrow In Y] oo Trs Y oo [Out Y \rightsquigarrow z]$
and $perm (a \# In Y) (In X)$

lemma *internal-In-Parallel-list*: $a \in internal As \implies a \in set (In (Parallel\text{-}list As))$

lemma *internal-Out-Parallel-list*: $a \in internal As \implies a \in set (Out (Parallel\text{-}list As))$

theorem *fb-power-internal-fb-less*: $\bigwedge As X Y . Deterministic As \implies loop\text{-}free As \implies Type\text{-}OK As \implies set L \subseteq internal As \implies distinct L \implies X = (Parallel\text{-}list As) \implies Y = Parallel\text{-}list (fb\text{-}less L As) \implies (fb \wedge length (L)) ([L @ (In X \ominus L) \rightsquigarrow In X] oo Trs X oo [Out X \rightsquigarrow L @ (Out X \ominus L)]) = [In X \ominus L \rightsquigarrow In Y] oo Trs Y \wedge perm (In X \ominus L) (In Y)$

thm *fb-power-internal-fb-less*

theorem *FB-fb-less*:

assumes [*simp*]: *Deterministic As*
and [*simp*]: *loop-free As*
and [*simp*]: *Type-OK As*
and [*simp*]: $perm (VarFB X) L$
and $X: X = (Parallel\text{-}list As)$
and $Y: Y = Parallel\text{-}list (fb\text{-}less L As)$
shows $(fb \wedge length (L)) ([L @ InFB X \rightsquigarrow In X] oo Trs X oo [Out X \rightsquigarrow L @ OutFB X]) = [InFB X \rightsquigarrow In Y] oo Trs Y$
and $B: perm (InFB X) (In Y)$

definition *fb-perm-eq A* = $(\forall x. perm x (VarFB A) \longrightarrow (fb \wedge length (VarFB A)) ([VarFB A @ InFB A \rightsquigarrow In A] oo Trs A oo [Out A \rightsquigarrow VarFB A @ OutFB A]) = (fb \wedge length (VarFB A)) ([x @ InFB A \rightsquigarrow In A] oo Trs A oo [Out A \rightsquigarrow x @ OutFB A]))$

lemma *fb-perm-eq-simp*: $\text{fb-perm-eq } A = (\forall x. \text{perm } x (\text{VarFB } A) \rightarrow \text{Trs } (\text{FB } A) = (\text{fb} \wedge \text{length } (\text{VarFB } A)) ([x @ \text{InFB } A \rightsquigarrow \text{In } A] \text{ oo } \text{Trs } A \text{ oo } [\text{Out } A \rightsquigarrow x @ \text{OutFB } A]))$

lemma *in-equiv-in-out-equiv*: *io-diagram* $B \implies \text{in-equiv } A B \implies \text{in-out-equiv } A B$

lemma [*simp*]: *distinct* (*concat* (*map* f *As*)) $\implies \text{distinct } (\text{concat } (\text{map } f (As \ominus [A])))$

lemma *set-op-list-addvars*: *set* (*op-list* [] $\text{op} \oplus x$) $= (\bigcup a \in \text{set } x . \text{set } a)$

end

context *BaseOperationFeedbacklessVars*

begin

lemma [*simp*]: *set* (*Out* A) $\subseteq \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies \text{Out } ((A ;; B)) = \text{Out } B$

lemma [*simp*]: *set* (*Out* A) $\subseteq \text{set } (\text{In } B) \implies \text{out } ((A ;; B)) = \text{out } B$

lemma *switch-par-comp3*:

assumes [*simp*]: *distinct* x **and**

[*simp*]: *distinct* y

and [*simp*]: *distinct* z

and [*simp*]: *distinct* u

and [*simp*]: *set* $y \subseteq \text{set } x$

and [*simp*]: *set* $z \subseteq \text{set } x$

and [*simp*]: *set* $u \subseteq \text{set } x$

and [*simp*]: *set* $y' \subseteq \text{set } y$

and [*simp*]: *set* $z' \subseteq \text{set } z$

and [*simp*]: *set* $u' \subseteq \text{set } u$

shows $[x \rightsquigarrow y @ z @ u] \text{ oo } [y \rightsquigarrow y'] \parallel [z \rightsquigarrow z'] \parallel [u \rightsquigarrow u'] = [x \rightsquigarrow y' @ z' @ u']$

lemma *switch-par-comp-Subst3*:

assumes [*simp*]: *distinct* x **and** [*simp*]: *distinct* y' **and** [*simp*]: *distinct* z' **and** [*simp*]: *distinct* t'

and [*simp*]: *set* $y \subseteq \text{set } x$ **and** [*simp*]: *set* $z \subseteq \text{set } x$ **and** [*simp*]: *set* $t \subseteq \text{set } x$

and [*simp*]: *set* $u \subseteq \text{set } y'$ **and** [*simp*]: *set* $v \subseteq \text{set } z'$ **and** [*simp*]: *set* $w \subseteq \text{set } t'$

and [*simp*]: *TVs* $y = \text{TVs } y'$ **and** [*simp*]: *TVs* $z = \text{TVs } z'$ **and** [*simp*]: *TVs* $t = \text{TVs } t'$

shows $[x \rightsquigarrow y @ z @ t] \text{ oo } [y' \rightsquigarrow u] \parallel [z' \rightsquigarrow v] \parallel [t' \rightsquigarrow w] = [x \rightsquigarrow \text{Subst } y' y u @ \text{Subst } z' z v @ \text{Subst } t' t w]$

lemma *Comp-assoc-single*: *length* (*Out* A) $= 1 \implies \text{length } (\text{Out } B) = 1 \implies \text{out } A \neq \text{out } B \implies \text{io-diagram } A$

$\implies \text{io-diagram } B \implies \text{io-diagram } C \implies \text{out } B \notin \text{set } (\text{In } A) \implies$

deterministic (*Trs* A) \implies

$out A \in set (In B) \implies out A \in set (In C) \implies out B \in set (In C) \implies (A ;; (B ;; C)) = (A ;; B ;; (A ;; C))$

lemma *Comp-commute-aux*:

assumes [simp]: $length (Out A) = 1$
and [simp]: $length (Out B) = 1$
and [simp]: *io-diagram A*
and [simp]: *io-diagram B*
and [simp]: *io-diagram C*
and [simp]: $out B \notin set (In A)$
and [simp]: $out A \notin set (In B)$
and [simp]: $out A \in set (In C)$
and [simp]: $out B \in set (In C)$
and *Diff*: $out A \neq out B$

shows $Trs (A ;; (B ;; C)) =$

$$\begin{aligned} & [In A \oplus In B \oplus (In C \ominus [out A] \ominus [out B]) \rightsquigarrow In A @ In B @ (In C \ominus [out A] \ominus [out B])] \\ & \quad oo Trs A \parallel Trs B \parallel [In C \ominus [out A] \ominus [out B] \rightsquigarrow In C \ominus [out A] \ominus [out B]] \\ & \quad oo [out A \# out B \# (In C \ominus [out A] \ominus [out B]) \rightsquigarrow In C] \\ & \quad oo Trs C \end{aligned}$$

and $In (A ;; (B ;; C)) = In A \oplus In B \oplus (In C \ominus [out A] \ominus [out B])$

and $Out (A ;; (B ;; C)) = Out C$

lemma *Comp-commute*:

assumes [simp]: $length (Out A) = 1$
and [simp]: $length (Out B) = 1$
and [simp]: *io-diagram A*
and [simp]: *io-diagram B*
and [simp]: *io-diagram C*
and [simp]: $out B \notin set (In A)$
and [simp]: $out A \notin set (In B)$
and [simp]: $out A \in set (In C)$
and [simp]: $out B \in set (In C)$
and *Diff*: $out A \neq out B$

shows *in-equiv* $(A ;; (B ;; C)) (B ;; (A ;; C))$

lemma *CompA-commute-aux-a*: *io-diagram A* \implies *io-diagram B* \implies *io-diagram C* \implies $length (Out A)$

$= 1 \implies length (Out B) = 1$

$\implies out A \notin set (Out C) \implies out B \notin set (Out C)$

$\implies out A \neq out B \implies out A \in set (In B) \implies out B \notin set (In A)$

$\implies \text{deterministic} (Trs A)$

$\implies (\text{CompA} (\text{CompA} B A) (\text{CompA} B C)) = (\text{CompA} (\text{CompA} A B) (\text{CompA} A C))$

lemma *CompA-commute-aux-b*: *io-diagram A* \implies *io-diagram B* \implies *io-diagram C* \implies $length (Out A)$

$= 1 \implies length (Out B) = 1$

$\implies out A \notin set (Out C) \implies out B \notin set (Out C)$

$\implies out A \neq out B \implies out A \notin set (In B) \implies out B \notin set (In A)$

$\implies \text{in-equiv} (\text{CompA} (\text{CompA} B A) (\text{CompA} B C)) (\text{CompA} (\text{CompA} A B) (\text{CompA} A C))$

fun *In-Equiv* :: $(('var, 'a) Dgr) list \Rightarrow (('var, 'a) Dgr) list \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**

In-Equiv [] [] = *True* |

In-Equiv (*A* # *As*) (*B* # *Bs*) = (*in-equiv* *A* *B* \wedge *In-Equiv* *As* *Bs*) |

In-Equiv -- = False

thm *internal-def*

thm *fb-out-less-step-def*
thm *fb-less-step-def*

thm *CompA-commute-aux-b*
thm *CompA-commute-aux-a*

lemma *CompA-commute*:

assumes [*simp*]: *io-diagram A*
and [*simp*]: *io-diagram B*
and [*simp*]: *io-diagram C*
and [*simp*]: *length (Out A) = 1*
and [*simp*]: *length (Out B) = 1*
and [*simp*]: *out A ∉ set (Out C)*
and [*simp*]: *out B ∉ set (Out C)*
and [*simp*]: *out A ≠ out B*
and [*simp*]: *deterministic (Trs A)*
and [*simp*]: *deterministic (Trs B)*
and *A: (out A ∈ set (In B) ⇒ out B ∉ set (In A))*
shows *in-equiv (CompA (CompA B A) (CompA B C)) (CompA (CompA A B) (CompA A C))*

lemma *In-Equiv-CompA-twice*: $(\bigwedge C . C \in \text{set } As \Rightarrow \text{io-diagram } C \wedge \text{out } A \notin \text{set } (\text{Out } C) \wedge \text{out } B \notin \text{set } (\text{Out } C)) \Rightarrow \text{io-diagram } A \Rightarrow \text{io-diagram } B$
 $\Rightarrow \text{length } (\text{Out } A) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{length } (\text{Out } B) = 1 \Rightarrow \text{out } A \neq \text{out } B$
 $\Rightarrow \text{deterministic } (\text{Trs } A) \Rightarrow \text{deterministic } (\text{Trs } B)$
 $\Rightarrow (\text{out } A \in \text{set } (\text{In } B) \Rightarrow \text{out } B \notin \text{set } (\text{In } A))$
 $\Rightarrow \text{In-Equiv } (\text{map } (\text{CompA } (\text{CompA } B A)) (\text{map } (\text{CompA } B) As)) (\text{map } (\text{CompA } (\text{CompA } A B)) (\text{map } (\text{CompA } A) As))$

thm *Type-OK-def*

thm *Deterministic-def*

thm *internal-def*

thm *fb-out-less-step-def*

thm *mem-get-other-out*

thm *mem-get-comp-out*

thm *comp-out-in*

lemma *map-diff*: $(\bigwedge b . b \in \text{set } x \Rightarrow b \neq a \Rightarrow f b \neq f a) \Rightarrow \text{map } f x \ominus [f a] = \text{map } f (x \ominus [a])$

lemma *In-Equiv-fb-out-less-step-commute*: *Type-OK As ⇒ Deterministic As ⇒ x ∈ internal As ⇒ y ∈ internal As ⇒ x ≠ y ⇒ loop-free As*
 $\Rightarrow \text{In-Equiv } (\text{fb-out-less-step } x (\text{fb-out-less-step } y As)) (\text{fb-out-less-step } y (\text{fb-out-less-step } x As))$

lemma [*simp*]: *Type-OK As ⇒ In-Equiv As As*

lemma *fb-less-append*: $\bigwedge As . fb\text{-}less (x @ y) As = fb\text{-}less y (fb\text{-}less x As)$

thm *in-equiv-tran*

lemma *In-Equiv-trans*: $\bigwedge Bs Cs . Type\text{-}OK Cs \implies In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies In\text{-}Equiv Bs Cs \implies In\text{-}Equiv As Cs$

lemma *In-Equiv-exists*: $\bigwedge Bs . In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies A \in set As \implies \exists B \in set Bs . in\text{-}equiv A B$

lemma *In-Equiv-Type-OK*: $\bigwedge Bs . Type\text{-}OK Bs \implies In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies Type\text{-}OK As$

lemma *In-Equiv-internal-aux*: $Type\text{-}OK Bs \implies In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies internal As \subseteq internal Bs$

lemma *In-Equiv-sym*: $\bigwedge Bs . Type\text{-}OK Bs \implies In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies In\text{-}Equiv Bs As$

lemma *In-Equiv-internal*: $Type\text{-}OK Bs \implies In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies internal As = internal Bs$

lemma *in-equiv-CompA*: $in\text{-}equiv A A' \implies in\text{-}equiv B B' \implies io\text{-}diagram A' \implies io\text{-}diagram B' \implies in\text{-}equiv (CompA A B) (CompA A' B')$

lemma *In-Equiv-fb-less-step-cong*: $\bigwedge Bs . Type\text{-}OK Bs \implies in\text{-}equiv A B \implies io\text{-}diagram B \implies In\text{-}Equiv As Bs$
 $\implies In\text{-}Equiv (fb\text{-}less-step A As) (fb\text{-}less-step B Bs)$

lemma *In-Equiv-append*: $\bigwedge As' . In\text{-}Equiv As As' \implies In\text{-}Equiv Bs Bs' \implies In\text{-}Equiv (As @ Bs) (As' @ Bs')$

lemma *In-Equiv-split*: $\bigwedge Bs . In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies A \in set As$
 $\implies \exists B As' As'' Bs' Bs'' . As = As' @ A # As'' \wedge Bs = Bs' @ B # Bs'' \wedge in\text{-}equiv A B \wedge$
 $In\text{-}Equiv As' Bs' \wedge In\text{-}Equiv As'' Bs''$

lemma *In-Equiv-fb-out-less-step-cong*:

assumes [simp]: *Type-OK Bs*
and *In-Equiv As Bs*
and *internal*: $a \in internal As$
shows *In-Equiv (fb-out-less-step a As) (fb-out-less-step a Bs)*

lemma *In-Equiv-IO-Rel*: $\bigwedge Bs . In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies IO\text{-}Rel Bs = IO\text{-}Rel As$

lemma *In-Equiv-loop-free*: $In\text{-}Equiv As Bs \implies loop\text{-}free Bs \implies loop\text{-}free As$

lemma *loop-free-fb-out-less-step-internal*:
assumes [simp]: *loop-free As*
and [simp]: *Type-OK As*
and $a \in internal As$
shows *loop-free (fb-out-less-step a As)*

lemma *loop-free-fb-less-internal*:

$\bigwedge As . \text{loop-free } As \implies \text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{internal } As \implies \text{distinct } x \implies \text{loop-free } (\text{fb-less } x As)$

lemma *In-Equiv-fb-less-cong*: $\bigwedge As Bs . \text{Type-OK } Bs \implies \text{In-Equiv } As Bs \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{internal } As \implies \text{distinct } x \implies \text{loop-free } Bs \implies \text{In-Equiv } (\text{fb-less } x As) (\text{fb-less } x Bs)$

thm *Type-OK-fb-out-less-step-new*

thm *Type-OK-fb-less*

lemma *Type-OK-fb-less-delete*: $\bigwedge As . \text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{internal } As \implies \text{distinct } x \implies \text{loop-free } As \implies \text{Type-OK } (\text{fb-less } x As)$

thm *Deterministic-fb-out-less-step*

thm *internal-fb-out-less-step*

lemma *internal-fb-less*:

$\bigwedge As . \text{loop-free } As \implies \text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{internal } As \implies \text{distinct } x \implies \text{internal } (\text{fb-less } x As) = \text{internal } As - \text{set } x$

thm *Deterministic-fb-out-less-step*

lemma *Deterministic-fb-out-less-step-internal*:

assumes [simp]: *Type-OK As*
and *Deterministic As*
and *internal: a ∈ internal As*
shows *Deterministic (fb-out-less-step a As)*

lemma *Deterministic-fb-less-internal*: $\bigwedge As . \text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{Deterministic } As \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{internal } As \implies \text{distinct } x \implies \text{loop-free } As \implies \text{Deterministic } (\text{fb-less } x As)$

lemma *In-Equiv-fb-less-Cons*: $\bigwedge As . \text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{Deterministic } As \implies \text{loop-free } As \implies a \in \text{internal } As \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{internal } As \implies \text{distinct } (a \# x) \implies \text{In-Equiv } (\text{fb-less } (a \# x) As) (\text{fb-less } (x @ [a]) As)$

theorem *In-Equiv-fb-less*: $\bigwedge y As . \text{Type-OK } As \implies \text{Deterministic } As \implies \text{loop-free } As \implies \text{set } x \subseteq \text{internal } As \implies \text{distinct } x \implies \text{perm } x y \implies \text{In-Equiv } (\text{fb-less } x As) (\text{fb-less } y As)$

lemma [simp]: *in-equiv* $\square \square$

lemma *in-equiv-Parallel-list*: $\bigwedge Bs . \text{Type-OK } Bs \implies \text{In-Equiv } As Bs \implies \text{in-equiv } (\text{Parallel-list } As)$
 $(\text{Parallel-list } Bs)$

thm *FB-fb-less*

lemma [simp]: *io-diagram A* $\implies \text{distinct } (\text{VarFB } A)$

lemma [simp]: *io-diagram A* $\implies \text{distinct } (\text{InFB } A)$

theorem *fb-perm-eq-Parallel-list*:

assumes [simp]: *Type-OK As*
and [simp]: *Deterministic As*
and [simp]: *loop-free As*
shows *fb-perm-eq (Parallel-list As)*

theorem *FeedbackSerial-Feedbackless*: *io-diagram A* $\implies \text{io-diagram B} \implies \text{set } (\text{In } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{In } B) = \{\}$ (*required*)
 $\implies \text{set } (\text{Out } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{Out } B) = \{\} \implies \text{fb-perm-eq } (A \parallel B) \implies \text{FB } (A \parallel B) = \text{FB } (\text{FB } (A) ; ; \text{FB } (B))$

declare *io-diagram-distinct* [simp del]

lemma *in-out-equiv-FB-less*: *io-diagram B* $\implies \text{in-out-equiv } A B \implies \text{fb-perm-eq } A \implies \text{in-out-equiv } (\text{FB } A) (\text{FB } B)$

lemma [simp]: *io-diagram A* $\implies \text{distinct } (\text{OutFB } A)$

end

end

9.4 Properties for Proving the Abstract Translation Algorithm

theory *HBDTranslationProperties* **imports** *ExtendedHBDAlgebra Diagrams*

begin

context *BaseOperationVars*

begin

lemma *io-diagram-fb-perm-eq*: *io-diagram A* $\implies \text{fb-perm-eq } A$

theorem *FeedbackSerial*: *io-diagram A* $\implies \text{io-diagram B} \implies \text{set } (\text{In } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{In } B) = \{\}$ (*required*)
 $\implies \text{set } (\text{Out } A) \cap \text{set } (\text{Out } B) = \{\} \implies \text{FB } (A \parallel B) = \text{FB } (\text{FB } (A) ; ; \text{FB } (B))$

lemmas *fb-perm-sym* = *fb-perm* [THEN sym]

declare *length-TVs* [simp del]

declare [[simp-trace-depth-limit=40]]

```

lemma in-out-equiv-FB: io-diagram B  $\implies$  in-out-equiv A B  $\implies$  in-out-equiv (FB A) (FB B)

end

end

```

9.5 HBD Translation Algorithms that use Feedback Composition

```

theory HBDTranslationsUsingFeedback imports HBDTranslationProperties .. /RefinementReactive /Refinement
begin

```

```

context BaseOperationVars
begin

```

```

definition TranslateHBD =
  while-stm ( $\lambda$  As . length As > 1)(  

    [:As ~> As'.  $\exists$  Bs Cs . 1 < length Bs  $\wedge$  perm As (Bs @ Cs)  $\wedge$  As' = FB (Parallel-list Bs) # Cs:]  

    □  

    [:As ~> As'.  $\exists$  A B Bs . perm As (A # B # Bs)  $\wedge$  As' = (FB (FB A ;; FB B)) # Bs:]  

    )  

  o [-( $\lambda$  As . FB(As ! 0))-]

```

```

lemma [simp]:Suc 0  $\leq$  length As-init  $\implies$   

  Hoare ( $\lambda$  As. in-out-equiv (FB (As ! 0)) (FB (Parallel-list As-init))) [- $\lambda$  As. FB (As ! 0)-] ( $\lambda$  S.  

  in-out-equiv S (FB (Parallel-list As-init)))

```

```

definition invariant As-init n As = (length As = n  $\wedge$  io-distinct As  $\wedge$  in-out-equiv (FB (Parallel-list  

  As)) (FB (Parallel-list As-init))  $\wedge$  n  $\geq$  1)

```

```

lemma io-diagram-Parallel-list:  $\forall$  A  $\in$  set As . io-diagram A  $\implies$  distinct (concat (map Out As))  $\implies$   

  io-diagram (Parallel-list As)

```

```

lemma io-diagram-Parallel-list-a: io-distinct As  $\implies$  io-diagram (Parallel-list As)

```

thm Parallel-list-cons

thm Parallel-assoc-gen

thm ParallelId-left

thm io-diagram-Parallel-list

```

lemma Parallel-list-append:  $\forall$  A  $\in$  set As . io-diagram A  $\implies$  distinct (concat (map Out As))  $\implies$   $\forall$   

  A  $\in$  set Bs . io-diagram A  

 $\implies$  distinct (concat (map Out Bs))  $\implies$   

  Parallel-list (As @ Bs) = Parallel-list As ||| Parallel-list Bs

```

```

primrec sequence :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  nat list where  

  sequence 0 = [] |  

  sequence (Suc n) = sequence n @ [n]

```

```

lemma sequence (Suc (Suc 0)) = [0,1]

```

```

lemma in-out-equiv-io-diagram[simp]: in-out-equiv A B  $\implies$  io-diagram B  $\implies$  io-diagram A

```

thm *comp-parallel-distrib*

lemma *in-out-equiv-Parallel-cong-right*: *io-diagram A* \implies *io-diagram C* \implies *set (Out A) \cap set (Out B) = {}* \implies *in-out-equiv B C*
 \implies *in-out-equiv (A ||| B) (A ||| C)*

lemma *perm-map*: *perm x y* \implies *perm (map f x) (map f y)*

lemma *distinct-concat-perm*: $\bigwedge Y . \text{distinct} (\text{concat } X) \implies \text{perm } X Y \implies \text{distinct} (\text{concat } Y)$

lemma *distinct-Par-equiv-a*: $\bigwedge Bs . \forall A \in \text{set } As . \text{io-diagram } A \implies \text{distinct} (\text{concat} (\text{map Out } As))$
 $\implies \text{perm } As Bs \implies$
in-out-equiv (Parallel-list As) (Parallel-list Bs)

thm *distinct-concat-perm*

thm *perm-map*

lemma *distinct-FB*: *distinct (In A)* \implies *distinct (In (FB A))*

lemma *io-distinct-FB-cat*: *io-distinct (A # Cs)* \implies *io-distinct (FB A # Cs)*

lemma *io-distinct-perm*: *io-distinct As* \implies *perm As Bs* \implies *io-distinct Bs*

lemma [simp]: *distinct (concat X)* \implies *op-list [] op \oplus (X) = concat X*

lemma [simp]: *io-distinct As* \implies *perm As (Bs @ Cs)* \implies *io-distinct (FB (Parallel-list Bs) # Cs)*

lemma *io-distinct-append-a*: *io-distinct As* \implies *perm As (Bs @ Cs)* \implies *io-distinct Bs*

lemma *io-distinct-append-b*: *io-distinct As* \implies *perm As (Bs @ Cs)* \implies *io-distinct Cs*

lemma [simp]: *io-distinct As* \implies *perm As (Bs @ Cs)* \implies *io-diagram (FB (FB (Parallel-list Bs) ||| Parallel-list Cs))*

lemma [simp]: *io-distinct As* \implies *io-diagram (FB (Parallel-list As))*

lemma *io-distinct-set-In*[simp]: *io-distinct x* \implies *perm x (A # B # Bs)* \implies *set (In A) \cap set (In B) = {}*

lemma *io-distinct-set-Out*[simp]: *io-distinct x* \implies *perm x (A # B # Bs)* \implies *set (Out A) \cap set (Out B) = {}*

lemma *distinct-Par-equiv-b*: *io-distinct As* \implies *perm As (Bs @ Cs)* \implies *in-out-equiv (FB (FB (Parallel-list Bs) ||| Parallel-list Cs)) (FB (Parallel-list As))*

lemma *distinct-Par-equiv*: *io-distinct As-init* \implies *Suc 0 \leq length As-init* \implies
length As = w \implies *io-distinct As* \implies *in-out-equiv (FB (Parallel-list As)) (FB (Parallel-list As-init))*
 \implies
Suc 0 < w \implies *Suc 0 < length Bs* \implies *perm As (Bs @ Cs) \implies*
io-distinct (FB (Parallel-list Bs) # Cs) \wedge in-out-equiv (FB (FB (Parallel-list Bs) ||| Parallel-list Cs)) (FB (Parallel-list As-init))

```

lemma AAAA-x[simp]: io-distinct As-init  $\implies$   $Suc 0 \leq \text{length As-init} \implies \text{invariant As-init w x} \implies$   

 $Suc 0 < \text{length x} \implies Suc 0 < \text{length Bs}$   

 $\implies \text{perm x (Bs @ Cs)}$   

 $\implies \text{invariant As-init (Suc (length Cs)) (FB (Parallel-list Bs) \# Cs)}$ 

```

term $\{1,2,3\} - \{2,3\}$

thm *ParallelId-right*

```

lemma [simp]: io-distinct As-init  $\implies$   

 $Suc 0 \leq \text{length As-init} \implies \text{invariant As-init w x} \implies Suc 0 < \text{length x} \implies \text{perm x (A \#}$   

 $B \# Bs)$   

 $\implies \text{invariant As-init (Suc (length Bs)) (FB (FB A ;; FB B) \# Bs)}$ 

```

```

lemma [simp]: io-distinct As-init  $\implies Suc 0 \leq \text{length As-init} \implies$   

 $\text{Hoare} (\text{invariant As-init w} \sqcap (\lambda \text{As}. \text{Suc } 0 < \text{length As}))$   

 $[:As \rightsquigarrow As'. \exists \text{Bs}. \text{Suc } 0 < \text{length Bs} \wedge (\exists \text{Cs}. \text{perm As (Bs @ Cs)} \wedge \text{As}' = \text{FB (Parallel-list Bs)}$   

 $\# Cs:)]$  (Sup-less (invariant As-init) w)

```

```

lemma [simp]: io-distinct As-init  $\implies Suc 0 \leq \text{length As-init} \implies$   

 $\text{Hoare} (\text{invariant As-init w} \sqcap (\lambda \text{As}. \text{Suc } 0 < \text{length As}))$   

 $[:As \rightsquigarrow As'. \exists A B \text{Bs}. \text{perm As (A \# B \# Bs)} \wedge \text{As}' = \text{FB (FB A ;; FB B) \# Bs:}]$  (Sup-less  

(invariant As-init) w)

```

```

theorem CorrectnessTranslateHBD: io-distinct As-init  $\implies \text{length As-init} \geq 1 \implies$   

 $\text{Hoare} (\text{io-distinct} \sqcap (\lambda \text{As}. \text{As} = \text{As-init})) \text{ TranslateHBD} (\lambda S. \text{in-out-equiv} S (\text{FB (Parallel-list}$   

As-init)))  

end

```

end

9.6 Feedbackless HBD Translation

```

theory FeedbacklessHBDTranslation imports Diagrams .. /RefinementReactive /Refinement  

begin  

context BaseOperationFeedbacklessVars  

begin  

definition WhileFeedbackless =  

 $\text{while-stm} (\lambda \text{As}. \text{internal As} \neq \{\})$   

 $[:As \rightsquigarrow As'. \exists A. A \in \text{set As} \wedge (\text{out } A) \in \text{internal As} \wedge \text{As}' = \text{map (CompA A)} (\text{As} \ominus [A]):]$ 

```

definition *TranslateHBDFeedbackless* = *WhileFeedbackless o [-(λ As . Parallel-list As)-]*

definition *ok-fbless As* = (*Deterministic As* \wedge *loop-free As* \wedge *Type-OK As*)

definition *TranslateHBDRec* = $\{. \text{ok-fbless}.\}$
 $o [:As \rightsquigarrow As'. \exists L. \text{perm (VarFB (Parallel-list As)) L} \wedge \text{As}' = \text{fb-less L As :}]$

lemma [simp]: $\{. \text{As}. \text{length (VarFB (Parallel-list As))} = w.\}$ (*TranslateHBDRec x*) $y \implies [. - (\lambda \text{As}.$
 $\text{internal As} \neq \{\}) .] x y$

lemma *internal-fb-less-step*: *loop-free As* \implies *Type-OK As* $\implies A \in \text{set As} \implies \text{out } A \in \text{internal As}$
 $\implies \text{internal (fb-less-step A (As} \ominus [A])) = \text{internal As} - \{\text{out } A\}$

lemma *ok-fbless-fb-less-step*: $ok\text{-}fbless As \Rightarrow A \in set As \Rightarrow out A \in internal As \Rightarrow ok\text{-}fbless (fb\text{-}less\text{-}step A (As \ominus [A]))$

lemma *map-CompA-fb-out-less-step*: $Deterministic As \Rightarrow loop\text{-}free As \Rightarrow Type\text{-}OK As \Rightarrow A \in set As \Rightarrow out A \in internal As \Rightarrow map (CompA A) (As \ominus [A]) = fb\text{-}out\text{-}less\text{-}step (out A) As$

lemma *length-diff*: $a \in set x \Rightarrow length (x \ominus [a]) < length x$

thm *perm-cons*

lemma *perm-cons-a*: $\bigwedge y . a \in set x \Rightarrow distinct x \Rightarrow perm (x \ominus [a]) y \Rightarrow perm x (a \# y)$

lemma [*simp*]: $\{As . length (\text{VarFB} (\text{Parallel-list } As)) = w.\} (\text{TranslateHBDRec } x) y \Rightarrow \{.\lambda As . internal As \neq \{\}.\} ([As \rightsquigarrow As' \exists A . A \in set As \wedge out A \in internal As \wedge As' = map (CompA A) (As \ominus [A]) : \{As . length (\text{VarFB} (\text{Parallel-list } As)) < w.\} (\text{TranslateHBDRec } x)) y$

lemma *Feedbackless-Rec-While-refinement*: $\text{TranslateHBDRec} \leq \text{WhileFeedbackless}$

lemma [*simp*]: $\text{TranslateHBDRec } o [-(\lambda As . \text{Parallel-list } As)-] \leq \text{TranslateHBDFeedbackless}$

thm *FB-fb-less(1)*

lemma *Out-Parallel-fb-less*: $\bigwedge As . Type\text{-}OK As \Rightarrow loop\text{-}free As \Rightarrow distinct L \Rightarrow set L \subseteq internal As \Rightarrow Out (\text{Parallel-list} (fb\text{-}less L As)) = concat (map Out As) \ominus L$

lemma *io-diagram-distinct-VarFB*: $io\text{-diagram } A \Rightarrow distinct (\text{VarFB } A)$

theorem *fbless-correctness*: $ok\text{-}fbless As \Rightarrow perm (\text{VarFB} (\text{Parallel-list } As)) L \Rightarrow in\text{-equiv} (\text{FB} (\text{Parallel-list } As)) (\text{Parallel-list} (fb\text{-less } L As))$

lemma *Hoare-TranslateHBDRec*: $Hoare (\lambda As . As = As\text{-init} \wedge ok\text{-}fbless As) (\text{TranslateHBDRec } o [-(\lambda As . \text{Parallel-list } As)-]) (\lambda A . in\text{-equiv} (\text{FB} (\text{Parallel-list } As\text{-init})) A)$

theorem *TranslateHBDFeedbacklessCorrectness*: $Hoare (\lambda As . As = As\text{-init} \wedge ok\text{-}fbless As) TranslateHBDFeedbackless (\lambda A . in\text{-equiv} (\text{FB} (\text{Parallel-list } As\text{-init})) A)$

end

end

9.7 Constructive Functions

theory *Constructive imports Main*
begin

notation

```

bot ( $\perp$ ) and
top ( $\top$ ) and
inf (infixl  $\sqcap$  70)
and sup (infixl  $\sqcup$  65)

class order-bot-max = order-bot +
  fixes maximal :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  assumes maximal-def: maximal  $x = (\forall y . \neg x < y)$ 
  assumes [simp]:  $\neg$  maximal  $\perp$ 
begin
  lemma ex-not-le-bot[simp]:  $\exists a. \neg a \leq \perp$ 
end

instantiation option :: (type) order-bot-max
begin
  definition bot-option-def: ( $\perp :: 'a$  option) = None
  definition le-option-def: (( $x :: 'a$  option)  $\leq y$ ) = ( $x = \text{None} \vee x = y$ )
  definition less-option-def: (( $x :: 'a$  option)  $< y$ ) = ( $x \leq y \wedge \neg (y \leq x)$ )
  definition maximal-option-def: maximal ( $x :: 'a$  option) = ( $\forall y . \neg x < y$ )

  instance

  lemma [simp]: None  $\leq x$ 
end

context order-bot
begin
  definition is-lfp  $f x = ((f x = x) \wedge (\forall y . f y = y \longrightarrow x \leq y))$ 
  definition emono  $f = (\forall x y. x \leq y \longrightarrow f x \leq f y)$ 

  definition Lfp  $f = \text{Eps } (\text{is-lfp } f)$ 

  lemma lfp-unique: is-lfp  $f x \implies$  is-lfp  $f y \implies x = y$ 

  lemma lfp-exists: is-lfp  $f x \implies$  Lfp  $f = x$ 

  lemma emono-a: emono  $f \implies x \leq y \implies f x \leq f y$ 

  lemma emono-fix: emono  $f \implies f y = y \implies (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \leq y$ 

  lemma emono-is-lfp: emono ( $f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a$ )  $\implies (f \wedge\wedge (n + 1)) \perp = (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \implies$  is-lfp  $f ((f \wedge\wedge n) \perp)$ 

  lemma emono-lfp-bot: emono ( $f :: 'a \Rightarrow 'a$ )  $\implies (f \wedge\wedge (n + 1)) \perp = (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \implies$  Lfp  $f = ((f \wedge\wedge n) \perp)$ 

  lemma emono-up: emono  $f \implies (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \leq (f \wedge\wedge (\text{Suc } n)) \perp$ 
end

context order
begin
  definition min-set  $A = (\text{SOME } n . n \in A \wedge (\forall x \in A . n \leq x))$ 
end

```

lemma *min-nonempty-nat-set-aux*: $\forall A . (n::nat) \in A \longrightarrow (\exists k \in A . (\forall x \in A . k \leq x))$

lemma *min-nonempty-nat-set*: $(n::nat) \in A \Longrightarrow (\exists k . k \in A \wedge (\forall x \in A . k \leq x))$

thm *someI-ex*

lemma *min-set-nat-aux*: $(n::nat) \in A \Longrightarrow \text{min-set } A \in A \wedge (\forall x \in A . \text{min-set } A \leq x)$

lemma $(n::nat) \in A \Longrightarrow \text{min-set } A \in A \wedge \text{min-set } A \leq n$

lemma *min-set-in*: $(n::nat) \in A \Longrightarrow \text{min-set } A \in A$

lemma *min-set-less*: $(n::nat) \in A \Longrightarrow \text{min-set } A \leq n$

definition *mono-a f* = $(\forall a b a' b'. (a::'a::order) \leq a' \wedge (b::'b::order) \leq b' \longrightarrow f a b \leq f a' b')$

class *fin-cpo* = *order-bot-max* +

assumes *fin-up-chain*: $(\forall i :: nat . a i \leq a (\text{Suc } i)) \Longrightarrow \exists n . \forall i \geq n . a i = a n$
begin

lemma *emono-ex-lfp*: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow \exists n . \text{is-lfp } f ((f \wedge\wedge n) \perp)$

lemma *emono-lfp*: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow \exists n . \text{Lfp } f = (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp$

lemma *emono-is-lfp*: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow \text{is-lfp } f (\text{Lfp } f)$

definition *lfp-index* ($f::'a \Rightarrow 'a$) = *min-set* { $n . (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp = (f \wedge\wedge (n + 1)) \perp$ }

lemma *lfp-index-aux*: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow (\forall i < (\text{lfp-index } f) . (f \wedge\wedge i) \perp < (f \wedge\wedge (i + 1)) \perp) \wedge (f \wedge\wedge (\text{lfp-index } f) \perp = (f \wedge\wedge ((\text{lfp-index } f) + 1)) \perp)$

lemma [*simp*]: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow i < \text{lfp-index } f \Longrightarrow (f \wedge\wedge i) \perp < f ((f \wedge\wedge i) \perp)$

lemma [*simp*]: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow f ((f \wedge\wedge (\text{lfp-index } f)) \perp) = (f \wedge\wedge (\text{lfp-index } f)) \perp$

lemma *emono f* $\Longrightarrow \text{Lfp } f = (f \wedge\wedge \text{lfp-index } f) \perp$

lemma *AA-aux*: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow (\bigwedge b . b \leq a \Longrightarrow f b \leq a) \Longrightarrow (f \wedge\wedge n) \perp \leq a$

lemma *AA*: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow (\bigwedge b . b \leq a \Longrightarrow f b \leq a) \Longrightarrow \text{Lfp } f \leq a$

lemma *BB*: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow f (\text{Lfp } f) = \text{Lfp } f$

lemma *Lfp-mono*: *emono f* $\Longrightarrow \text{emono g} \Longrightarrow (\bigwedge a . f a \leq g a) \Longrightarrow \text{Lfp } f \leq \text{Lfp } g$

end

declare [[*show-types*]]

lemma [*simp*]: *mono-a f* $\Longrightarrow \text{emono } (f a)$

lemma [*simp*]: *mono-a f* $\Longrightarrow \text{emono } (\lambda a . f a b)$

```

lemma mono-aD: mono-a f  $\Rightarrow$  a  $\leq$  a'  $\Rightarrow$  b  $\leq$  b'  $\Rightarrow$  f a b  $\leq$  f a' b'

lemma [simp]: mono-a (f::'a::fin-cpo  $\Rightarrow$  'b::fin-cpo  $\Rightarrow$  'b)  $\Rightarrow$  mono-a g  $\Rightarrow$  emono ( $\lambda$ b. f (Lfp (g b)) b)

lemma CCC: mono-a (f::'a::fin-cpo  $\Rightarrow$  'b::fin-cpo  $\Rightarrow$  'b)  $\Rightarrow$  mono-a g  $\Rightarrow$  Lfp ( $\lambda$ a. g (Lfp (f a)) a)  $\leq$  Lfp (g (Lfp ( $\lambda$ b. f (Lfp (g b)) b)))

lemma Lfp-commute: mono-a (f::'a::fin-cpo  $\Rightarrow$  'b::fin-cpo  $\Rightarrow$  'b::fin-cpo)  $\Rightarrow$  mono-a g  $\Rightarrow$  Lfp ( $\lambda$ b . f (Lfp ( $\lambda$ a . (g (Lfp (f a))) a)) b) = Lfp ( $\lambda$ b . f (Lfp (g b)) b)

instantiation option :: (type) fin-cpo
begin
  lemma fin-up-non-bot: ( $\forall$  i . (a::nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a option) i  $\leq$  a (Suc i))  $\Rightarrow$  a n  $\neq$   $\perp$   $\Rightarrow$  n  $\leq$  i  $\Rightarrow$  a i = a n

  lemma fin-up-chain-option: ( $\forall$  i:: nat . (a::nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a option) i  $\leq$  a (Suc i))  $\Rightarrow$   $\exists$  n .  $\forall$  i  $\geq$  n . a i = a n

  instance
  end

instantiation prod :: (order-bot-max, order-bot-max) order-bot-max
begin
  definition bot-prod-def: ( $\perp$  :: 'a  $\times$  'b) = ( $\perp$ ,  $\perp$ )
  definition le-prod-def: (x  $\leq$  y) = (fst x  $\leq$  fst y  $\wedge$  snd x  $\leq$  snd y)
  definition less-prod-def: ((x::'a  $\times$  'b) < y) = (x  $\leq$  y  $\wedge$   $\neg$  (y  $\leq$  x))
  definition maximal-prod-def: maximal (x::'a  $\times$  'b) = ( $\forall$  y .  $\neg$  x < y)

  instance
  end

instantiation prod :: (fin-cpo, fin-cpo) fin-cpo
begin
  lemma fin-up-chain-prod: ( $\forall$  i:: nat . (a::nat  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\times$  'b) i  $\leq$  a (Suc i))  $\Rightarrow$   $\exists$  n .  $\forall$  i  $\geq$  n . a i = a n
  instance
  end

end

```

9.8 Constructive Functions are a Model of the HBD Algebra

```

theory ConsFuncHBDModel imports ExtendedHBDAlgebra Constructive
begin

```

```

datatype Types = int | bool | nat

datatype Values = Inte (integer : int option) | Bool (boolean: bool option) | Nat (natural: nat option)

primrec tv :: Values  $\Rightarrow$  Types where
  tv (Inte i) = int |
  tv (Bool b) = bool |

```

```

tv (Nat n) = nat

primrec tp :: Values list ⇒ Types list where
  tp [] = []
  tp (a # v) = tv a # tp v

fun le-val :: Values ⇒ Values ⇒ bool where
  (le-val (Inte v) (Inte u)) = (v ≤ u) |
  (le-val (Bool v) (Bool u)) = (v ≤ u) |
  (le-val (Nat v) (Nat u)) = (v ≤ u) |
  le-val _ _ = False

instantiation Values :: order
begin
  definition le-Values-def: ((v::Values) ≤ u) = le-val v u
  definition less-Values-def: ((v::Values) < u) = (v ≤ u ∧ ¬ u ≤ v)
  instance
end

fun le-list :: 'a::order list ⇒ 'a::order list ⇒ bool where
  le-list [] [] = True |
  le-list (a # x) (b # y) = (a ≤ b ∧ le-list x y) |
  le-list _ _ = False

instantiation list :: (order) order
begin
  definition le-list-def: ((v::'a list) ≤ u) = le-list u v
  definition less-list-def: ((v::'a list) < u) = (v ≤ u ∧ ¬ u ≤ v)
  instance
end

lemma [simp]: mono integer

lemma [simp]: mono boolean

lemma [simp]: mono natural

definition has-in-type x = {f . (dom f = {v . tp v = x})}
definition has-out-type x = {f . (image f (dom f) ⊆ Some ` {v . tp v = x})}

definition has-in-out-type x y = has-in-type x ∩ has-out-type y

definition ID-f x v = (if tp v = x then Some v else None)

lemma [simp]: (tp x = []) = (x = [])

lemma map-comp-type: f ∈ has-in-out-type x y ⇒ g ∈ has-in-out-type y z ⇒ g ∘m f ∈ has-in-out-type x z

definition TI-f f = (SOME x . (∃ y . f ∈ has-in-out-type x y))

definition TO-f f = (SOME y . (∃ x . f ∈ has-in-out-type x y))

fun pref :: Values list ⇒ Types list ⇒ Values list where
  pref v [] = [] |

```

```

pref (a # v) (t # x) = (if tv a = t then a # pref v x else undefined) |
pref v x = undefined

fun suff :: Values list  $\Rightarrow$  Types list  $\Rightarrow$  Values list where
  suff [] = v |
  suff (a # v) (t # x) = (if tv a = t then suff v x else undefined) |
  suff v x = undefined

lemma tp-pref-suff:  $\bigwedge x y . \text{tp } v = x @ y \implies \text{tp } (\text{pref } v x) = x \wedge \text{tp } (\text{suff } v x) = y$ 

definition par-f f g v = (if tp v = (TI-f f) @ (TI-f g) then Some (the (f (pref v (TI-f f))) @ (the (g (suff v (TI-f f))))) else None)

fun some-v:: Types list  $\Rightarrow$  Values list where
  some-v [] = []
  some-v (int # x) = (Inte undefined) # some-v x |
  some-v (bool # x) = (Bool undefined) # some-v x |
  some-v (nat # x) = (Nat undefined) # some-v x

lemma [simp]: tp (some-v x) = x

lemma same-in-type: f  $\in$  has-in-type x  $\implies$  f  $\in$  has-in-type y  $\implies$  x = y

lemma same-out-type: f  $\in$  has-in-type z  $\implies$  f  $\in$  has-out-type x  $\implies$  f  $\in$  has-out-type y  $\implies$  x = y

lemma type-has-type:
  assumes A: f  $\in$  has-in-out-type x y
  shows TI-f f = x and TO-f f = y

lemma has-type-out-type: f  $\in$  has-in-out-type x y  $\implies$  tp v = x  $\implies$  tp (the (f v)) = y

lemma tp-append: tp (v @ u) = tp v @ tp u

lemma par-f-type: f  $\in$  has-in-out-type x y  $\implies$  g  $\in$  has-in-out-type x' y'  $\implies$  par-f f g  $\in$  has-in-out-type (x @ x') (y @ y')

definition Dup-f x v = (if tp v = x then Some (v @ v) else None)

lemma Dup-has-in-out-type: Dup-f x  $\in$  has-in-out-type x (x @ x)

definition Sink-f x v = (if tp v = x then Some [] else None)

lemma Sink-has-in-out-type: Sink-f x  $\in$  has-in-out-type x []

definition Switch-f x y v = (if tp v = x @ y then Some (suff v x @ pref v x) else None)

lemma Switch-has-in-out-type: Switch-f x y  $\in$  has-in-out-type (x @ y) (y @ x)

primrec fb-t :: Types  $\Rightarrow$  (Values  $\Rightarrow$  Values)  $\Rightarrow$  Values where
  fb-t int f = Inte (Lfp ( $\lambda a . \text{integer } (f (\text{Inte } a))$ )) |
  fb-t bool f = Bool (Lfp ( $\lambda a . \text{boolean } (f (\text{Bool } a))$ )) |
  fb-t nat f = Nat (Lfp ( $\lambda a . \text{natural } (f (\text{Nat } a))$ ))

```

```
definition fb-f f v = (if tp v = tl (TI-f f) then Some (tl (the (f ((fb-t (hd (TI-f f)) ( $\lambda$  a . hd (the (f (a # v))))))) # v))) else None)
```

```
thm le-Values-def
thm le-val.simps
```

```
lemma [simp]: mono Inte
```

```
lemma [simp]: mono Bool
```

```
lemma [simp]: mono Nat
```

```
thm monoE
```

```
thm monoI
```

```
thm mono-aD
```

```
lemma [simp]: mono A  $\implies$  mono B  $\implies$  mono C  $\implies$  mono-a f  $\implies$  mono-a ( $\lambda$  a b. C (f (A a) (B b)))
```

```
lemma fb-t-commute: mono-a f  $\implies$  mono-a g  

 $\implies$  fb-t t ( $\lambda$  b . f (fb-t t' ( $\lambda$  a . (g (fb-t t (f a))) a)) b) = fb-t t ( $\lambda$  b . f (fb-t t' (g b)) b)
```

```
lemma fb-t-eq-type: ( $\wedge$  a . tv a = t  $\implies$  f a = g a)  $\implies$  fb-t t f = fb-t t g
```

```
lemma [simp]: tv (fb-t t f) = t
```

```
lemma has-type-type-in: f v = Some u  $\implies$  f  $\in$  has-in-out-type x y  $\implies$  tp v = x
```

```
lemma has-type-type-in-a: f v = None  $\implies$  f  $\in$  has-in-out-type x y  $\implies$  tp v  $\neq$  x
```

```
lemma has-type-defined: f  $\in$  has-in-out-type x y  $\implies$  tp v = x  $\implies$   $\exists$  u . f v = Some u
```

```
lemma tp-tail: tp (tl x) = tl (tp x)
```

```
lemma fb-type: f  $\in$  has-in-out-type (t # x) (t # y)  $\implies$  fb-f f  $\in$  has-in-out-type x y
```

```
lemma [simp]: TI-f (Switch-f x y) = x @ y
```

```
lemma ID-f-type[simp]: ID-f ts  $\in$  has-in-out-type ts ts
```

```
lemma [simp]: TI-f (ID-f ts) = ts
```

```
lemma [simp]: tp v = ts  $\implies$  ID-f ts v = Some v
```

```
lemma fb-switch-aux: f  $\in$  has-in-out-type (t' # t # ts) (t' # t # ts')  $\implies$   

 $\text{par-f} (\text{Switch-f} [t'] [t]) (\text{ID-f} ts') \circ_m (f \circ_m \text{par-f} (\text{Switch-f} [t] [t']) (\text{ID-f} ts)) =$   

 $(\lambda v . (\text{if } tp v = t \# t' \# ts \text{ then case } v \text{ of } a \# b \# v' \Rightarrow (\text{case } f (b \# a \# v') \text{ of } \text{Some } (c \# d \# u) \Rightarrow \text{Some } (d \# c \# u)) \text{ else } \text{None}))$ 
```

```

lemma TI-f-fb-f[simp]:  $f \in \text{has-in-out-type } (t \# ts) \ (\ t \# ts') \implies \text{TI-f } (fb\text{-}ff) = ts$ 
declare [[show-types=false]]

lemma fb-t-type:  $fb\text{-}t \ t \ (\lambda a. \text{if } tv \ a = t \ \text{then } f \ a \ \text{else } g \ a) = fb\text{-}t \ t \ f$ 

lemma le-values-same-type:  $a \leq b \implies tv \ a = tv \ b$ 

thm has-type-out-type

definition mono-f = { $f . (\forall x y . le\text{-list } x y \longrightarrow le\text{-list } (\text{the } (f x)) (\text{the } (f y)))$ }

lemma [simp]:  $le\text{-list } v \ v$ 

lemma le-pref:  $\bigwedge v x . le\text{-list } u v \implies le\text{-list } (\text{pref } u x) (\text{pref } v x)$ 

lemma le-suff:  $\bigwedge v x . le\text{-list } u v \implies le\text{-list } (\text{suff } u x) (\text{suff } v x)$ 

lemma le-list-append:  $\bigwedge y . le\text{-list } x y \implies le\text{-list } x' y' \implies le\text{-list } (x @ x') (y @ y')$ 

thm monoD

lemma mono-fD:  $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies le\text{-list } x y \implies le\text{-list } (\text{the } (f x)) (\text{the } (f y))$ 

lemma le-values-list-same-type:  $\bigwedge (y::Values \ list) . le\text{-list } x y \implies tp \ x = tp \ y$ 

lemma map-comp-mono:  $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies g \in \text{mono-f} \implies (\bigwedge x y . tp \ x = tp \ y \implies f \ x = \text{None} \implies f \ y = \text{None}) \implies (\bigwedge x y . tp \ x = tp \ y \implies g \ x = \text{None} \implies g \ y = \text{None}) \implies g \circ_m f \in \text{mono-f}$ 

lemma par-mono:  $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies g \in \text{mono-f} \implies (\bigwedge x y . tp \ x = tp \ y \implies f \ x = \text{None} \implies f \ y = \text{None}) \implies (\bigwedge x y . tp \ x = tp \ y \implies g \ x = \text{None} \implies g \ y = \text{None}) \implies \text{par-f } f \ g \in \text{mono-f}$ 

lemma mono-f-emono:  $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies (\bigwedge x y . tp \ x = tp \ y \implies f \ x = \text{None} \implies f \ y = \text{None}) \implies \text{mono } A \implies \text{mono } B \implies \text{emono } (\lambda a. A (\text{hd } (\text{the } (f (B \ a \ # \ x)))))$ 

lemma mono-fb-t-aux:  $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies$   

 $le\text{-list } x y \implies (\bigwedge x y . tp \ x = tp \ y \implies f \ x = \text{None} \implies f \ y = \text{None}) \implies \text{mono } (A::'a::order \Rightarrow$   

 $'b::fin-cpo) \implies \text{mono } B$   

 $\implies B \ (Lfp \ (\lambda a. A (\text{hd } (\text{the } (f (B \ a \ # \ x)))))) \leq B \ (Lfp \ (\lambda a. A (\text{hd } (\text{the } (f (B \ a \ # \ y))))))$ 

thm mono-fb-t-aux [off x y integer]

lemma mono-fb-f:  $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies le\text{-list } x y \implies (\bigwedge x y . tp \ x = tp \ y \implies f \ x = \text{None} \implies f \ y = \text{None})$   

 $\implies fb\text{-}t \ (\text{hd } (\text{the } (f \ (a \ # \ x)))) \leq fb\text{-}t \ (\text{hd } (\text{the } (f \ (a \ # \ y))))$ 

lemma fb-mono:  $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies (\bigwedge x y . tp \ x = tp \ y \implies f \ x = \text{None} \implies f \ y = \text{None}) \implies fb\text{-}f \ f$   

 $\in \text{mono-f}$ 

```

lemma *mono-f-mono-a*[simp]: $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies f \in \text{has-in-out-type } (t \# t' \# ts) \text{ ts}' \implies \text{tp } v = ts \implies \text{mono-a } (\lambda a b. \text{hd } (\text{the } (f (b \# a \# v))))$

lemma *mono-f-mono-a-b*[simp]: $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies f \in \text{has-in-out-type } (t \# t' \# ts) \text{ ts}' \implies \text{tp } v = ts \implies \text{mono-a } (\lambda a b. \text{hd } (\text{tl } (\text{the } (f (a \# b \# v)))))$

lemma [simp]: *Switch-f* $x y \in \text{mono-f}$

lemma [simp]: *ID-f* $x \in \text{mono-f}$

lemma *has-type-None*: $f \in \text{has-in-out-type } x y \implies \text{tp } u = \text{tp } v \implies f u = \text{None} \implies f v = \text{None}$

lemma *fb-f-commute*: $f \in \text{mono-f} \implies f \in \text{has-in-out-type } (t' \# t \# ts) \text{ (} t' \# t \# ts') \implies \text{fb-f } (\text{fb-f } (\text{par-f } (\text{Switch-f } [t] [t]) \text{ (ID-f ts')} \circ_m (f \circ_m \text{par-f } (\text{Switch-f } [t] [t']) \text{ (ID-f ts'))})) = (\text{fb-f } (\text{fb-f } f))$

definition *typed-func* = $(\bigcup x . (\bigcup y . \text{has-in-out-type } x y)) \cap \text{mono-f}$

typedef *func* = *typed-func*

definition *fb-func* $f = \text{Abs-func } (\text{fb-f } (\text{Rep-func } f))$

definition *TI-func* $f = (\text{TI-f } (\text{Rep-func } f))$
definition *TO-func* $f = (\text{TO-f } (\text{Rep-func } f))$
definition *ID-func* $t = \text{Abs-func } (\text{ID-f } t)$

definition *comp-func* $f g = \text{Abs-func } ((\text{Rep-func } g) \circ_m (\text{Rep-func } f))$

definition *parallel-func* $f g = \text{Abs-func } (\text{par-f } (\text{Rep-func } f) \text{ (Rep-func } g))$

definition *Dup-func* $x = \text{Abs-func } (\text{Dup-f } x)$

definition *Sink-func* $x = \text{Abs-func } (\text{Sink-f } x)$
definition *Switch-func* $x y = \text{Abs-func } (\text{Switch-f } x y)$

lemma [simp]: *ID-f* $t \in \text{typed-func}$

lemma *map-comp-typed-func*[simp]: $f \in \text{typed-func} \implies g \in \text{typed-func} \implies \text{TI-f } g = \text{TO-f } f \implies (g \circ_m f) \in \text{typed-func}$

lemma *par-typed-func*[simp]: $f \in \text{typed-func} \implies g \in \text{typed-func} \implies \text{par-f } f g \in \text{typed-func}$

lemma *fb-typed-func*[simp]: $f \in \text{typed-func} \implies \text{TI-f } f = t \# x \implies \text{TO-f } f = t \# y \implies \text{fb-f } f \in \text{typed-func}$

lemma [simp]: *Switch-f* $x y \in \text{typed-func}$

lemma [simp]: *Dup-f* $x \in \text{mono-f}$

lemma [simp]: *Dup-f* $x \in \text{typed-func}$

lemma [simp]: *Sink-f* $x \in \text{mono-f}$

lemma [simp]: $\text{Sink-}f\ x \in \text{typed-func}$

thm Rep-func
thm Abs-func-inverse
thm Rep-func-inverse

lemma $\text{map-comp-assoc}: (f \circ_m g) \circ_m h = f \circ_m (g \circ_m h)$

lemma $\text{map-comp-id}: f \in \text{has-in-out-type } x\ y \implies (f \circ_m \text{ID-}f\ x) = f$

lemma $\text{id-map-comp}: f \in \text{has-in-out-type } x\ y \implies (\text{ID-}f\ y \circ_m f) = f$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x\ x'. \text{tp } v = x @ x' @ x'' \implies \text{pref } (\text{pref } v (x @ x'))\ x = \text{pref } v\ x$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x\ x'. \text{tp } v = x @ x' @ x'' \implies \text{suff } (\text{pref } v (x @ x'))\ x = \text{pref } (\text{suff } v\ x)\ x'$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x\ x'. \text{tp } v = x @ x' @ x'' \implies \text{suff } (\text{suff } v\ x)\ x' = \text{suff } v (x @ x')$

lemma $\text{par-f-assoc}: f \in \text{has-in-out-type } x\ y \implies g \in \text{has-in-out-type } x'\ y' \implies h \in \text{has-in-out-type } x''\ y'' \implies \text{par-f } (\text{par-f } f\ g)\ h = \text{par-f } f\ (\text{par-f } g\ h)$

lemma $f \in \text{has-in-out-type } x\ y \implies \text{par-f } (\text{ID-}f\ [])\ f = f$

lemma $\text{id-par-f}: f \in \text{has-in-out-type } x\ y \implies \text{par-f } (\text{ID-}f\ [])\ f = f$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x. \text{tp } v = x \implies \text{pref } v\ x = v$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x. \text{tp } v = x \implies \text{suff } v\ x = []$

lemma $\text{par-f-id}: f \in \text{has-in-out-type } x\ y \implies \text{par-f } f\ (\text{ID-}f\ []) = f$
lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x. \text{tp } v = x @ y \implies \text{pref } v\ x @ \text{suff } v\ x = v$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x. \text{tp } v = x @ x' \implies \text{tp } (\text{pref } v\ x) = x$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x. \text{tp } v = x @ x' \implies \text{tp } (\text{suff } v\ x) = x'$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x. \text{tp } u = x \implies \text{pref } (u @ v)\ x = u$

lemma [simp]: $\bigwedge x. \text{tp } u = x \implies \text{suff } (u @ v)\ x = v$

lemma $\text{par-comp-distrib}: f \in \text{has-in-out-type } x\ y \implies g \in \text{has-in-out-type } y\ z \implies f' \in \text{has-in-out-type } x'\ y' \implies g' \in \text{has-in-out-type } y'\ z' \implies \text{par-f } g\ g' \circ_m \text{par-f } f\ f' = (\text{par-f } (g \circ_m f))\ (g' \circ_m f')$

lemma $\text{TI-f-par}: f \in \text{typed-func} \implies g \in \text{typed-func} \implies \text{TI-f } (\text{par-f } f\ g) = \text{TI-f } f @ \text{TI-f } g$

lemma $\text{TO-f-par}: f \in \text{typed-func} \implies g \in \text{typed-func} \implies \text{TO-f } (\text{par-f } f\ g) = \text{TO-f } f @ \text{TO-f } g$

lemma $\text{TI-f-map-comp}[\text{simp}]: f \in \text{typed-func} \implies g \in \text{typed-func} \implies \text{TO-f } g = \text{TI-f } f \implies \text{TI-f } (f \circ_m g) = \text{TI-f } g$

```

lemma TO-f-map-comp[simp]:  $f \in \text{typed-func} \implies g \in \text{typed-func} \implies \text{TO-f } g = \text{TI-f } f \implies \text{TO-f } (f \circ_m g) = \text{TO-f } f$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{TI-f } (\text{Sink-f } ts) = ts$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{TO-f } (\text{Sink-f } ts) = []$ 

lemma suff-append:  $\bigwedge t . \text{tp } x = t \implies \text{suff } (x @ y) t = y$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{TI-f } (\text{Dup-f } x) = x$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{TO-f } (\text{Dup-f } x) = (x @ x)$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{pref } (x @ y) (\text{tp } x) = x$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{TO-f } (\text{Switch-f } x y) = (y @ x)$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{TO-f } (\text{ID-f } x) = x$ 

declare TO-f-par [simp]

declare TI-f-par [simp]

lemma [simp]:  $\bigwedge ts . \text{tp } x = ts @ ts' @ ts'' \implies \text{pref } (\text{suff } x ts) ts' @ \text{suff } x (ts @ ts') = \text{suff } x ts$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\bigwedge ts . \text{tp } x = ts \implies \text{suff } (x @ y) (ts @ ts') = \text{suff } y ts'$ 

lemma AAA:  $S \neq \text{None} \implies \text{tv } a = t \implies \text{tp } x = \text{TI-f } S \implies \text{the } ((\text{par-f } (\text{ID-f } [t]) S) (a \# x)) = a \# \text{the } (S x)$ 

lemma AAAb:  $S \neq \text{None} \implies \text{tv } a = t \implies \text{tp } x = \text{TI-f } S \implies ((\text{par-f } (\text{ID-f } [t]) S) (a \# x)) = \text{Some } (a \# \text{the } (S x))$ 

lemma pref-suff-append:  $\bigwedge ts . \text{tp } x = ts @ ts' \implies \text{pref } x ts @ \text{suff } x ts = x$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{Lfp } (\lambda b. a) = a$ 

lemma [simp]:  $\text{fb-t } (\text{tv } a) (\lambda b . a) = a$ 

interpretation func: BaseOperation TI-func TO-func ID-func comp-func parallel-func Dup-func  

Sink-func Switch-func fb-func  

end

```

References

- [1] Viorel Preoteasa, Iulia Dragomir, and Stavros Tripakis. The refinement calculus of reactive systems. *CoRR*, abs/1710.03979, 2017.
- [2] Iulia Dragomir, Viorel Preoteasa, and Stavros Tripakis. The refinement calculus of reactive systems toolset. *CoRR*, abs/1710.08195, 2017.

- [3] Viorel Preoteasa, Iulia Dragomir, and Stavros Tripakis. Type Inference of Simulink Hierarchical Block Diagrams in Isabelle. In *37th IFIP WG 6.1 International Conference on Formal Techniques for Distributed Objects, Components, and Systems (FORTE)*, 2017.
- [4] Viorel Preoteasa and Stavros Tripakis. Towards Compositional Feedback in Non-Deterministic and Non-Input-Receptive Systems. In *31st Annual ACM/IEEE Symposium on Logic in Computer Science (LICS)*, 2016.
- [5] Viorel Preoteasa, Iulia Dragomir, and Stavros Tripakis. A Nondeterministic and Abstract Algorithm for Translating Hierarchical Block Diagrams. *CoRR*, abs/1611.01337, November 2016.
- [6] Iulia Dragomir, Viorel Preoteasa, and Stavros Tripakis. Compositional Semantics and Analysis of Hierarchical Block Diagrams. In *23rd International SPIN Symposium on Model Checking of Software (SPIN 2016)*, volume 9641 of *LNCS*, pages 38–56. Springer, April 2016.
- [7] Viorel Preoteasa. Formalization of refinement calculus for reactive systems. *Archive of Formal Proofs*, October 2014. <http://afp.sf.net/entries/RefinementReactive.shtml>, Formal proof development.
- [8] Viorel Preoteasa and Stavros Tripakis. Refinement calculus of reactive systems. In *Embedded Software (EMSOFT)*. ACM, 2014.
- [9] Stavros Tripakis, Ben Lickly, Thomas A. Henzinger, and Edward A. Lee. A theory of synchronous relational interfaces. *ACM Trans. Program. Lang. Syst.*, 33(4):14:1–14:41, July 2011.
- [10] Ralph-Johan Back and Joakim von Wright. *Refinement Calculus. A systematic Introduction*. Springer, 1998.
- [11] Viorel Preoteasa and Ralph-Johan Back. Semantics and data refinement of invariant based programs. In Gerwin Klein, Tobias Nipkow, and Lawrence Paulson, editors, *The Archive of Formal Proofs*. <http://afp.sourceforge.net/entries/DataRefinementIBP.shtml>, May 2010. Formal proof development.
- [12] Ralph-Johan Back and Michael Butler. Exploring summation and product operators in the refinement calculus. In Bernhard Möller, editor, *Mathematics of Program Construction*, volume 947 of *Lecture Notes in Computer Science*, pages 128–158. Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 1995.